

Your charge:

- 1. To Identify Citizen Concerns
- 2. Provide Guidance on Future Assessments
- 3. Provide Input Into Equity Concerns



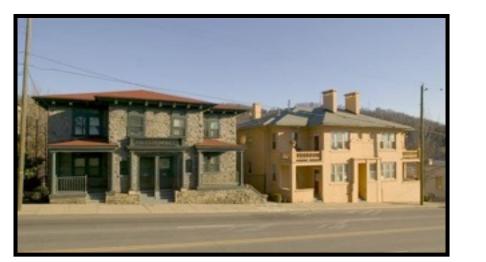
Chapter:

Who is Urban3?





1941 - 11/19/2001



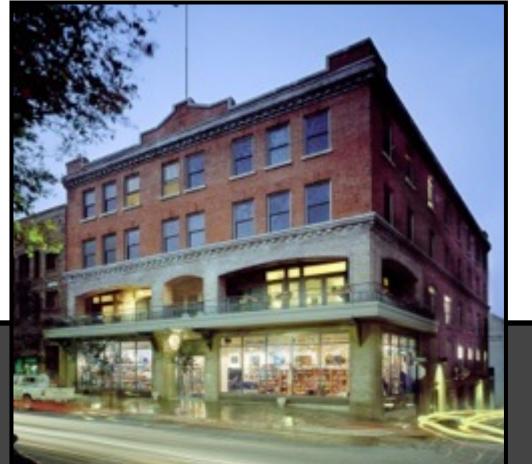
Mountail Xpress

the Alternative Reading Room



Public Interest Projects





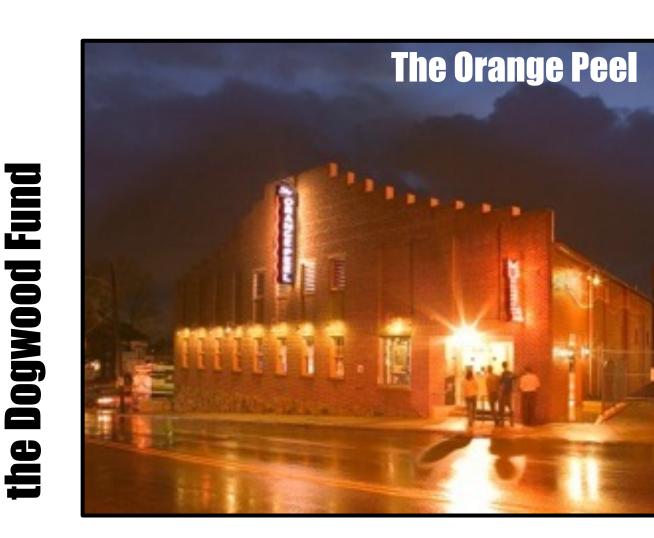








51 Biltmore

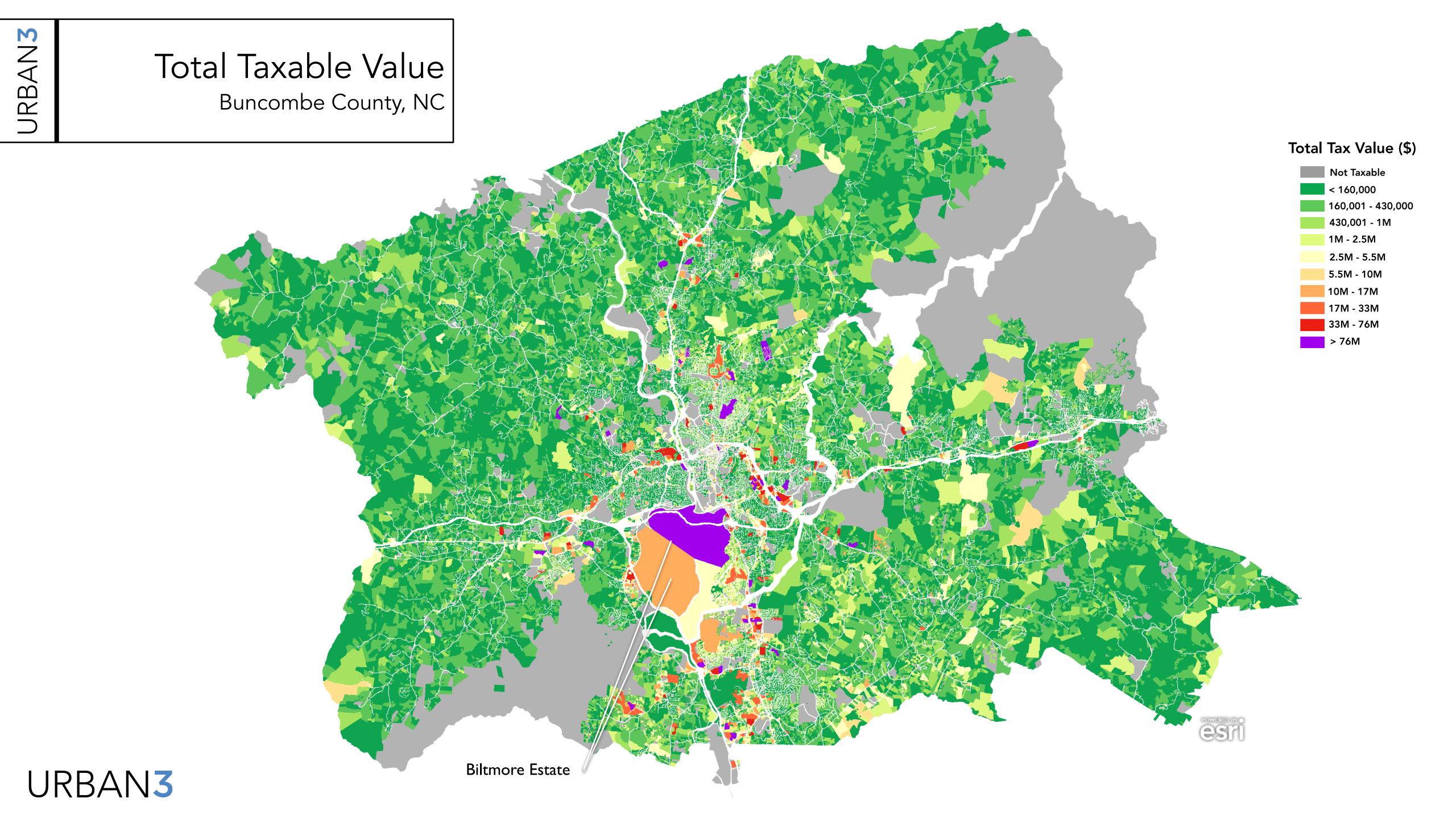


Downtown benches



Communitation of Communitation Communitation

The Public Service Building



Taxable Value per Acre Buncombe County, NC



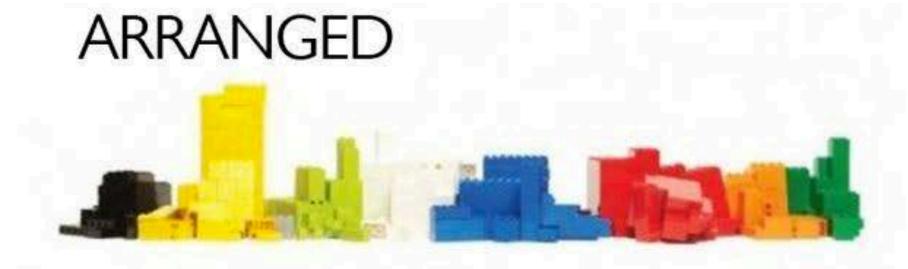
DATA



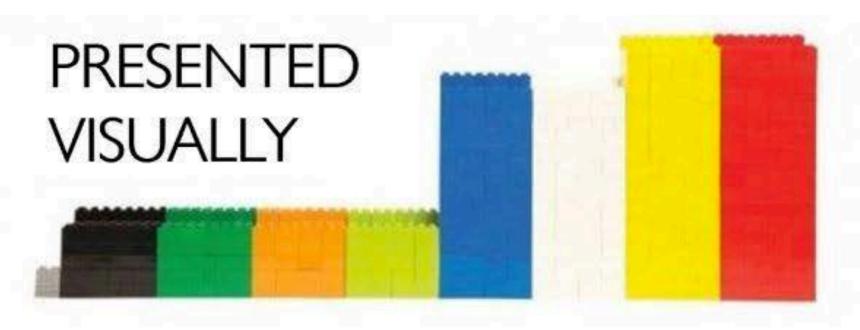
Assessor Files Shapefiles Revenue Data



Condo Dissolve Error Cleaning Merging



3D Analytics Map production



EXPLAINED
WITH A STORY



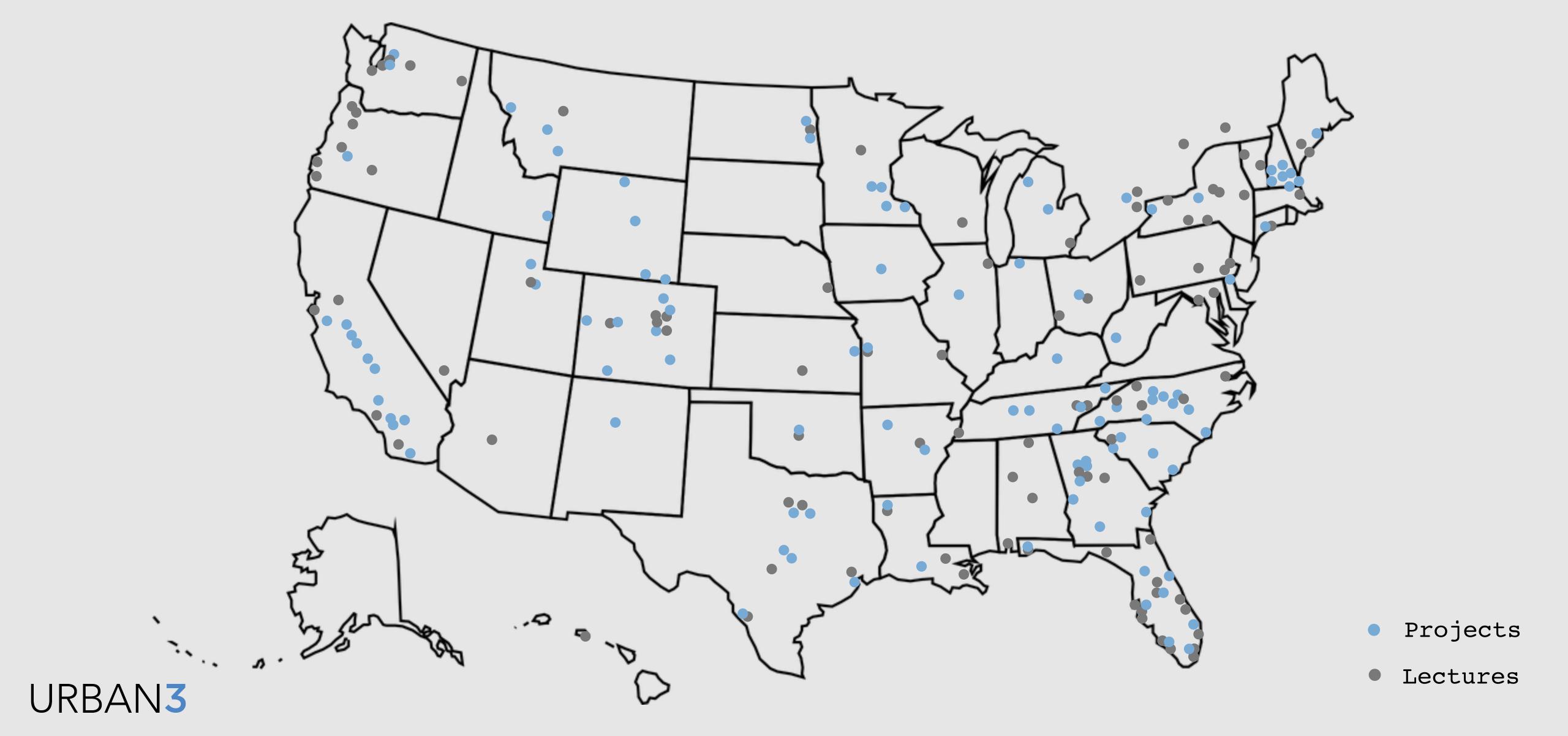
This is **your** story.

Presentation Construction
Storyboarding





Our experience spans the country...



Meet our team.



Joe Minicozzi, AICP
Principal



Cate Ryba
Chief Operating Officer



Joshua McCarty
GeoAccountant



Phillip Walters

Senior Analyst &

Project Manager



Ori Baber, PhD
Analyst



Taylor Schenker
Analyst



Adam Carr, AICP
Analyst



Leah Handwerger Analyst



Lanier Hagerty
Analyst



Gennie Gonzalez Analyst



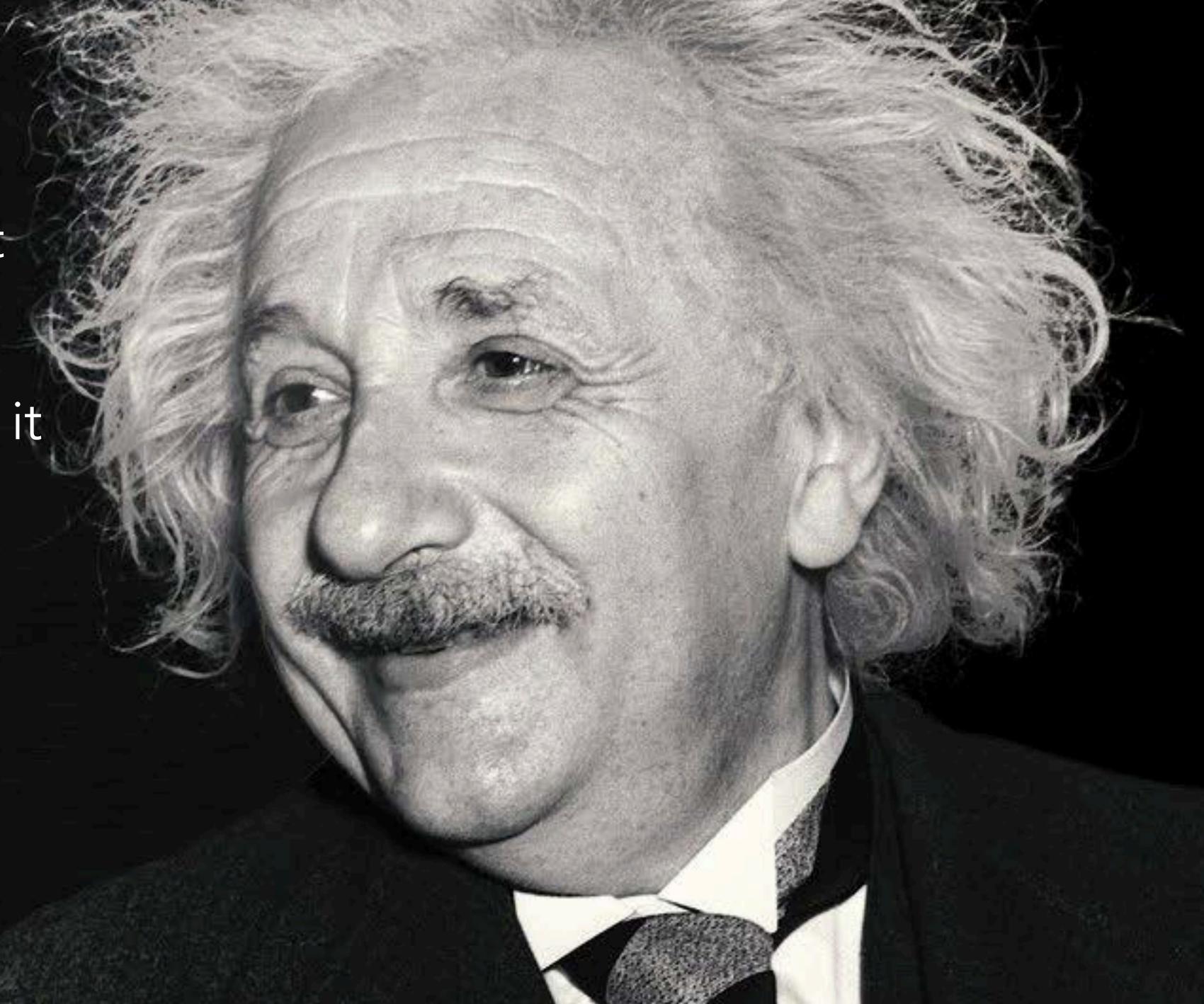
Caitlen Nelis-Masters
Logistics Coordinator



Maxine Eng-Diaz
Marketing &
Communications



"If you can't explain it to a 6-year-old, you don't understand it yourself."



Albert Einstein

Nobel Laureate

Psychology:

Bias:

bi·as /' bīəs/ noun. Prejudice in favor or against one thing, person, or group compared with another, usually in a way considered to be unfair.









Psychology:

Bias:

bi·as /' bīəs/ noun. Prejudice in favor or against one thing, person, or group compared with another, usually in a way considered to be unfair.

"Wherever there is human judgement there is the potential for bias."

Nate Silver
CEO of FiveThirtyEight Blog
Author of Signal Through the Noise.

"Before we demand more data, we need to demand more of ourselves."



Background:

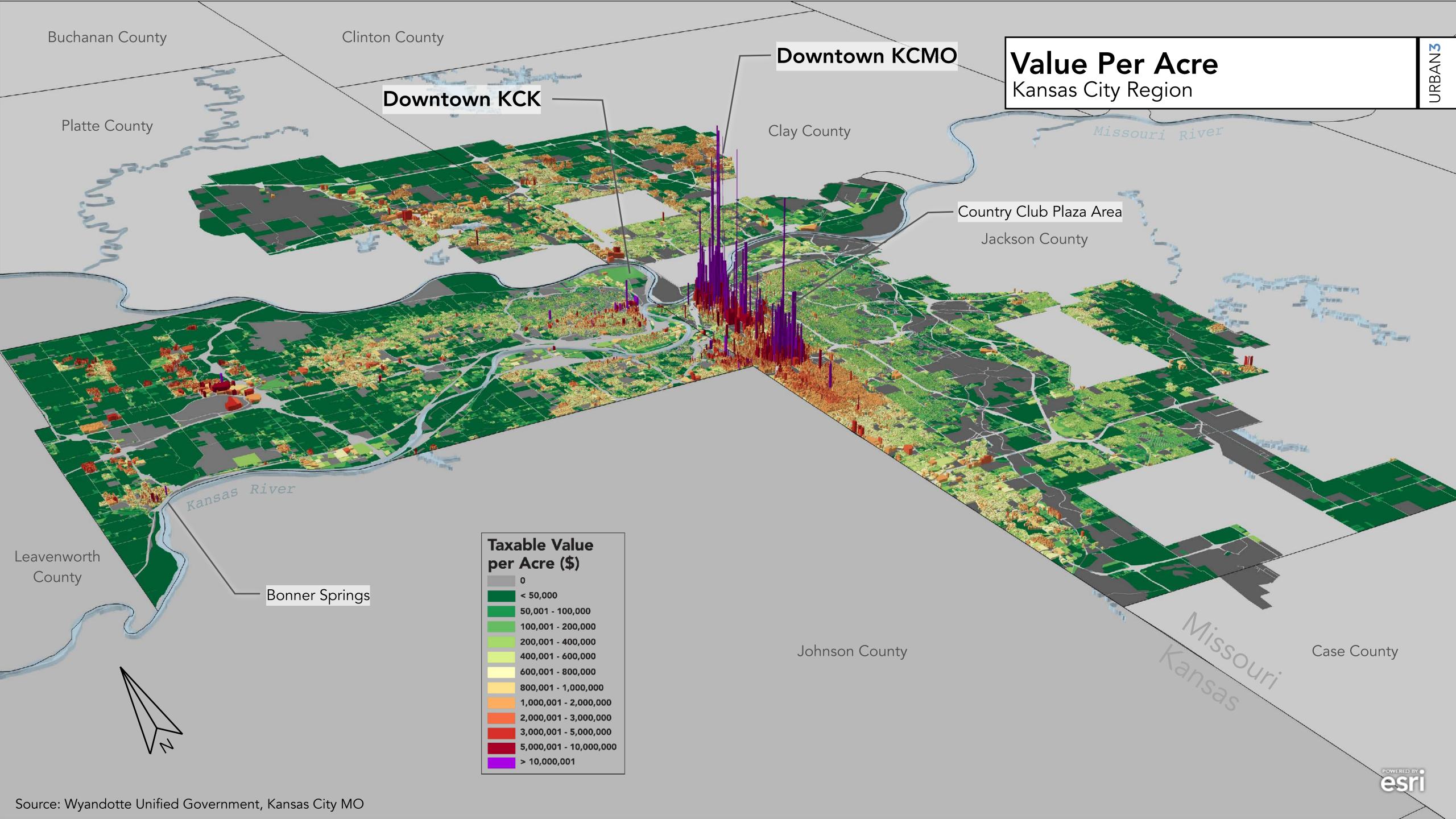
That's Urban3's "why".



Background:

Urban3's experience with inequity in economics of land use.

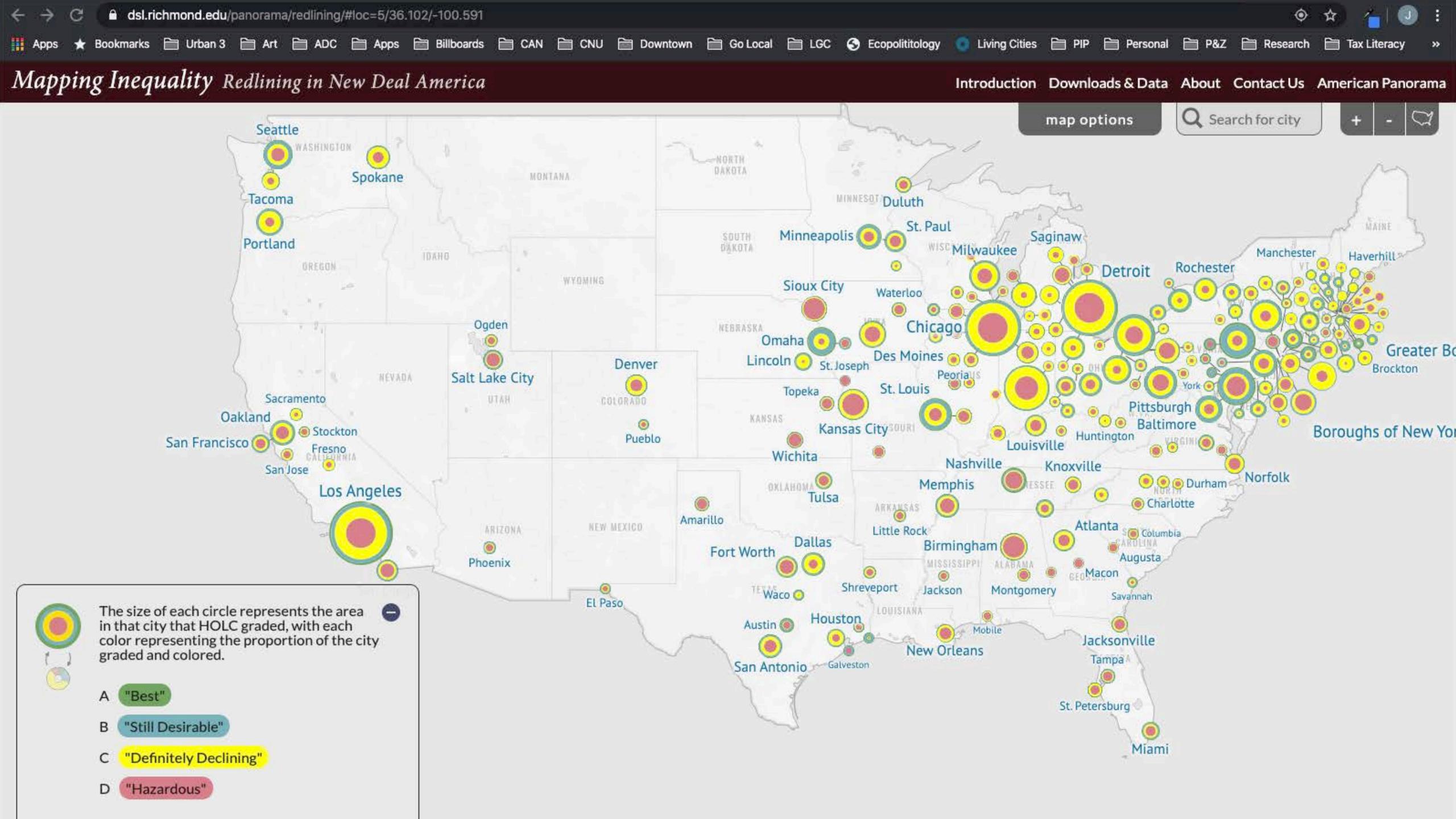


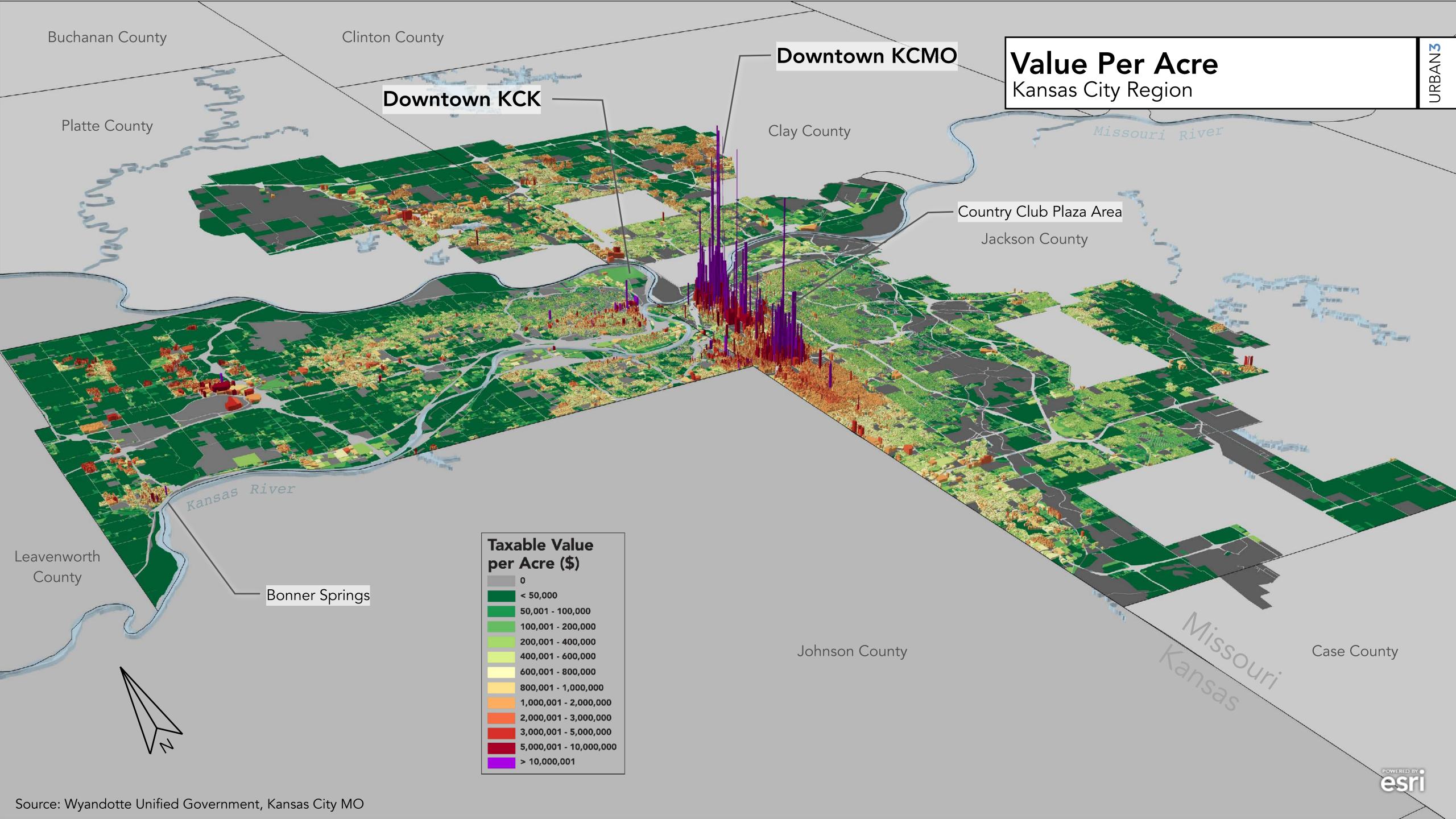


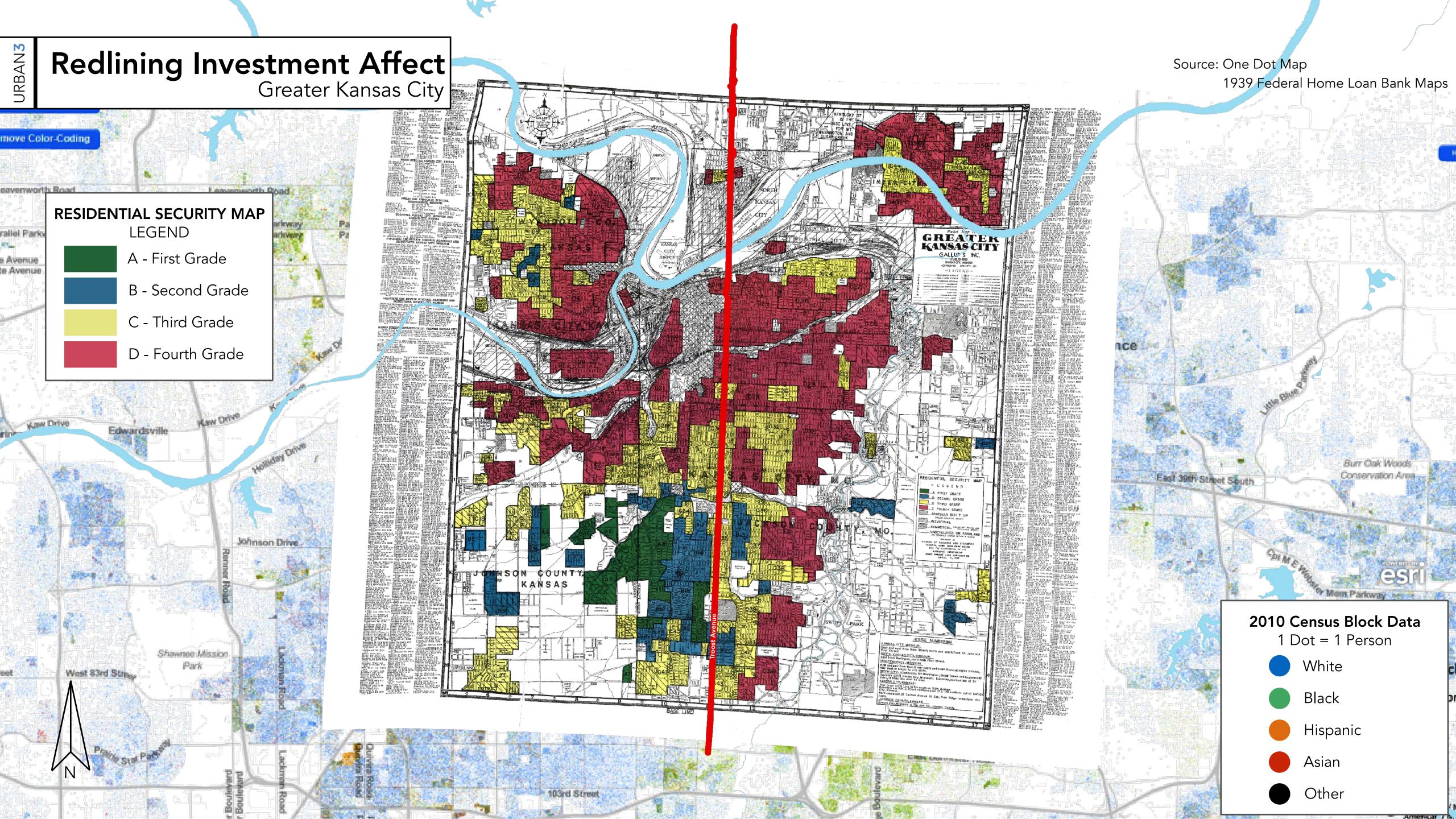
Cultural Bias:

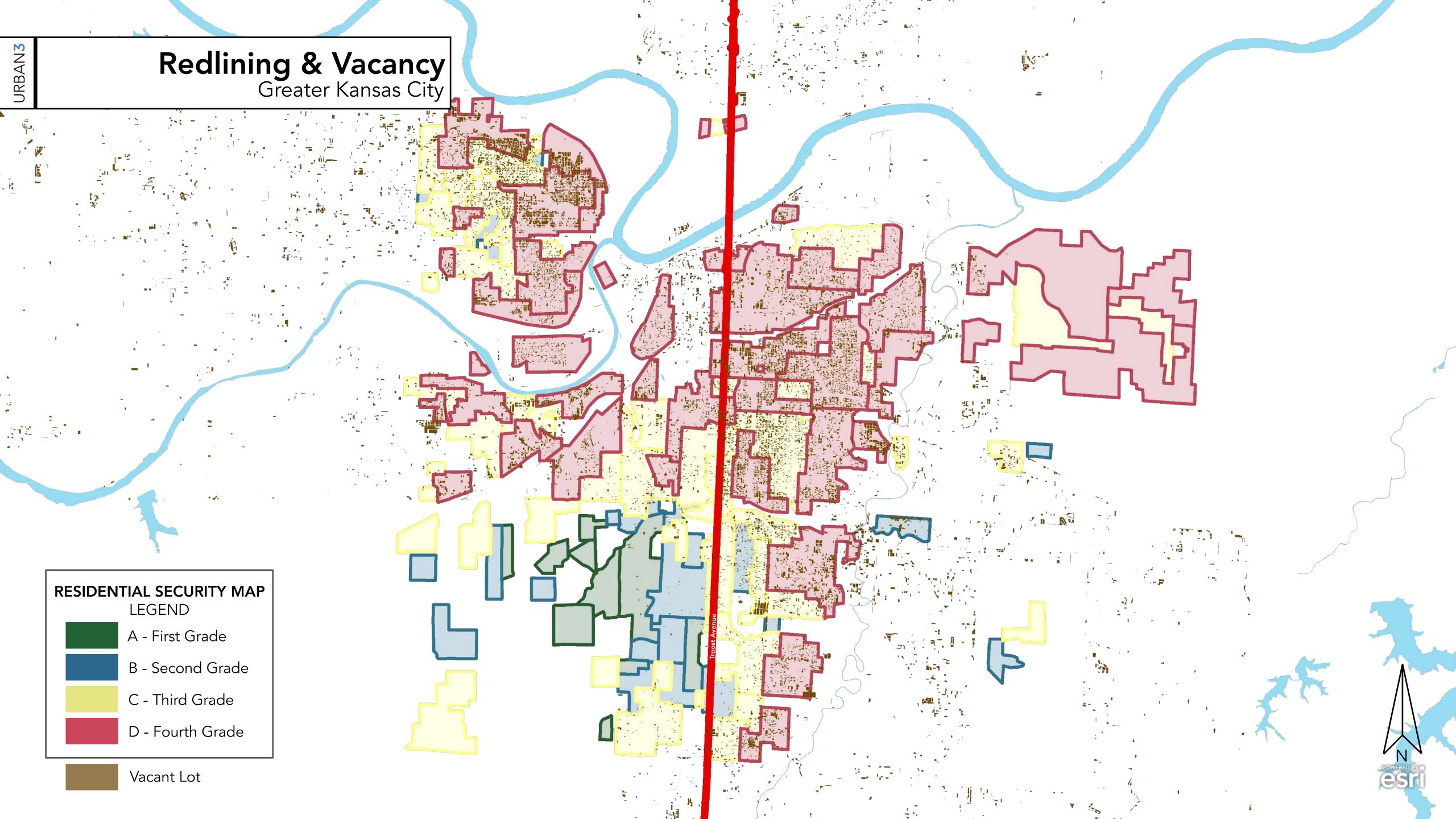
Redlining:

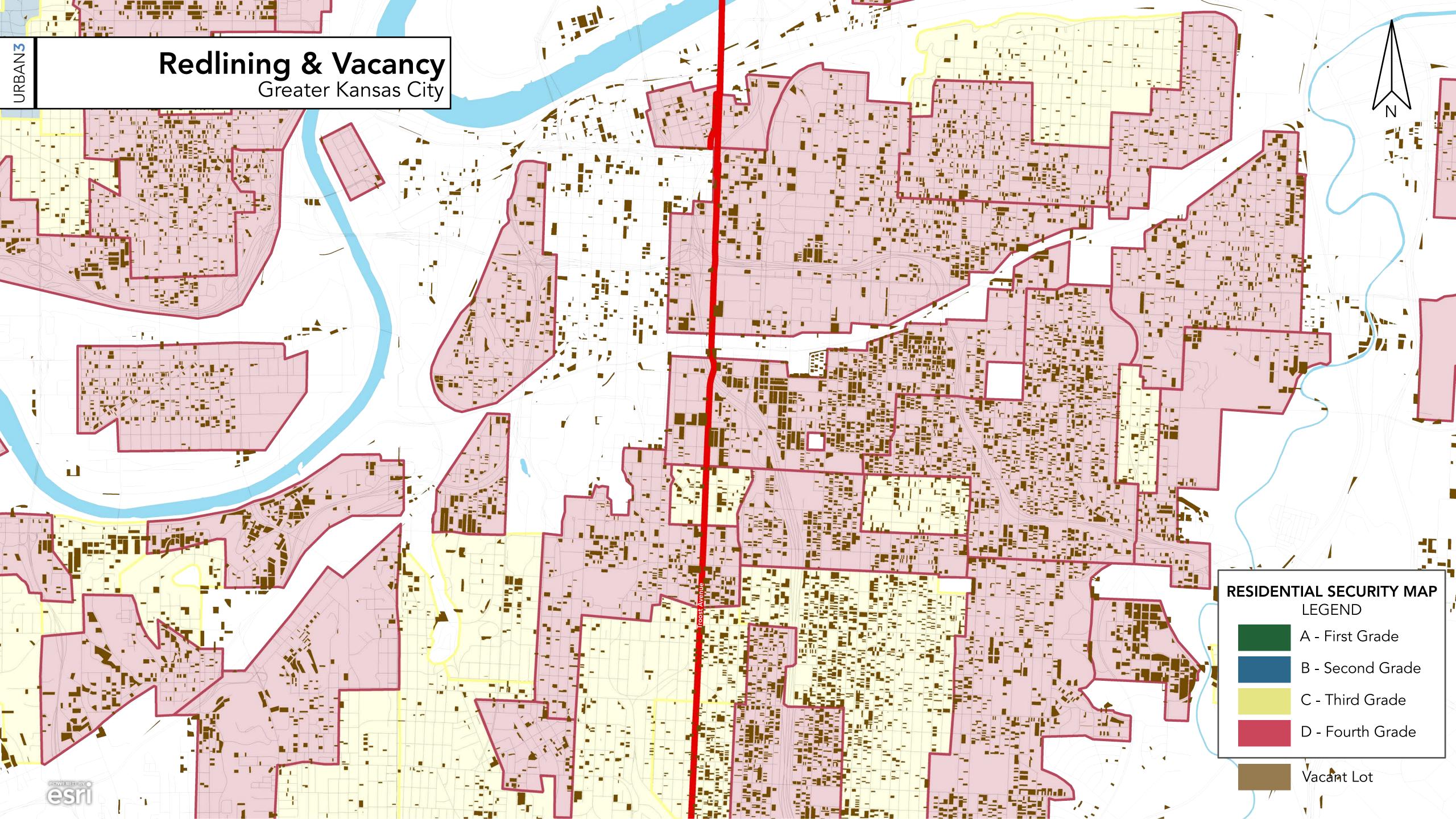
the persistent structure of segregation and economic inequality. Began with the National Housing Act of 1934, establishing the Federal Housing Administration (FHA).





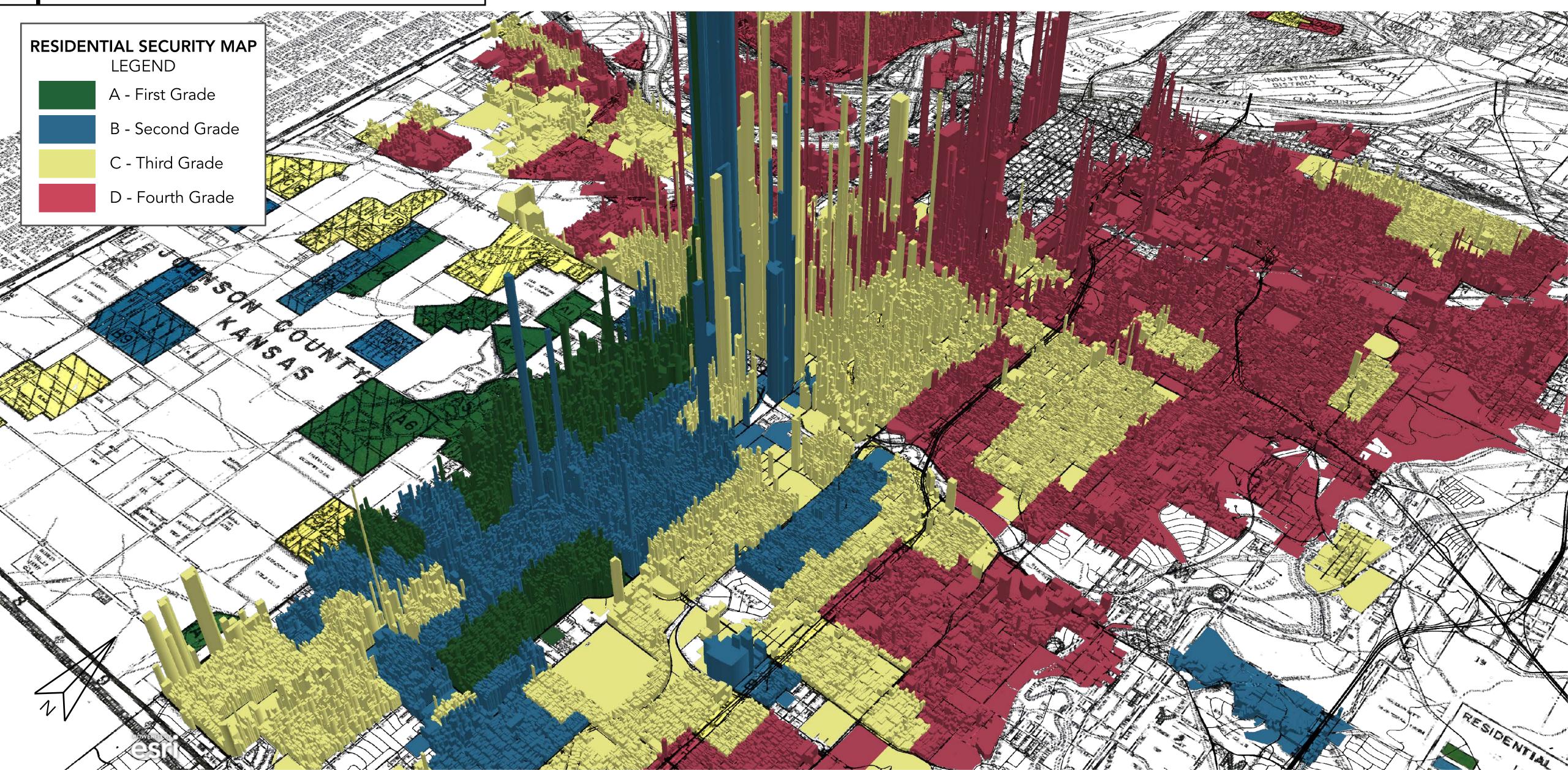


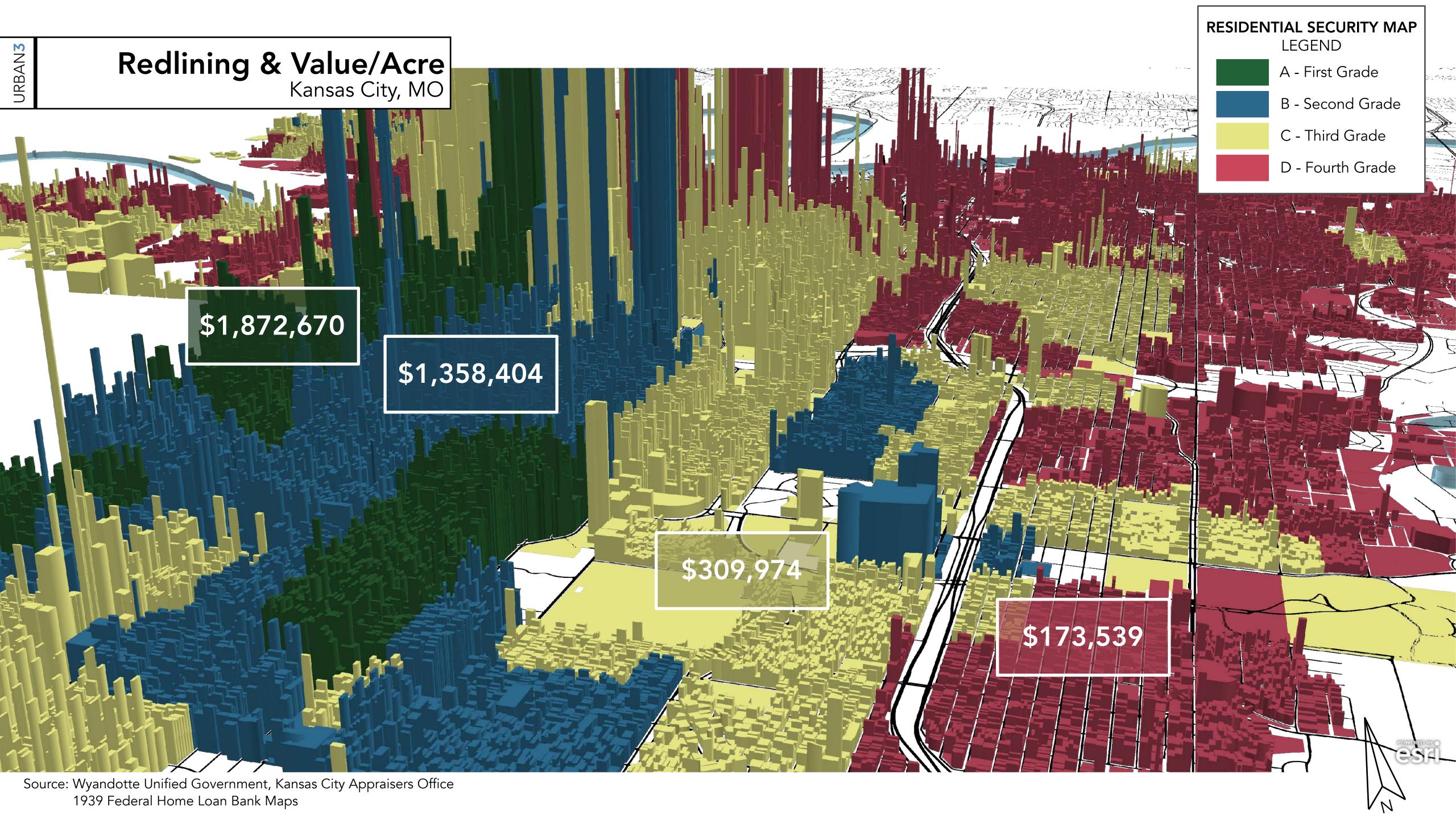




Redlining & Value/Acre Greater Kansas City

Source: Wyandotte Unified Government, Kansas City Appraisers Office 1939 Federal Home Loan Bank Maps





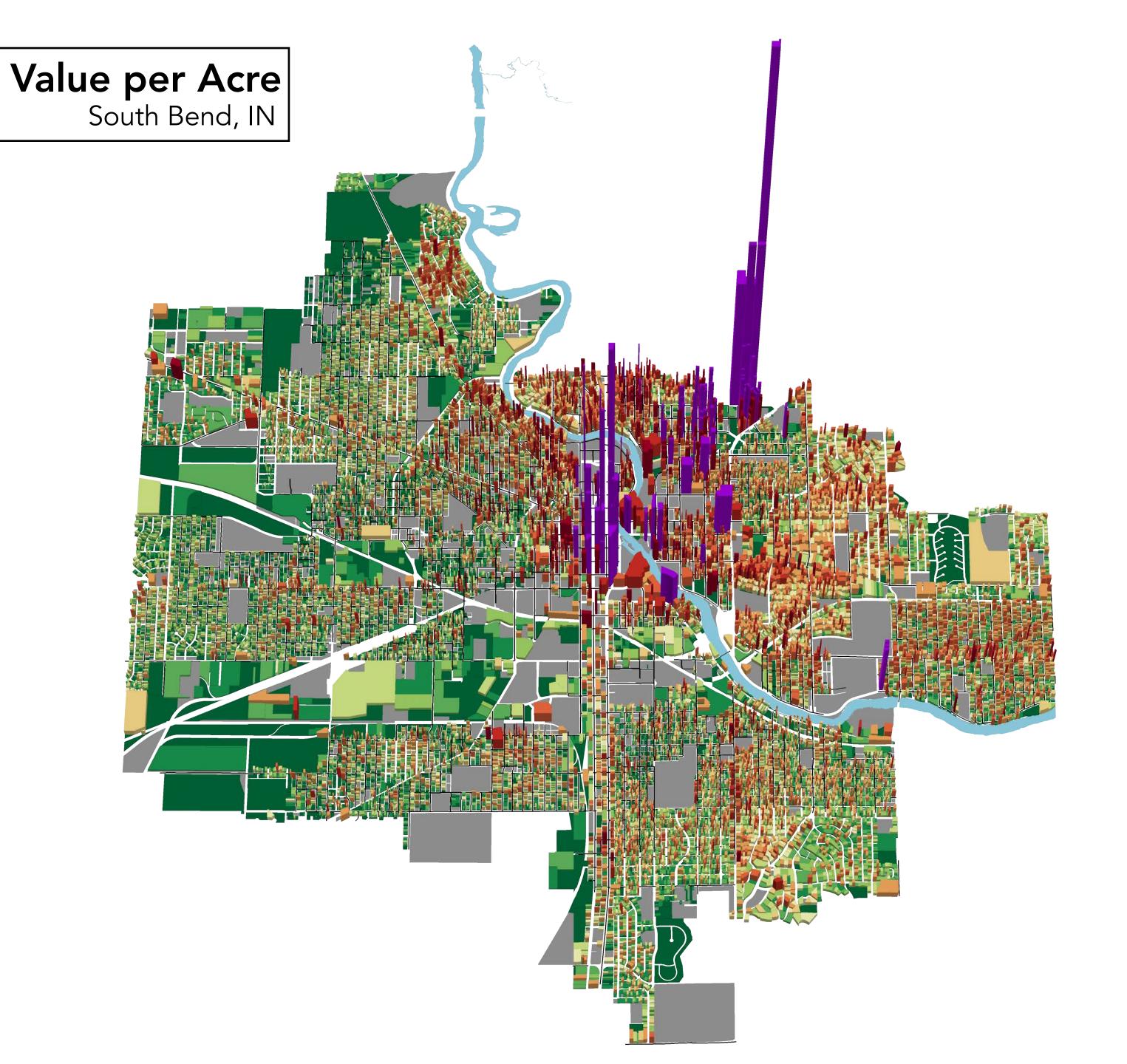


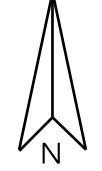
Case Study: Economic MRI® 2017

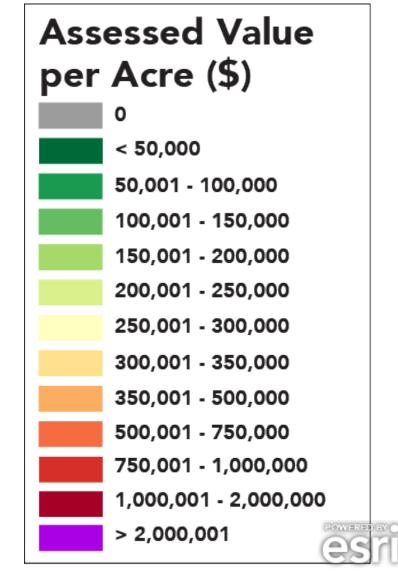
South Bend, Indiana

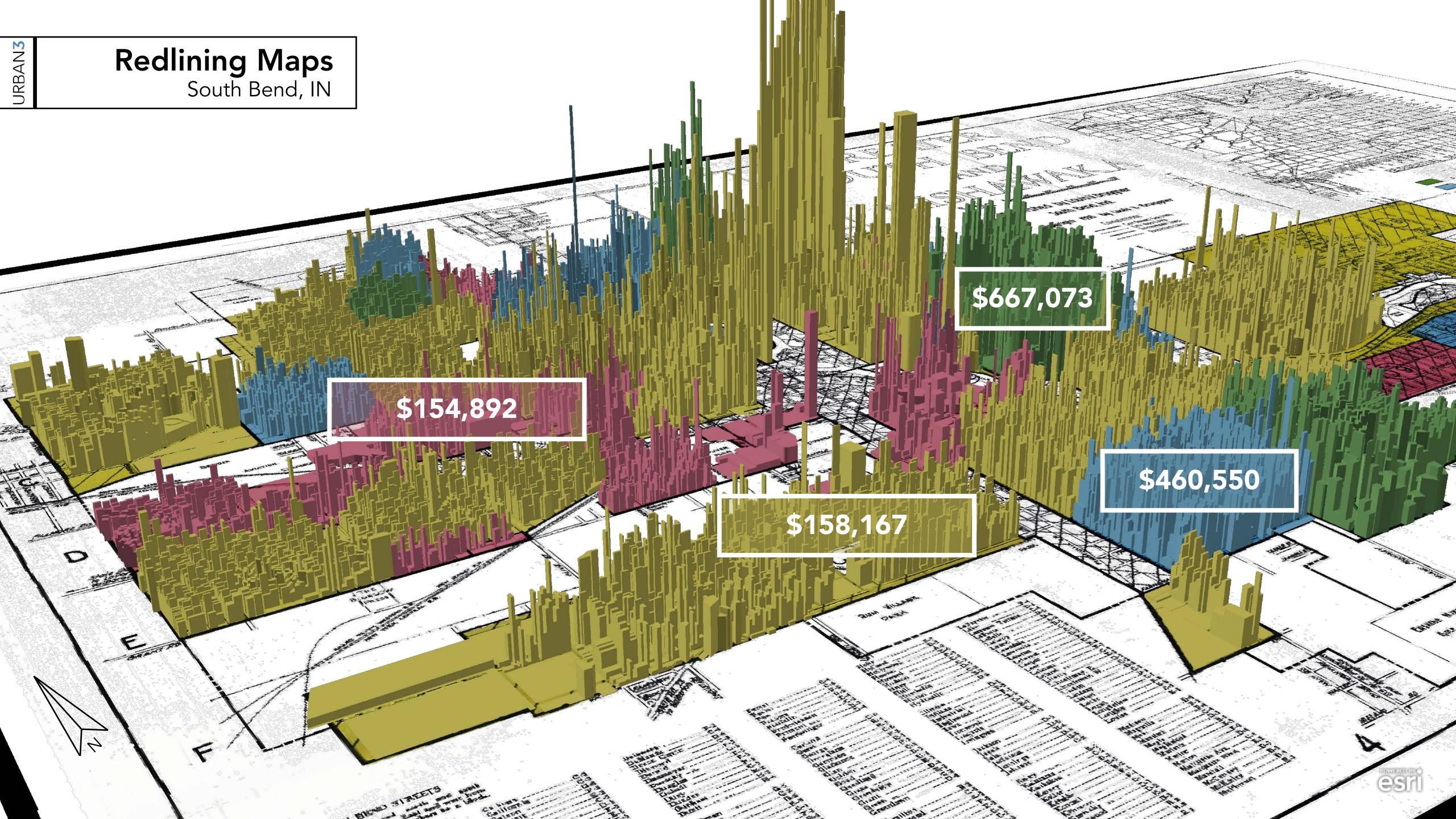


Using 2019 values

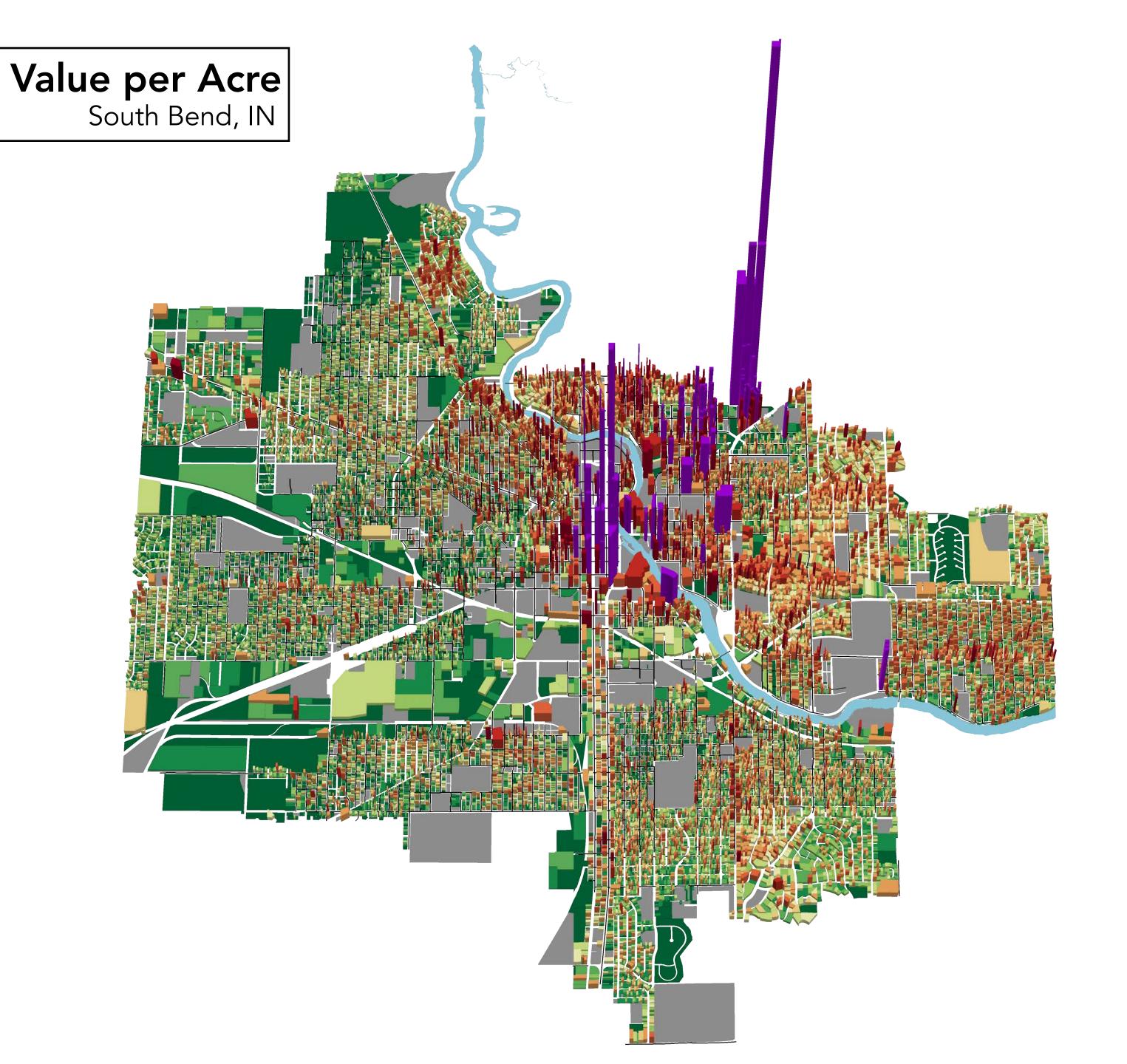


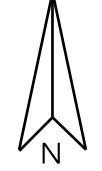


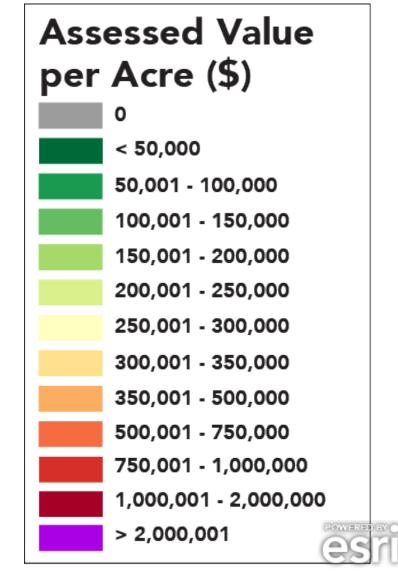




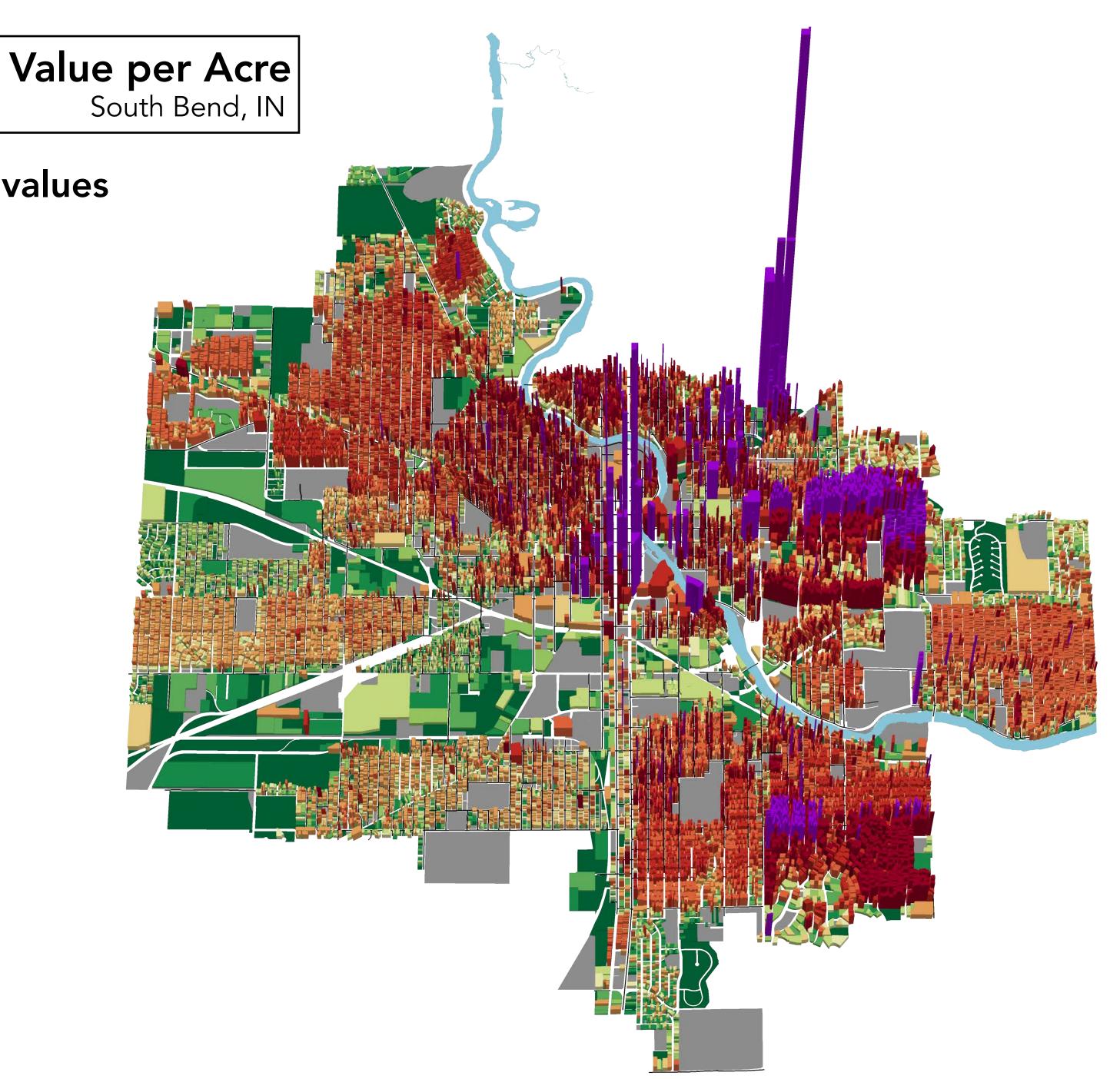
Using 2019 values

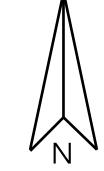


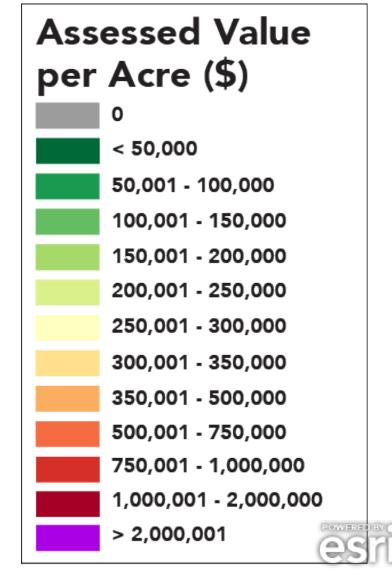




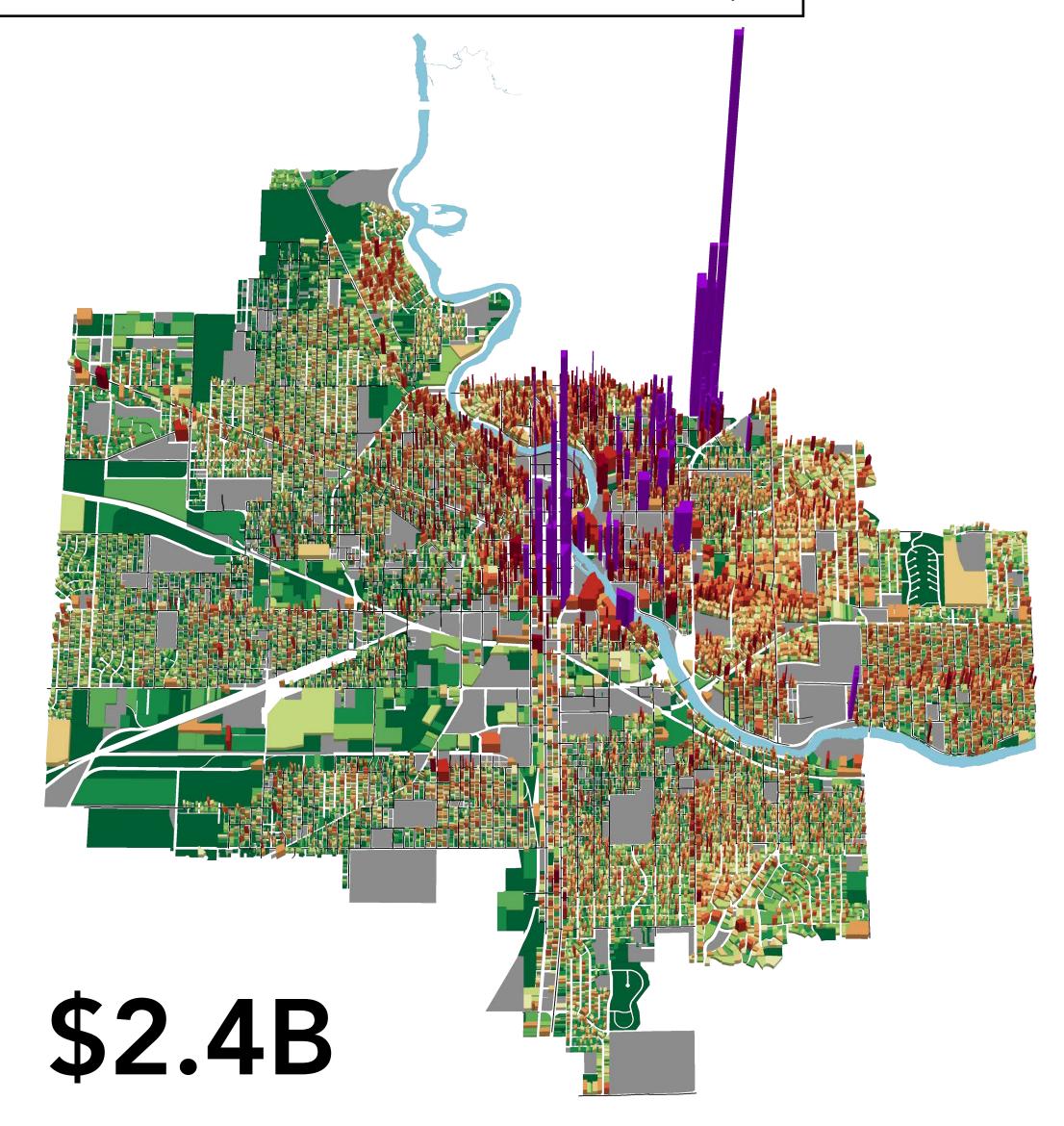
Using adjusted 1930 values







Value per Acre South Bend, IN



Assessed Value per Acre (\$) \$3.3B

Using adjusted 1930 values \$2,385,837,025

50,001 - 100,000

150,001 - 200,000 200,001 - 250,000 250,001 - 300,000 300,001 - 350,000

350,001 - 500,000 500,001 - 750,000 750,001 - 1,000,000 1,000,001 - 2,000,000

> 2,000,001

Using 2019 values \$2,385,837,025





WHAT ABOUT EQUITY?

2020:

The County & City Resolution on Reparations.





ill Home / News / Asheville reparations resolution is designed to provide Black community access to the opportunity to build wealth

Asheville reparations resolution is designed to provide Black community access to the opportunity to build wealth

Posted on July 20, 2020 by Nia Davis



African-American owned businesses in downtown, before the East End neighborhood was devastated by "urban renewal." North Carolina Collection, Pack Memorial Public Library. Photo from the Andrea Clark Collection.

By Nia Davis

Asheville Office of Equity and Inclusion

Rep-a-ra-tion /,repə'rāSH(ə)n/- "The making of amends for a wrong one has done, by paying money to or otherwise helping those who have been wronged."

Reparations has long been a hot-button topic that even the mention of it brings impassioned jubilation, overwhelming concern, or somewhere in between. The conversation around reparations isn't new; in fact the idea of atoning for the sins of slavery has been around since the Civil War. After the Civil War, Union leaders concluded that each Black family should receive 40 acres and some families were to receive mules left over from the war. General William Sherman



ill Home / News / Asheville reparations resolution is designed to provide Black community access to the opportunity to build wealth

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RESOLUTION SUPPORTING COMMUNITY REPARATIONS FOR BLACK ASHEVILLE

VENTO - COVERNMENT NEWS

WHEREAS, Black People have been unjustly Enslaved; and

WHEREAS, Black People have been unjustly Segregated; and

WHEREAS, Black people have been unjustly Incarcerated; and

WHEREAS, Black People have been denied housing through racist practices in the private realty market, including redlining, steering, blockbusting, denial of mortgages, and gentrification; and

WHEREAS, Black People have been denied housing, displaced and inadequately housed by government housing policies that include discriminatory VA/FHA practices, Urban Renewal, and a variety of local and federal "affordable" housing programs; and

WHEREAS, Black People have been consistently and widely impoverished by discriminatory wages paid in every sector of the local economy regardless of credentials and experience; and

WHEREAS, Black People have experienced disproportionate unemployment rates and reduced opportunities to fully participate in the local job market; and

WHEREAS, Black People have been systematically excluded from historic and present private economic development and community investments and, therefore, black-owned businesses have not received the benefits of these investments; and

WHEREAS, Black people have been segregated from mainstream education and within present day school programs that include AG, AP, and Honors; and

WHEREAS, Black students have experienced the denial of education through admission, retention and graduation rates of every level of education in WNC and through discriminatory disciplinary practices; and

WHEREAS, Black People historically and presently receive inadequate, if not detrimental, health care as exemplified by disproportionate morbidities and mortality rates that result from the generational trauma of systemic racism, discriminatory treatment by medical professionals, and discriminatory medical practices such as involuntary sterilizations, denial of adequate testing, denial of preventative and curative procedures; and

WHEREAS, Black People have been unjustly targeted by law enforcement and criminal justice procedures, incarcerated at disproportionate rates and subsequently excluded from full participation in the benefits of citizenship that include voting, employment, housing and health care; and

URBAN3

RESOL	UTION	NO	
ILOOL	CITOIN	INO.	

RESOLUTION TO SUPPORT COMMUNITY REPARATIONS FOR BLACK PEOPLE IN BUNCOMBE COUNTY

WHEREAS, between 1619 and 1865, an estimated 4,000,000 people were unjustly enslaved in the colonies and the United States;

WHEREAS, in 1860, on the eve of the Civil War, there were an estimated 1,913 people enslaved in Buncombe County. At that time, 12,654 people lived in Buncombe County¹;

WHEREAS, slavery represented an irreconcilable contradiction in our nation's founding: a young democracy committed to the ideals of liberty and justice and yet actively perpetuating the degradation of Black people. This contradiction - what some have called our nation's original sin - has yet to be fully addressed and systemic racism continues to this day;

WHEREAS, the early American economy, including in North Carolina, was built with the labor of enslaved people who were denied the ability to generate wealth from their labor and who were instead subjected to brutal and inhumane abuses including violence, the forced separation of families, being denied access to education and voting, and death;

WHEREAS, even after slavery was abolished by the 13th Amendment, Black Americans in the South continued to be persecuted under the regime of Jim Crow laws and segregation;

WHEREAS, between 1877 and 1950, more than 4,084 Black people were lynched in the South, including three people who were lynched in Buncombe County²;

WHEREAS, many Black Americans could not effectively exercise the right to vote in the United States until the passage of the Voting Rights Act in 1965 due to racist state and local voter suppression laws;

WHEREAS, public schools in Buncombe County were not integrated until the 1966-67 school year, as a result of a district court ruling more than a decade after the 1954 U.S. Supreme Court ruling in Brown vs. Board of Education³;

WHEREAS, even after the era of legal segregation ended, Black Americans continue to experience the harms of institutional and systemic racism;

Resolution Declaring Racism a Public Health & Safety Crisis

WHEREAS, Racism is a social system with multiple dimensions: individual racism is internalized or interpersonal; systemic racism is institutional or structural, and is a system of structuring opportunity and assigning value based on the social interpretation of how one looks. This unfairly disadvantages specific individuals and communities, while unfairly giving advantages to other individuals and communities, and saps the strength of the whole society through the waste of human resources¹ ²; and

WHEREAS, Racism is a threat to public health and safety, and is a paramount social determinant of health, shaping access to the resources that create opportunities for health, including justice, public safety, housing, education and employment, and is a persistent barrier to health equity for all Buncombe County residents; and

WHEREAS, the Buncombe County Health and Human Services Board adopted a proclamation declaring Racism as a Public Health Crisis; and

WHEREAS, in addition to having an independent influence on the social determinants of health, racism in and of itself has been proven to have broad-reaching and direct negative impacts on individual health outcomes; and

WHEREAS, the NC Institute for Medicine, Healthy NC 2030 Report (HNC2030), notes "the root cause for the health disparities we see in populations of color is the historical and continued structural racism that has resulted in inequitable opportunities for healthy lives"; and

WHEREAS, the Buncombe County 2018 Community Health Assessment notes, Black babies are 3.8 times more likely to die in the first year of life than White babies, and where life expectancy is on average is 5.9 years shorter for Black residents when compared to White residents; and

WHEREAS, the Buncombe County Justice Resource Advisory Council adopted a proclamation declaring Racism a Public Safety Emergency; and

WHEREAS, in November 2018, the American Public Health Association declared law enforcement violence a public health problem; urging governments and law enforcement agencies to review policies that can lead to disproportionate violence against marginalized populations; and

WHEREAS, North Carolina Executive Order No. 145 (June 9, 2020) proclaims that a fair and equitable criminal justice system, free from racism and bias, is necessary to maintain the safety and well-being of the State of North Carolina; and



URBAN3

¹ 1860 Slave Schedule; 1860 Census

² Equal Justice Institute: https://lynchinginamerica.eji.org/report

https://www.citizen-times.com/story/news/local/2016/01/07/today-asheville-history-buncombe-school-integration-plan/78400878/

¹ Jones CP. Confronting Institutionalized Racism. Phylon. 2002; 50(1/2):7---22.

² American Public Health Association. Racism and Health. Available at: https://www.apha.org/news-and-media/news-releases/2020/racism-is-a-public-health-crisis Accessed May 2, 2020.



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WHEREAS, Chief Justice Cheri Beasley declares "disparities that exist as the result of policies and institutions; racism and prejudice have remained stubbornly fixed and resistant to change"; and

WHEREAS, institutional and systemic racism in housing, education, economic, health, and criminal justice policies and practices have caused deep disparities, harm, and mistrust; In 2019 Black American residents of Buncombe County make up 6.3% of the population, 25% of the jail population, and 69% of gun violence victims; and

WHEREAS, in Buncombe County, 20.64 percent of White homeowners experience housing cost burden, while 39.4 percent of Black homeowners experience cost burden. Similarly, in our county, 12 percent of White children compared to 24 percent of Black children, and 40 percent of Hispanic children live in poverty; and

WHEREAS, the Buncombe County Board of Commissioners 2020-2025 Strategic Plan identifies equity as a foundational focus area with a commitment to systems, policies, programs and practices that supports and integrates equity and an organizational culture that embraces diversity and inclusion; and

WHEREAS, the County Manager has established a cross-departmental Equity & Inclusion staff workgroup to design, coordinate and organize a community - informed Equity Action Plan that includes an equity data governance collaborative to collect, monitor, evaluate and publicly display relevant data.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that we, the Buncombe County Board of Commissioners assert that racism is a public health and safety crisis affecting our entire County and should be treated with the urgency and funding of a public health and safety emergency. Looking at racism in this way offers policymakers, county management, criminal justice stakeholders, health officials, and others an opportunity to analyze data and discuss how to dismantle or change problematic institutions. Buncombe County will seek to promote racial equity through policies approved by the Board of Commissioners and will encourage other local, state and national entities to recognize racism as a public health and safety crisis as well.

Adopted by the Buncombe County Board of Commissioners on August 4, 2020.

COUNTY CLERK	COMMISSION CHAIR
Approved as to form:	
COUNTY ATTORNEY	



URBAN3

Jones CP. Confronting Institutionalized Racism. Phylon. 2002; 50(1/2):7---22.

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Chief Justice Cheri Beasley
Cited by Buncombe County's Resolution



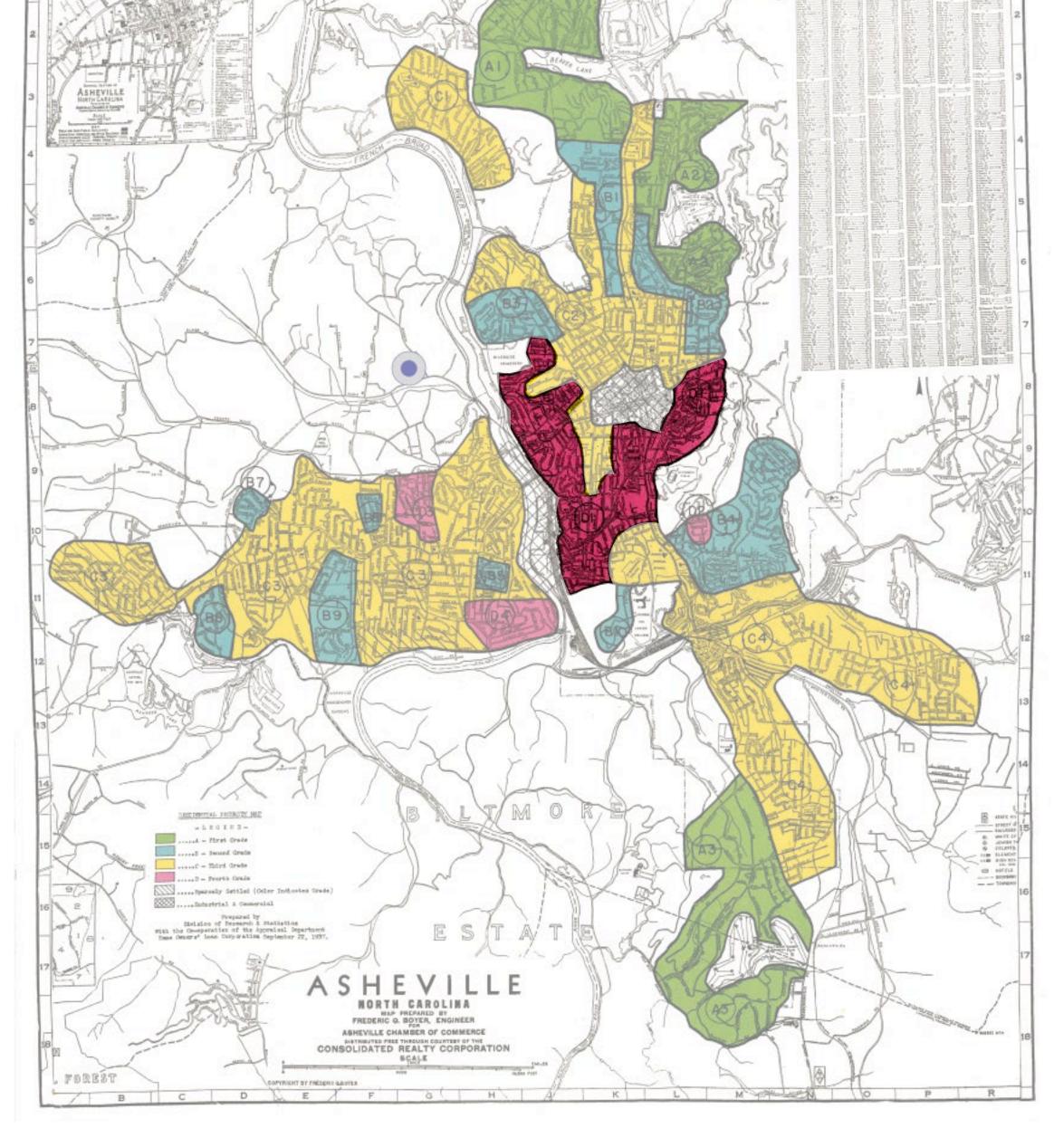


Redlining History:

Asheville, North Carolina



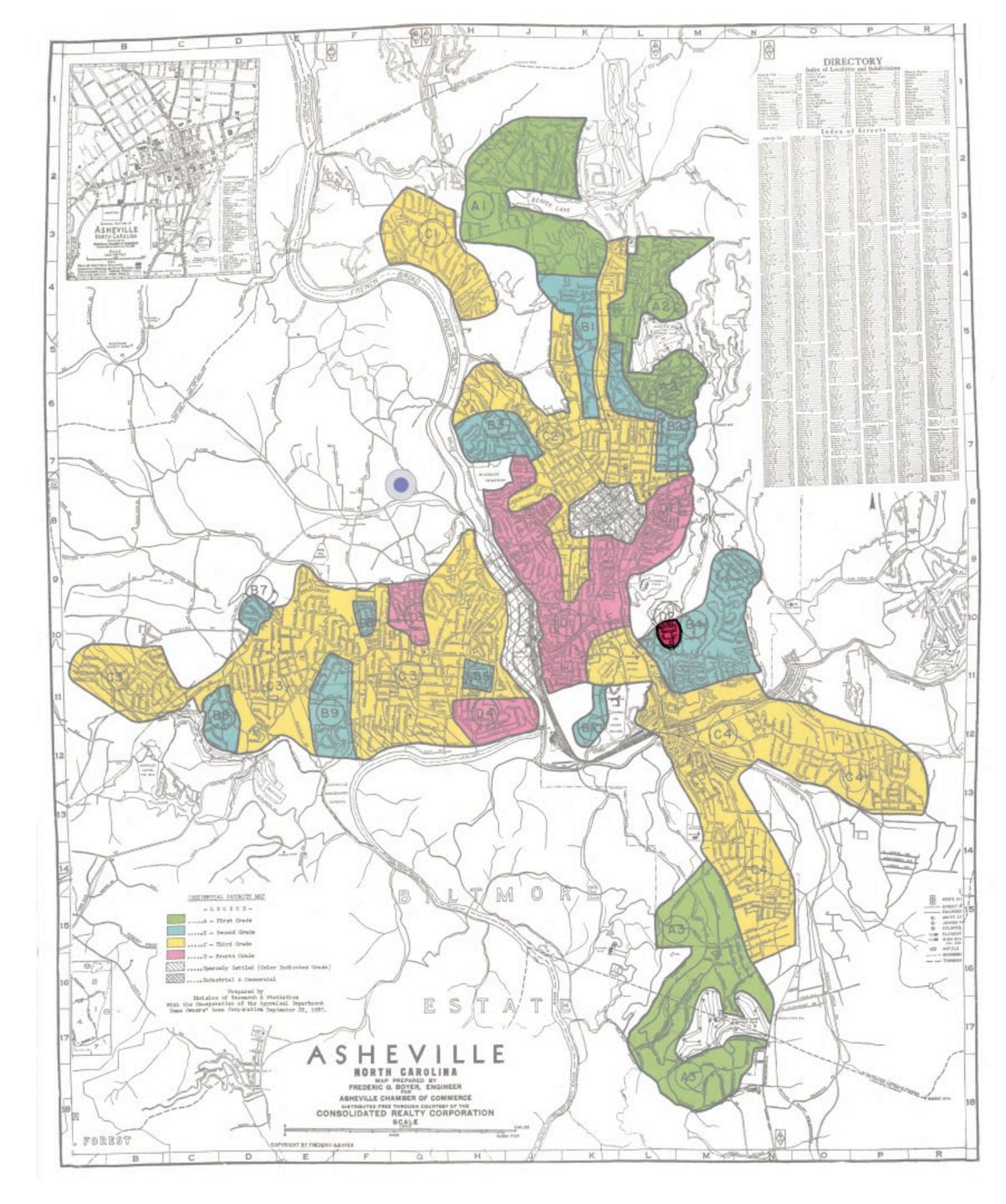
	Adequate transportation.
•	DETRIMENTAL INFLUENCES. Industrial plants along railroad tracks on western side of area. Cheap construction, also filling stations and some cheap stores on Biltmore Road. Also many business places in the part nearest main business district.
5.	INHABITANTS: Mechanics - factory workers- a. Type Common laborers ; b. Estimated annual family income \$300 - 1500
	c. Foreign-born None; % d. Negro Yes; 75 %;
	e. Infiltration of Negro gradually ; . Relief families Many ;
	g. Population is increasing; decreasing; static. yes
5.	BUILDINGS: Large and small
	a. Type or types singles ; b. Type of construction Frame ;
	c. Average age 30 years; d. Repair Poor
7.	HISTORY: SALE VALUES RENTAL VALUES
	PREDOM— YEAR RANGE INATING % RANGE INATING %
	1929 level \$7 <u>50 - 2500 \$1750 100% \$5 - 20 \$17.50 100%</u>
	1933 low 500 - 1500 1000 57 5 - 15 10 57
\$1	Peak sale values occurred in 1926 and were 130 % of the 1929 level.
	Peak rental values occurred in 1925 and were 130 % of the 1929 level.
	OCCUPANCY: a. Land80%; b. Dwelling units _98%; c. Home owners20%
	SALES DEMAND: a. Fair ; b. \$1250 singles ; c. Activity is Fair
	RENTAL DEMAND: a. Good ; b. \$12.50 singles ; c. Activity is Good
	NEW CONSTRUCTION: a. Types None; b. Amount last year None
	AVAILABILITY OF MORTGAGE FUNDS: a. Home purchase None; b. Home building None
	TREND OF DESIRABILITY NEXT 10-15 YEARS Static to downward
•	CLARIFYING REMARKS: North end of Western side almost a mountain. Southern side contains railroad depot, big negro business district, and cheap houses. Eastern side very rolling.
	Better part is that nearest main business district.
	Information for this form was obtained from William Coleman, Loan Service Field
	Representative



DIRECTORY and Subdivision

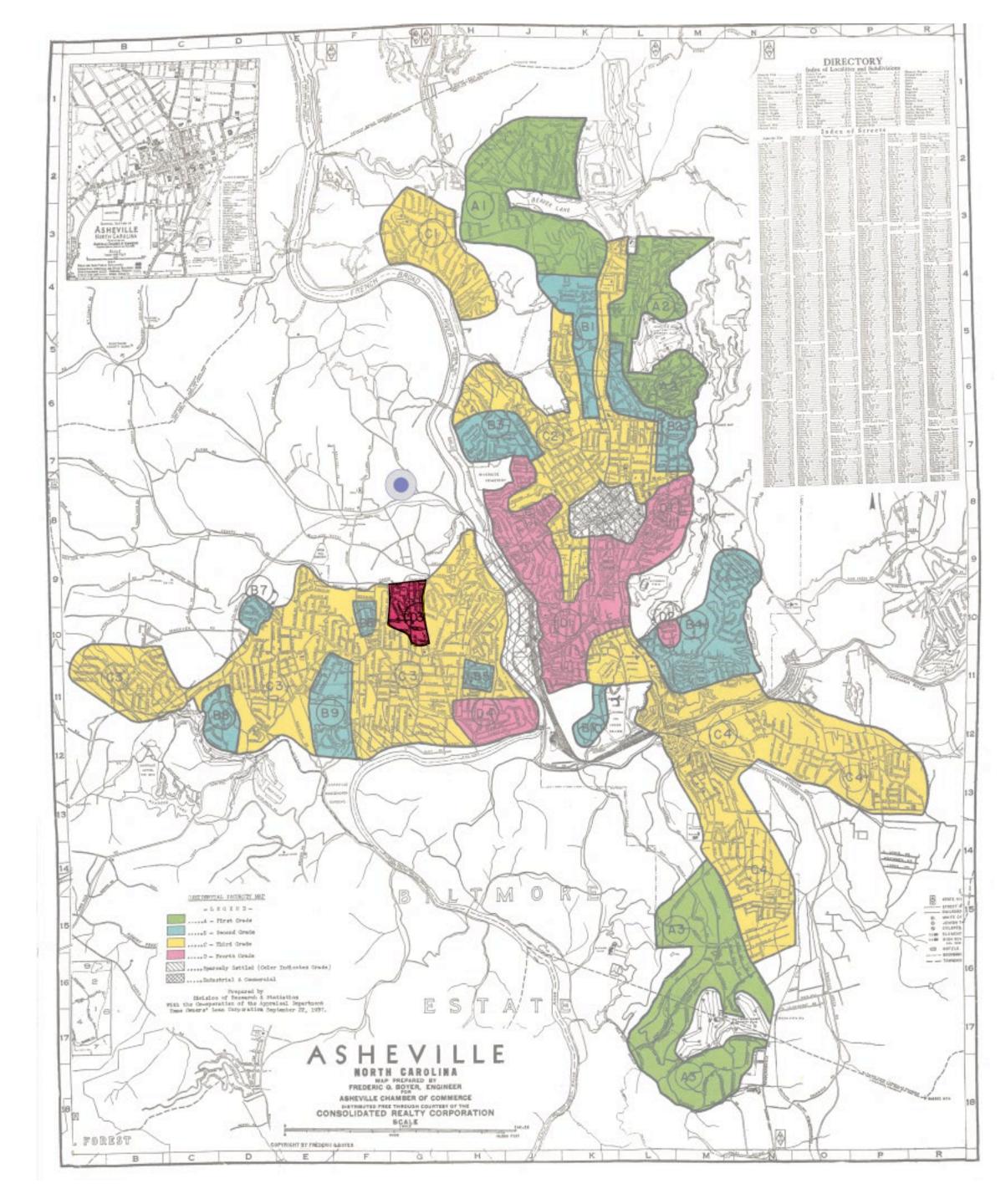


C. Foreign-born Bone ; %; d. Negro Yes ; 100 %; 100 %; 100 %; 100 %; 1752 or Fo) e. Infiltration of None ; f. Relief families Bony ; static. yes g. Population is increasing ; decreasing ; static. yes g. Population is increasing ; decreasing ; static. yes g. Population is increasing ; decreasing ; static. yes g. Average age 30 years ; d. Repair Poor 7. HISTORY: SALE VALUES RENTAL VALUES PREDOM- INATING SALE VALUES OCCUPRED	†•	DETRIMENTAL INFLUENCES. Location built around old brick yard. Unpaved streets. Transportation inadequate.	
a. Type Common laborers—domestics; b. Estimated annual family income \$200 - 750 c. Foreign—born Rore ; \$; d. Negro Yos ; 100 \$; e. Infiltration of None ; f. Relief families Many ; g. Population is increasing ; decreasing ; static. yes 6. BUILDINGS: a. Type or types Small singles ; b. Type of construction Frame ; c. Average age 30 years ; d. Repair Poor 7. HISTORY: SALE VALUES RENTAL VALUES PREDOM- INATING \$ RANGE INATING			
e. Infiltration of Nome ; f. Relief families keny ; g. Population is increasing ; decreasing ; static. yes 6. BUILDINGS: a. Type or types Small sineles ; b. Type of construction Frame ; c. Average age 30 years ; d. Repair Foor 7. HISTORY: SALE VALUES RENTAL VALUES PREDOM- YEAR RANGE INATING \$ RANGE INATING \$ 1029 level \$500 - 1250 \$800 100\$ \$4 - 12.50 \$9 100\$ 1933 low \$55 - 800 \$500 \$62 \$4 - 8.00 \$5 \$55 current \$400 - 1000 700 \$7 \$4 - 10.00 \$60 Peak sale values occurred in 1929 and were 100 \$60 fthe 1929 level. Peak rental values occurred in 1929 and were 100 \$60 fthe 1929 level. 8. OCCUPANCY: a. Land 80 \$60 \$60 \$60 \$60 \$60 \$60 \$60 \$60 \$60 \$6	5.		
g. Population is increasing ; decreasing ; static. yes 6. BUILDINGS: a. Type or types Small singles ; b. Type of construction Frame ; c. Average age 30 years ; d. Repair Poor 7. HISTORY: SALE VALUES RENTAL VALUES PREDOM-YEAR RANGE INATING \$ RANGE INATIN		c. Foreign-born None; %; d. Negro Yes; 100 %; (Vationality)	
6. BUILDINGS: a. Type or types Small singles ; b. Type of construction Frame ; c. Average age 30 years ; d. Repair Poor 7. HISTORY: SALE VALUES RENTAL VALUES PREDOM- YEAR RANGE INATING RANGE INATING RANGE INATING CALL INATING		e. Infiltration of None ; f. Relief families Many ;	
a. Type or types Small singles ; b. Type of construction Frame ; c. Average age 30 years ; d. Repair Poor 7. HISTORY: SALE VALUES RENTAL VALUES YEAR RANGE INATING RANG		g. Population is increasing; decreasing; static. yes	
7. HISTORY: SALE VALUES PREDOM- YEAR RANGE PREDOM- 1MATING 1929 level \$500 - 1250 \$900 100% \$4 - 12.50 \$9 100% 1933 low \$50 - 800 500 62 4 - 8.00 5 55 CUTTENT 400 - 1000 700 97 4 - 10.00 8 66 Peak sale values occurred in 1929 and were 100 % of the 1929 level. 1928 Peak rental values occurred in 1929 and were 100 % of the 1929 level. 8. OCCUPANCY: a. Land 80 %; b. Dwelling units 100 %; c. Home owners 20 % 9. SALES DEMAND: a. None ; b. None ; c. Activity is None 10. NEW CONSTRUCTION: a. Types None ; b. Amount last year hone 12. AVAILABILITY OF MORTGAGE FUNDS: a. Home purchase None ; b. Home building None 13. TREND OF DESIRABILITY NEXT 10-15 YEARS Almost bottom now - little prospect for any better Mountains in East, West and South on which white people live.	6.		
YEAR RANGE PREDOM-INATING \$ RANGE PREDOM-INATING \$ 1929 level \$500 - 1250 \$800 100% \$4 - 12.50 \$9 100% 1933 low \$50 - 800 500 62 4 - 8.00 5 55 current 400 - 1000 700 87 4 - 10.00 8 66 Peak sale values occurred in 1929 and were 100 \$ of the 1929 level. 1928 Peak rental values occurred in 1929 and were 100 \$ of the 1929 level. 8 8. OCCUPANCY: a. Land 80 \$; b. Dwelling units 100 \$; c. Home owners 20 \$ 9. SALES DEMAND: a. None ; b. None ; c. Activity is None 10. RENTAL DEMAND: a. Types None ; b. Amount last year None 11. NEW CONSTRUCTION: a. Types None ; b. Amount last year None 12. AVAILABILITY OF MORTGAGE FUNDS: a. Home purchase None ; </td <td></td> <td>c. Average age 30 years ; d. Repair Poor</td>		c. Average age 30 years ; d. Repair Poor	
YEAR RANGE PREDOM-INATING \$ RANGE PREDOM-INATING \$ 1929 level \$500 - 1250 \$800 100% \$4 - 12.50 \$9 100% 1933 low 350 - 800 500 62 4 - 8.00 5 55 current 400 - 1000 700 87 4 - 10.00 8 66 1928 Peak sale values occurred in 1929 and were 100 \$ of the 1929 level. Peak rental values occurred in 1929 and were 100 \$ of the 1929 level. 8. OCCUPANCY: a. Land 80 \$; b. Dwelling units 100 \$; c. Home owners 20 \$ 9. SALES DEMAND: a. None ; b. None ; c. Activity is None 10. RENTAL DEMAND: a. Good ; b. \$8 singles ; c. Activity is Good 11. NEW CONSTRUCTION: a. Types None ; b. Amount last year None 12. AVAILABILITY OF MORTGAGE FUNDS: a. Home purchase None ; <t< td=""><td></td><td>DENTAL VALUES</td></t<>		DENTAL VALUES	
1929 level \$500 - 1250 \$800 100% \$4 - 12.50 \$9 100% 1933 low 350 - 800 500 62 4 - 8.00 5 55 current 400 - 1000 700 87 4 - 10.00 8 60 Peak sale values occurred in 1929 and were 100 % of the 1929 level. 1928 Peak rental values occurred in 1929 and were 100 % of the 1929 level. 8. OCCUPANCY: a. Land 80 %; b. Dwelling units 100 %; c. Home owners 20 % 9. SALES DEMAND: a. None ; b. None ; c. Activity is None 10. RENTAL DEMAND: a. Good ; b. \$8 singles ; c. Activity is Good 11. NEW CONSTRUCTION: a. Types None ; b. Amount last year None 12. AVAILABILITY OF MORTGAGE FUNDS: a. Home purchase None ; b. Home building None 13. TREND OF DESIRABILITY NEXT 10-15 YEARS Almost bottom now - little prospect for any better 14. CLARIFYING REMARKS: This is a very cheap negre section all but North end being in velley Mountains in East, West end South on which white people live.	7.	PREDOM- PREDOM-	
1935 low 350 - 800 500 62 4 - 8.00 5 55 current 400 - 1000 700 87 4 - 10.00 8 66 Peak sale values occurred in 1929 and were 100 % of the 1929 level. 1928 Peak rental values occurred in 1929 and were 100 % of the 1929 level. 8. OCCUPANCY: a. Land 80 %; b. Dwelling units 100 %; c. Home owners 20 % 9. SALES DEMAND: a. None ; b. None ; c. Activity is None 10. RENTAL DEMAND: a. Good ; b. \$8 singles ; c. Activity is Good 11. NEW CONSTRUCTION: a. Types None ; b. Amount last year None 12. AVAILABILITY OF MORTGAGE FUNDS: a. Home purchase None ; b. Home building None 13. TREND OF DESIRABILITY NEXT 10-15 YEARS Almost bottom new - little prospect for any better 14. CLARIFYING REMARKS: This is a very cheap negro section all but North end being in valley Mountains in East, West and South on which white people live.			
Current 400 - 1000 700 87 4 - 10.00 8 66 Peak sale values occurred in 1929 and were 100 % of the 1929 level. Peak rental values occurred in 1929 and were 100 % of the 1929 level. 8. OCCUPANCY: a. Land 80 %; b. Dwelling units 100 %; c. Home owners 20 % 9. SALES DEMAND: a. None ; b. None ; c. Activity is None 10. RENTAL DEMAND: a. Good ; b. \$3 singles ; c. Activity is Good 11. NEW CONSTRUCTION: a. Types None ; b. Amount last year None 12. AVAILABILITY OF MORTGAGE FUNDS: a. Home purchase None ; b. Home building None 13. TREND OF DESIRABILITY NEXT 10-15 YEARS Almost bottom now - little prospect for any better 14. CLARIFYING REMARKS: This is a very cheap negro section all but North end being in valley Mountains in East, West end South on which white people live.		1929 level \$500 - 1250 \$800 100% \$4 - 12.50 \$9 100%	
Peak sale values occurred in 1929 and were 100 % of the 1929 level. Peak rental values occurred in 1929 and were 100 % of the 1929 level. 8. OCCUPANCY: a. Land 80 %; b. Dwelling units 100 %; c. Home owners 20 % 9. SALES DEMAND: a. None ; b. None ; c. Activity is None 10. RENTAL DEMAND: a. Good ; b. \$8 singles ; c. Activity is Good 11. NEW CONSTRUCTION: a. Types None ; b. Amount last year None 12. AVAILABILITY OF MORTGAGE FUNDS: a. Home purchase None ; b. Home building None 13. TREND OF DESIRABILITY NEXT 10-15 YEARS Almost bottom now - little prospect for any better Mountains in East, West and South on which white people live.		1933 low 350 - 800 500 62 4 - 8.00 5 55	
Peak sale values occurred in 1929 and were 100 % of the 1929 level. Peak rental values occurred in 1929 and were 100 % of the 1929 level. 8. OCCUPANCY: a. Land 80 %; b. Dwelling units 100 %; c. Home owners 20 % 9. SALES DEMAND: a. None ; b. None ; c. Activity is None 10. RENTAL DEMAND: a. Good ; b. 8 singles ; c. Activity is Good 11. NEW CONSTRUCTION: a. Types None ; b. Amount last year None 12. AVAILABILITY OF MORTGAGE FUNDS: a. Home purchase None ; b. Home building None 13. TREND OF DESIRABILITY NEXT 10-15 YEARS Almost bottom new - little prospect for any better 14. CLARIFYING REMARKS: This is a very cheap negro section all but North end being in valley Mountains in East, West and South on which white people live.	*		
Peak rental values occurred in 1929 and were 100 % of the 1929 level. 8. OCCUPANCY: a. Land 80 %; b. Dwelling units 100 %; c. Home owners 20 % 9. SALES DEMAND: a. None ; b. None ; c. Activity is None 10. RENTAL DEMAND: a. Good ; b. 88 singles ; c. Activity is Good 11. NEW CONSTRUCTION: a. Types None ; b. Amount last year None 12. AVAILABILITY OF MORTGAGE FUNDS: a. Home purchase None ; b. Home building None 13. TREND OF DESIRABILITY NEXT 10-15 YEARS Almost bottom now - little prospect for any better 14. CLARIFYING REMARKS: This is a very cheap negro section all but North end being in valley Mountains in East, West and South on which white people live.		Peak sale values occurred in 1929 and were 100 % of the 1929 level.	
9. SALES DEMAND: a. None ; b. None ; c. Activity is None 10. RENTAL DEMAND: a. Good ; b. \$8 singles ; c. Activity is Good 11. NEW CONSTRUCTION: a. Types None ; b. Amount last year None 12. AVAILABILITY OF MORTGAGE FUNDS: a. Home purchase None ; b. Home building None 13. TREND OF DESIRABILITY NEXT 10-15 YEARS Almost bottom new - little prospect for any better 14. CLARIFYING REMARKS: This is a very cheap negro section all but North end being in valley Mountains in East, West end South on which white people live.			
10. RENTAL DEMAND: a. Good ; b. \$8 singles ; c. Activity is Good 11. NEW CONSTRUCTION: a. Types None ; b. Amount last year None 12. AVAILABILITY OF MORTGAGE FUNDS: a. Home purchase None ; b. Home building None 13. TREND OF DESIRABILITY NEXT 10-15 YEARS Almost bottom now - little prospect for any better 14. CLARIFYING REMARKS: This is a very cheap negro section all but North end being in valley Mountains in East, West and South on which white people live.	8.	OCCUPANCY: a. Land 80 %; b. Dwelling units 100 %; c. Home owners 20 %	
NEW CONSTRUCTION: a. Types None; b. Amount last year None 12. AVAILABILITY OF MORTGAGE FUNDS: a. Home purchase None; b. Home building None 13. TREND OF DESIRABILITY NEXT 10-15 YEARS Almost bottom now - little prospect for any better 14. CLARIFYING REMARKS: This is a very cheap negro section all but North end being in valley Mountains in East, West and South on which white people live.	9.	SALES DEMAND: a. None ; b. None ; c. Activity is None	
NEW CONSTRUCTION: a. Types None; b. Amount last year None 12. AVAILABILITY OF MORTGAGE FUNDS: a. Home purchase None; b. Home building None 13. TREND OF DESIRABILITY NEXT 10-15 YEARS Almost bottom now - little prospect for any better 14. CLARIFYING REMARKS: This is a very cheap negro section all but North end being in valley Mountains in East, West and South on which white people live.	10.	RENTAL DEMAND: a. Good ; b. \$8 singles ; c. Activity is Good	
AVAILABILITY OF MORTGAGE FUNDS: a. Home purchase None; b. Home building None 13. TREND OF DESIRABILITY NEXT 10-15 YEARS Almost bottom now - little prospect for any better 14. CLARIFYING REMARKS: This is a very cheap negro section all but North end being in valley Mountains in East, West and South on which white people live.	11.		
13. TREND OF DESIRABILITY NEXT 10-15 YEARS Almost bottom now - little prospect for any better 14. CLARIFYING REMARKS: This is a very cheap negro section all but North end being in valley Mountains in East, West and South on which white people live.			
14. CLARIFYING REMARKS: This is a very cheap negro section all but North end being in valley Mountains in East, West and South on which white people live.			
Mountains in East, West and South on which white people live.			
	14.		
15. Information for this form was obtained from Wm. Coleman, Loan Service Field Representativ			
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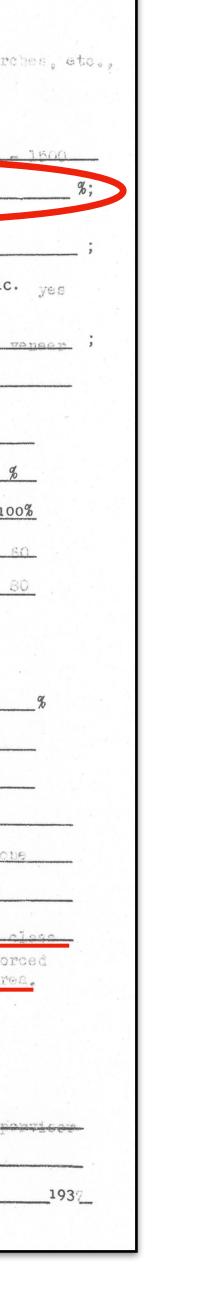


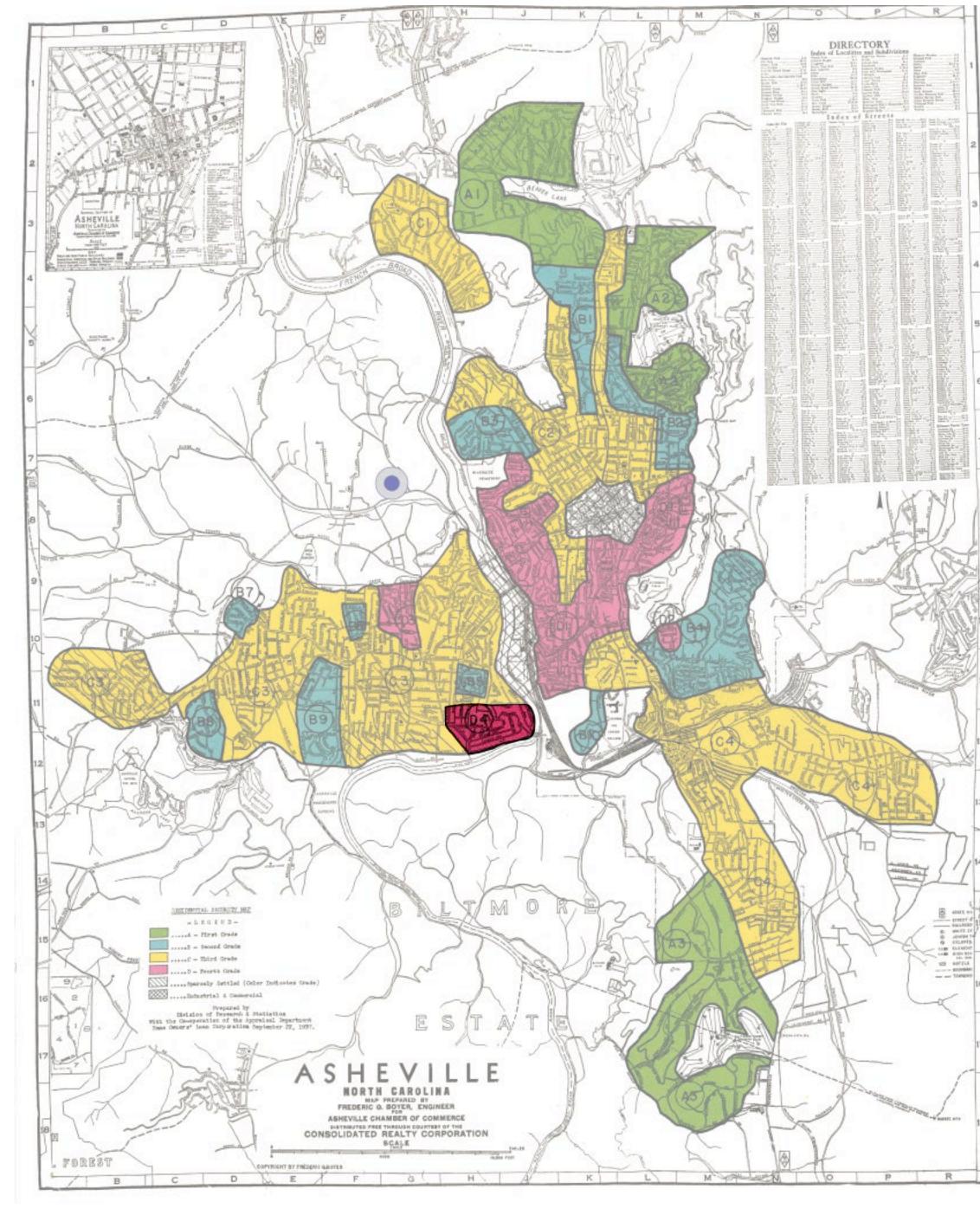
	DETRIMENTAL INFLUENCES. North and inadequate transportation. Unpaved streets.
	Quite a few foreclosed properties owned by lending agencies.
	INHABITANTS: Common laborers and tannery a. Type workers and negro railroad; b. Estimated annual family income \$300 - 1000
	c. Foreign-born None; % d. Negro Yes; 100 %; (Vationality)
	e. Infiltration of; f. Relief families;
	g. Population is increasing; decreasing; static. Yes
	BUILDINGS: a. Type or types Small singles ; b. Type of construction Frame ;
	c. Average age 20 years ; d. Repair Fair
	HISTORY: SALE VALUES RENTAL VALUES
	PREDOM— PREDOM—
	3500 9250 37500
	1933 750 1500 000 00
	500 0050 3300 00
*:	1925
	Peak sale values occurred in $\frac{1926}{1925}$ and were $\frac{130}{130}$ % of the 1929 level.
	Peak rental values occurred in 1926 and were 130 % of the 1929 level.
	OCCUPANCY: a. Land 70 %; b. Dwelling units 100 %; c. Home owners 50 %
	SALES DEMAND: a. Fair ; b. \$1100 Singles ; c. Activity is Fair
	RENTAL DEMAND: a. Good ; b. \$8 singles ; c. Activity is Good
	NEW CONSTRUCTION: a. Types None; b. Amount last year None
	AVAILABILITY OF MORTGAGE FUNDS: a. Home purchase None; b. Home building None
	TREND OF DESIRABILITY NEXT 10-15 YEARS Static
	CLARIFYING REMARKS: Some properties of uniform construction built in this area by white owners for investment purposes.
	Information for this form was obtained from Wm. Coleman, Loan Service Field Representative





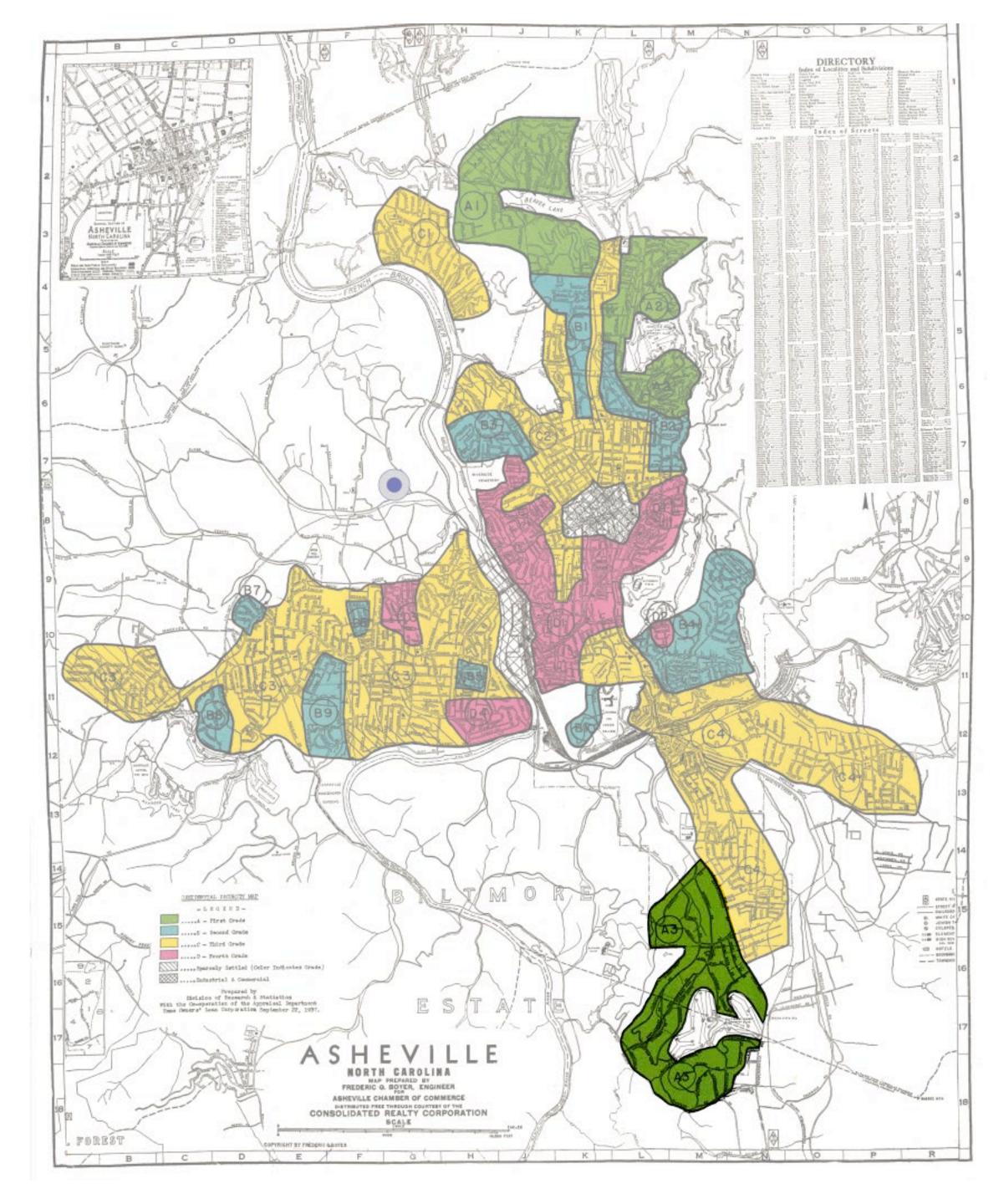
3.	FAVORABLE INFLUENCES. City conveniences - paved streets - school close by - Scenic view.	
4.	DETRIMENTAL INFLUENCES. No transportation - distance to business section, churches, et Heavy foreclosures - vandalism worst in city.	
5.	INHABITANTS: Cheap white a. Type Laborers - railroad men ; b. Estimated annual family income \$500 - 1500	
	c. Foreign-born None; % d. Negro None; 9	
	e. Infiltration of None : f. Relief families Few	
	g. Population is increasing; decreasing; static. yes	
6.	BUILDINGS: a. Type or types <u>Small singles</u> ; b. Type of construction <u>Frame</u> hrigh vanser	
	c. Average age 10 vears ; d. Repair Fair	
7.	HISTORY: SALE VALUES RENTAL VALUES	
	PREDOM— YEAR RANGE INATING % RANGE INATING %	
	1929 level \$800 - 2500 \$1500 100% \$8 - 25 \$15 100%	
	1933 low 500 - 1500 900 60 5 - 12 9 60	
\$,	Current 600 - 1750 1200 80 6 - 15 12 80 Peak sale values occurred in 1925 and were 200 % of the 1929 level. Peak rental values occurred in 1926 and were 200 % of the 1929 level.	
8.	OCCUPANCY: a. Land 30 %; b. Dwelling units 100 %; c. Home owners 5 %	
9.	SALES DEMAND: a. None ; b. None ; c. Activity is None	
	RENTAL DEMAND: a. Good ; b. \$12 singles ; c. Activity is Good	
1.	NEW CONSTRUCTION: a. Types; b. Amount last year	
2.		
	AVAILABILITY OF MORTGAGE FUNDS: a. Home purchase None; b. Home building None	
	TREND OF DESIRABILITY NEXT 10-15 YEARS Static	
4.	of people started moving in. Jerry built houses were started and gradually forced better class of people out. Intimated that some bootleggers resided in the area.	
5.	Information for this form was obtained from Wm. Coleman Loan Service Pield Survey	





3.	FAVORABLE INFLUENCES. Highly restricted residential area and restrictions strongly enforced. All city conveniences except gas. Private country club with golf course located
	in area. All residences are in higher-priced class. Private bus transportation. DETRIMENTAL INFLUENCES. None except the fact that the Eastern side of Hendersonville Road
	is not restricted and there are small stores and tourist cabins located on that side, which adversaly affects properties fronting on Western side of road.
	INHABITANTS: Business Executives - Professional a. Type men - Capitalists ; b. Ferimated annual family income \$ 6,000 upward
	c. Foreign-born None; %; A. Negro None; %; %; (Nationality)
	e. Infiltration of None ; f. Relief families None ;
	g. Population is increasing <u>Slowly</u> ; decreasing; static.
· .	BUILDINGS: a. Type or types Large single family; b. Type of construction Brick - Stone - Stuceo;
	Tile
	c. Average age 10 years; d. Repair Good
	HISTORY: SALE VALUES RENTAL VALUES
	PREDOM— PREDOM— YEAR RANGE INATING % RANGE INATING %
	1929 level \$7500 - 75,000 \$25,000 100% \$50 - 250 \$200 100%
	1933 low 6000 - 75,000 20,000 80 40 - 250 150 75%
*	current 7500 - 75.000 25.000 100 50 - 250 175 87
	Peak sale values occurred in 1925 and were 130 % of the 1929 level.
	Peak rental values occurred in 1925 and were 130 % of the 1929 level.
	OCCUPANCY: a. Land 10 %; b. Dwelling units 100 %; c. Home owners 95 %
	SALES DEMAND: a. Good ; b. \$25,000 Singles ; c. Activity is Good
	RENTAL DEMAND: a. Good ; b. All types ; c. Activity is Good
	NEW CONSTRUCTION: a. Types \$20,000 Singles ; b. Amount last year Substantial - about 20
	AVAILABILITY OF MORTGAGE FUNDS: a. Home purchase Anole; b. Home building Ample
	TREND OF DESIRABILITY NEXT 10-15 YEARS Upward
	CLARIFYING REMARKS: That part of the area lying along Mendersonville Road, White Oak Road and Buena Vista Road contains the lower priced properties. The remainder of this area contains nothing but higher priced properties. It is an exclusive development joined on the North, West and South by the Biltmore Estate, former home of George W. Vanderbilt, deceased, containing 12,000 acres and the famous Biltmore House.
	Information for this form was obtained from Wm. Coleman, Loan Service Field Represents-
	tive and Hugh C. Hall, HOLC Fee Property Appraiser.





NC General Statutes: Chapter 160A

Cities and Towns § 160A-503. Definitions.

The following terms where used in this Article, shall have the following meanings, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

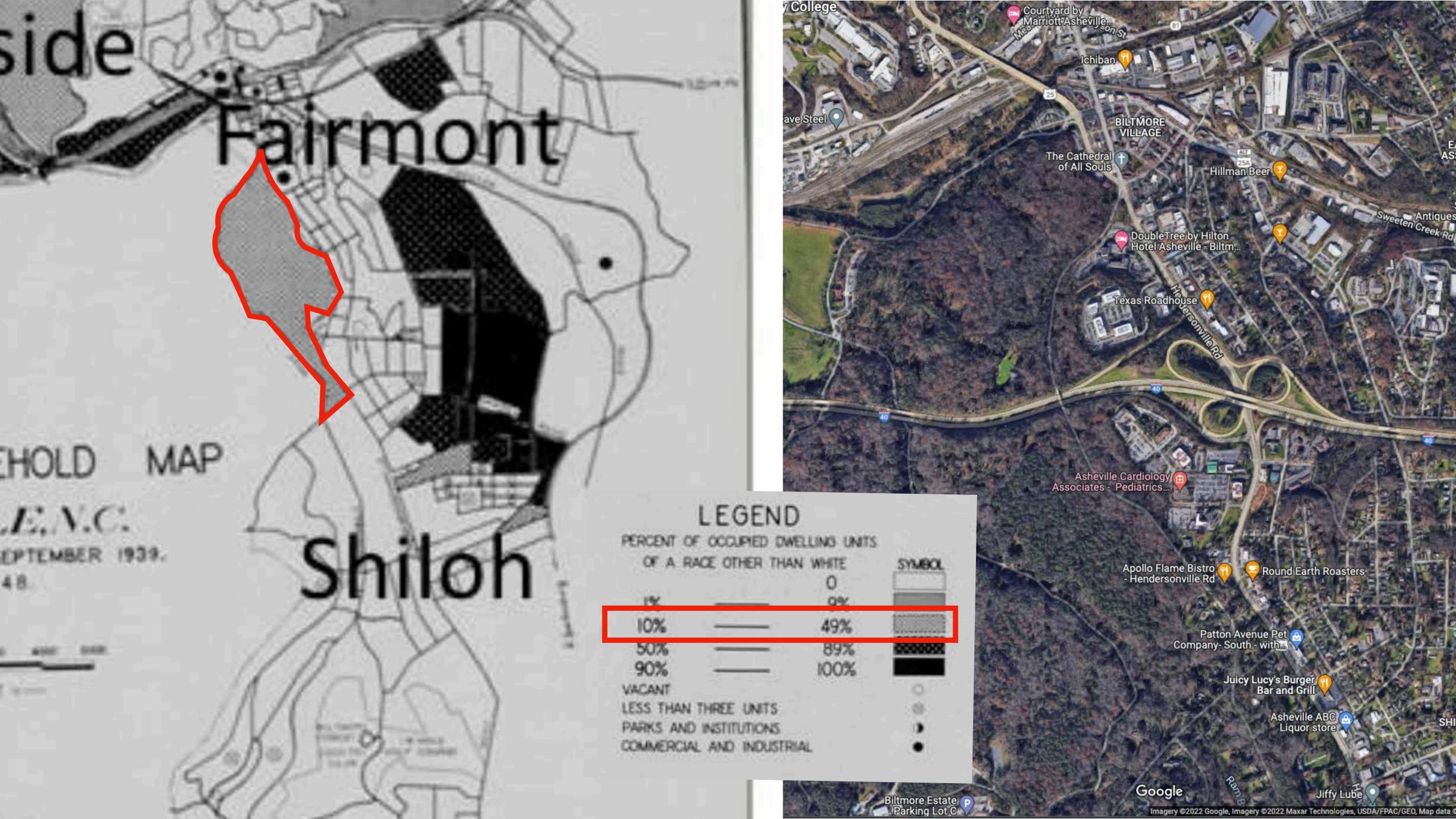
Blight

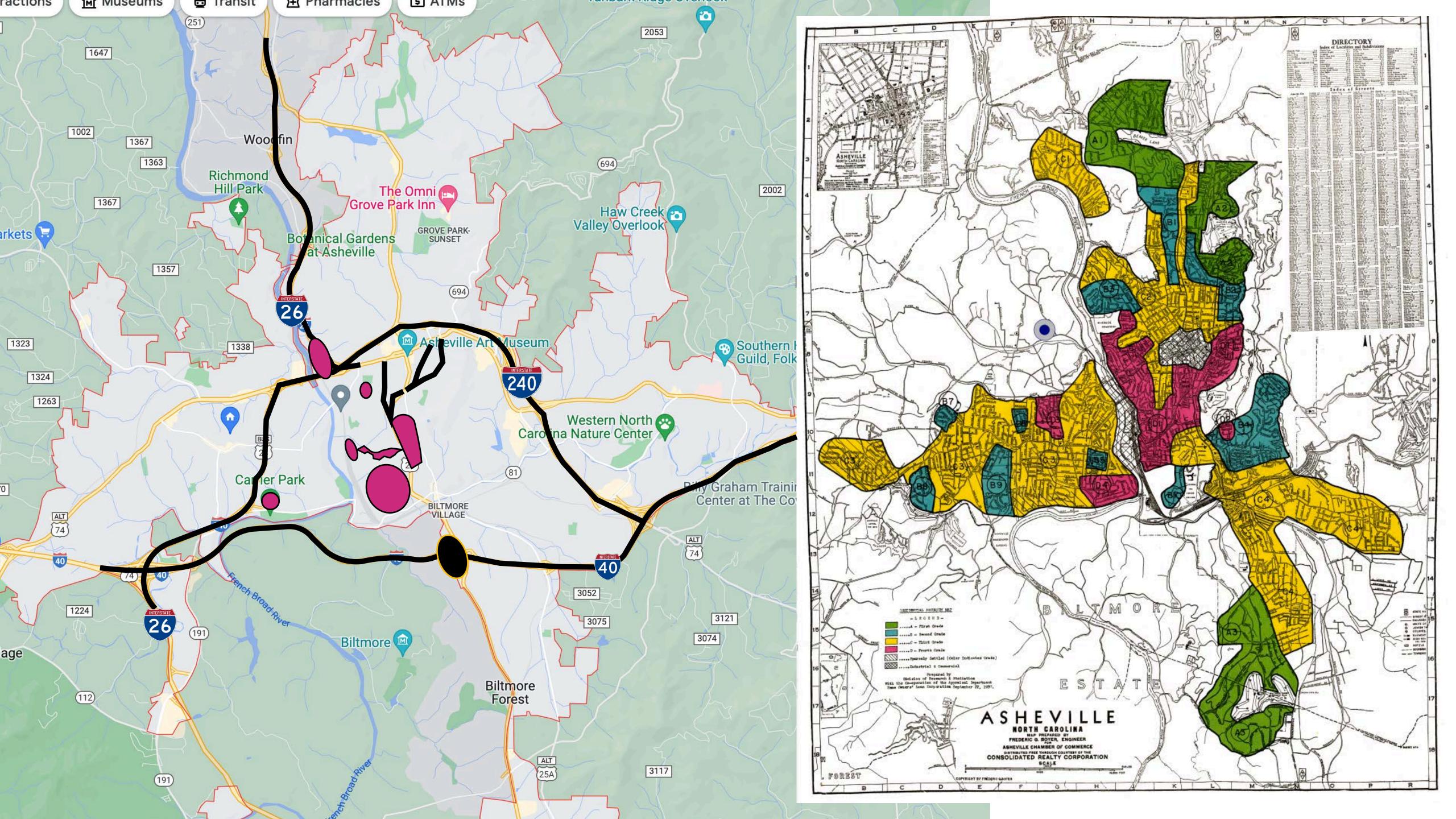
(2) "Blighted area" shall mean an area in which there is a predominance of buildings or improvements or which is predominantly residential in character), and which, by reason of dilapidation, deterioration, age or obsolescence, inadequate provision for ventilation, light, air, sanitation, or open spaces, high density of population and overcrowding, unsanitary or unsafe conditions, or the existence of conditions which endanger life or property by fire and other causes, or any combination of such factors, substantially impairs the sound growth of the community, is conducive to ill health, transmission of disease, infant mortality, juvenile delinquency and crime, and is detrimental to the public health, safety, morals or welfare; provided, no area shall be considered a blighted area within the meaning of this Article, unless it is determined by the planning commission that at least two thirds of the number of buildings within the area are of the character described in this subdivision and substantially contribute to the conditions making such area a blighted area; provided that if the power of eminent domain shall be exercised under the provisions of this Article, it may only be exercised to take a blighted parcel as defined in subdivision (2a) of this section, and the property owner or owners or persons having an interest in property shall be entitled to be represented by counsel of their own selection and their reasonable counsel fees fixed by the court, taxed as a part of the costs and paid by the petitioners.

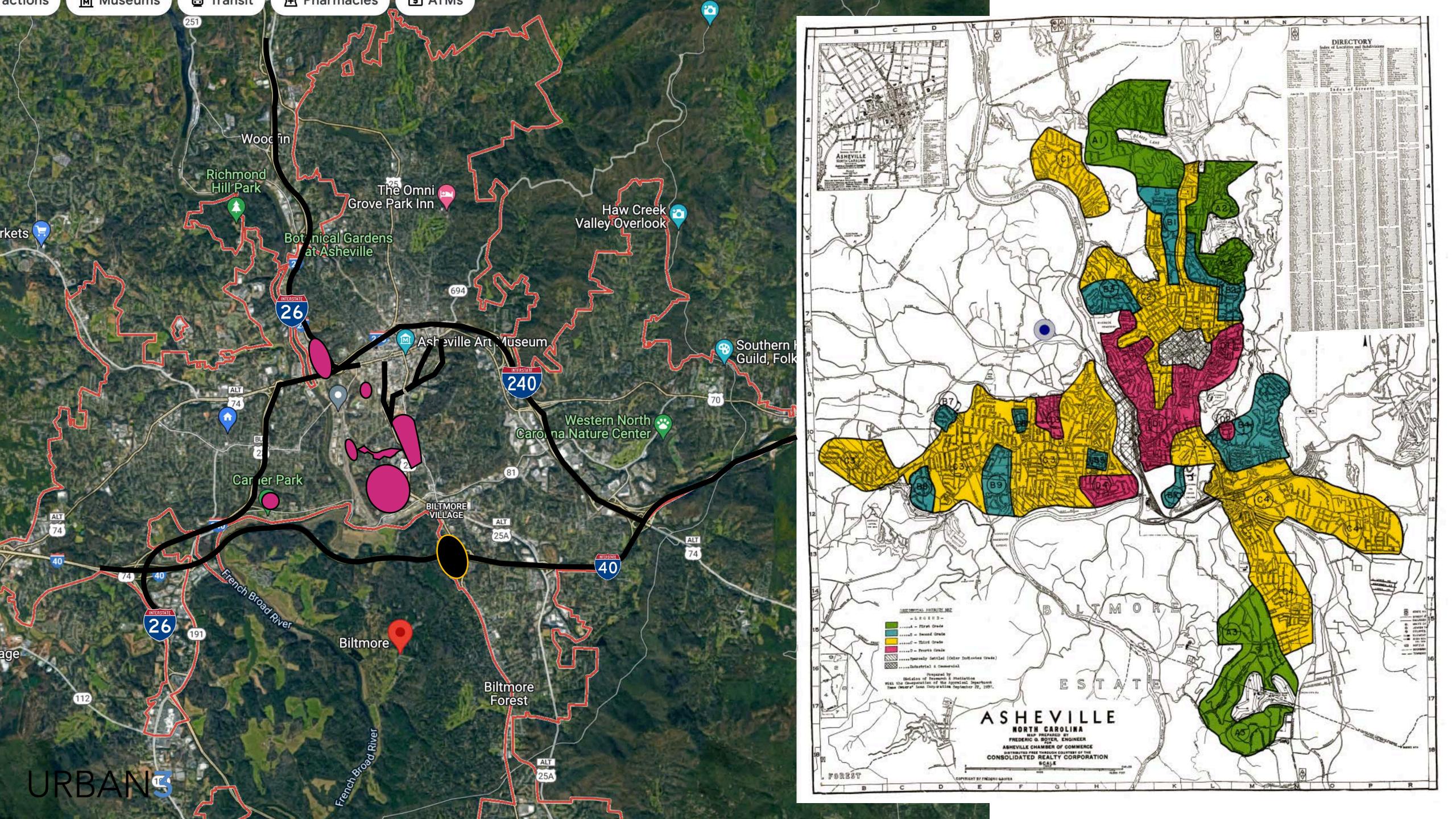
(2a) "Blighted parcel" shall mean a parcel on which there is a predominance of buildings or improvements (or which is predominantly residential near character), and which, by reason of dilapidation, deterioration, age or obsolescence, inadequate provision for ventilation, light, air, sanitation, or open spaces, high density of population and overcrowding, unsanitary or unsafe conditions, or the existence of conditions which endanger life or property by fire and other causes, or any combination of such factors, substantially impairs the sound growth of the community, is conducive to ill health, transmission of disease, infant mortality, juvenile delinquency and crime, and is detrimental to the public health, safety, morals or welfare; provided, no parcel shall be considered a blighted parcel nor subject to the power of eminent domain, within the meaning of this Article, unless it is determined by the planning commission that the parcel is blighted.

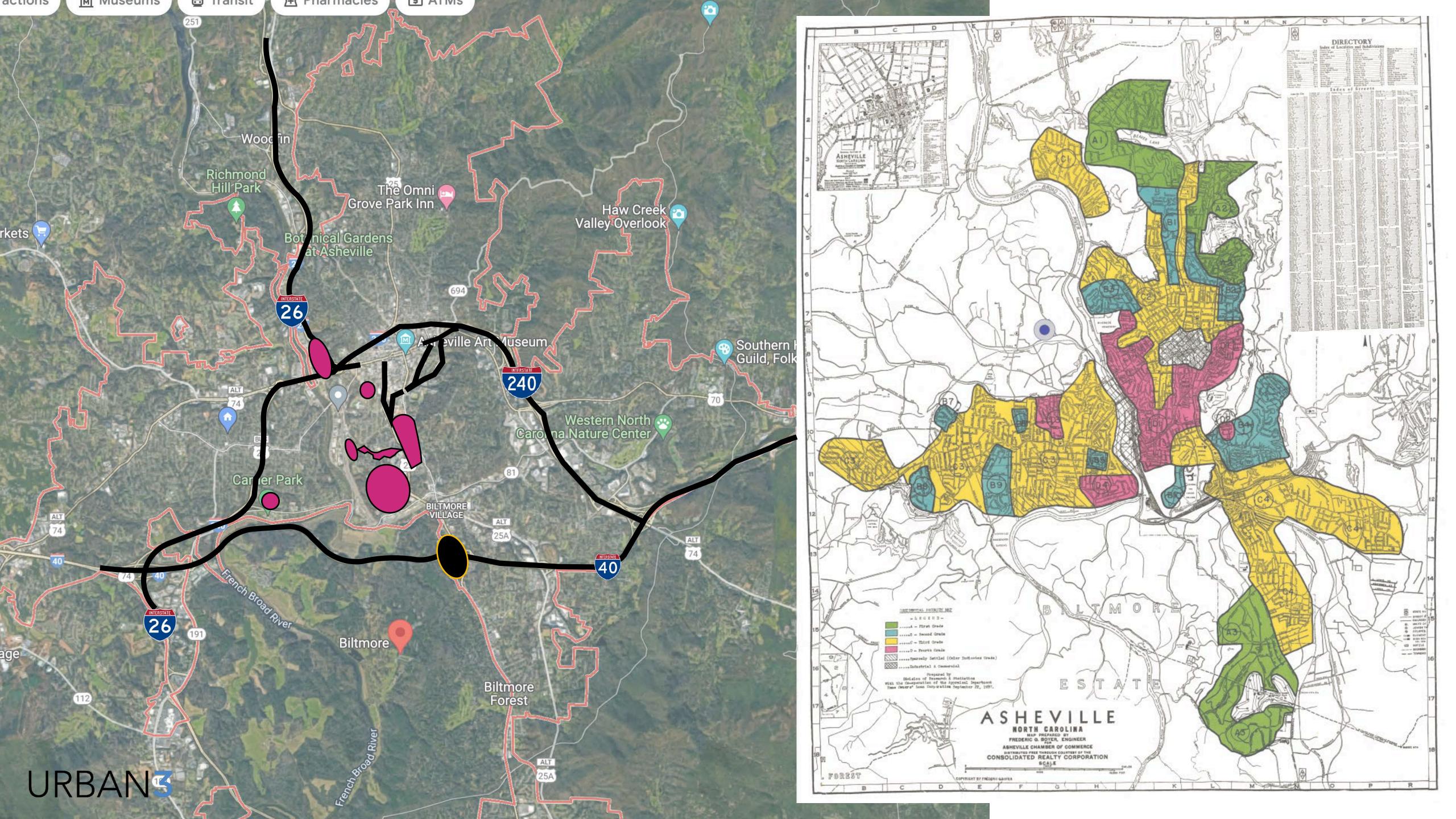
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LEGEND	RACE OF HOUSEHO	v.c.
PERCENT OF OCCUPIED DWELLING UNITS OF A RACE OTHER THAN WHITE O	REAL PROPERTY INVENTORY, SEPTEM O. P. 65-1-32-148. SYMBOL	Shiloh
1% —— 9% 10% —— 49% 50% —— 89%	ICAL N /IET +-	
90% — 100% VACANT LESS THAN THREE UNITS	0 8	
PARKS AND INSTITUTIONS COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL		3.54.9
		1 /20 1

Figure 1. 1939 WPA Race of Household Map and Asheville neighborhoods. (Works Progress Administration).









Statement:

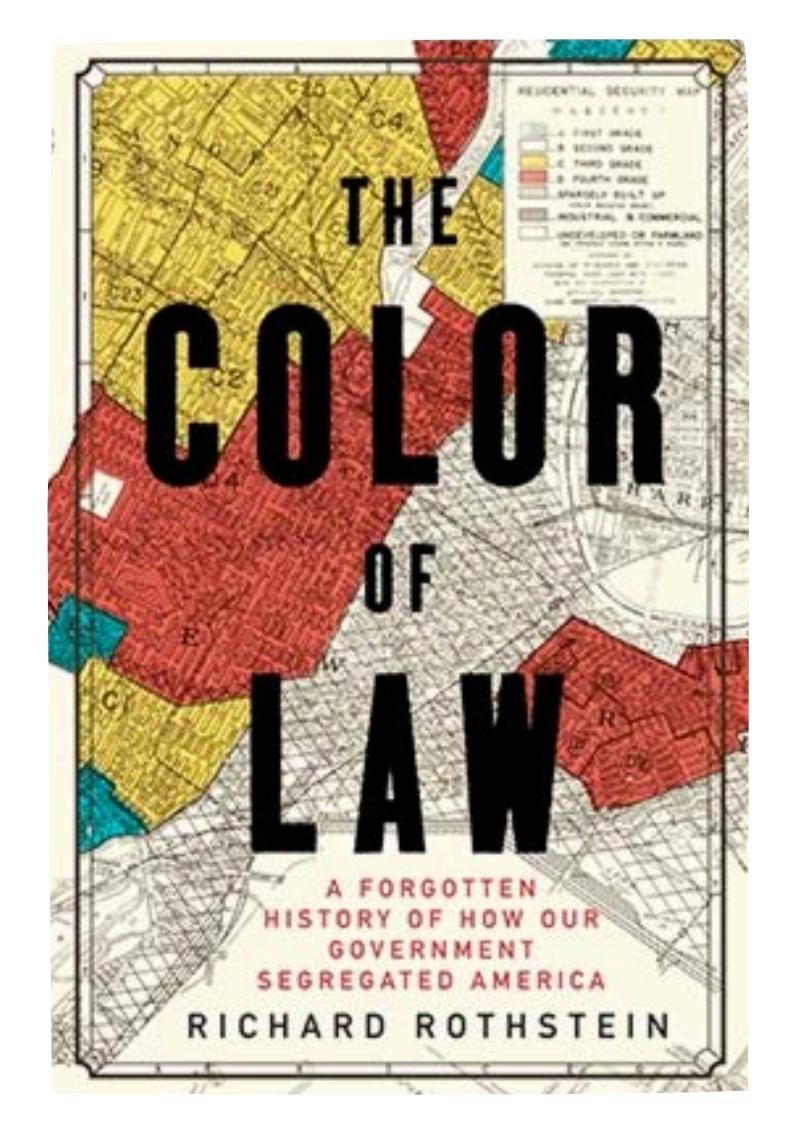
The shape of our community is driven by economic forces baked within public policy.

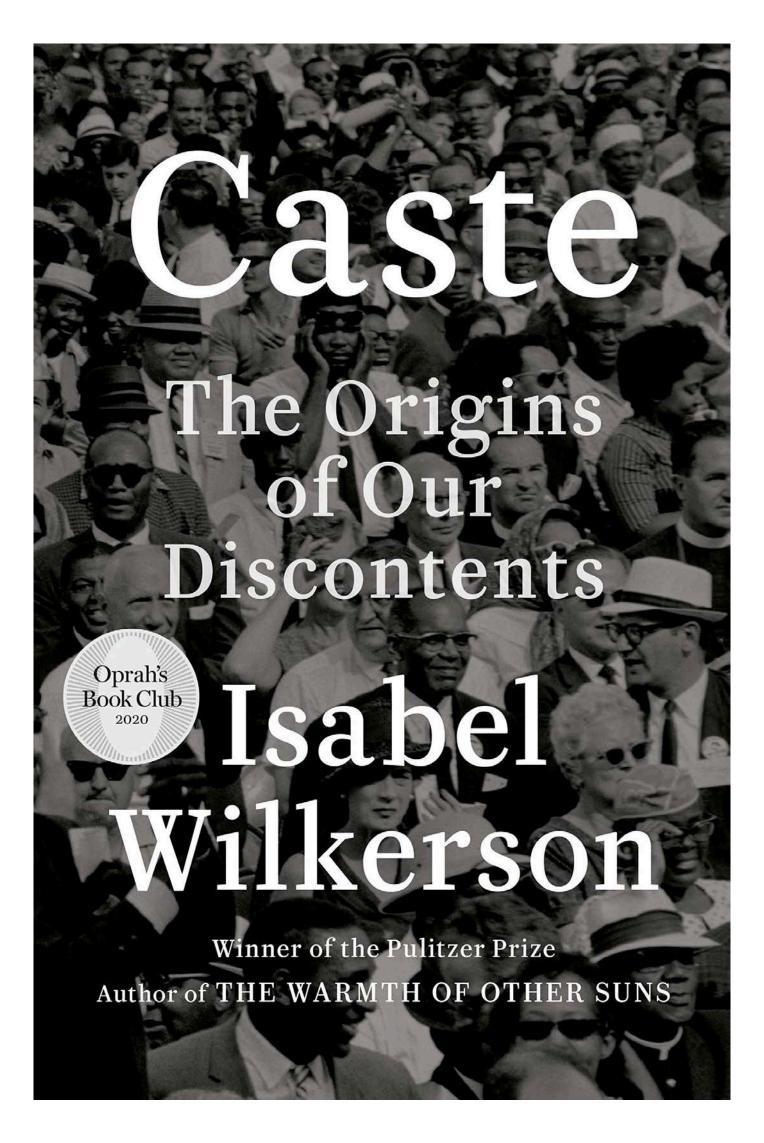


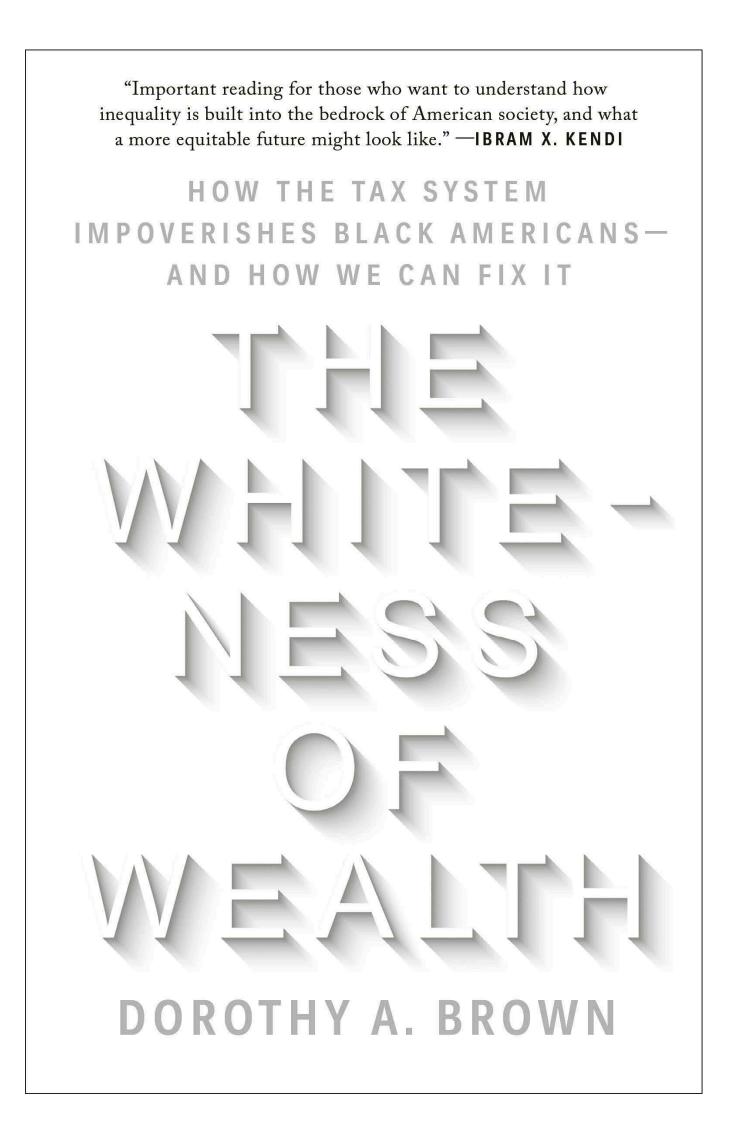
Statement:

We have an obligation to get uncomfortable with these conversations.









What is our obligation as a planner?



EVENTS

Share This!

Fair Housing event with Richard Rothstein – April 21, 2022

April 21, 2022, 3:30 to 5:30

Stick around for happy hour from 5:30 to 6:30!

Light Hors d'oeuvres and beer/wine will be served

21 Restaurant Ct., Asheville, NC 28805







Sandra Kilgore, Asheville City Councilperson, Broker in Charge at Kilgore and Associates Real Estate Link to bio

Richard Rothstein, Author of Color of Law Link to bio Link to Color of Law Press Release

Education

20 Wed 2022

8:30 am Post 302 – Contracts and Closing... @ ONLINE

27
Wed
2022
8:30 am Living in a Material World:
Ques... @ ONLINE
1:30 pm GENUP – ZOOM @ ONLINE

8:30 am Living in a Material World:
Ques... @ ONLINE

1:30 pm BICUP - ZOOM @ ONLINE

17
Tue
2022
8:30 am Post 303 – NC Law, Rules, and Le... @ ONLINE

18
Wed
1:30 pm Radon in Real Estate:
Understand... @ ZOOM

19
Thu
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8:30 am Post 303 – NC Law, Rules, and Le... @ ONLINE

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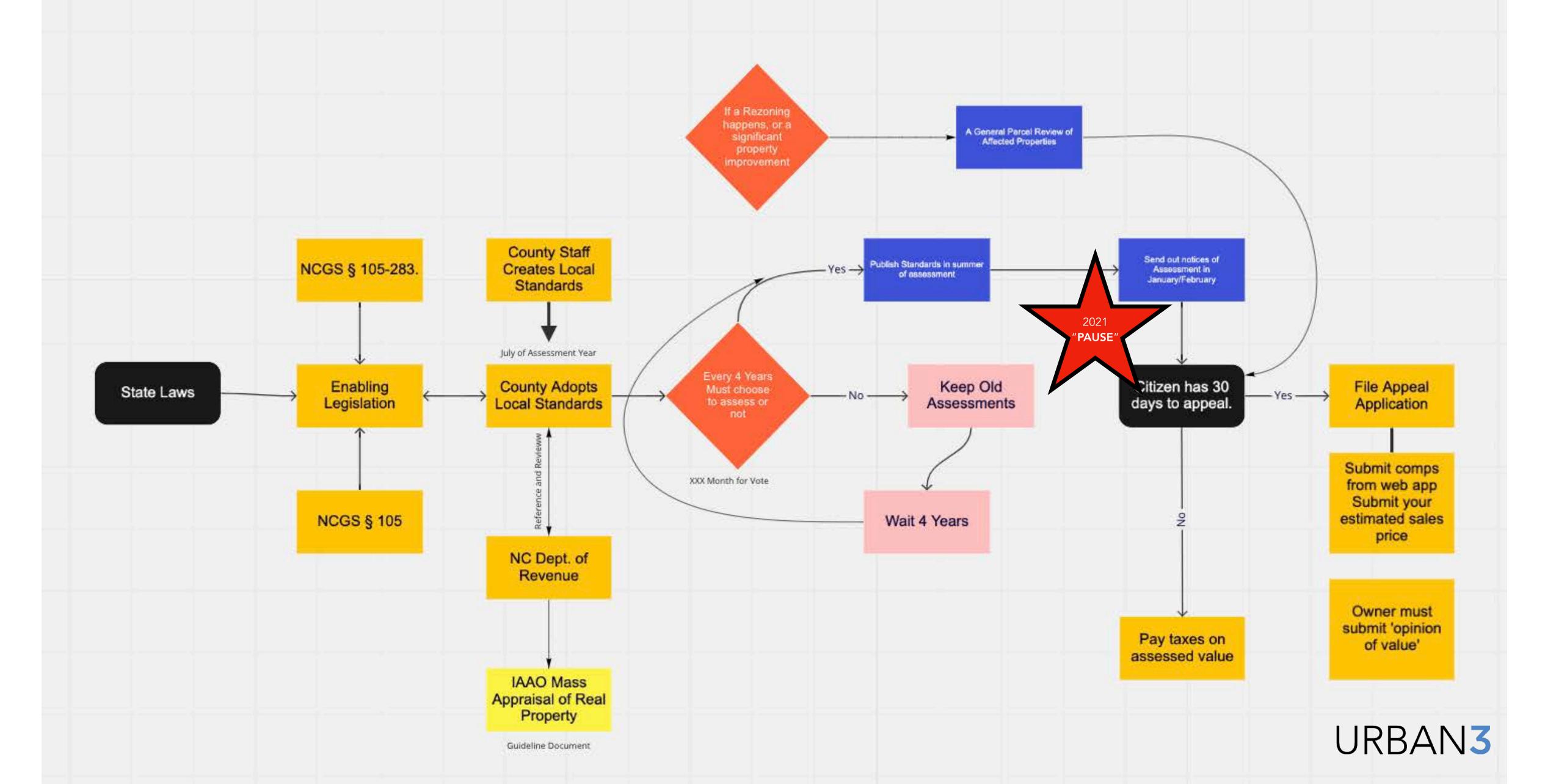
Add →

Search

Type here to search...

Racism has been practiced geographically. Does our assessment practices unknowingly do the same?

How the Process Works



NC General Statutes: Article 13

Standards for Appraisal and Assessment. § 105-283. Uniform appraisal standards.

(a) All property, real and personal, shall as far as practicable be appraised or valued at its true value in money. When used in this Subchapter, the words "true value" shall be interpreted as meaning market value, that is, the price estimated in terms of money at which the property would change hands between a willing and financially able buyer and a willing seller, neither being under any compulsion to buy or to sell and both having reasonable knowledge of all the uses to which the property is adapted and for which it is capable of being used. For the purposes of this section, the acquisition of an interest in land by an entity having the power of eminent domain with respect to the interest acquired shall not be considered competent evidence of the true value in money of comparable land. (1939, c. 310, s. 500; 1953, c. 970, s. 5; 1955, c. 1100, s. 2; 1959, c. 682; 1967, c. 892, s. 7; 1969, c. 945, s. 1; 1971, c. 806, s. 1; 1973, c. 695, s. 11; 1977, 2nd Sess., c. 1297.)



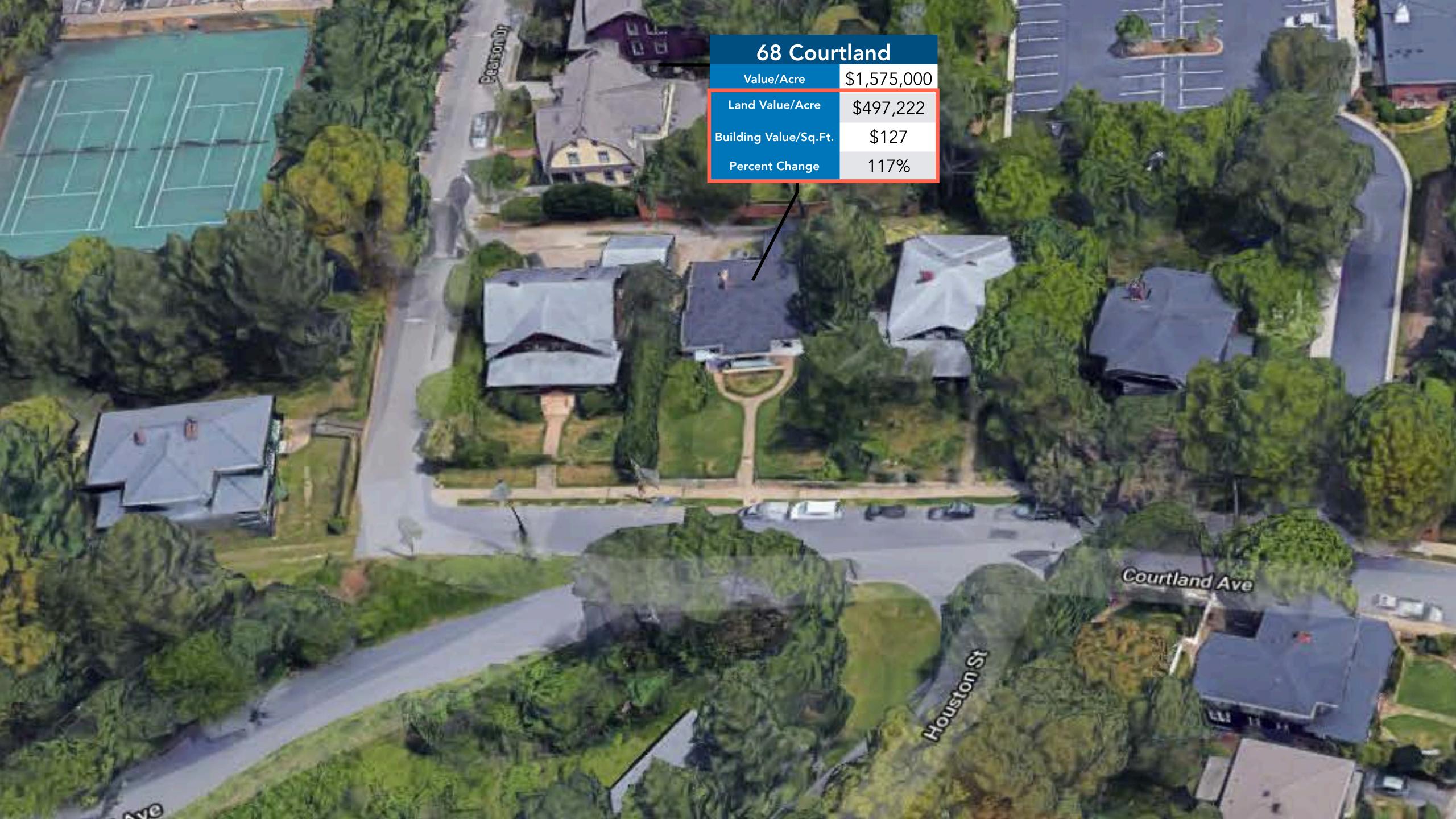
State Assessment Law Buncombe County, NC

NC General Statutes: Article 19

Administration of Real and Personal Property Appraisal § 105-317. Appraisal of real property; adoption of schedules, standards, and rules.

- (a) Whenever any real property is appraised it shall be the duty of the persons making appraisals:
 - (1) In determining the true value of land, to consider as to each tract, parcel, or lot separately listed at least its advantages and disadvantages as to location zoning; quality of soil; waterpower; water privileges; dedication as a nature preserve; conservation or preservation agreements; mineral, quarry, or other valuable deposits; fertility; adaptability for agricultural, timber-producing, commercial, industrial, or other uses past income; probable future income; and any other factors that may affect its value except growing crops of a seasonal or annual nature.
 - (2) In determining the true value of a building or other improvement, to consider at least its location; type of construction; age; replacement cost; adaptability for residence, commercial, industrial, or other uses; past income; probable future income and any other factors that may affect its value.
 - (3) To appraise partially completed buildings in accordance with the degree of completion on January 1.

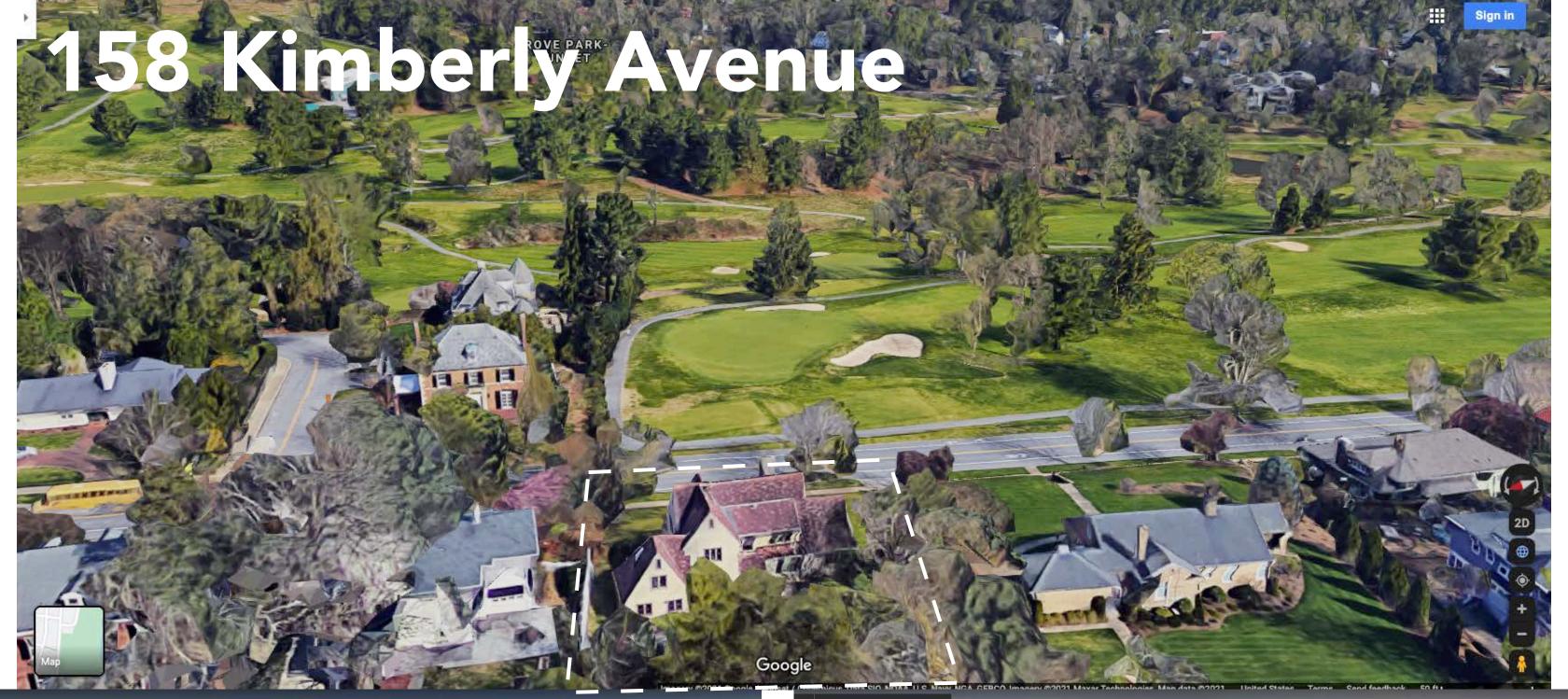


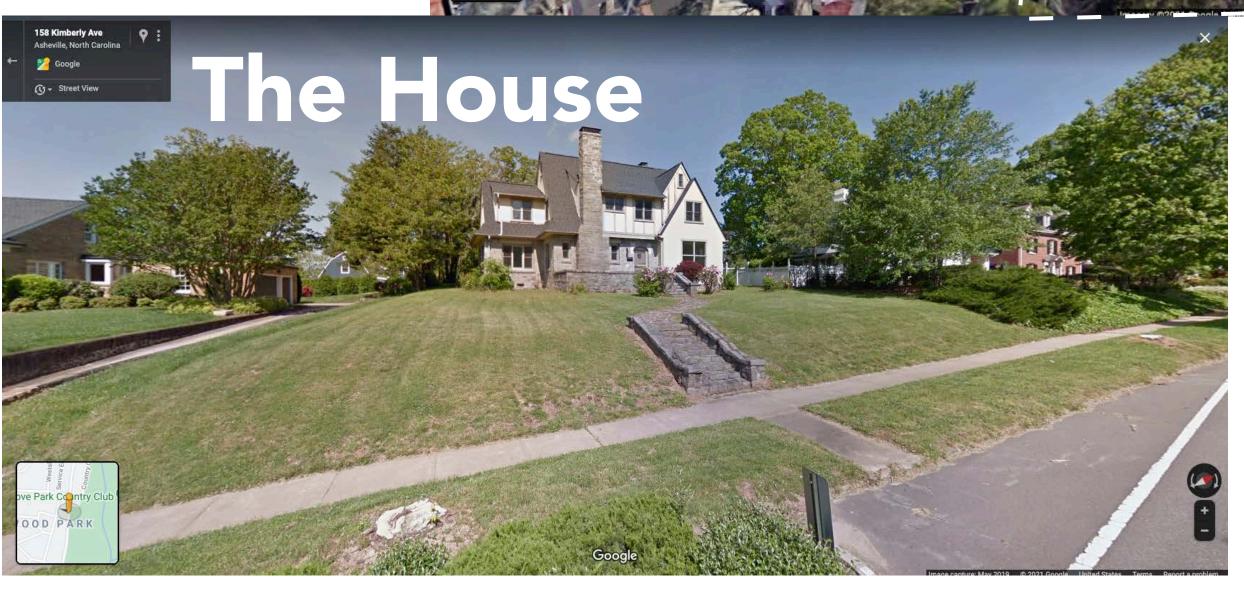








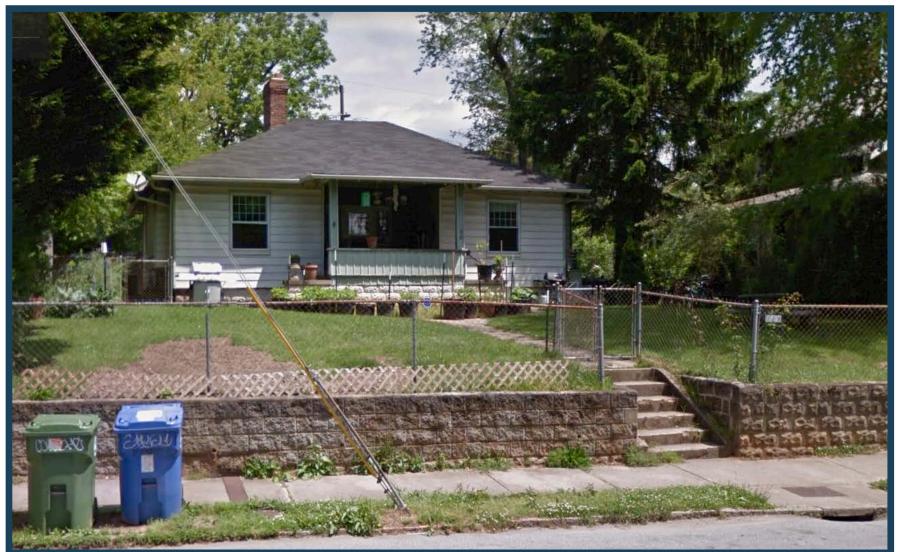












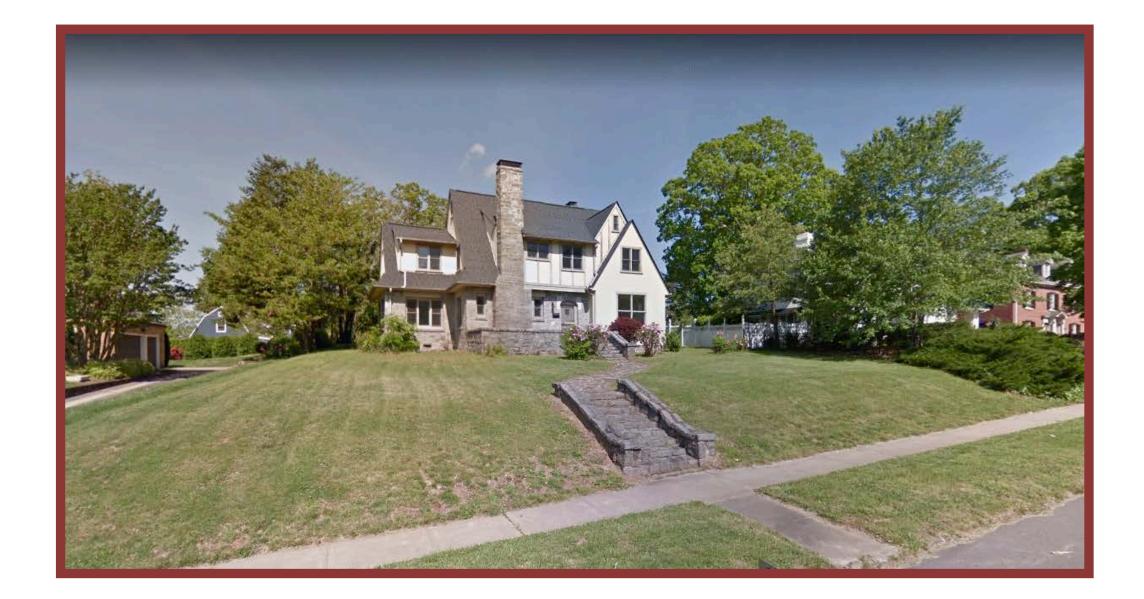
Land Value (per acre)

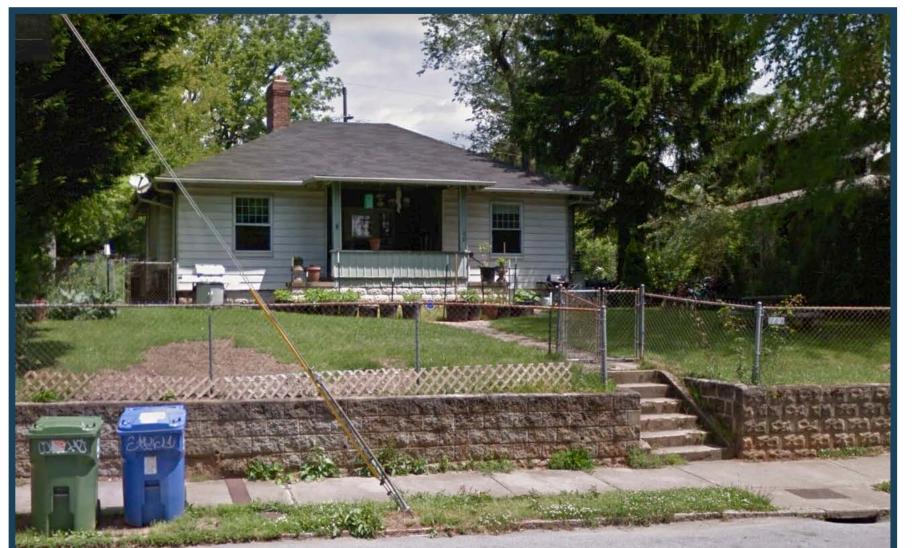
Building Value (per sq.ft.)

Value Increase (2017 to 2021)



County Taxes (per acre)





\$447k

\$497k

Land Value (per acre)

\$107

\$127

Building Value (per sq.ft.)

106%

119%

Value Increase (2017 to 2021)

\$9,031

\$10,255

URBAN3

County Taxes (per acre)

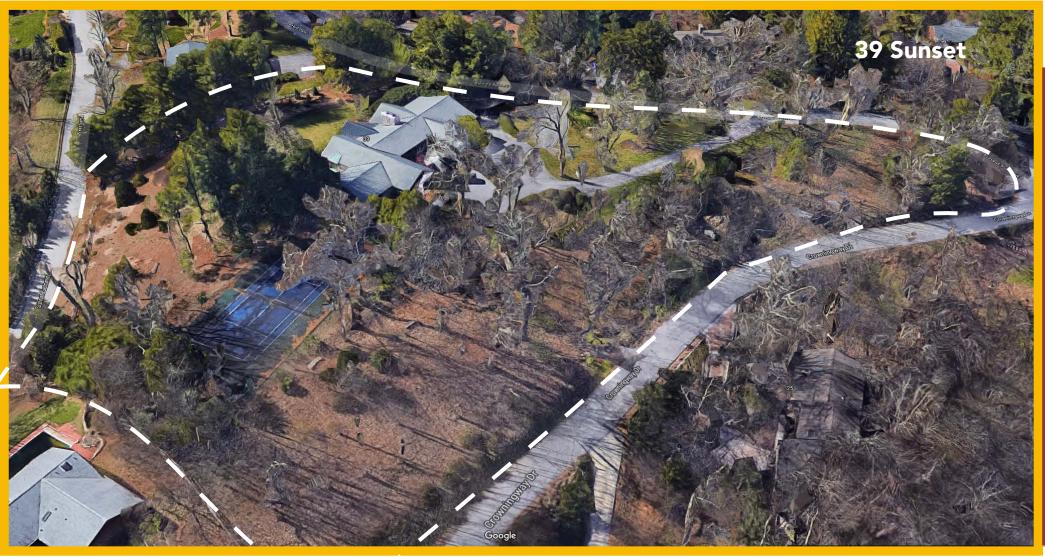




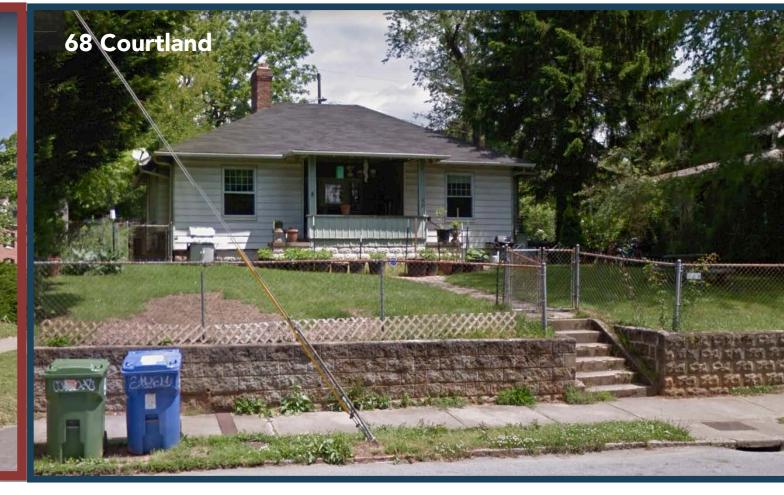


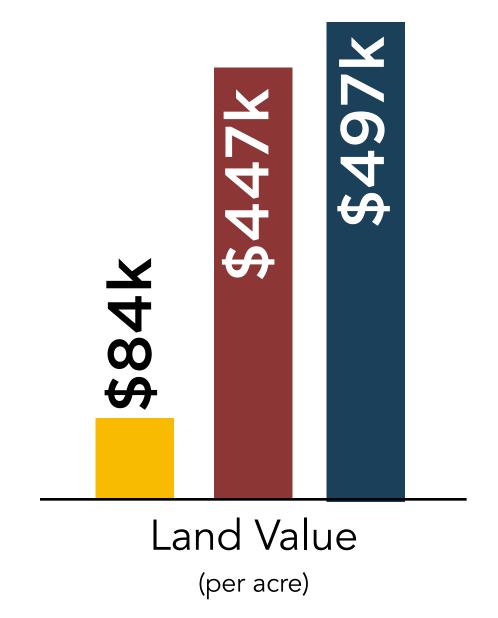
Houses

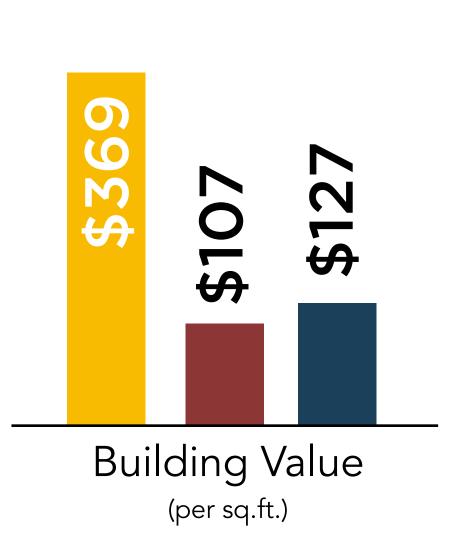


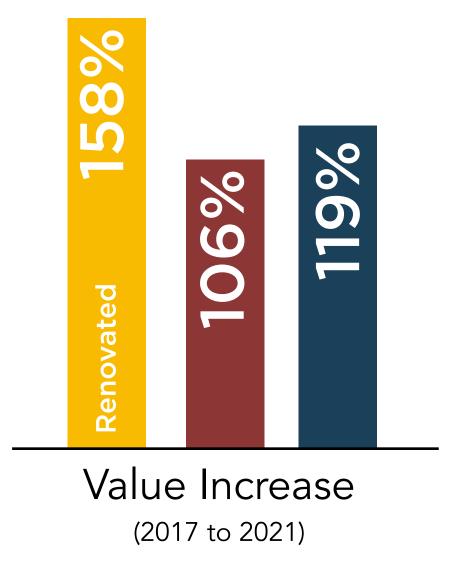


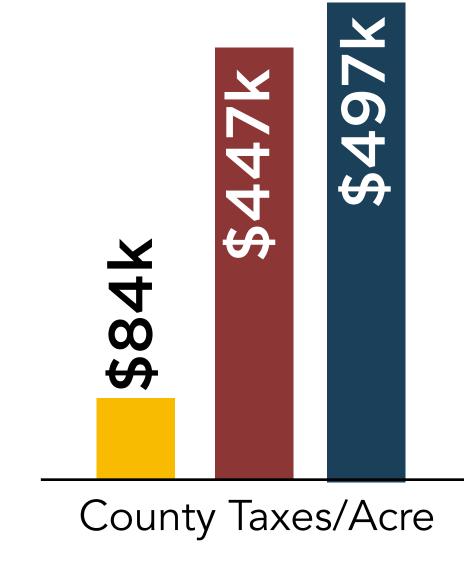










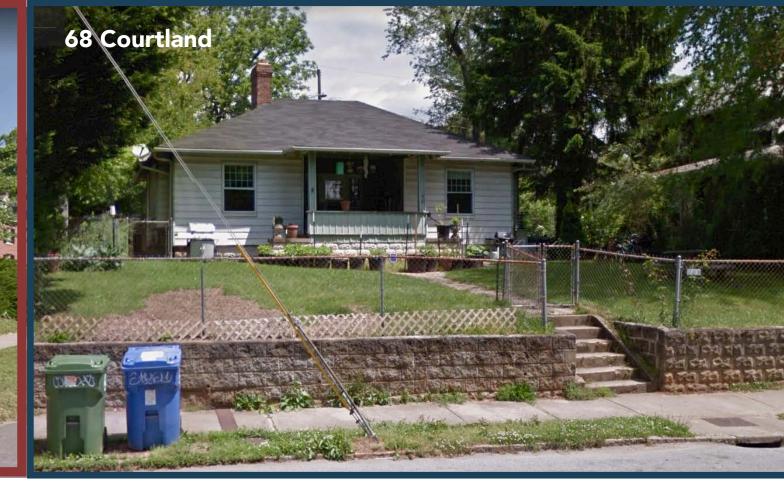


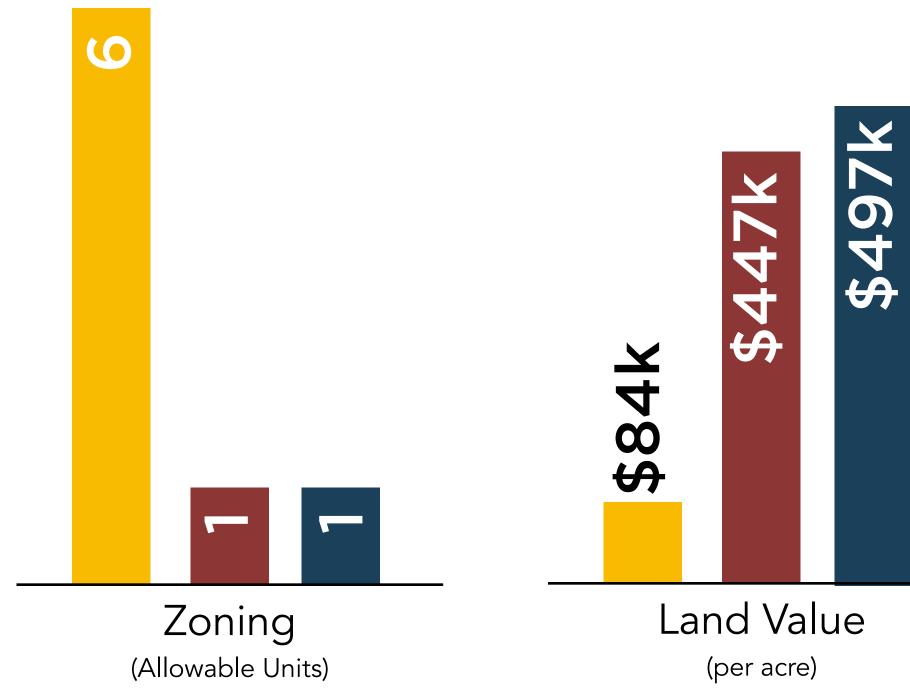
Houses

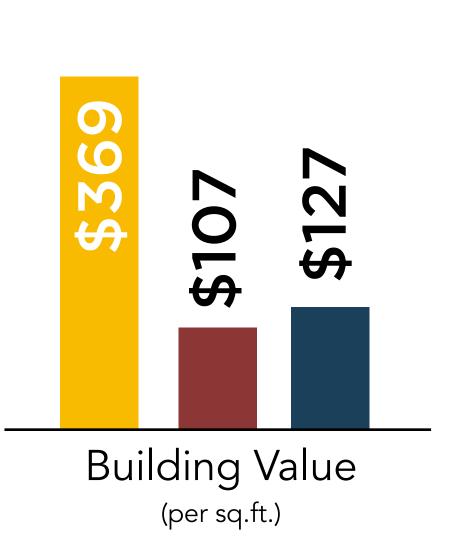


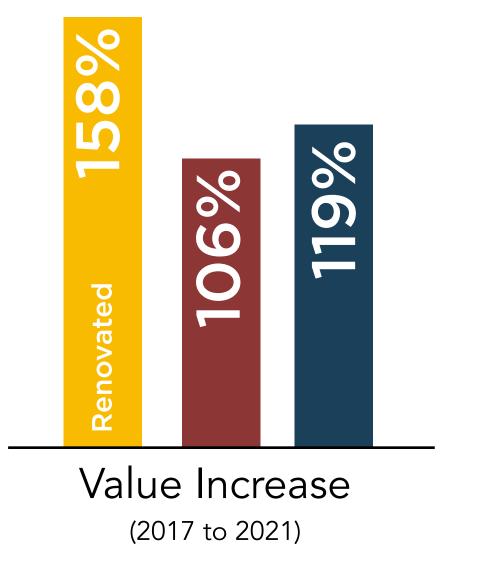


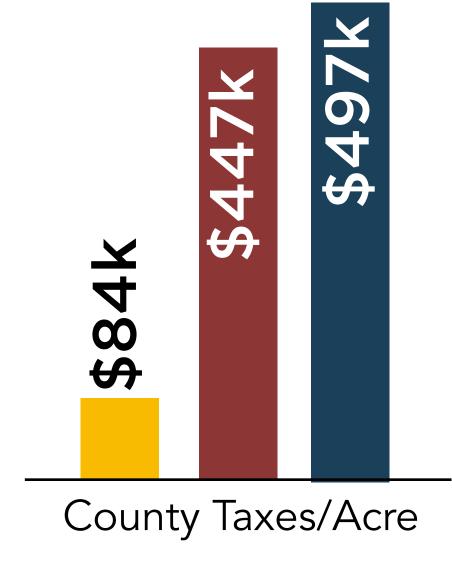












Psychology:

Bias:

bi·as /' bīəs/ noun. Prejudice in favor or against one thing, person, or group compared with another, usually in a way considered to be unfair.



	·	·	·	·	·	·	·	·
Value/Acre	\$1.6M	\$1.2M	\$904k	\$1.2M	\$1.6M	\$1.7M	\$1.6M	\$2.1M
Land Value/Acre	\$408k	\$439k	\$84k	\$290k	\$439k	\$453k	\$420k	\$484k
County Taxes/Acre	\$8,307	\$6,347	\$4,785	\$6,322	\$8,696	\$8,957	\$8,348	\$11,125



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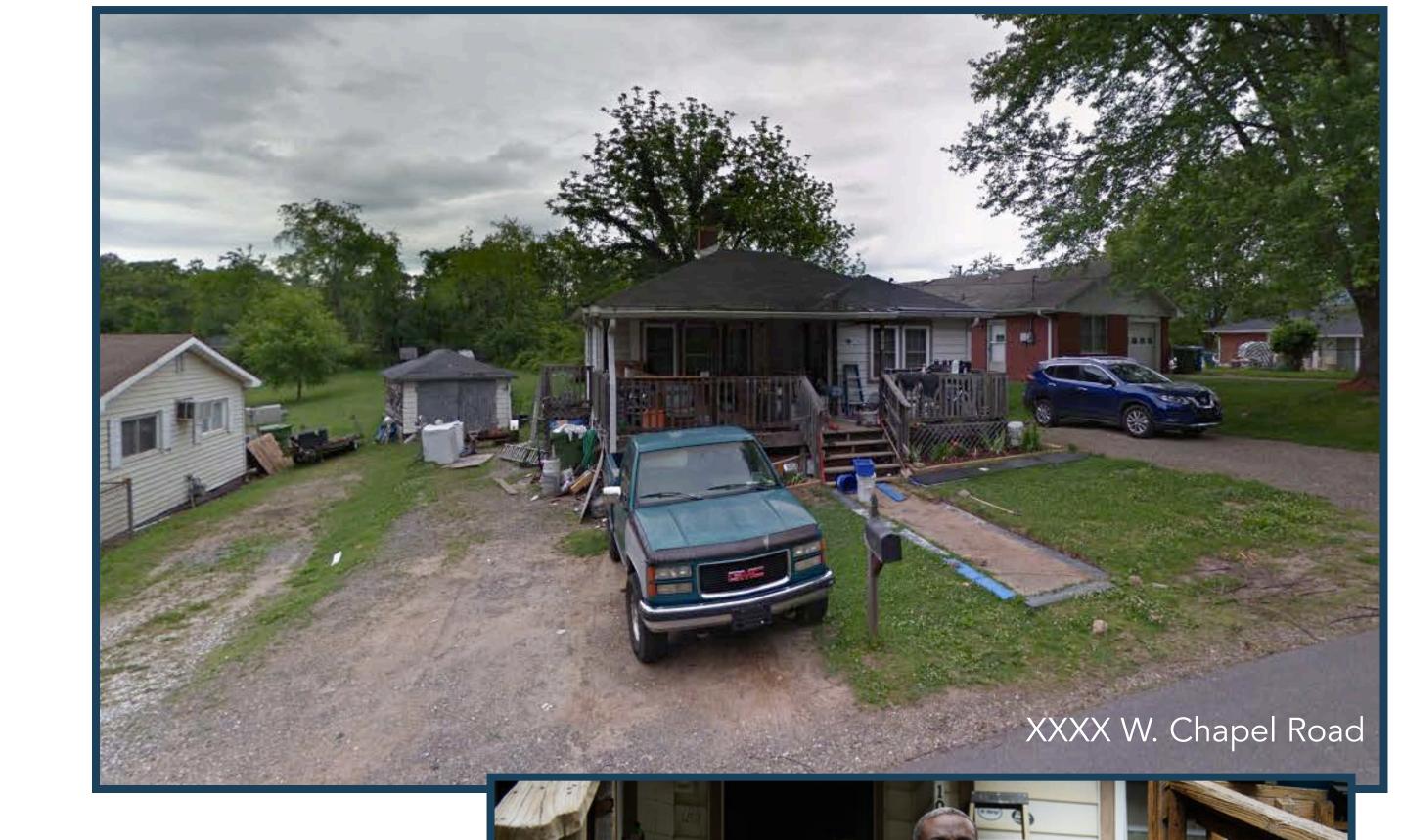
3uilding



Buncombe Reassessment 2021:

Biltmore Forest Anomalies in Biltmore Forest





Reggie Harrell



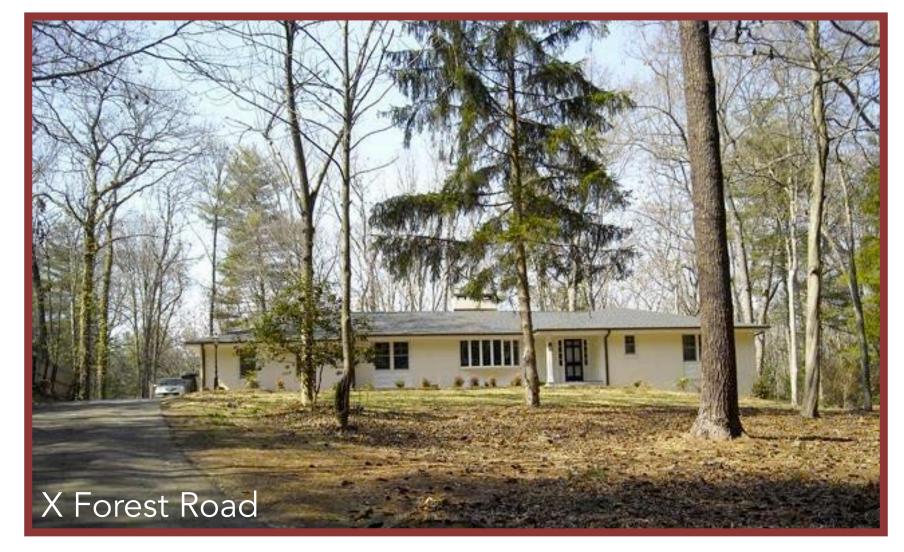






Sidney Powell Reggie Harrell





Sidney Powell

Reggie Harrell



Land Value (per acre)

Building Value (per sq.ft.)

County Taxes (per acre)



Value Increase (2017 to 2021)



\$3,781 county taxes/acre

964762849400000 9 FOREST RD

GOSKOWICZ RANDALL, GOSKOWICZ MAKI 5024 CHELTERHAM TER, SAN DIEGO, CA, 92130 Total Appraised Value \$1,022,200

Search Bills - Parcel Id: 964762849400000

Bill	Owner Names	PIN/VIN	Value	Due
0000670825-2021-2021-0000- 00	FAWKES PARTNERS LP	9647-62-8494-00000 9 FOREST RD LAND & STRUCTURES	1,022,200	\$0.00
0000670825-2020-2020-0000- 00	FAWKES PARTNERS LP	9647-62-8494-00000 9 FOREST RD LAND & STRUCTURES	812,700	\$0.00
0000670825-2019-2019-0000- 00	FAWKES PARTNERS LP	9647-62-8494-00000 9 FOREST RD LAND & STRUCTURES	812,700	\$0.00
0000670825-2018-2018-0000- 00	FAWKES PARTNERS LP	9647-62-8494-00000 9 FOREST RD LAND & STRUCTURES	812,700	\$0.00
0000670825-2017-2017-0000- 00	FAWKES PARTNERS LP	9647-62-8494-00000 9 FOREST RD LAND & STRUCTURES	812,700	\$0.00
0000670825-2016-2016-0000- 00	FAWKES PARTNERS LP	9647-62-8494-00000 9 FOREST RD LAND & STRUCTURES	638,400	\$0.00
0000670825-2015-2015-0000- 00	FAWKES PARTNERS LP	9647-62-8494-00000 9 FOREST RD LAND & STRUCTURES	638,400	\$0.00
0000670825-2014-2014-0000- 00	FAWKES PARTNERS LP	9647-62-8494-00000 9 FOREST RD LAND & STRUCTURES	638,400	\$0.00
0000284469-2013-2013-0000- 00	FAWKES PARTNERS LP	9647-62-8494-00000 9 FOREST RD Land & Structures	638,400	\$0.00
0000549457-2012-2012-0000- 00	POWELL SIDNEY	9647-62-8494-00000 9 FOREST RD Land & Structures	843,200	\$0.00
0000338032-2011-2011-0000- 00	POWELL SIDNEY	9647-62-8494-00000 9 FOREST RD Land & Structures	843,200	\$0.00

Growth by 1.2X



URBAN3

\$27,614 county taxes/acre

964932373900000 **7 MAXWELL ST**

JOHNSON BARBARA
7 MAXWELL ST, ASHEVILLE, NC, 28801

Total Appraised Value \$261,000

Search Bills - Parcel Id: 964932373900000

Displaying 01 to 11 of 11 records PIN/VIN Value Due **Owner Names** 0000757663-2021-2021-0000-**JOHNSON BARBARA** 9649-32-3739-00000 130,500 \$0.00 7 MAXWELL ST LAND & STRUCTURES JOHNSON BARBARA 0000757663-2020-2020-0000-9649-32-3739-00000 94,500 \$0.00 YOUNG 7 MAXWELL ST LAND & STRUCTURES 0000757663-2019-2019-0000-JOHNSON BARBARA 9649-32-3739-00000 94,500 \$0.00 7 MAXWELL ST LAND & STRUCTURES 0000757663-2018-2018-0000-JOHNSON BARBARA 9649-32-3739-00000 94,500 \$0.00 7 MAXWELL ST LAND & STRUCTURES 0000757663-2017-2017-0000-**JOHNSON BARBARA** 9649-32-3739-00000 94,500 \$0.00 7 MAXWELL ST LAND & STRUCTURES YOUNG 0000757663-2016-2016-0000-JOHNSON BARBARA 9649-32-3739-00000 71,350 \$0.00 7 MAXWELL ST LAND & STRUCTURES YOUNG 0000757663-2015-2015-0000-JOHNSON BARBARA 9649-32-3739-00000 71,350 \$0.00 7 MAXWELL ST LAND & STRUCTURES YOUNG **JOHNSON BARBARA** 0000757663-2014-2014-0000-9649-32-3739-00000 71,350 \$0.00 7 MAXWELL ST LAND & STRUCTURES YOUNG 0000438290-2013-2013-0000-JOHNSON BARBARA 9649-32-3739-00000 71,350 \$0.00 YOUNG 7 MAXWELL ST Land & Structures 0000507141-2012-2012-0000-**JOHNSON BARBARA** 9649-32-3739-00000 51,700 \$0.00 YOUNG 7 MAXWELL ST Land & Structures 0000517508-2011-2011-0000-9649-32-3739-00000 **JOHNSON BARBARA** 51,700 \$0.00 YOUNG 7 MAXWELL ST Land & Structures 00

Growth by 5.1X

Your charge:

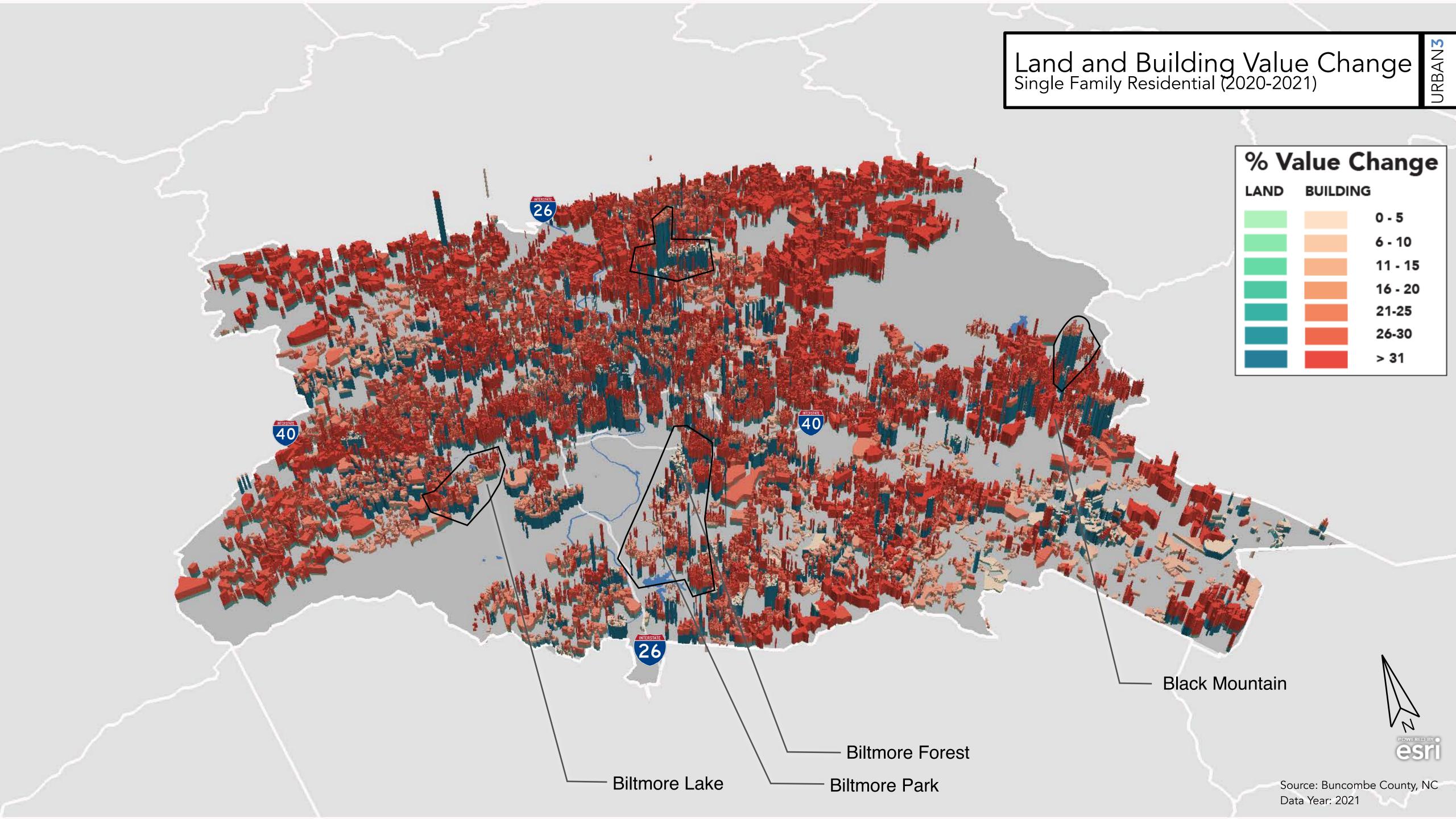
- 1. To Identify Citizen Concerns
- 2. Provide Guidance on Future Assessments
- 3. Provide Input Into Equity Concerns

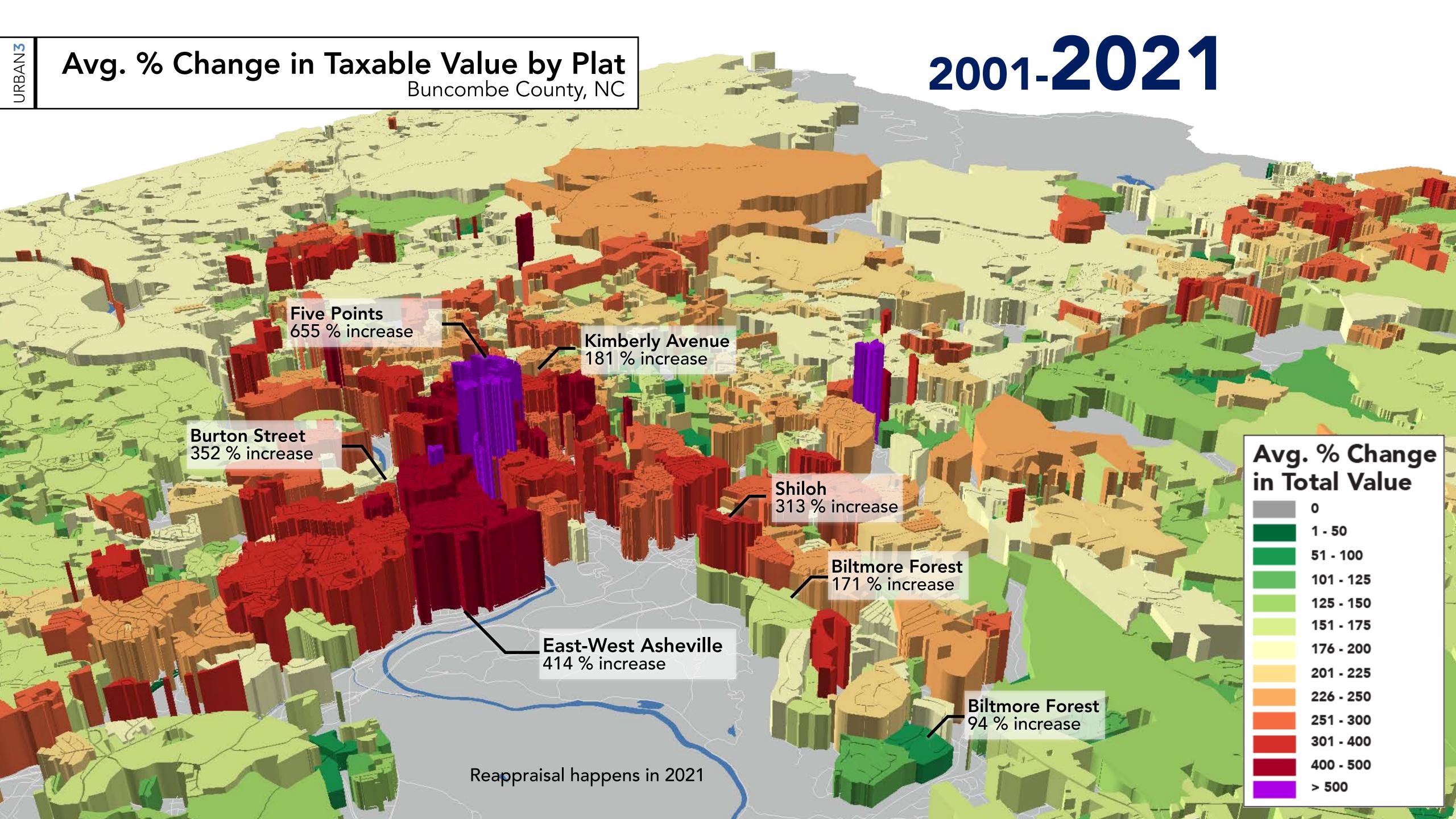


Findings:

Mapping value changes.



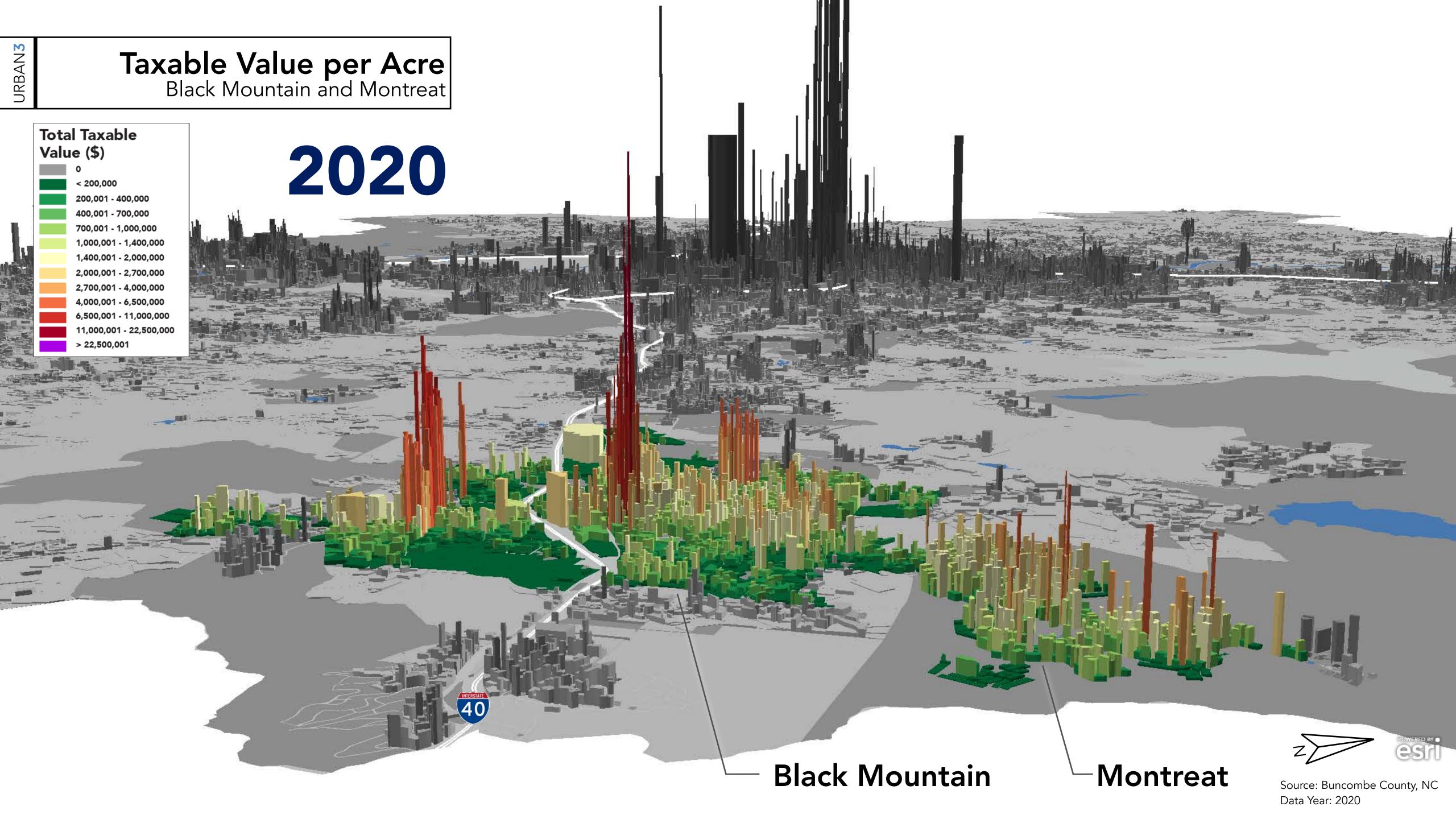




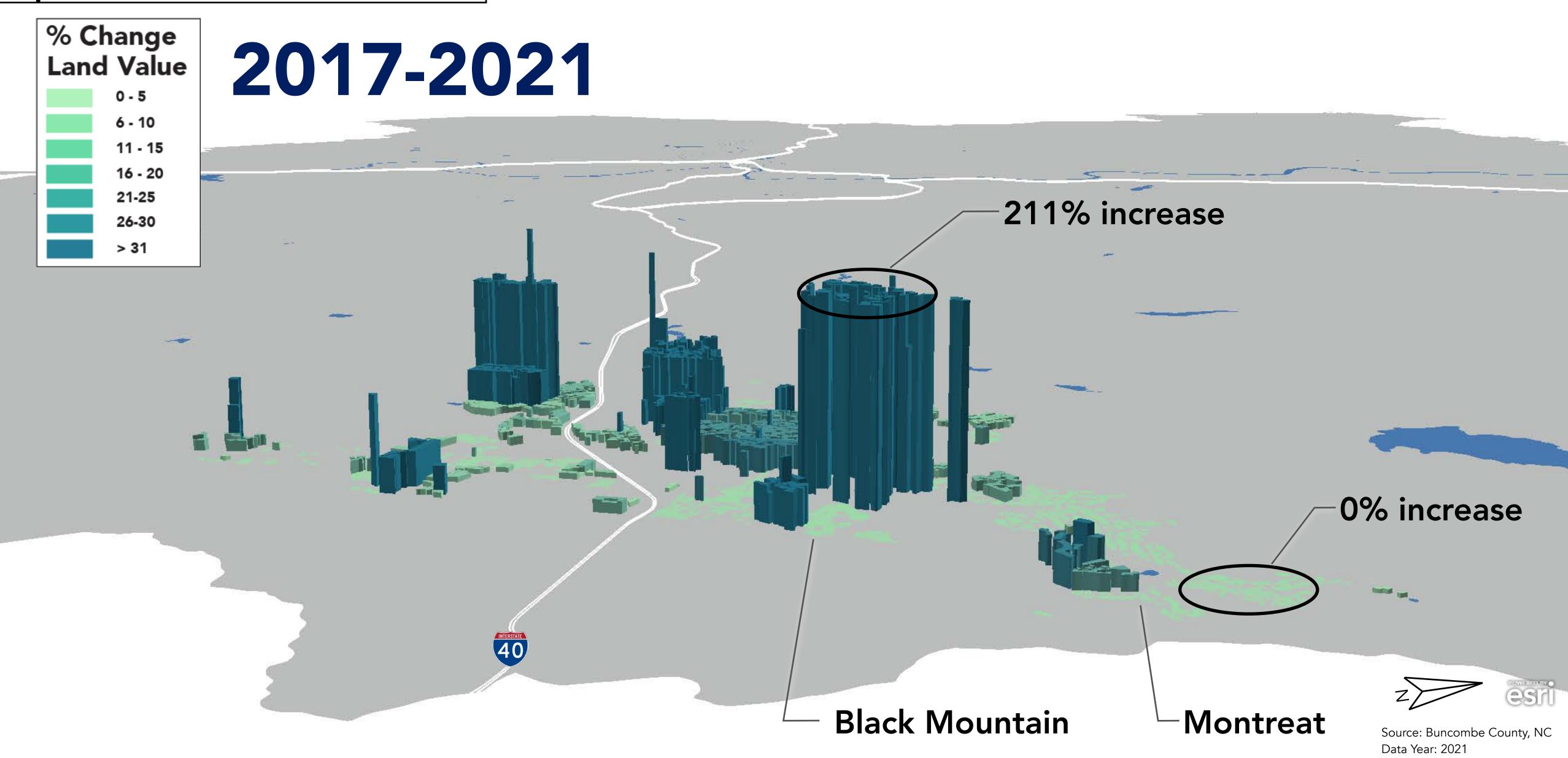
Buncombe Reassessment 2021:

Subarea Analysis Black Mountain and Montreat Valuation





% Change in Land Value Black Mountain and Montreat

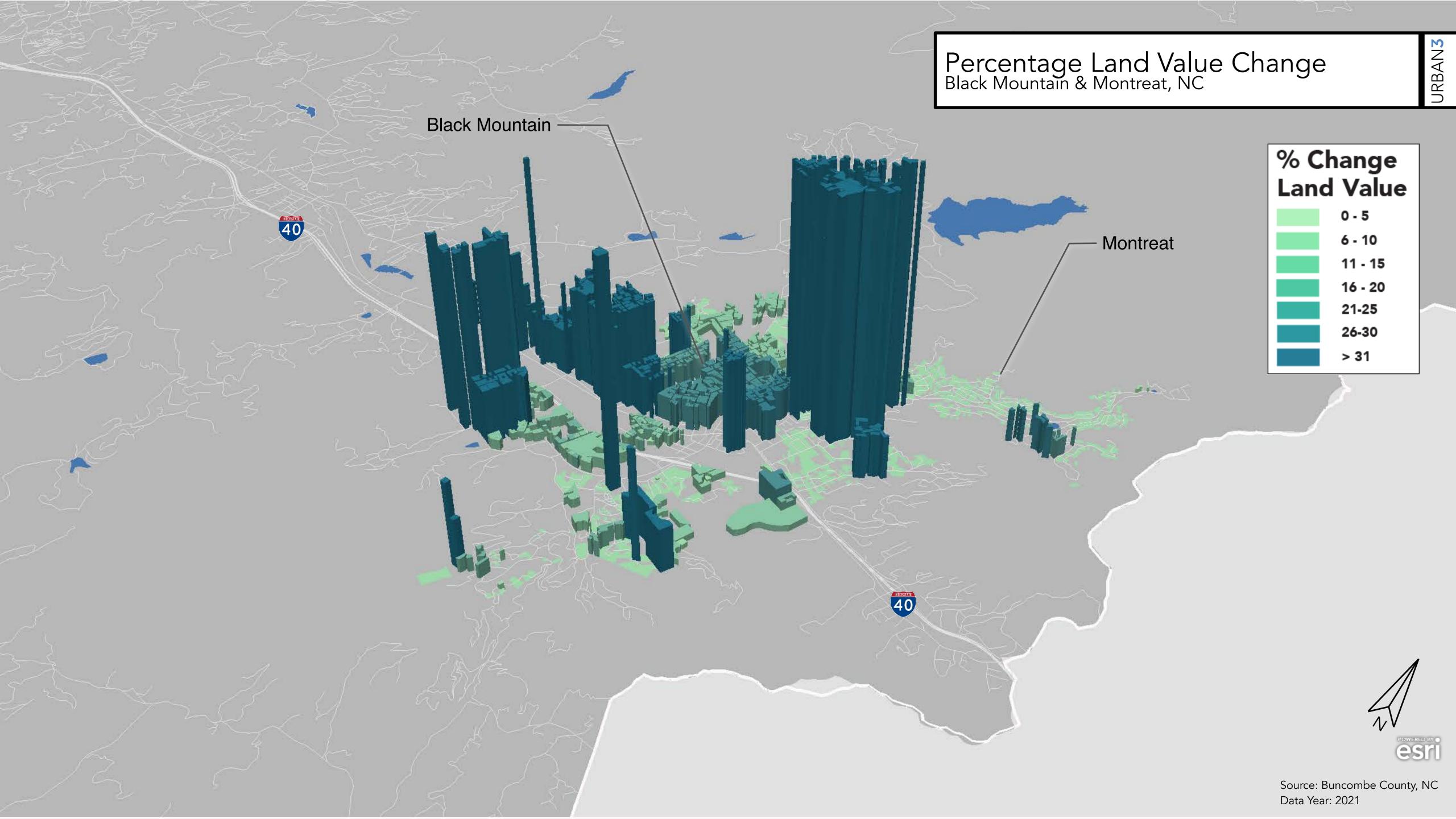


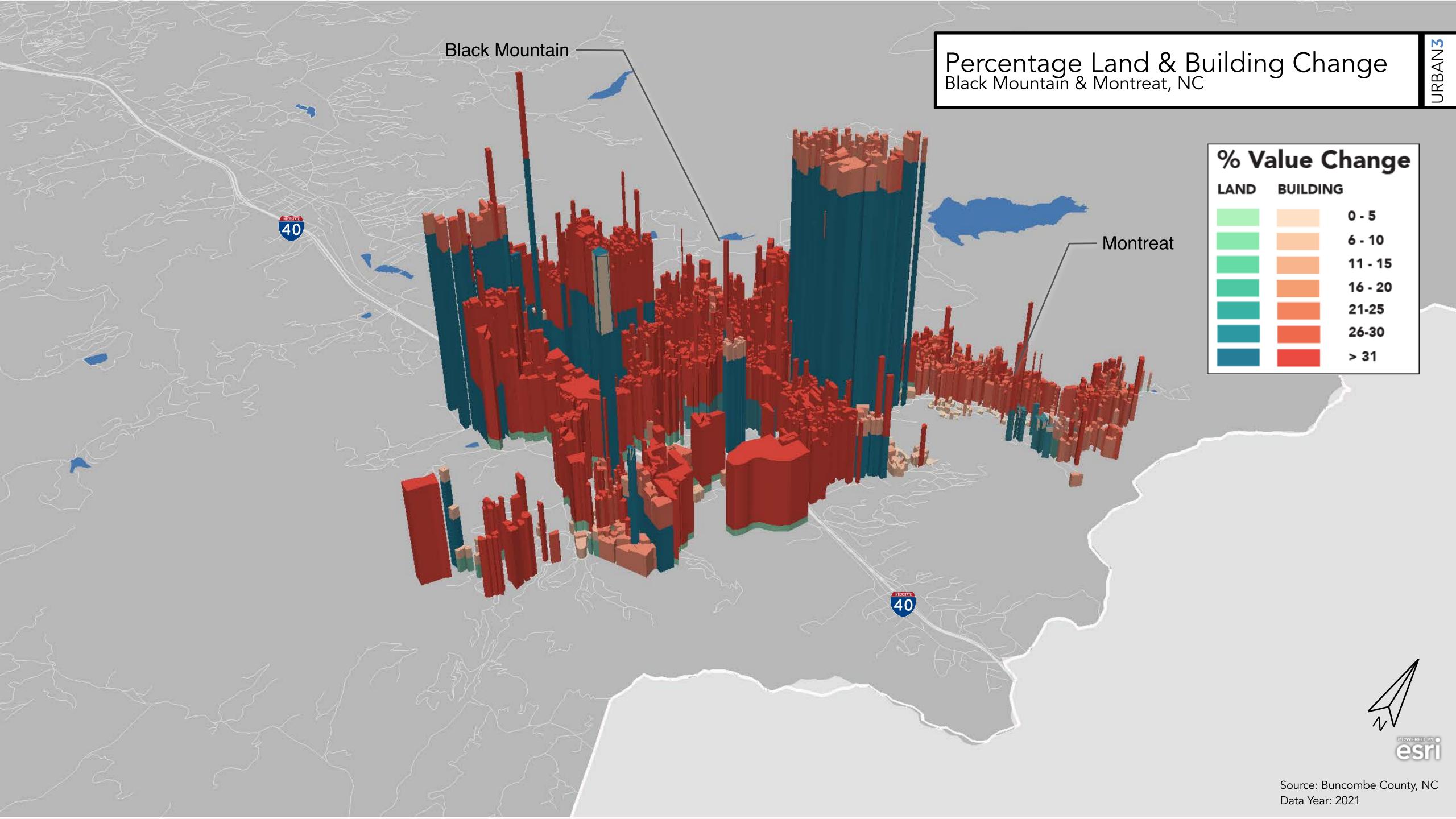
% Change in Land Value Montreat



% Change in Land Value Black Mountain







Buncombe Reassessment 2021:

Valuation Inequity Housing Stock and Assessment Breakdown



Buncombe Reassessment 2021:

New York Times Editorial

National news on the issue of inequitable assessment.

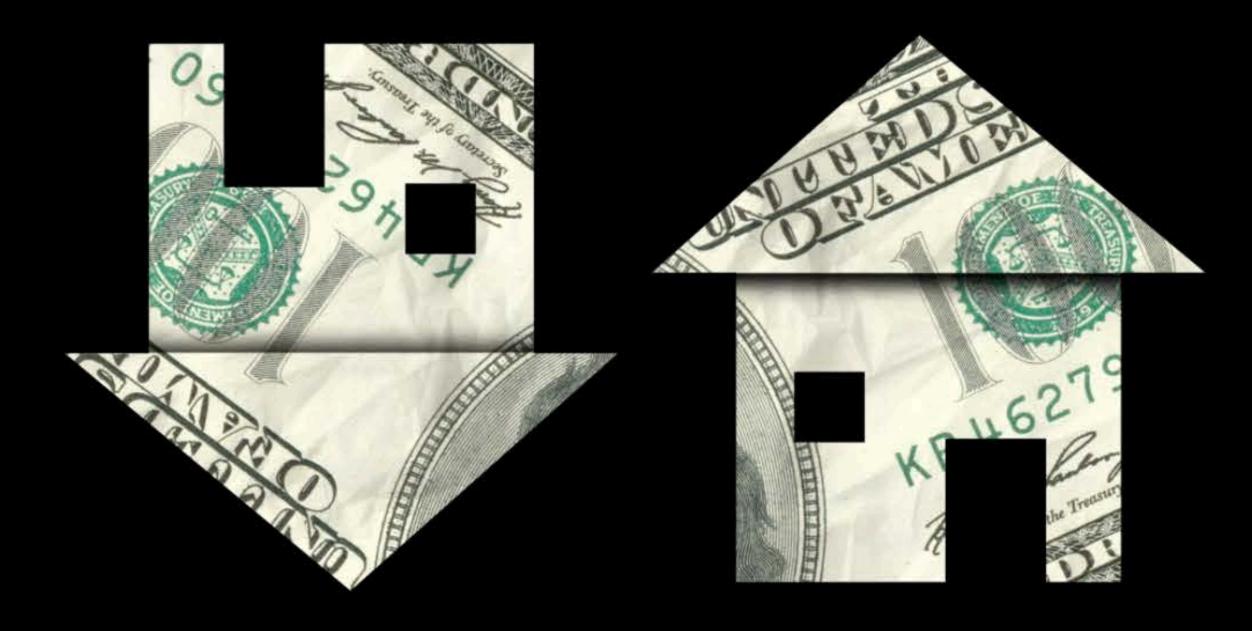


Opinion

How Lower-Income Americans Get Cheated on Property Taxes

Many homeowners are paying a total of billions of dollars extra because of inequities in assessing property values.

April 3, 2021











By The Editorial Board

The editorial board is a group of opinion journalists whose views are informed by expertise, research, debate and certain longstanding values. It is separate from the

April 3, 2021

Americans expect to pay property taxes at the same rates as their neighbors. But across most of the United States, flat-rate property taxation is a sham.

Local governments are failing at the basic task of accurately assessing property values, and there is a clear and striking pattern: More expensive properties are undervalued, while less expensive properties are overvalued. The result is that wealthy homeowners get a big tax break, while less affluent homeowners are paying a higher price for the same public services.

Homeowners have long complained about inequitable assessments, and past studies have documented problems in particular cities. A new nationwide analysis led by Christopher Berry of the University of Chicago reveals that the inequities in tax assessments are both very large and very common.

For example, in Cook County, Ill., which includes Chicago, 1,015 homes were sold for exactly \$100,000 from 2007 to 2016. Their average assessed value before the sale was \$151,585. During the same decade, 149 homes sold for exactly \$1 million. Their average presale assessed value: \$647,030.

These distortions in assessed values carry through directly to tax bills. Nationwide, from 2007 to 2016, homes in the bottom 10 percent of property values in a given county were taxed, on average, at an effective rate that was twice as high as the rate for homes in the top 10 percent of property values.

The maladministration of property taxation means the wrong people are picking up the tab for public services. In a separate study, focused on Cook County, Mr. Berry calculated that from 2011 to 2015, inequities in property assessment resulted in the improper billing of \$2.2 billion in taxes. While a comparable national figure is hard to calculate, the scale of the issue is indicated by the fact that local governments annually collect almost \$500 billion in residential property taxes.

Inequitable assessment is also an important reason the burden of state and local taxation is regressive, meaning that most state and local governments collect a larger share of the income of lowerincome households than of upper-income households. By failing to properly assess property, government is worsening the large and growing inequalities in the distribution of wealth and income.

The burden falls disproportionately on minorities. Because of the accumulated effects of past racism, minorities tend to live in homes that command lower prices — yet are assessed at inflated values. In another recent national study of assessment data, the economists Carlos Avenancio-León of Indiana University, Bloomington, and Troup Howard of the University of Utah, found that Black and Hispanic homeowners paid 10 percent to 13 percent more in property taxes than the owners of similar homes living under the same tax laws. For the median minority homeowner, the extra tax tab was more than \$300 a year.

Property taxation is appealingly simple in concept: Everyone who owns the same kind of property in the same community pays a fixed share of the value each year to support public schools, public safety, road construction and the other basic functions of local government.

In practice, it's not so easy to figure out what a home might be worth. Taxable value is an approximation of market value — the amount a buyer would pay. But less than 5 percent of homes are sold in any given year, so assessors need to assign values to every house based on the prices of those few that sold. This is particularly difficult at the fringes of the market.

Both cheap and expensive homes are, by definition, unusual. But even similar homes, as in a cookie-cutter subdivision, are not so easy to assess. A new kitchen can push up the value of one home while an old roof can depress the value of another. And sales prices can be distorted by motivated sellers or eager buyers.

Some local governments, like Harris County, Texas; Maricopa County, Ariz.; and Wake County, N.C., regularly overcome these obstacles, showing equity is achievable.

But they are exceptions. Mr. Berry examined counties in each year from 2007 to 2016 in every state except California, which has a unique property tax system. In the average year, 90 percent of those counties failed to meet a basic industry standard for accuracy and equity.

Many states require assessors to assess the accuracy of their own results. The problem is what happens next — or, rather, what does not happen next.

In New York, where assessments are mostly performed by cities and towns, the state's most recent review in 2019 concluded that 55 percent of jurisdictions did not meet the industry standard. But the standard is not enforced. Indeed, New York is one of a small handful of states that does not even require regular assessments.

In Syracuse, which last conducted a citywide assessment in 1996, the city ignored the appreciation of many high-dollar homes until the local paper, The Post-Standard, called attention to the problem. The paper highlighted the example of a woman who paid higher annual taxes on a home she bought for \$46,000 than other residents paid for homes purchased at prices that approached \$200,000.

In Delaware, where counties have not revalued properties since the 1980s, a state judge ruled last year that inequities had grown so large as to violate the state Constitution.

Reassessment by itself, however, is insufficient if the methodology is warped. In 2017, Detroit systematically updated the values of properties for the first time in six decades, sharply reducing valuations across the board. But an independent review found that high-value homes got disproportionate reductions, deepening inequities.

One reason for these inequities is that assessors aren't paying enough attention to the cardinal rule of real estate: location, location, location. The data show errors in valuation tend to cluster geographically. Underestimating the significance of location has the effect of discounting the value of properties in more desirable locations and overstating the value of those in less desirable locations.

Some reasons are fairly easy to identify, like the boundaries of school districts. Others, like proximity to a particular house of worship, may be harder to discern. But assessors don't need to figure out these details. Statistical techniques are readily available to account for variations without inquiring into causes.

Daniel McMillen, a professor at the University of Illinois, Chicago, who has reviewed the recent studies, said that the geographical pattern of the errors indicates that many assessors simply aren't trying very hard to deliver accurate numbers. Mr. Berry estimates that statistical best practices could reduce the inequities by roughly one-third.

Assessors face a more difficult task in accounting for differences inside homes. Robert Ross, a data scientist who has led an effort to improve Cook County's assessments, said the county has made significant progress in accounting for location, but still struggles to assess homes in the bottom 30 percent of property values. Using the available data, the county can't reliably distinguish between a home that will sell for \$100,000 and a home that will sell for \$150,000. The relevant differences, like new kitchens and old roofs. are often invisible from the street.

Mortgage lenders, whose profits depend on accurate assessments, rely on appraisals that include internal inspections. But emulating that practice would require the consent of the homeowners, and even then it would be dauntingly expensive and politically unpopular.

Fortunately, there are other ways to make progress. Assessors can incorporate data from building permits and real-estate listings. They can make it easier for property owners to submit relevant information. They can seek patterns in the data.

Homestead exemptions, which shelter a portion of the assessed value of a primary residence from taxation, can help to offset the systemic overvaluation of low-end properties. Many homeowners, particularly in lower-income communities, do not claim those exemptions. Local governments can encourage use of the exemptions, or apply them automatically.

Local governments also need to reconsider the process that allows homeowners to appeal assessments. That system is meant to rectify inequities, but it often widens them.

In Nassau County, N.Y., for example, a Newsday investigation in 2017 found that appeals were routinely successful. Following a reassessment, fully 61 percent of property owners won reductions in assessed value. The problem is that those least likely to appeal were the owners of the low-priced properties most likely to be overvalued on the tax rolls.

In Cook County, the nation's second-largest county by population, Mr. Avenancio-León and Mr. Howard found that minorities were less likely to appeal assessments, that those who appealed were less likely to win and that those who won received smaller assessment reductions.

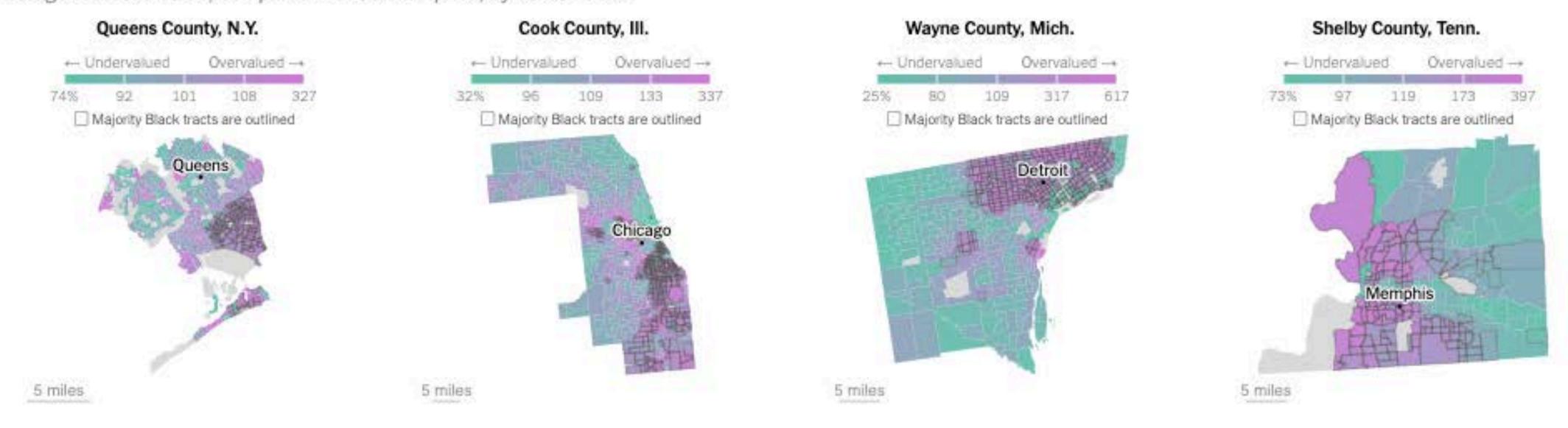
The inequities that researchers have put on public display are galling not just because they have come at the expense of those who can least afford it, but because it's clear that it would be relatively easy for local governments to address these problems.

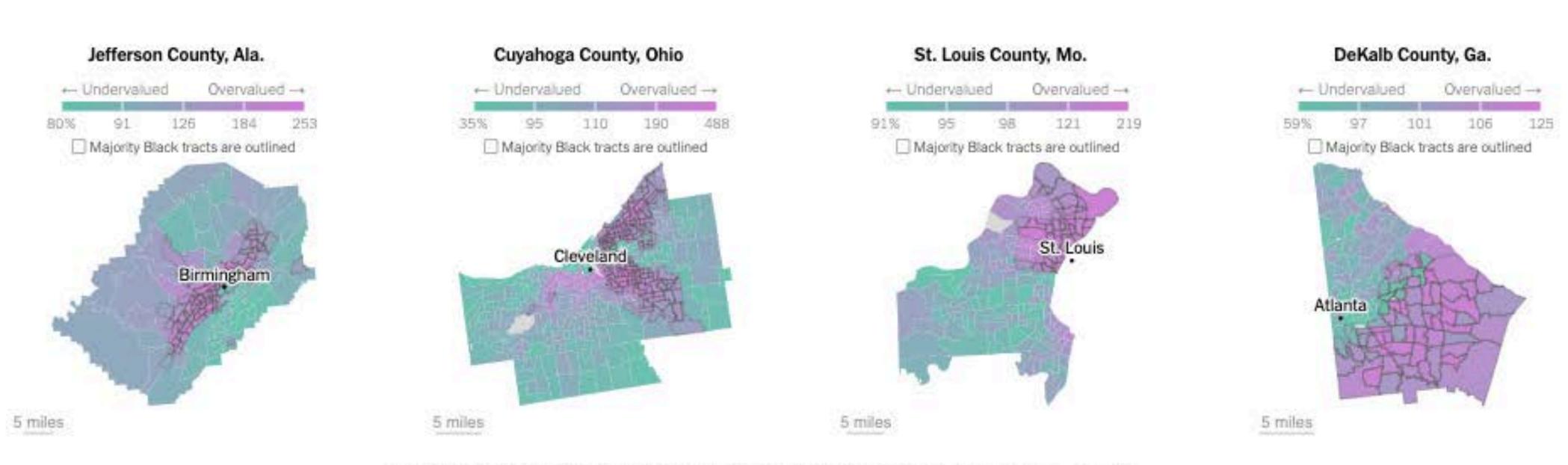
Equitable assessment is possible. Anything less is unacceptable.

120%

In many areas, property in predominantly Black neighborhoods is overvalued for tax purposes.

Average assessed value, compared with the sale price, by census tract





Note: Sale ratios are normalized relative to the county's median ratio in the year of sale. Source: Christopher Berry, University of Chicago

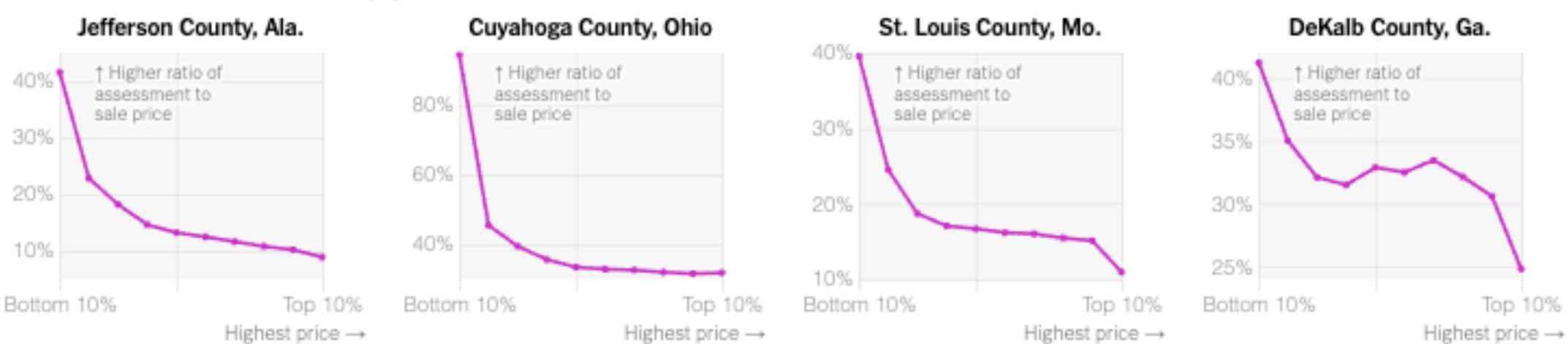
Across the nation, lower-priced homes are assessed at a higher value relative to their actual sale price.

Average assessed value, compared with the sale price

This is true for big cities...



...as well as some of the nation's most populous counties.



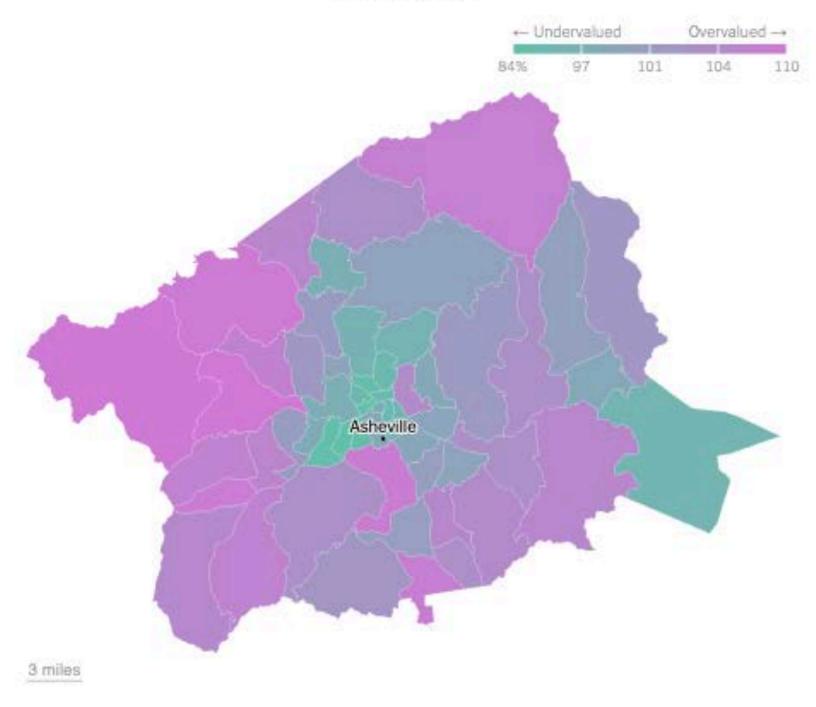
Note: In most U.S. counties, properties are assessed by a single office or under a uniform set of rules.

Source: Christopher Berry, University of Chicago

Buncombe County, N.C.

Average assessed value, compared with the sale price in Buncombe County, N.C., by census tract

On average, in this county the ratio of assessment to sale price for the lowest-priced 10 percent of properties is **1.2** times the ratio for the highestpriced 10 percent.

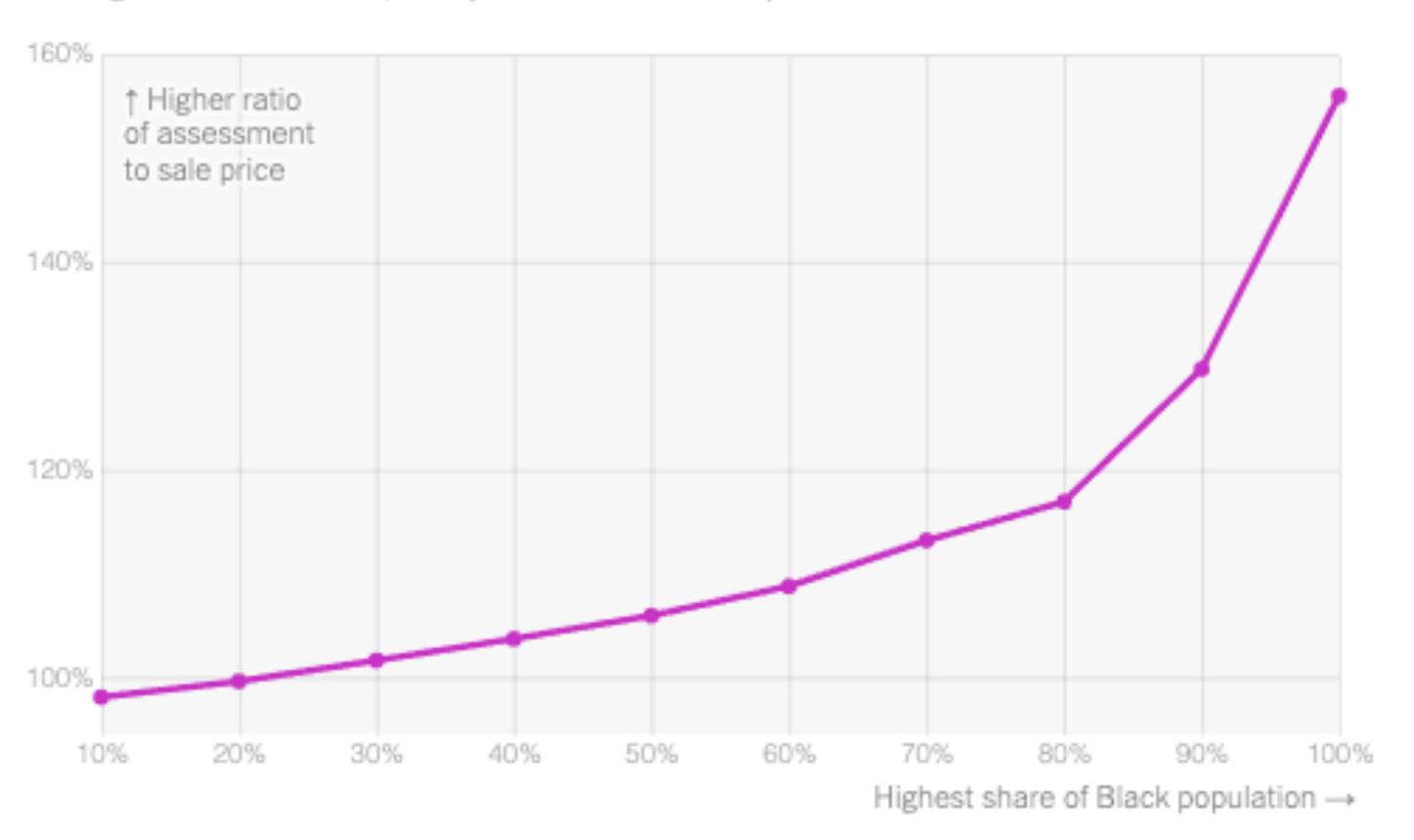


Note: Sale ratios are normalized relative to the county's median ratio in the year of sale. Counties where data is available for only one census tract are excluded from this visualization. In most U.S. counties, properties are assessed by a single office or under a uniform set of rules. However, in some places, notably New York State outside New York City, properties in a single county may be assessed under more than one set of rules, which can produce variations that are not necessarily inequitable. In California, taxable value is based on actual sale prices. The inequities there are products not of inaccurate assessment but of differences in the tenure of ownership.

Source: Christopher Berry, University of Chicago

Property tax disproportionately burdens Black communities.

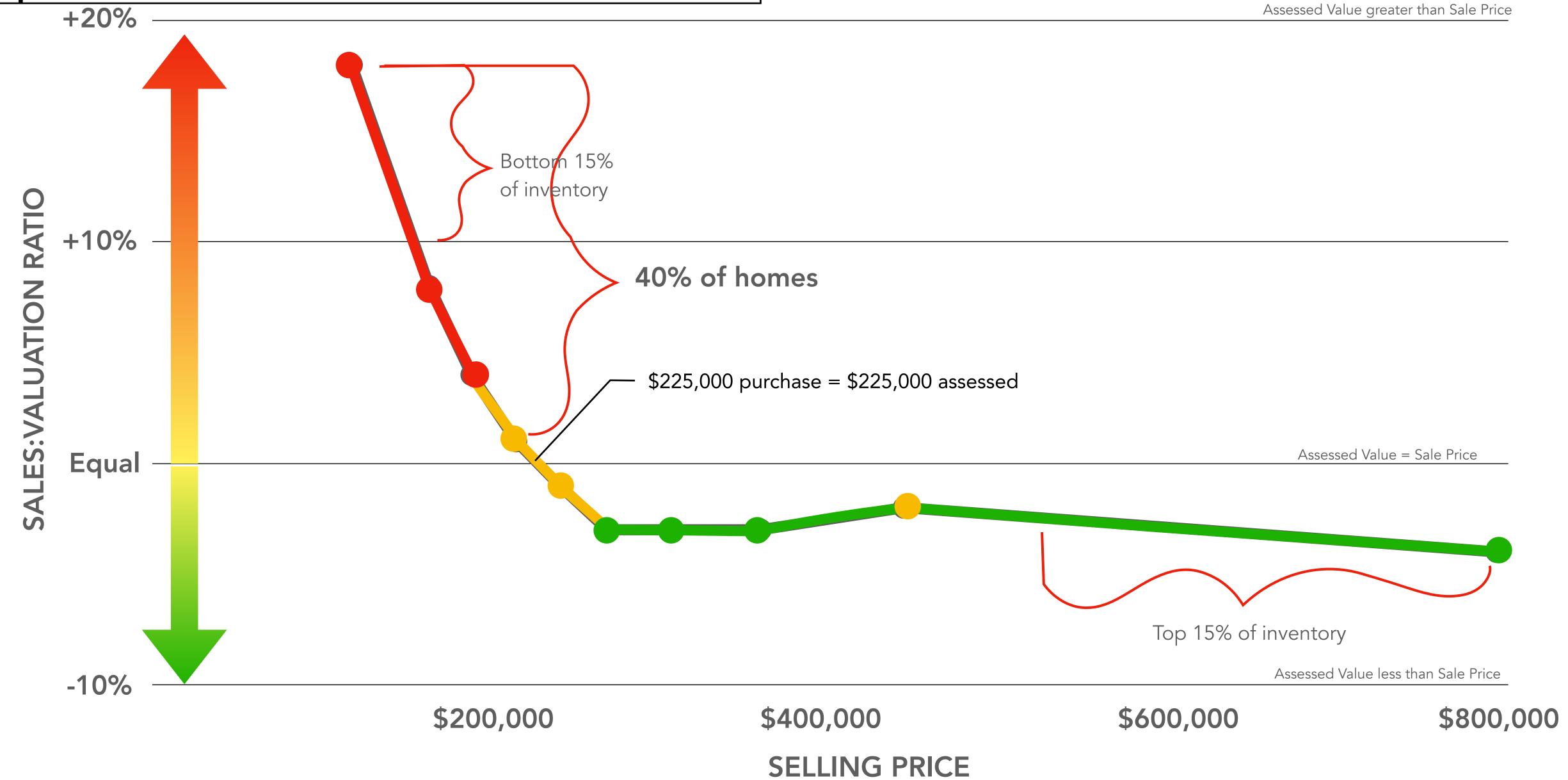
Average assessed value, compared with the sale price

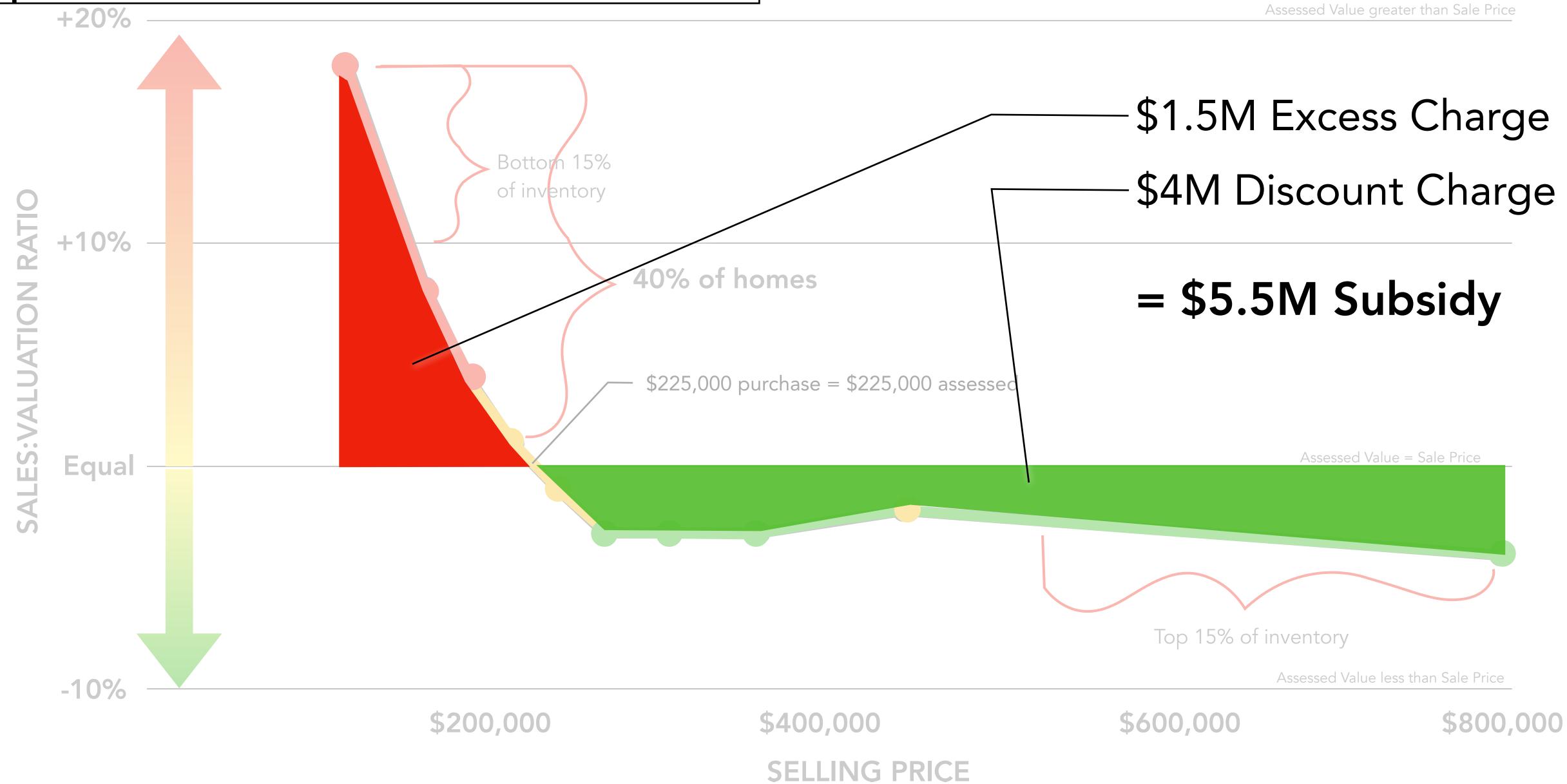


Note: Sale ratios are normalized relative to the county's median ratio in the year of sale.

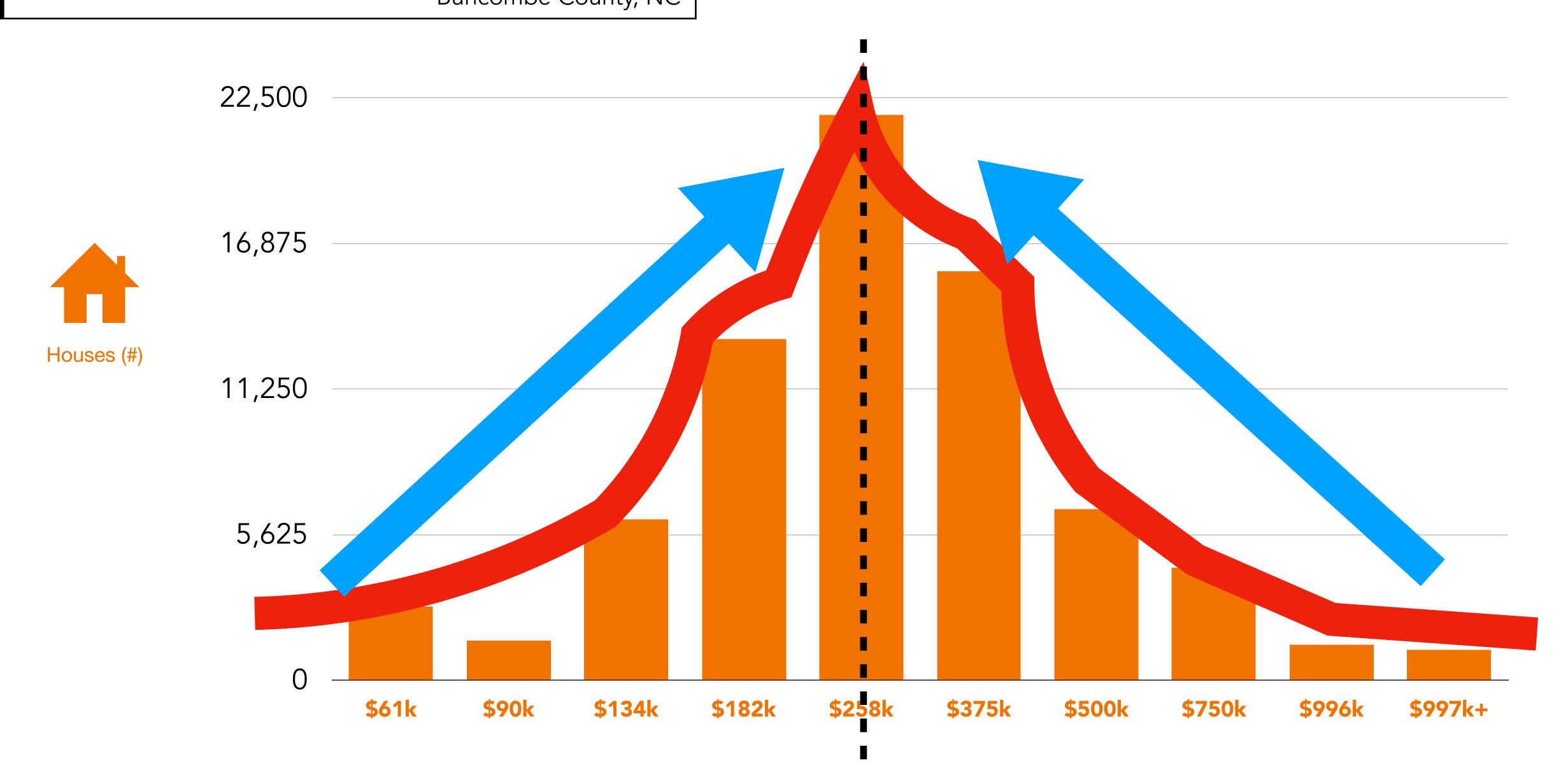
Source: Christopher Berry, University of Chicago

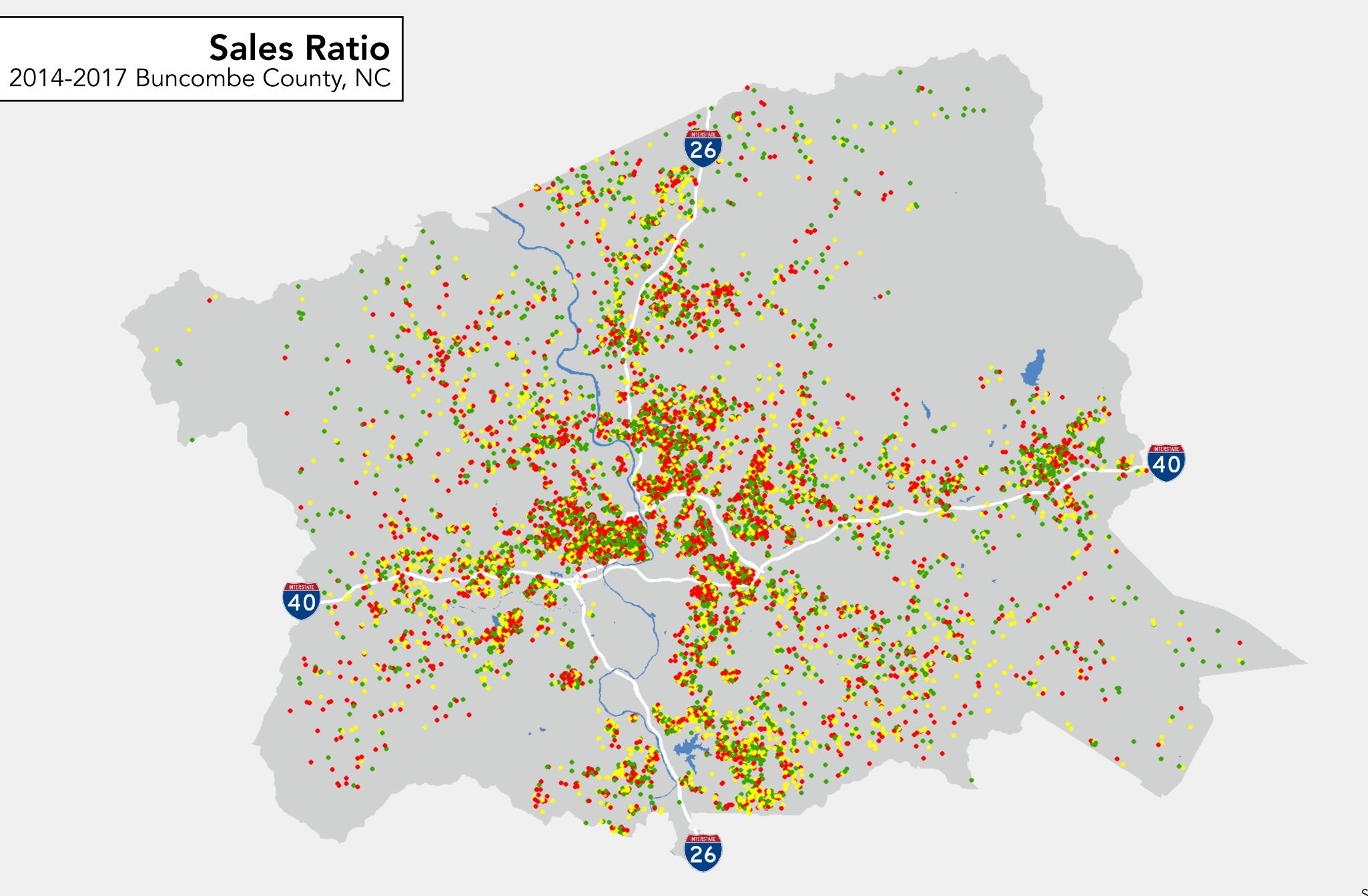


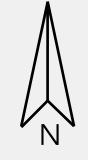




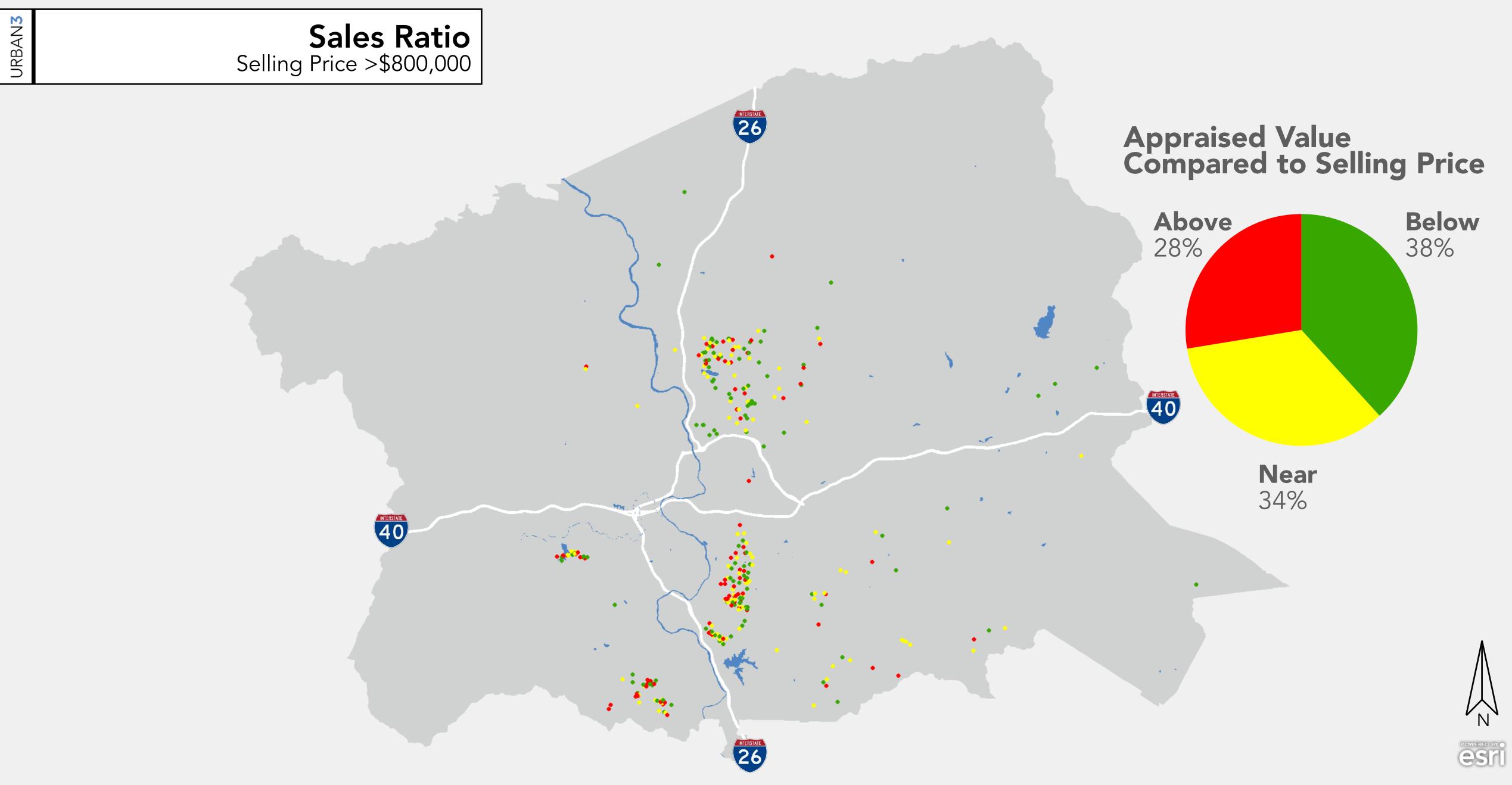
Home Value Distribution Buncombe County, NC

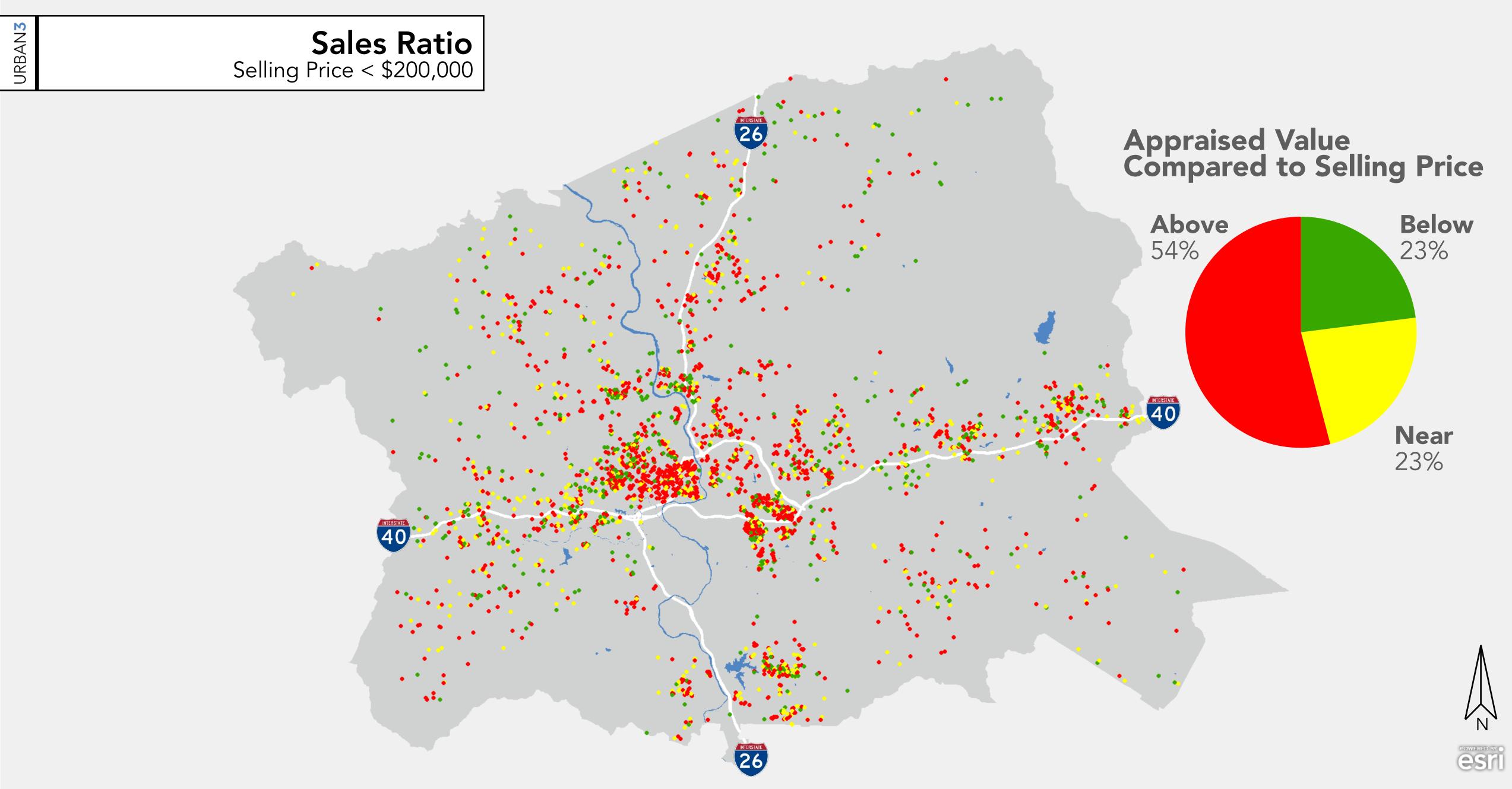












Is the tax system uniformly equitable?



Bungalow



2%

True Value

\$350,000

Assessed Value

\$261,000

Effective Tax Rate

1.5%

Equal?









2%

\$9,915,300

\$3,057,200

0.6%



16k sq.ft. Spanish Mediterranean 1926 Mansion, on 22 acres

That amounts to a **2.5x** discount!

Did the math!

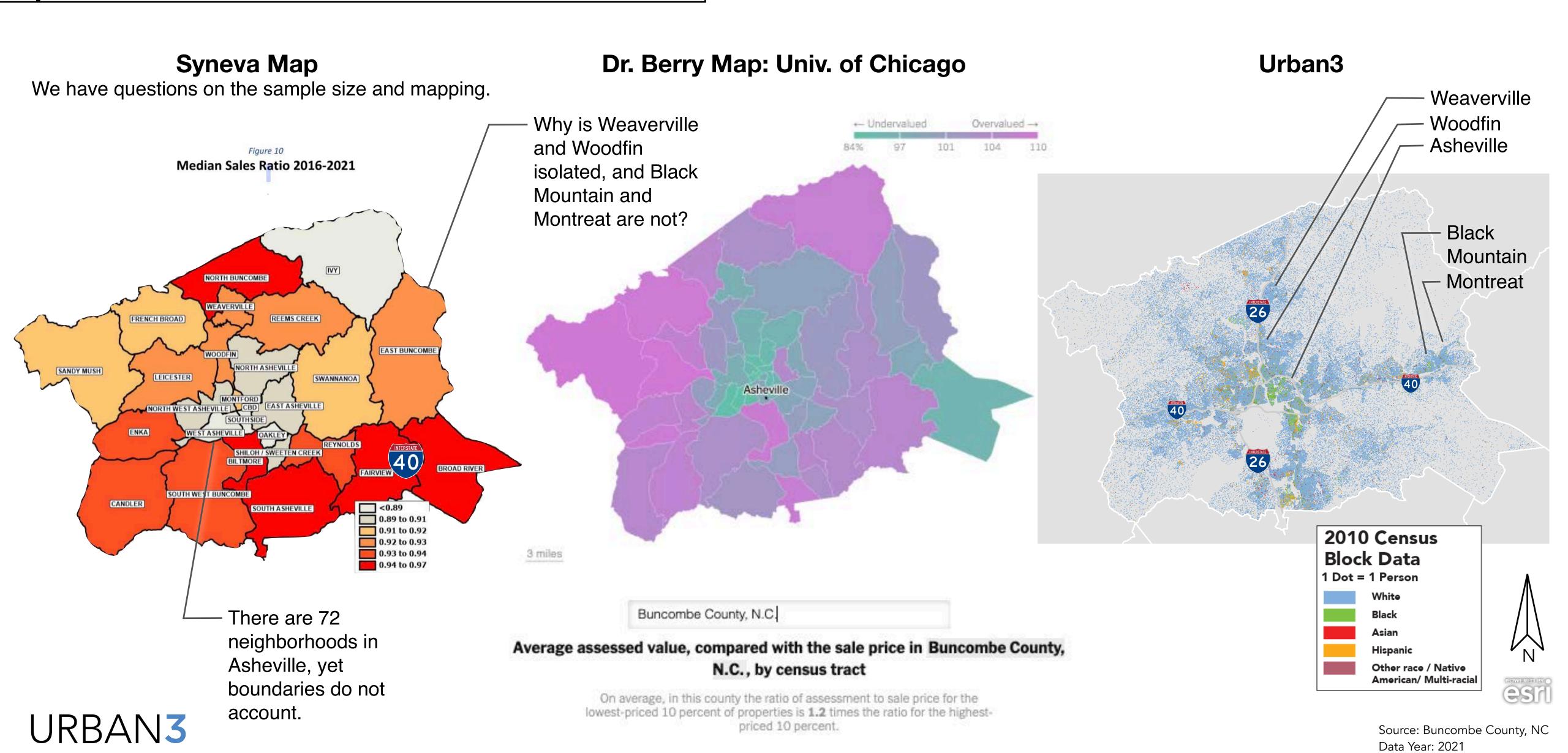


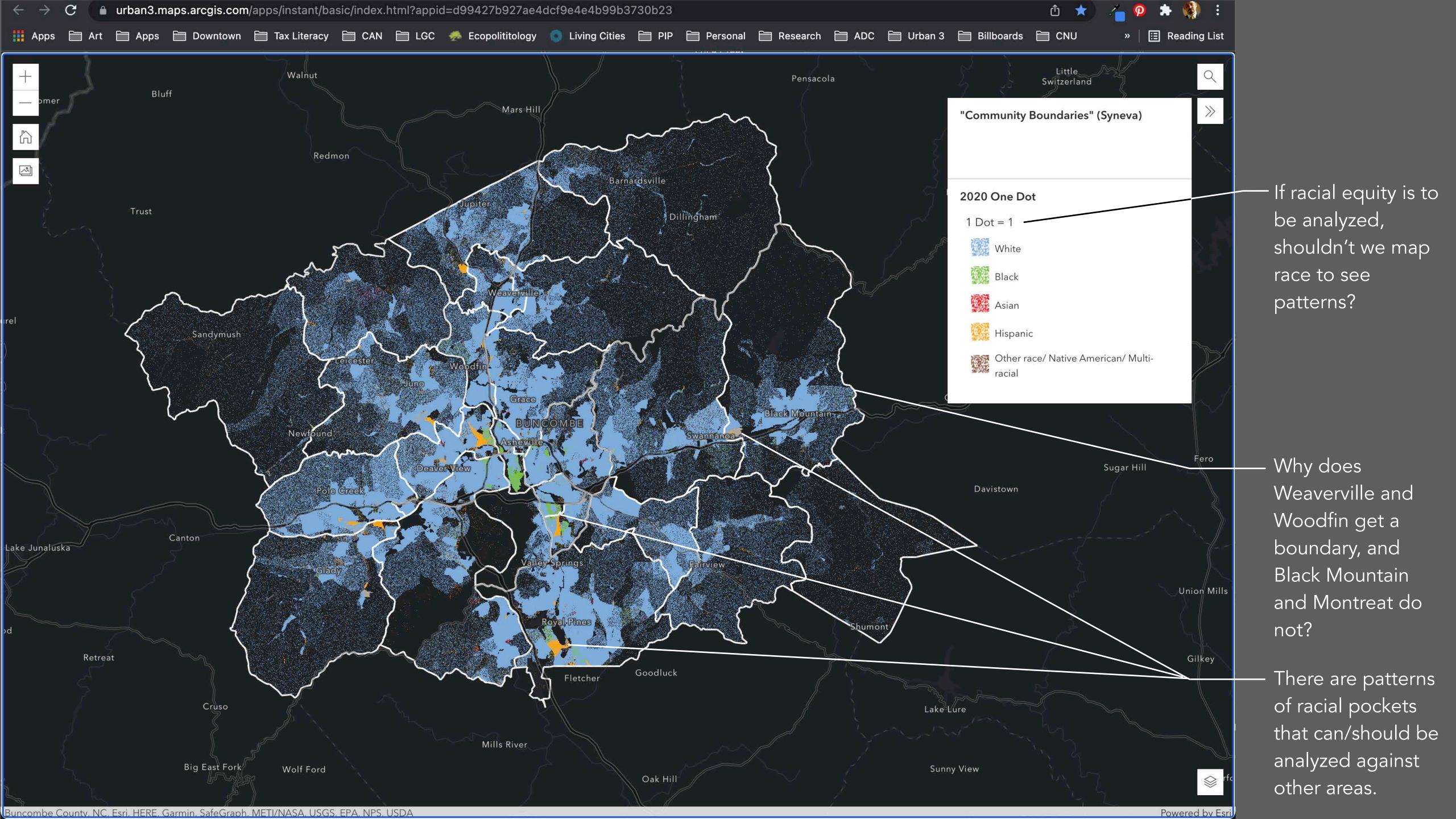
Chapter:

Syneva Report



Granularity of Maps and Data Matter Buncombe County, NC



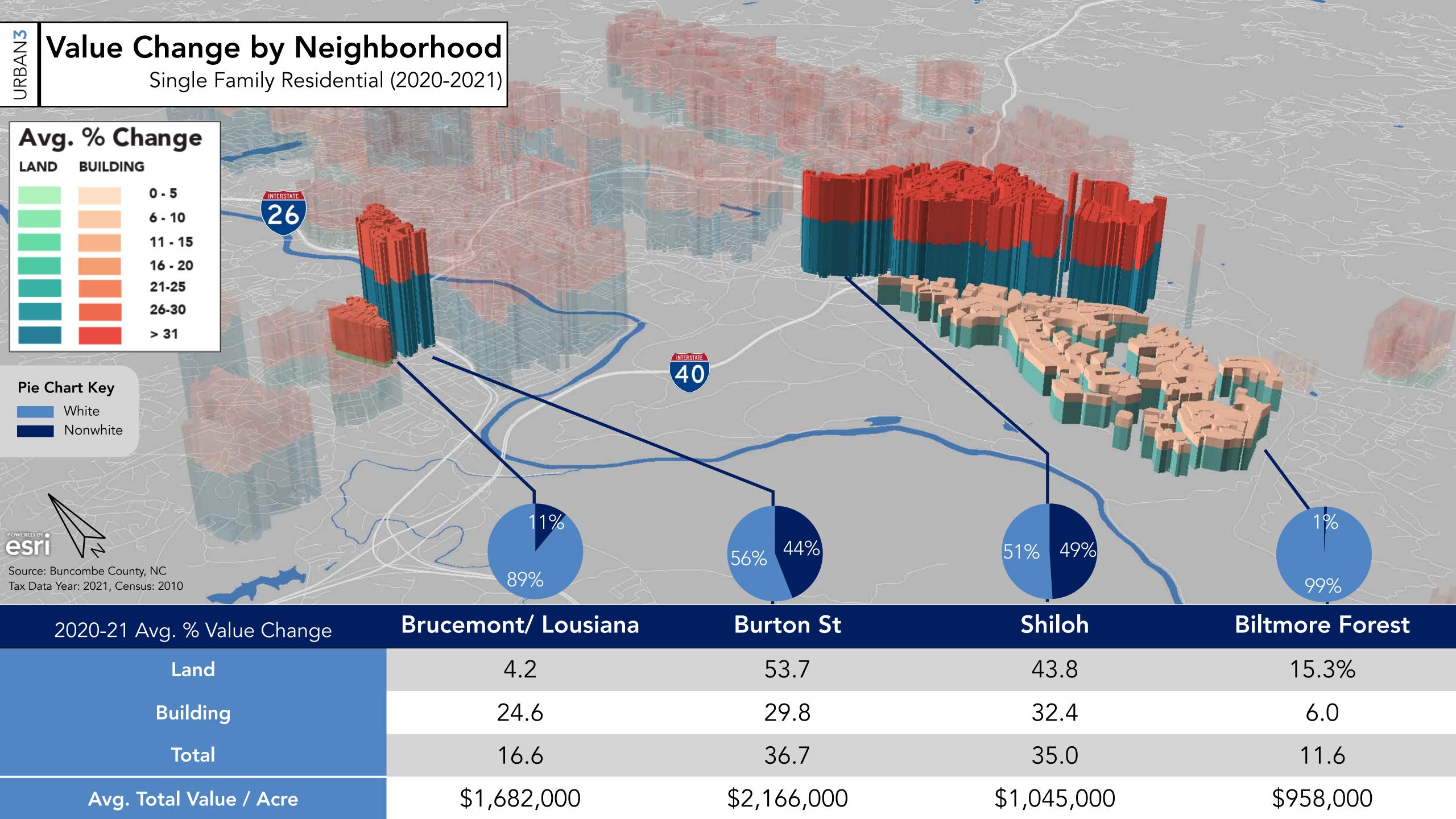




Analysis:

The Syneva analysis was insufficient to judge equity.

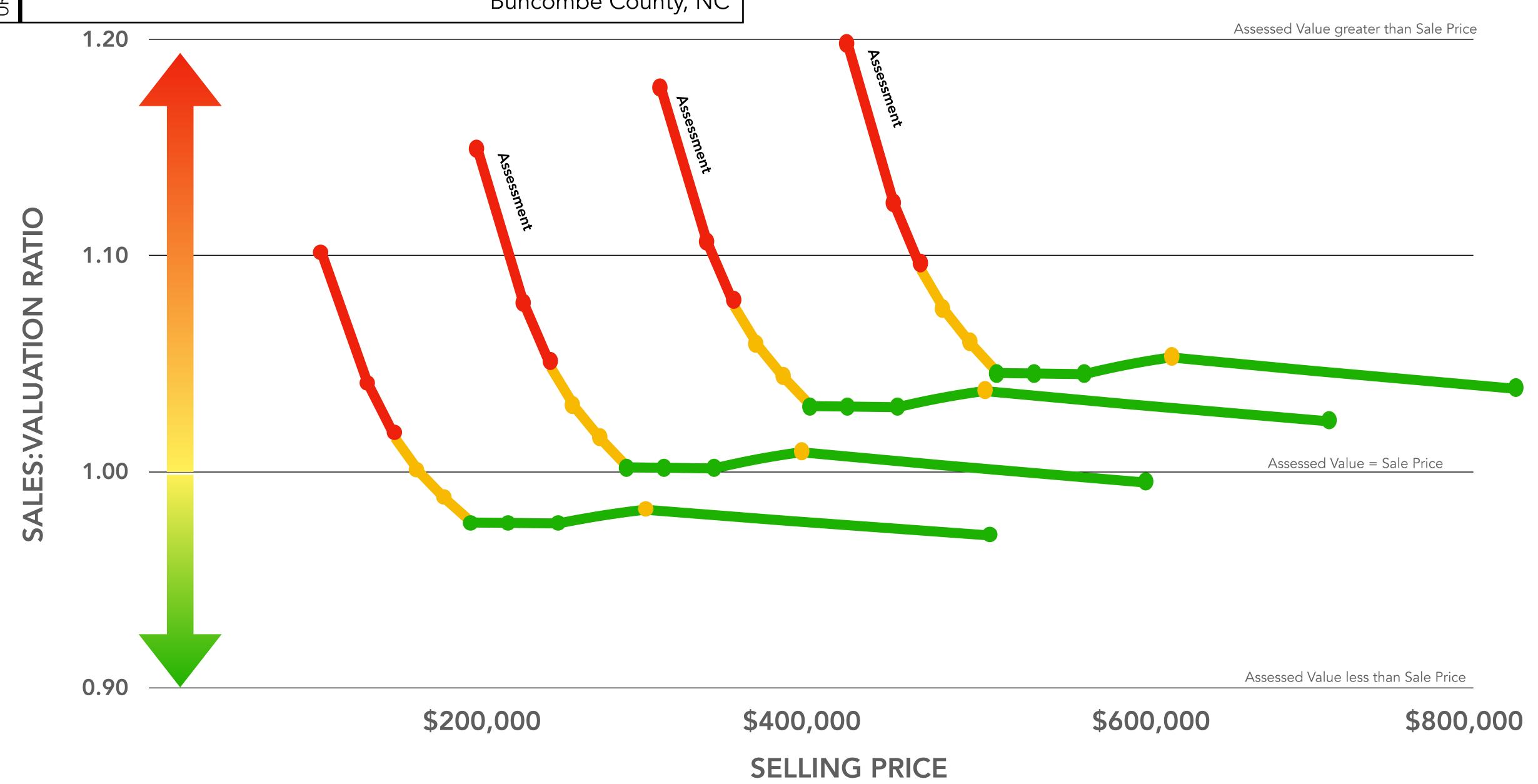


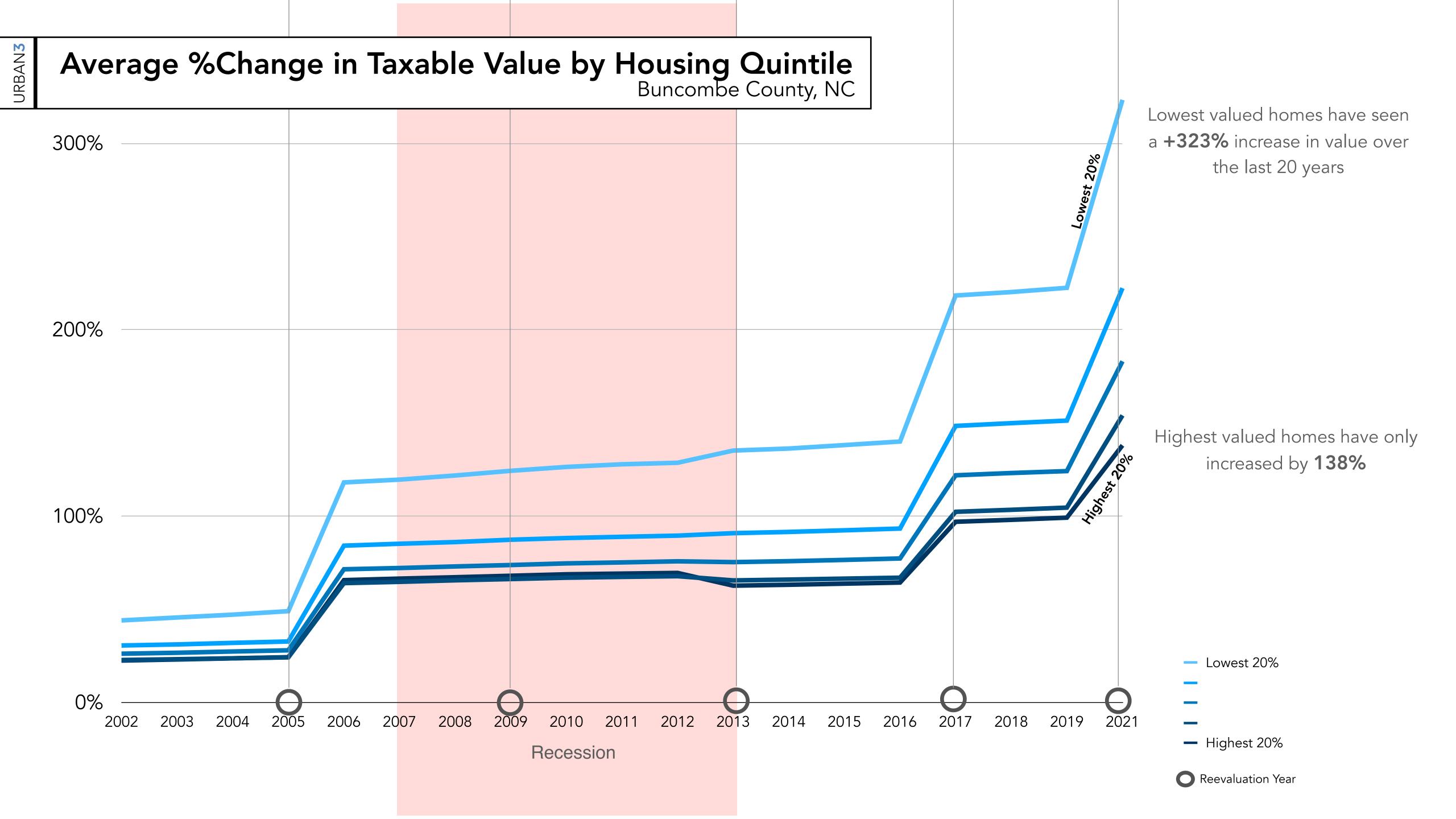














\$3,781 county taxes/acre

964762849400000 9 FOREST RD

GOSKOWICZ RANDALL, GOSKOWICZ MAKI 5024 CHELTERHAM TER, SAN DIEGO, CA, 92130 Total Appraised Value \$1,022,200

Search Bills - Parcel Id: 964762849400000

Bill	Owner Names	PIN/VIN	Value	Due
0000670825-2021-2021-0000- 00	FAWKES PARTNERS LP	9647-62-8494-00000 9 FOREST RD LAND & STRUCTURES	1,022,200	\$0.00
0000670825-2020-2020-0000- 00	FAWKES PARTNERS LP	9647-62-8494-00000 9 FOREST RD LAND & STRUCTURES	812,700	\$0.00
0000670825-2019-2019-0000- 00	FAWKES PARTNERS LP	9647-62-8494-00000 9 FOREST RD LAND & STRUCTURES	812,700	\$0.00
0000670825-2018-2018-0000- 00	FAWKES PARTNERS LP	9647-62-8494-00000 9 FOREST RD LAND & STRUCTURES	812,700	\$0.00
0000670825-2017-2017-0000- 00	FAWKES PARTNERS LP	9647-62-8494-00000 9 FOREST RD LAND & STRUCTURES	812,700	\$0.00
0000670825-2016-2016-0000- 00	FAWKES PARTNERS LP	9647-62-8494-00000 9 FOREST RD LAND & STRUCTURES	638,400	\$0.00
0000670825-2015-2015-0000- 00	FAWKES PARTNERS LP	9647-62-8494-00000 9 FOREST RD LAND & STRUCTURES	638,400	\$0.00
0000670825-2014-2014-0000- 00	FAWKES PARTNERS LP	9647-62-8494-00000 9 FOREST RD LAND & STRUCTURES	638,400	\$0.00
0000284469-2013-2013-0000- 00	FAWKES PARTNERS LP	9647-62-8494-00000 9 FOREST RD Land & Structures	638,400	\$0.00
0000549457-2012-2012-0000- 00	POWELL SIDNEY	9647-62-8494-00000 9 FOREST RD Land & Structures	843,200	\$0.00
0000338032-2011-2011-0000- 00	POWELL SIDNEY	9647-62-8494-00000 9 FOREST RD Land & Structures	843,200	\$0.00

Growth by 1.2X



URBAN3

\$27,614 county taxes/acre

964932373900000 **7 MAXWELL ST**

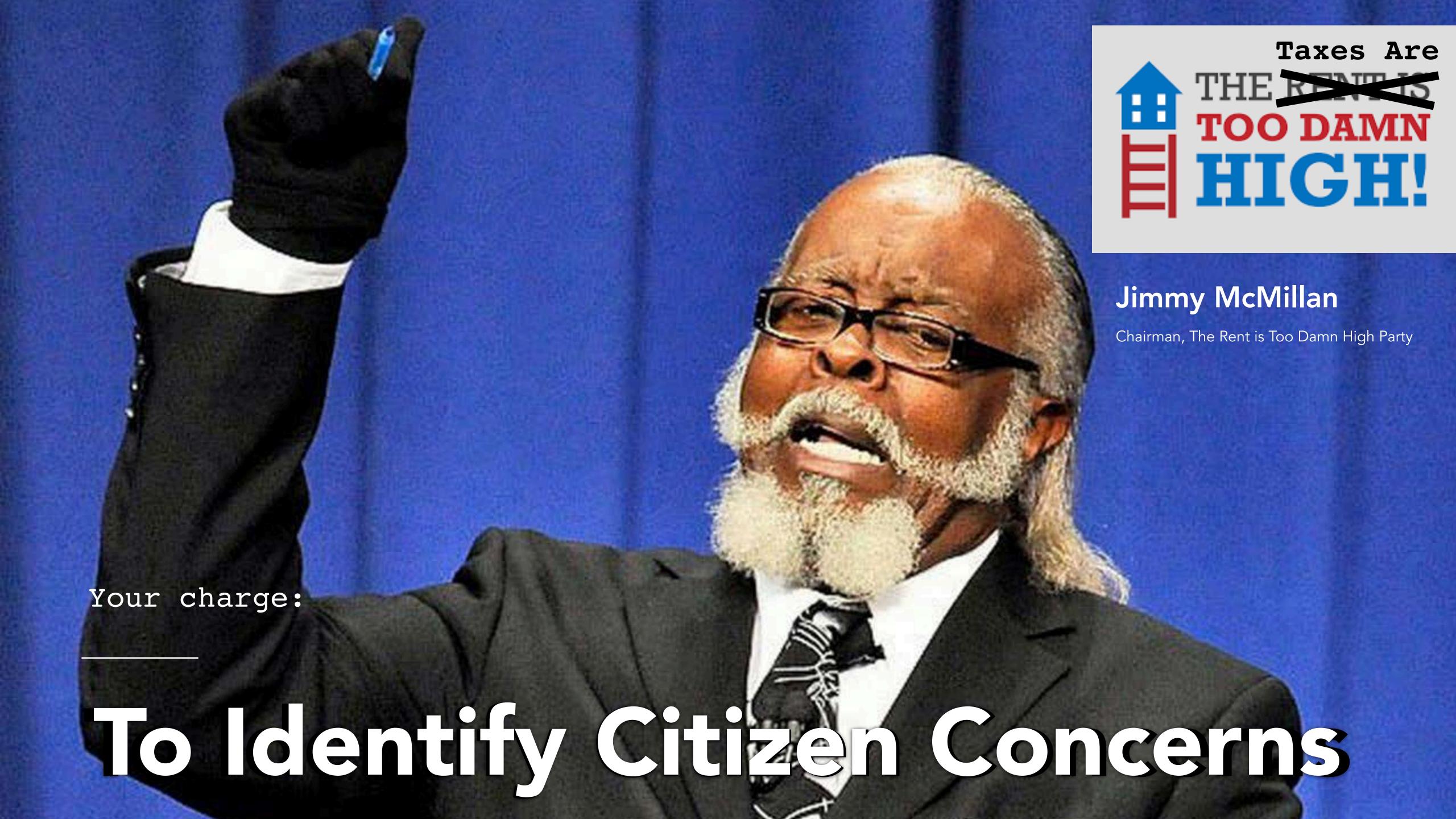
JOHNSON BARBARA
7 MAXWELL ST, ASHEVILLE, NC, 28801

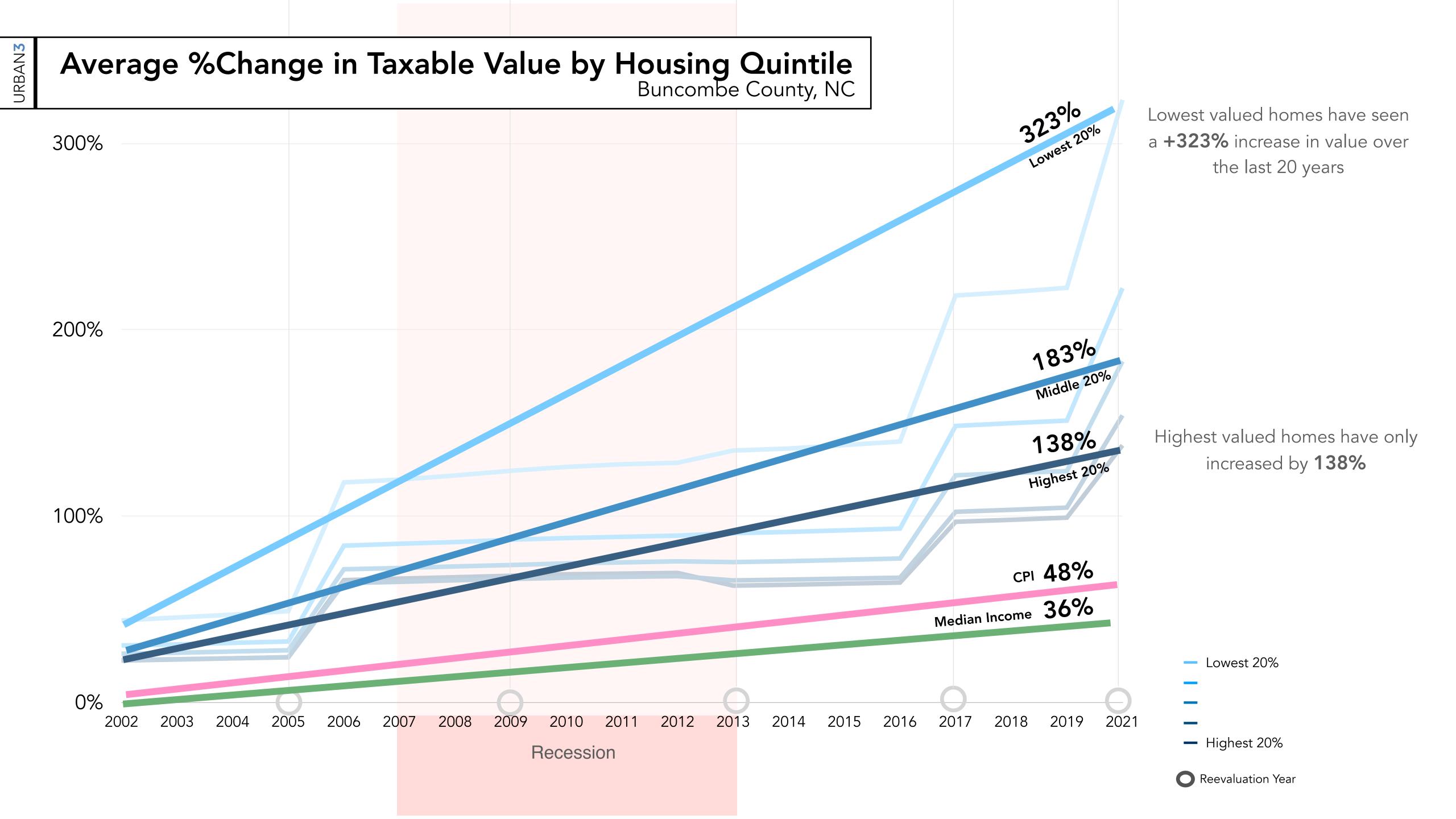
Total Appraised Value \$261,000

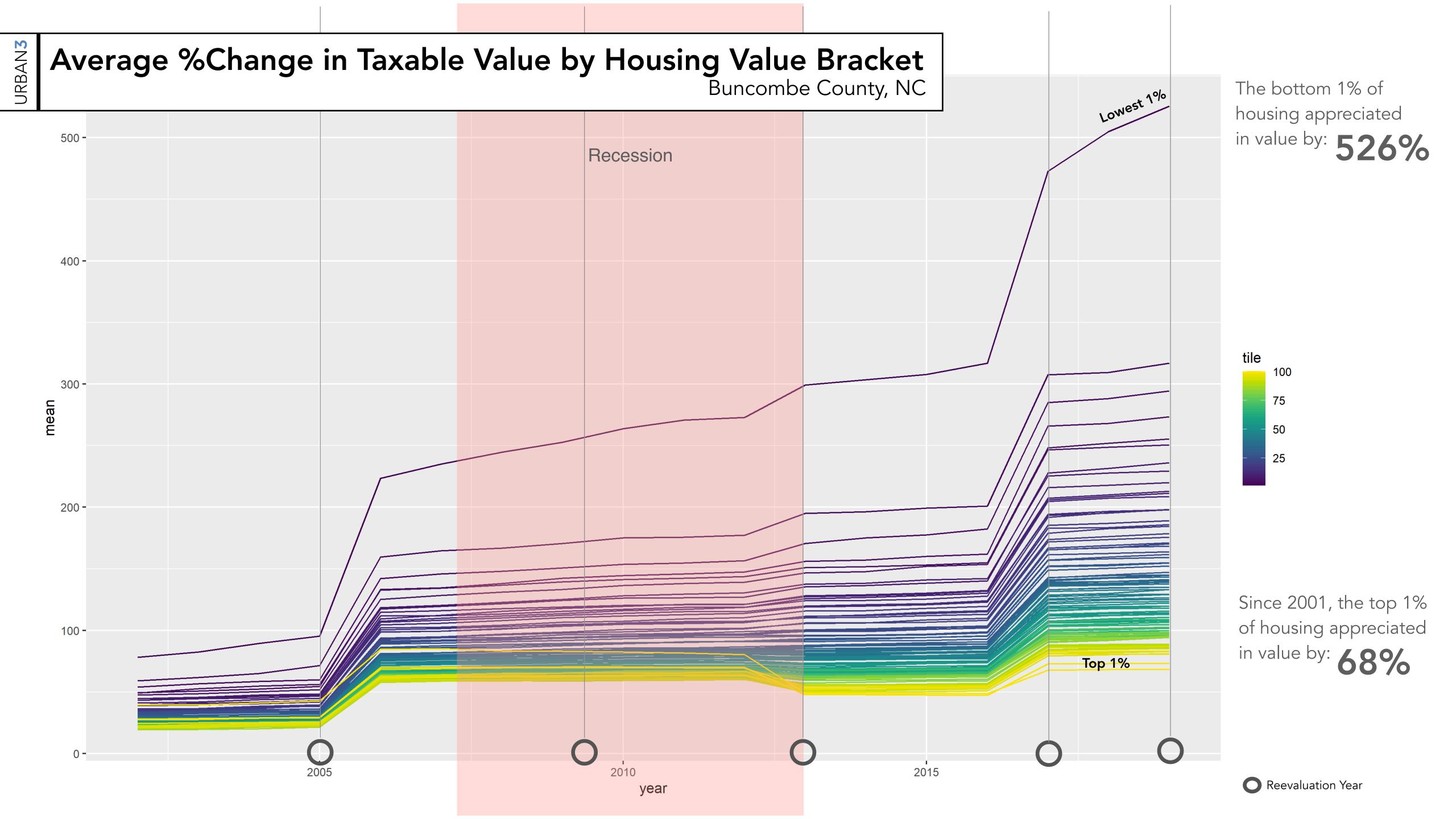
Search Bills - Parcel Id: 964932373900000

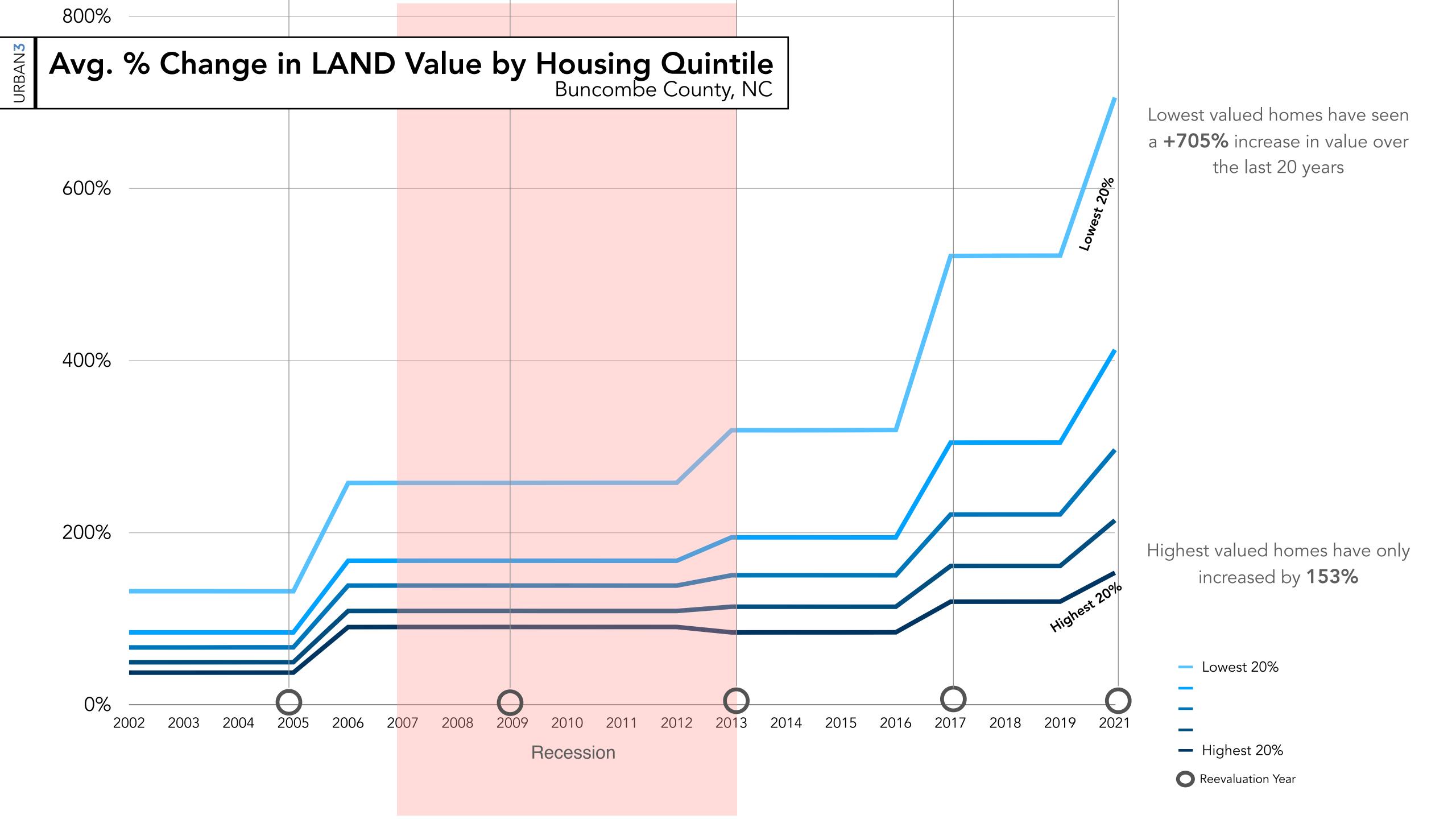
Displaying 01 to 11 of 11 records PIN/VIN Value Due **Owner Names** 0000757663-2021-2021-0000-**JOHNSON BARBARA** 9649-32-3739-00000 130,500 \$0.00 7 MAXWELL ST LAND & STRUCTURES JOHNSON BARBARA 0000757663-2020-2020-0000-9649-32-3739-00000 94,500 \$0.00 YOUNG 7 MAXWELL ST LAND & STRUCTURES 0000757663-2019-2019-0000-JOHNSON BARBARA 9649-32-3739-00000 94,500 \$0.00 7 MAXWELL ST LAND & STRUCTURES 0000757663-2018-2018-0000-JOHNSON BARBARA 9649-32-3739-00000 94,500 \$0.00 7 MAXWELL ST LAND & STRUCTURES 0000757663-2017-2017-0000-**JOHNSON BARBARA** 9649-32-3739-00000 94,500 \$0.00 7 MAXWELL ST LAND & STRUCTURES YOUNG 0000757663-2016-2016-0000-JOHNSON BARBARA 9649-32-3739-00000 71,350 \$0.00 7 MAXWELL ST LAND & STRUCTURES YOUNG 0000757663-2015-2015-0000-JOHNSON BARBARA 9649-32-3739-00000 71,350 \$0.00 7 MAXWELL ST LAND & STRUCTURES YOUNG **JOHNSON BARBARA** 0000757663-2014-2014-0000-9649-32-3739-00000 71,350 \$0.00 7 MAXWELL ST LAND & STRUCTURES YOUNG 0000438290-2013-2013-0000-JOHNSON BARBARA 9649-32-3739-00000 71,350 \$0.00 YOUNG 7 MAXWELL ST Land & Structures 0000507141-2012-2012-0000-**JOHNSON BARBARA** 9649-32-3739-00000 51,700 \$0.00 YOUNG 7 MAXWELL ST Land & Structures 0000517508-2011-2011-0000-9649-32-3739-00000 **JOHNSON BARBARA** 51,700 \$0.00 YOUNG 7 MAXWELL ST Land & Structures 00

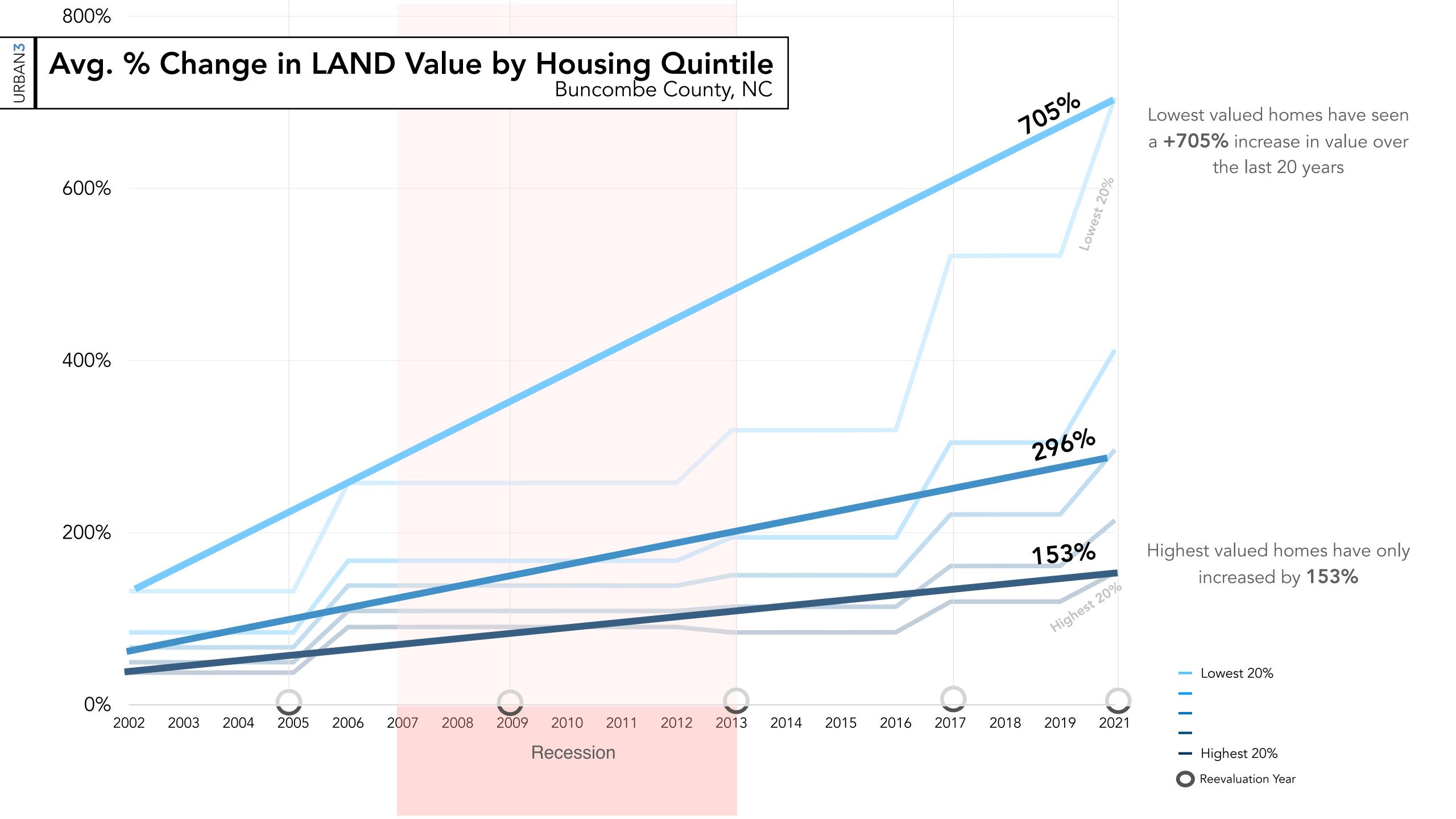
Growth by 5.1X











Your charge:

- 1. To Identify Citizen Concerns
- 2. Provide Guidance on Future Assessments
- 3. Provide Input Into Equity Concerns



Findings:

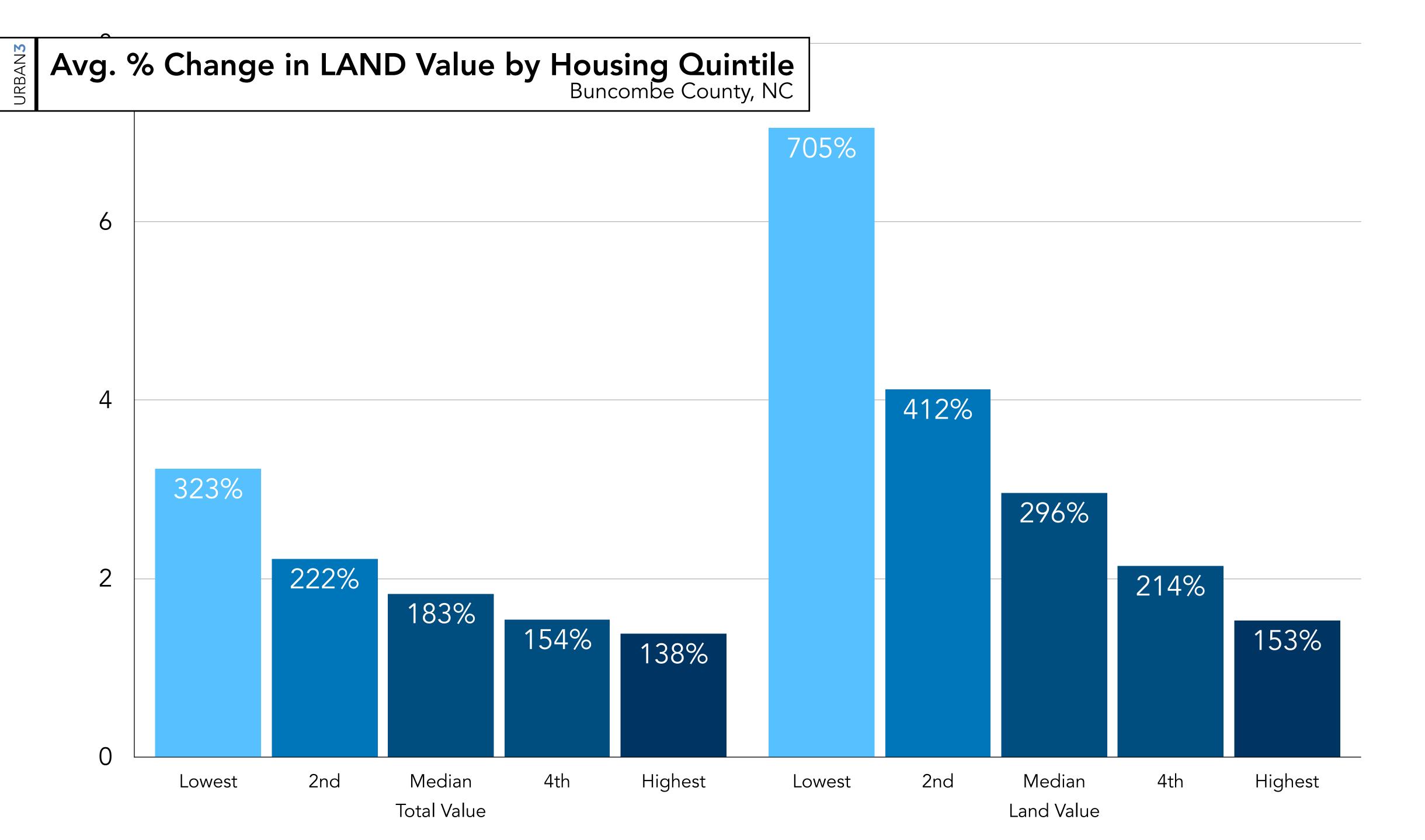
Bad Feedback.

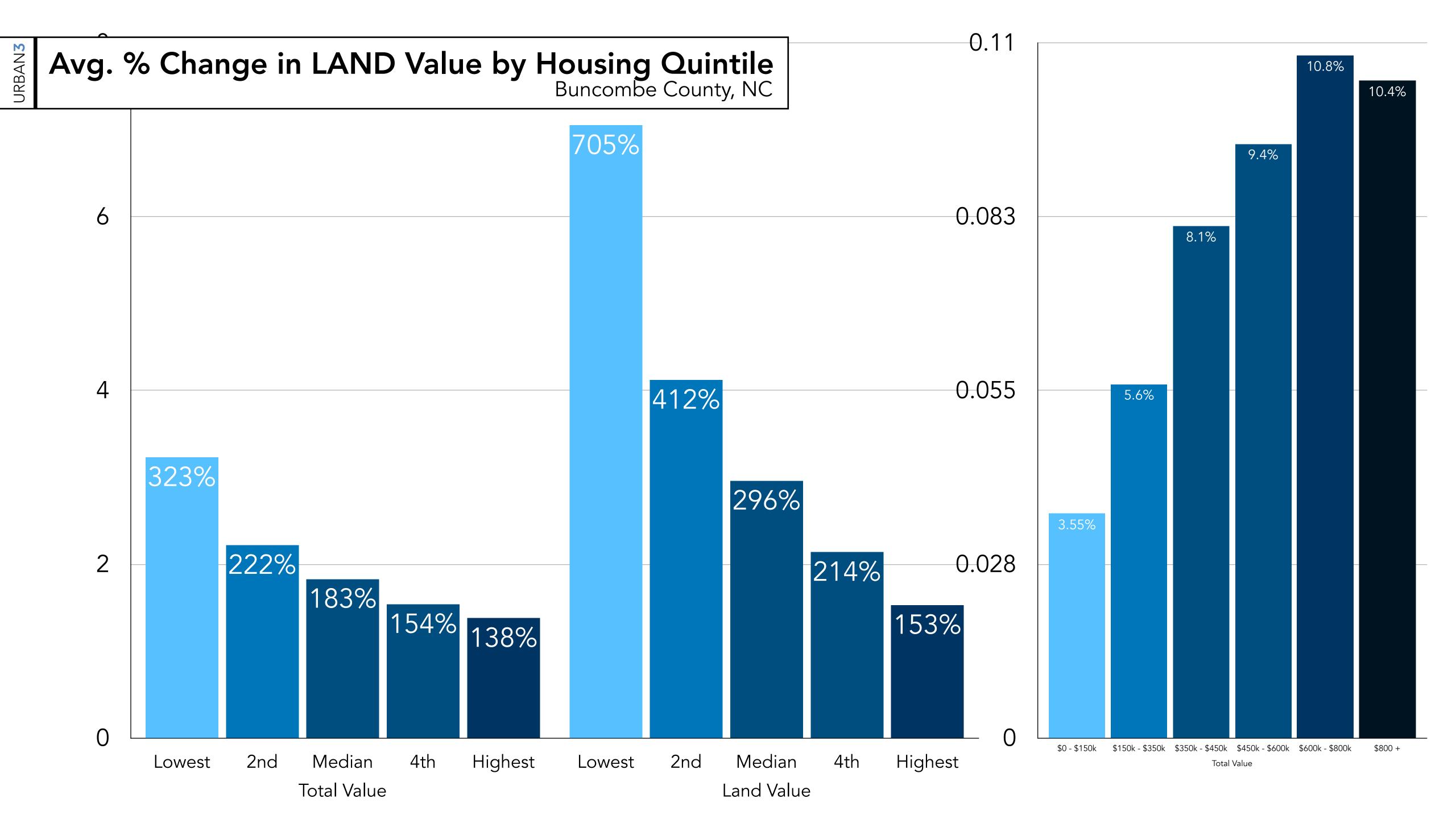




Which Knob is Causing Distortion?

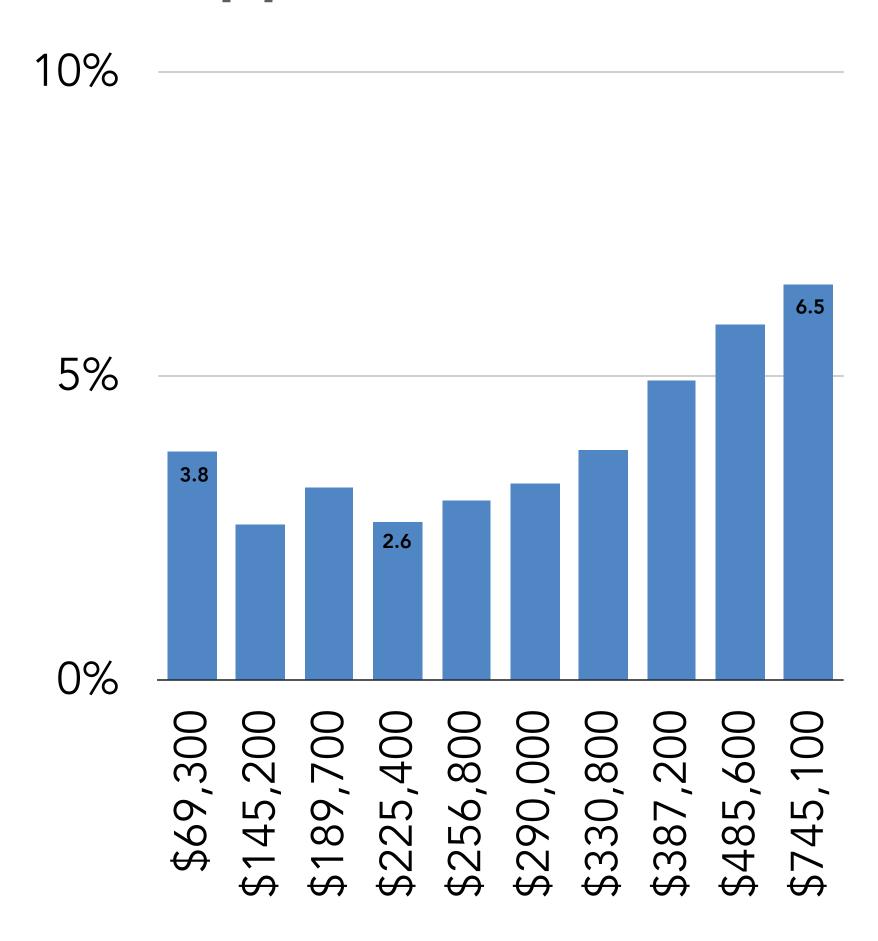




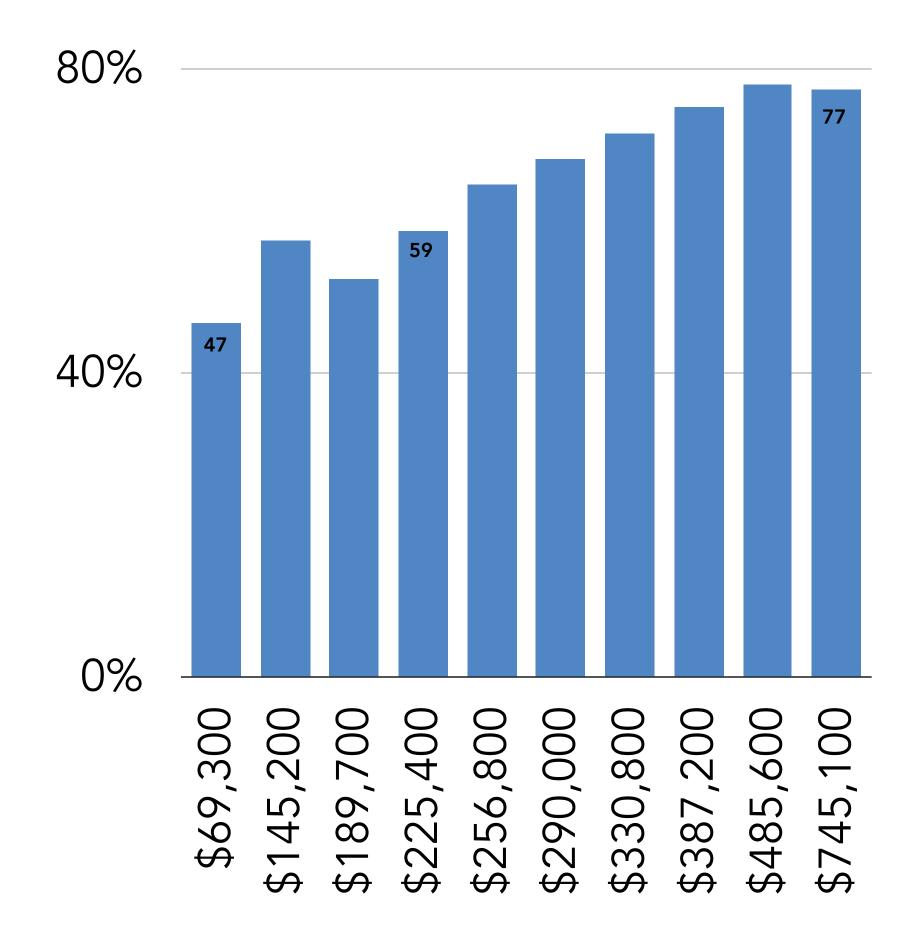


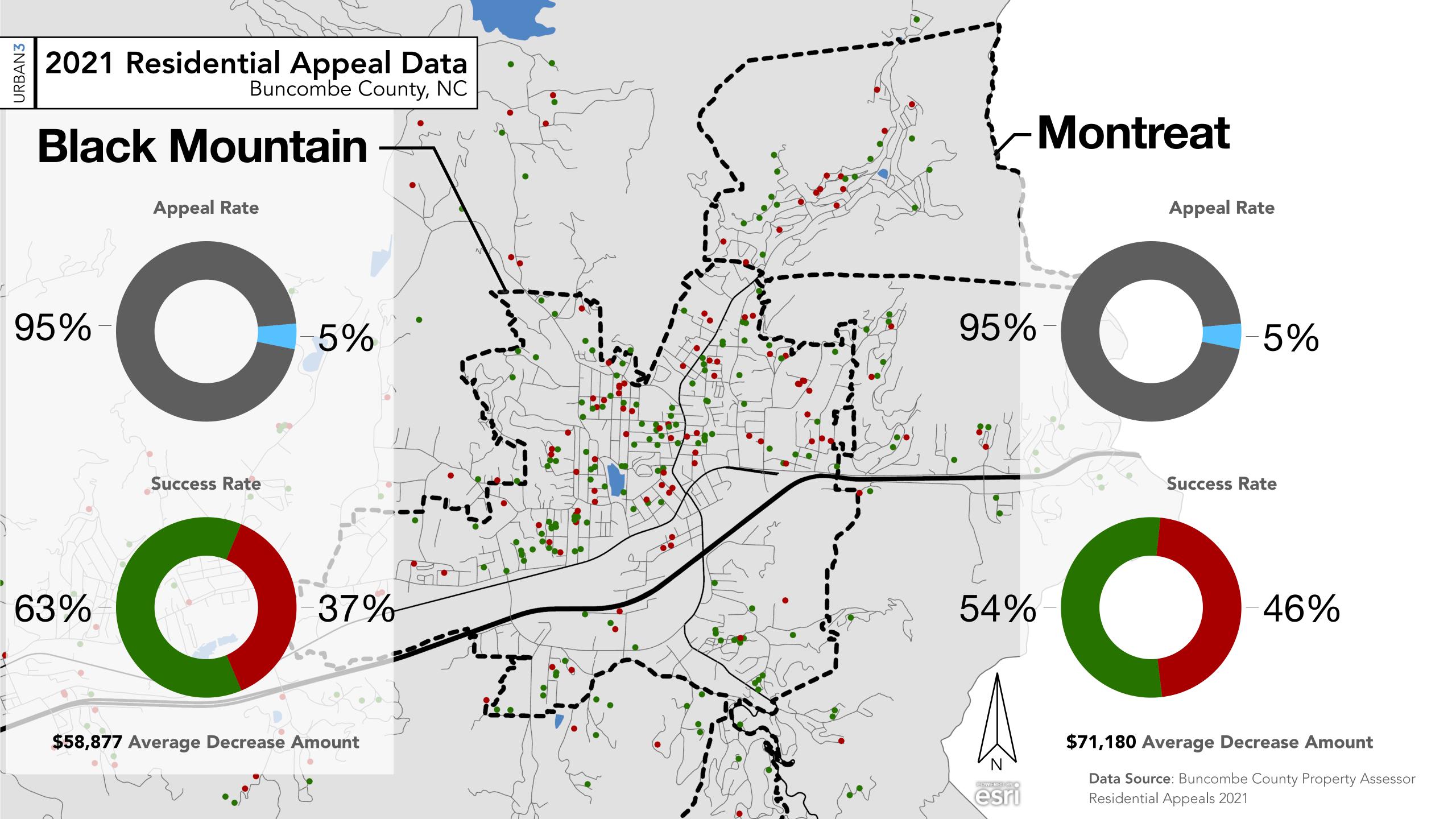
2021 Residential Appeal Data Buncombe County, NC

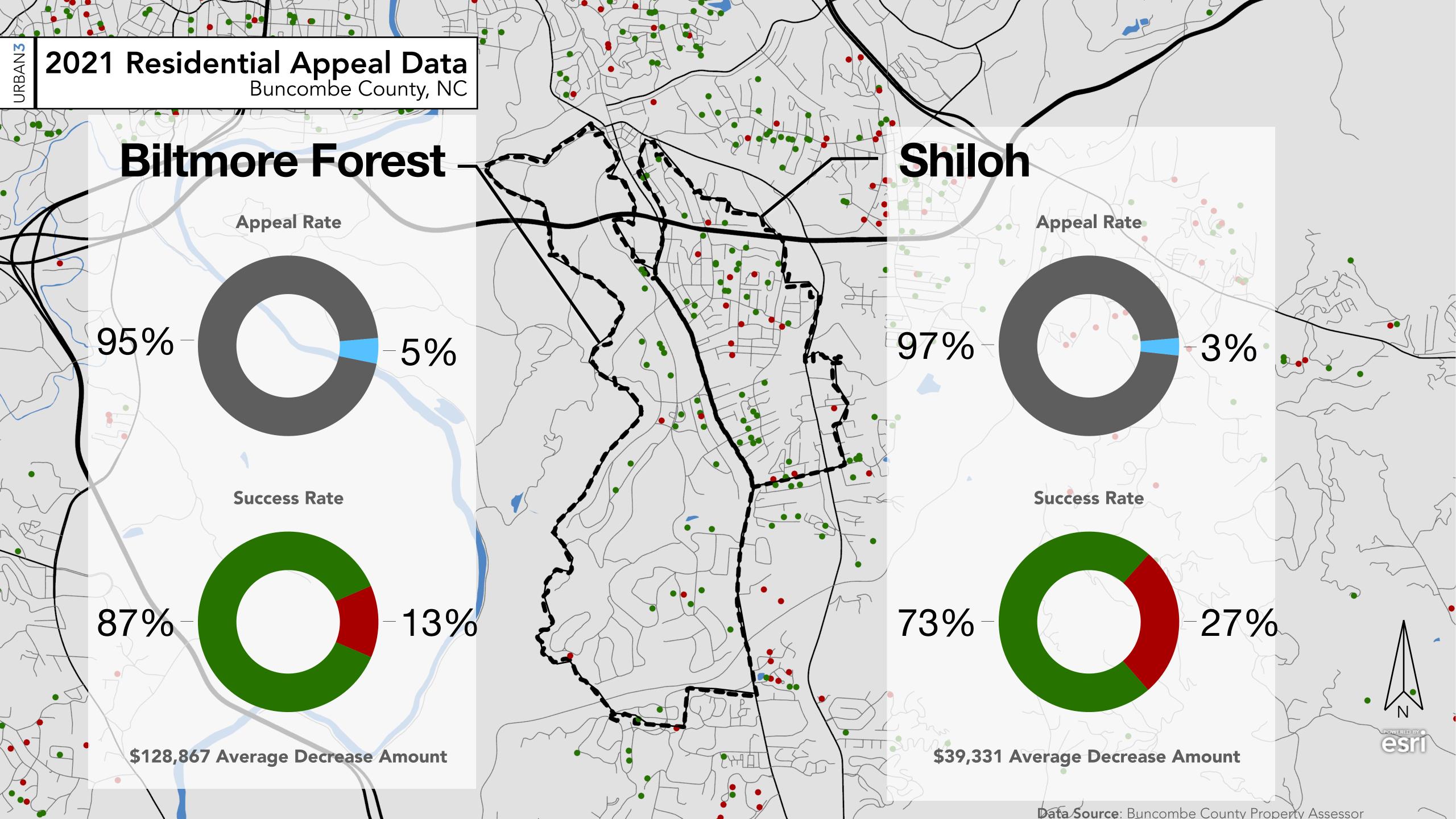
Appeal Rate

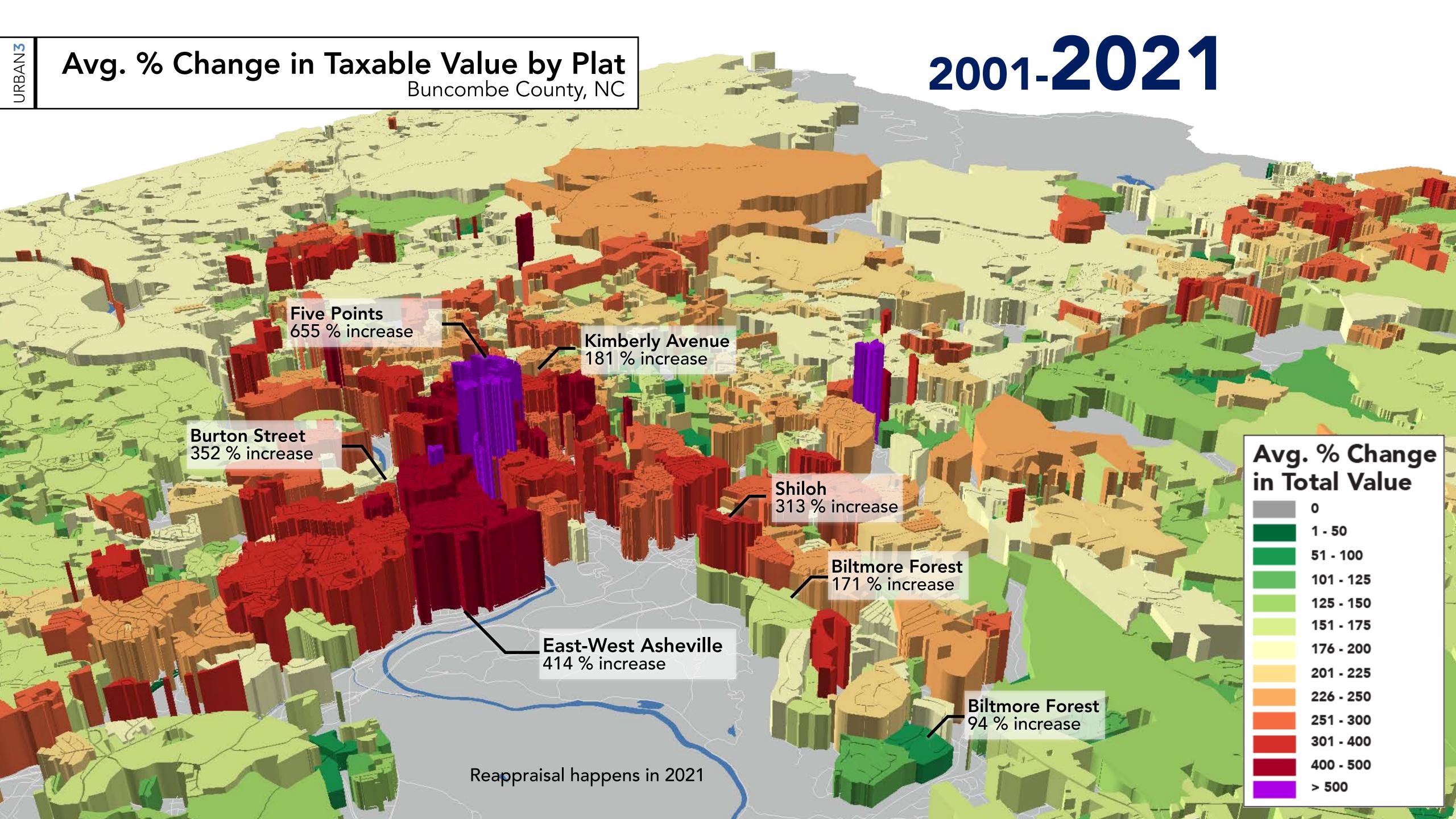


Success Rate









Recommendation:

Better appeals process, and 'tests' (eg: Maps) before appeal.



Chapter:

Component Transparency



"Noise" in the data:

Qualifications:

How is qualification/unqualification tracked?

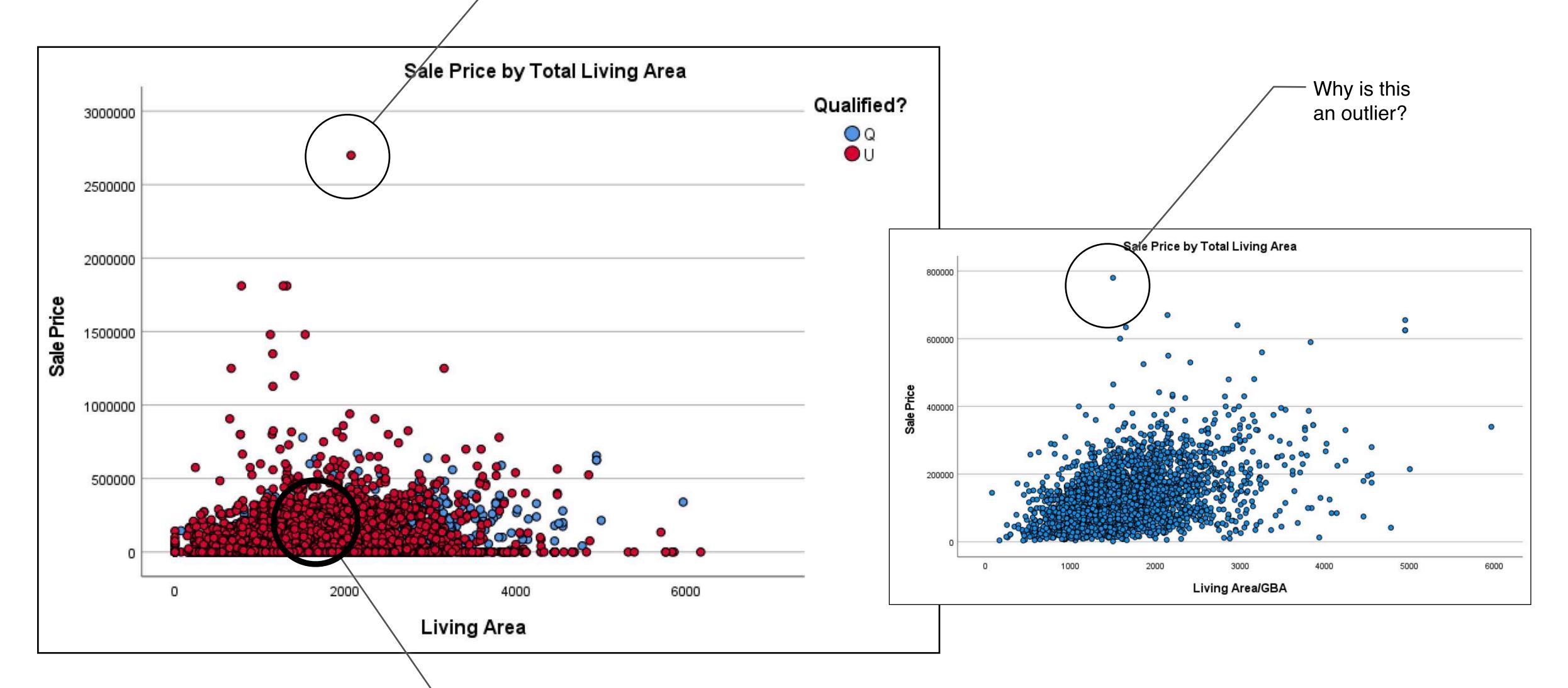




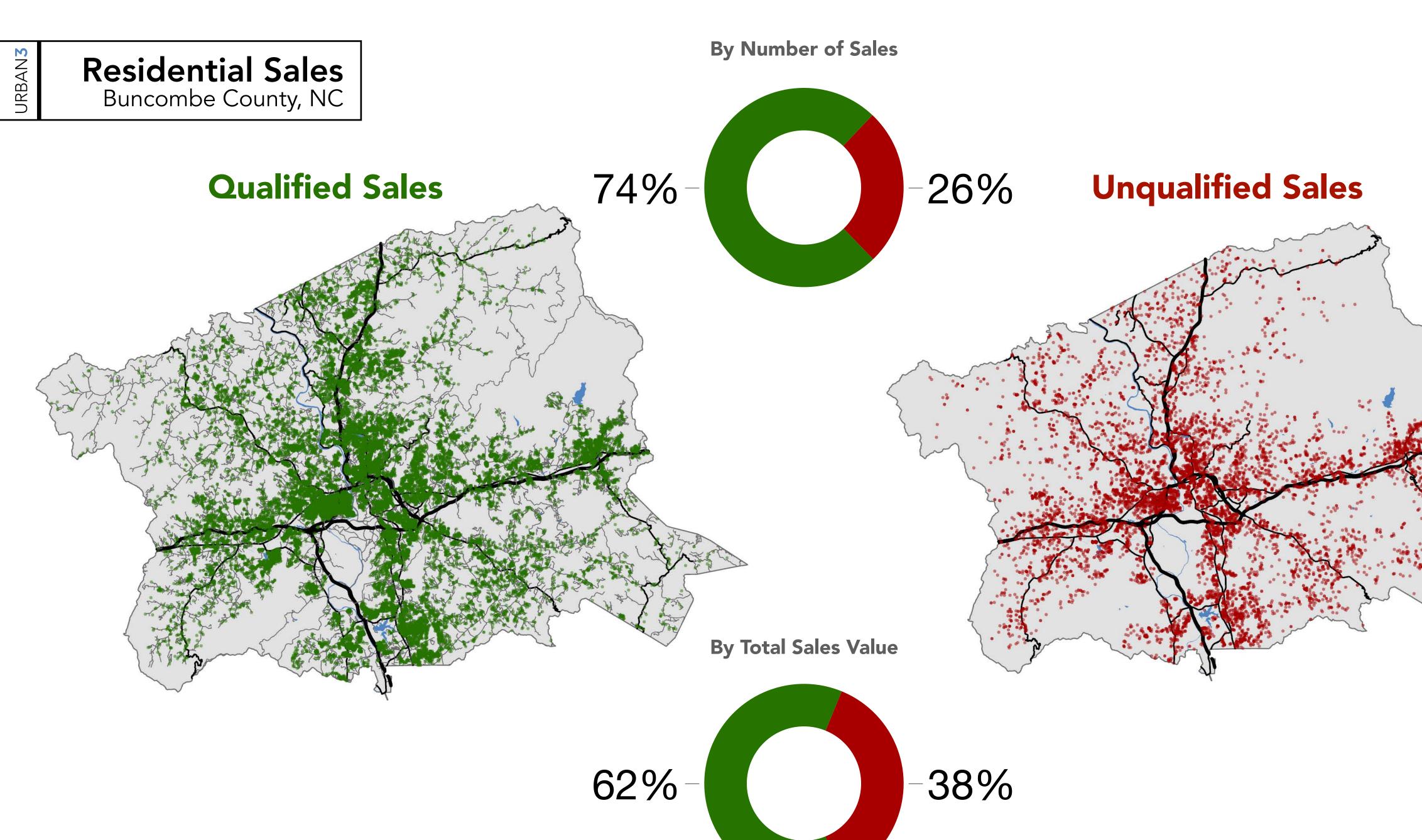
Qualified Sales

Buncombe County, NC

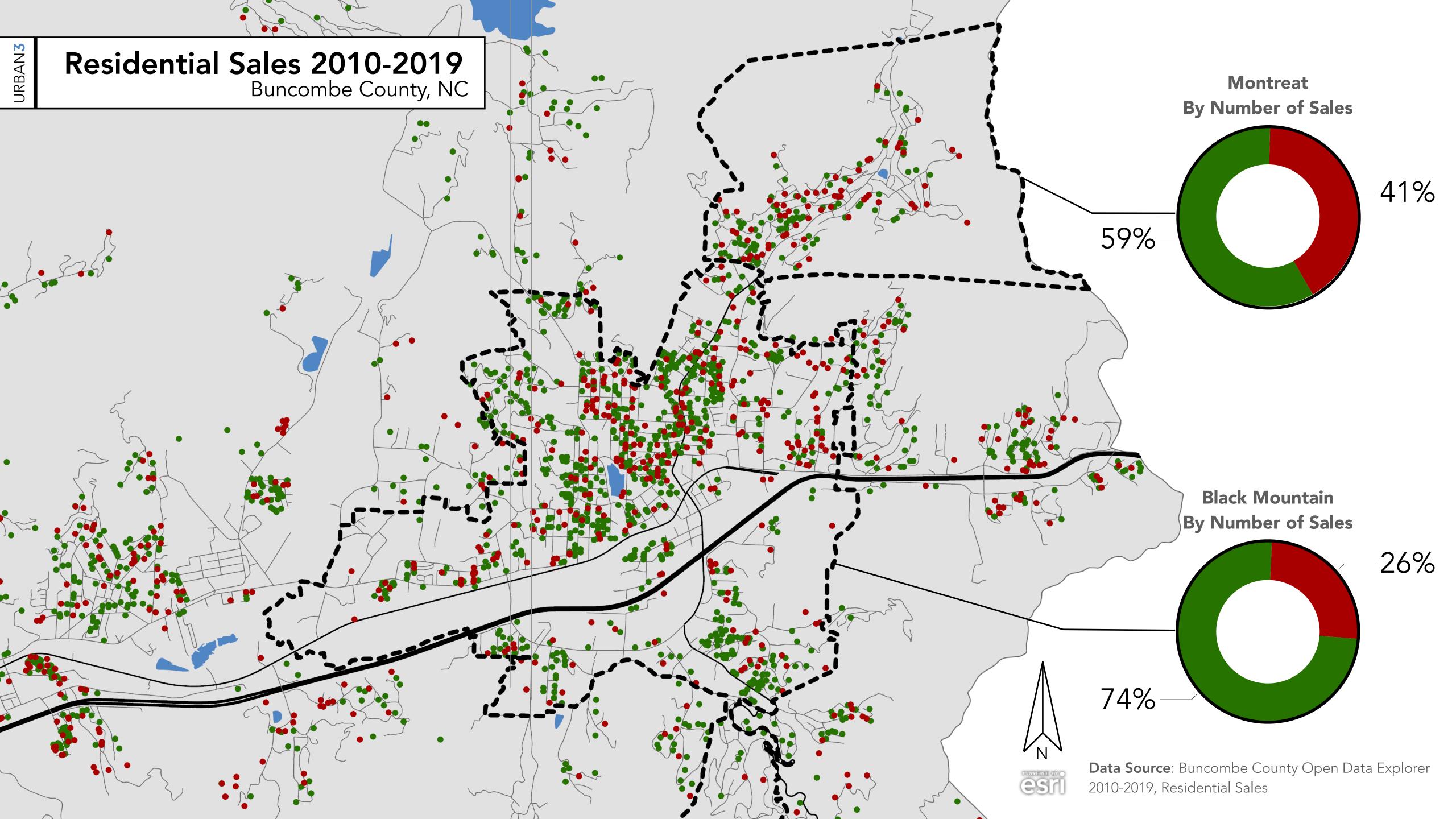
Why is this an outlier?

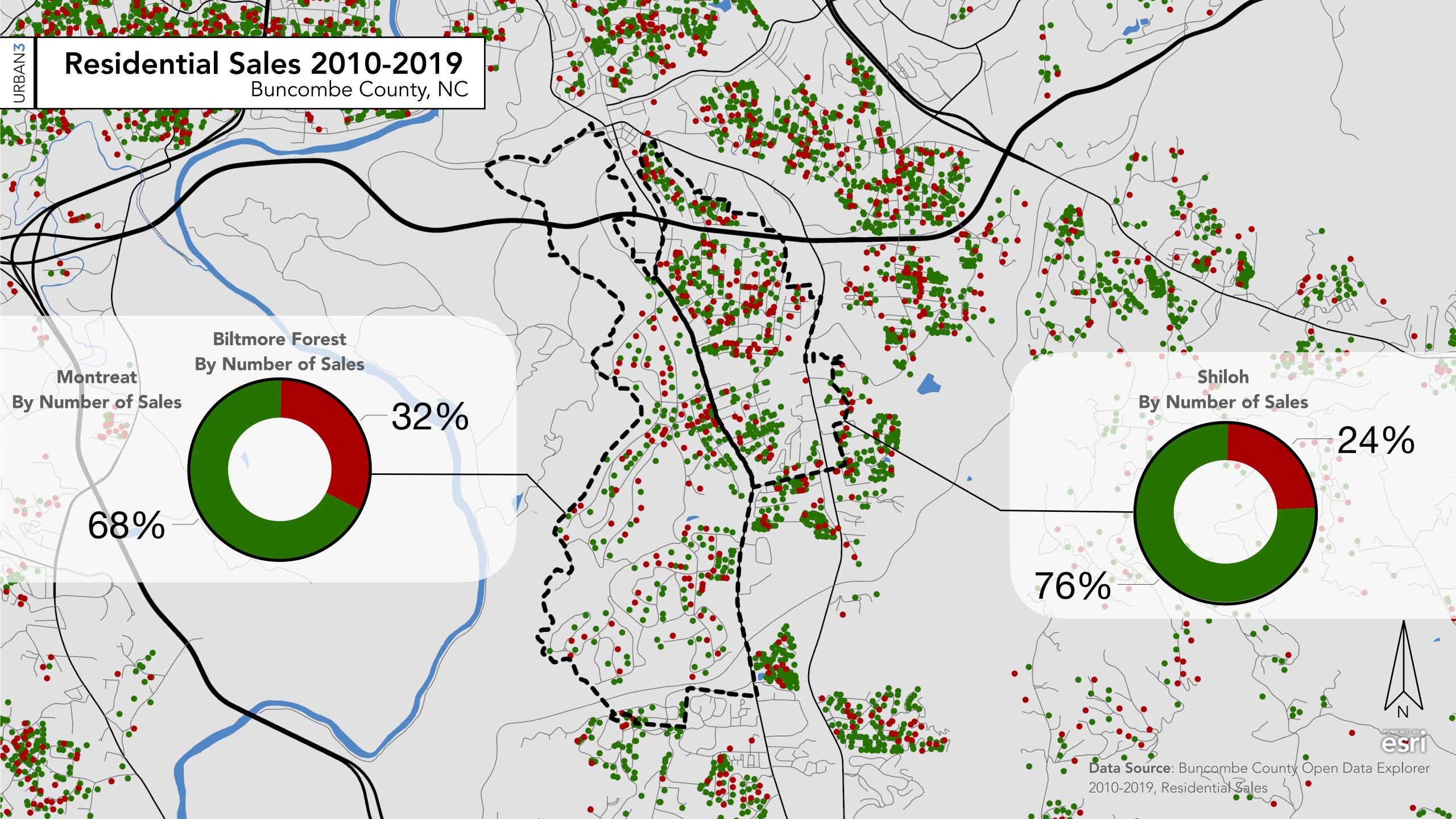


And what does this actually represent? The 'qualified' and 'unqualified' are in the same spot. So what does that "mean"?



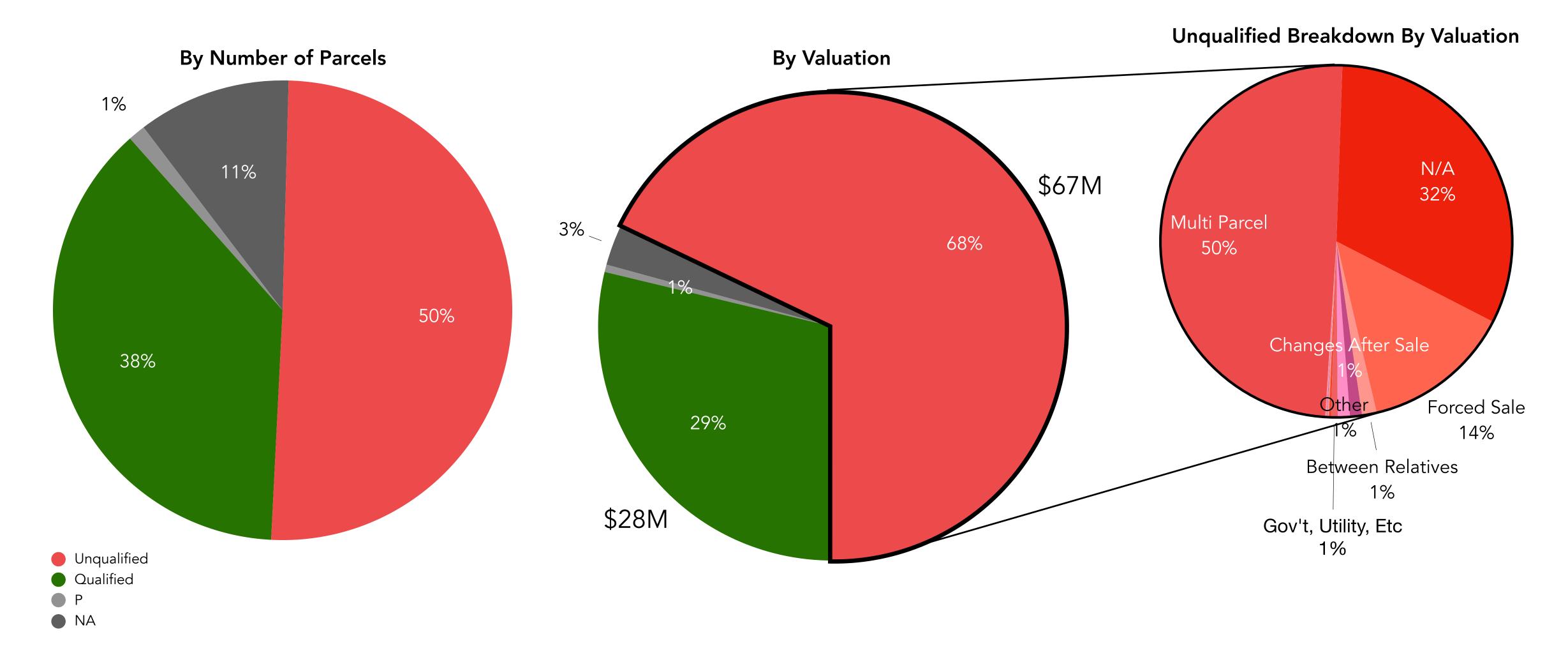
Data Source: Buncombe County Open Data Explorer 2010-2019, Residential Sales



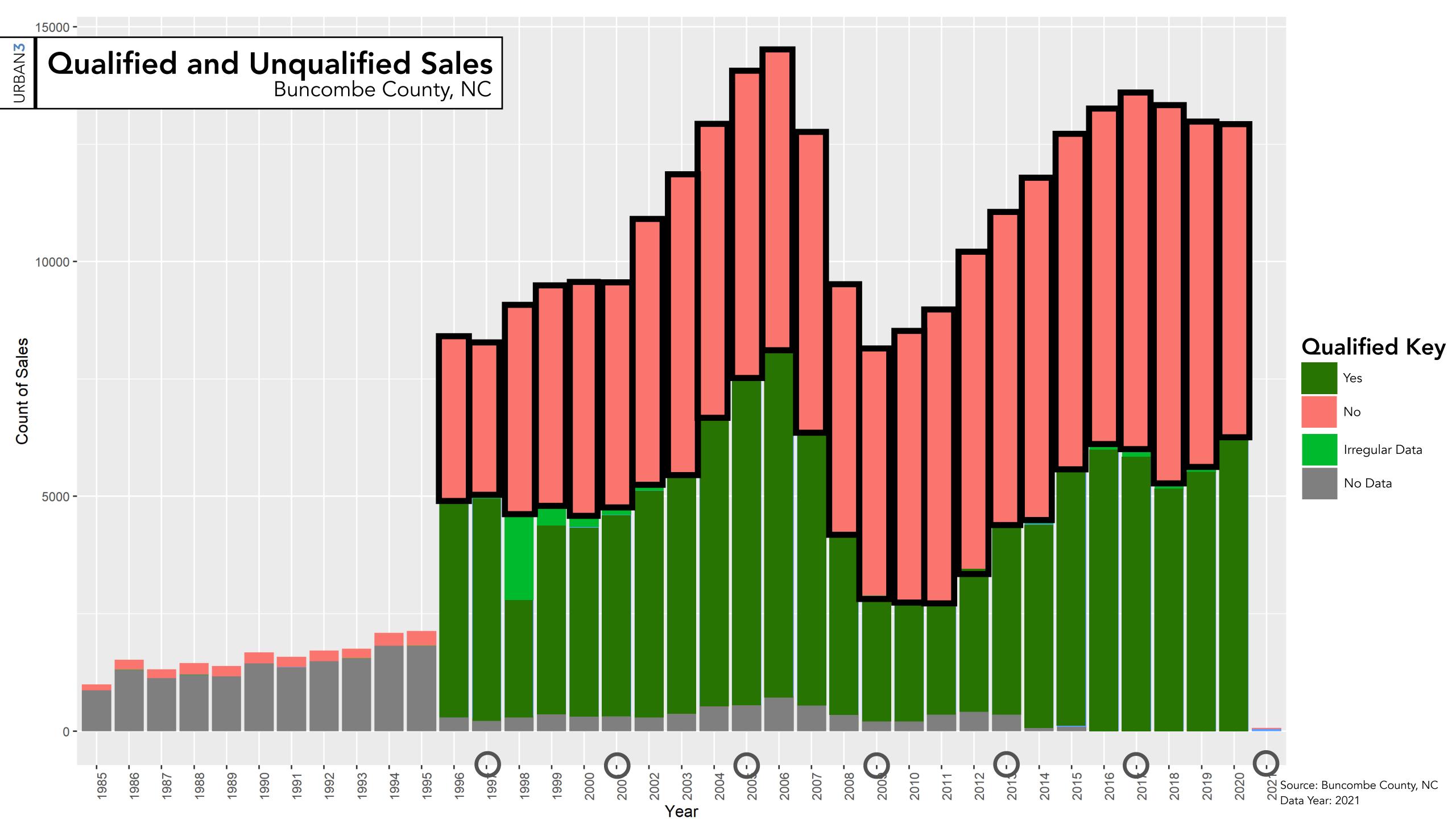


All Sales Qualification

Buncombe County, NC

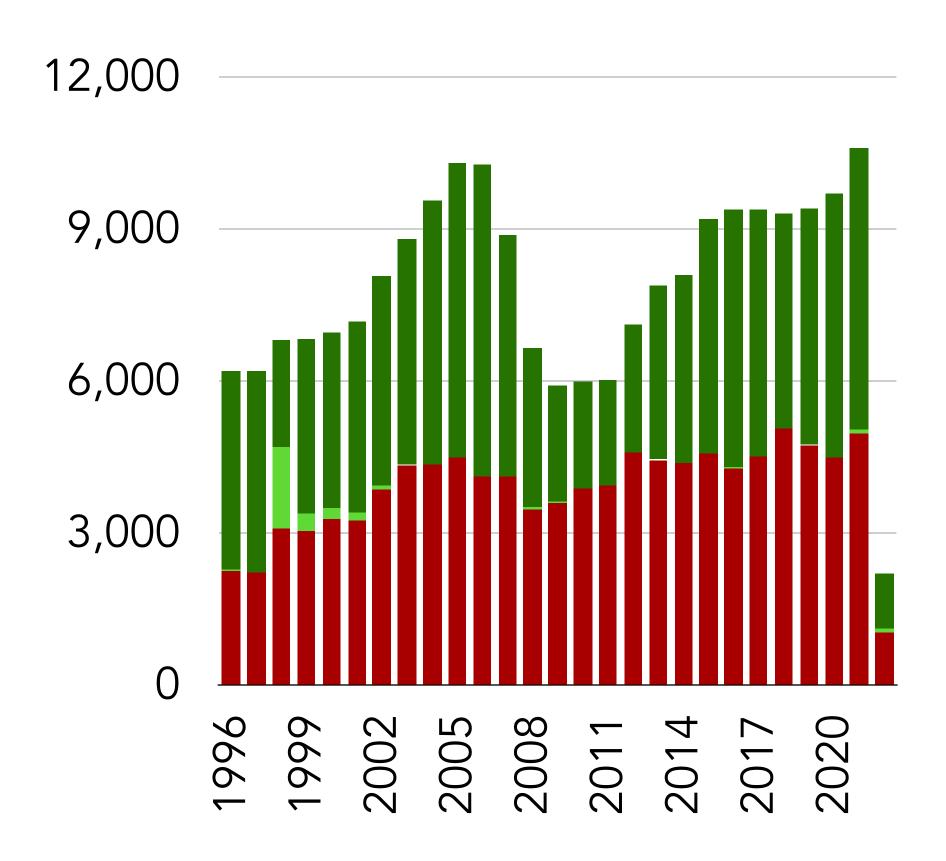


Source: Buncombe County, NC Data Year: 2021



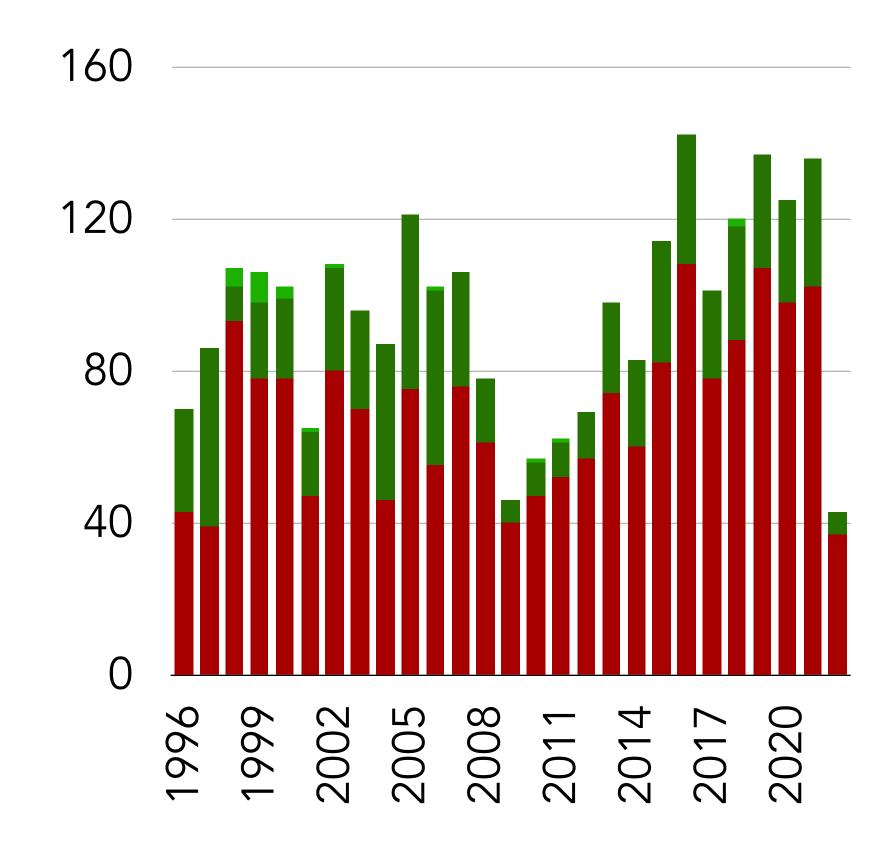
Qualified and Unqualified Sales: Residential Buncombe County, NC

Number of Sales



Qualified and Unqualified Sales: Commercial Buncombe County, NC

Number of Sales





Sales Assessment Ratio Studies & Nonsystem Properties

Michael Connolly
NCDOR, Local Government Division



"Wherever there is human judgement there is the potential for bias."

Nate Silver

CEO of FiveThirtyEight Blog Author of <u>Signal Through the Noise</u>.

NCDOR

Which shirts are blue?













Determining if a sale should be rejected isn't always

It will require appraiser's judgement

NCDOR

Potential Reasons to Reject

- Family Member Sales
- Commercial property with BPP included
- Foreclosures
- Government / School / Church / Public Service Company
- Parcel in multiple counties
- What sold doesn't match what was assessed
- These are just a few examples see NCDOR Rejection Codes for the full list.

Recommendation:

Define types of "unqualified" and understand how they affect overall market value.



Recommendation:

Needed Feedback: Reports and Maps.



Buncombe Reassessment 2021:

Land Valuation Inconsistencies Quirks in land valuation in the assessment process





240





102% increase

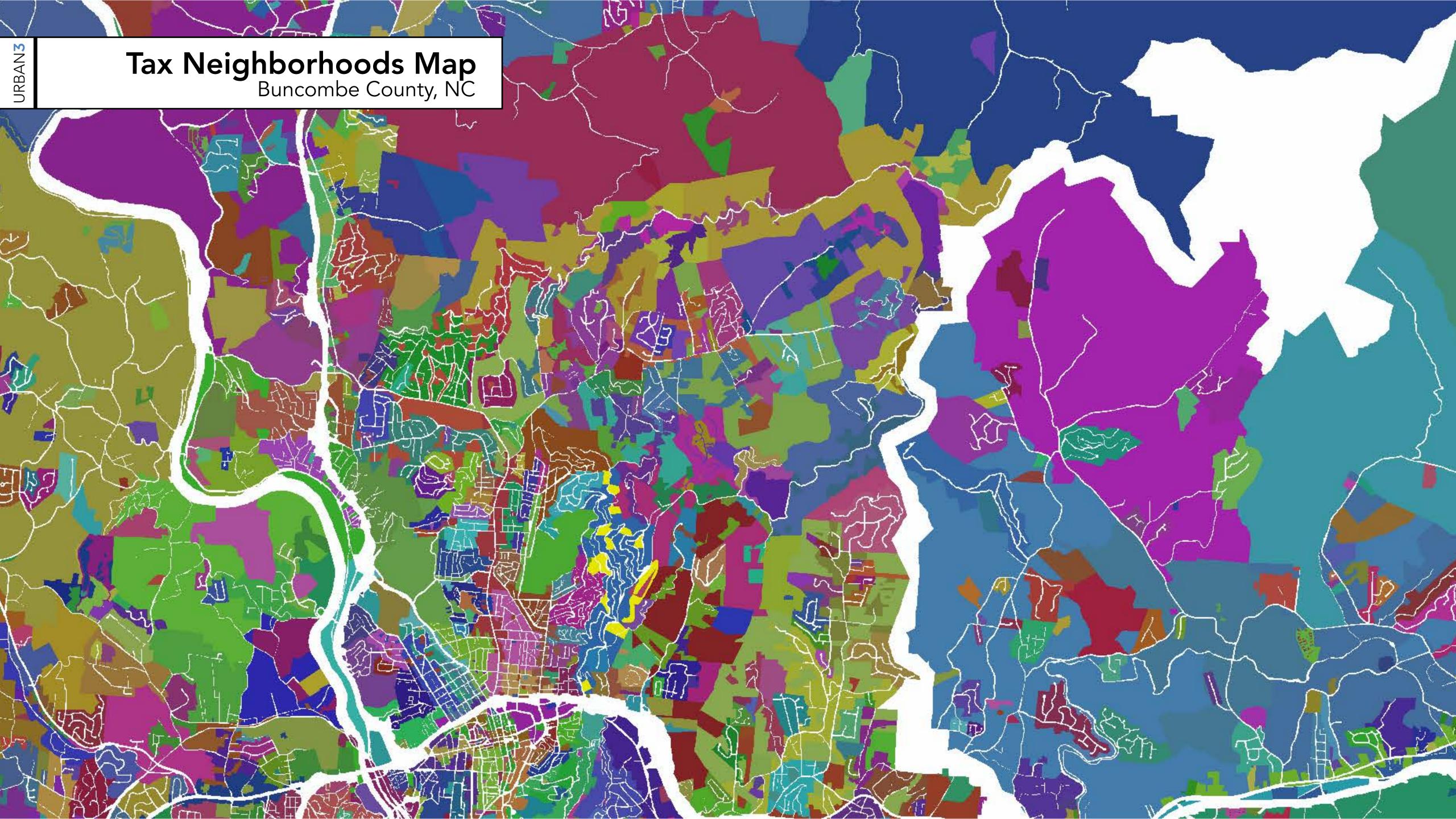
316% increase

URBAN3

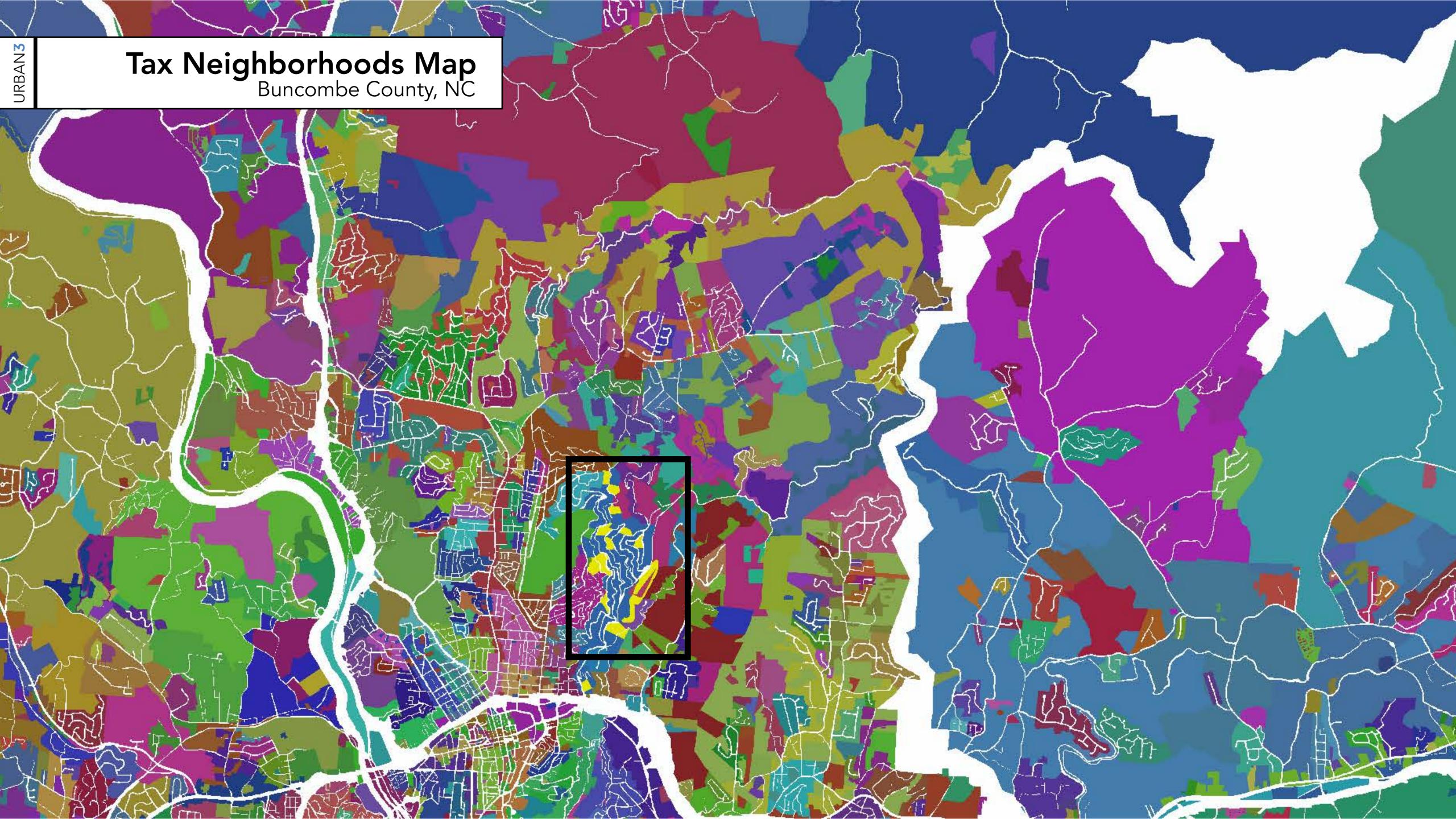


Source: Buncombe County, NC Data Year: 2021

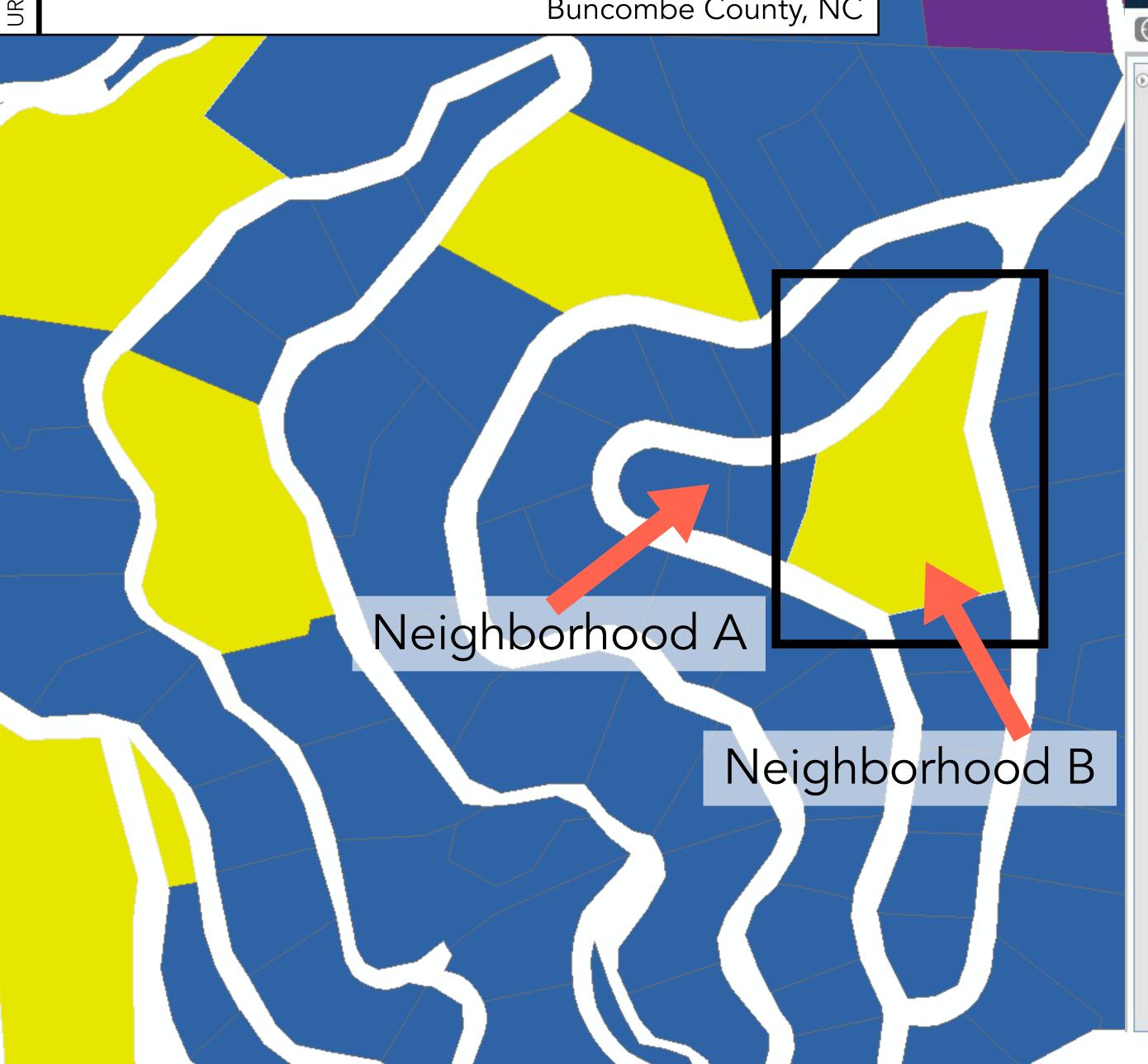
esri





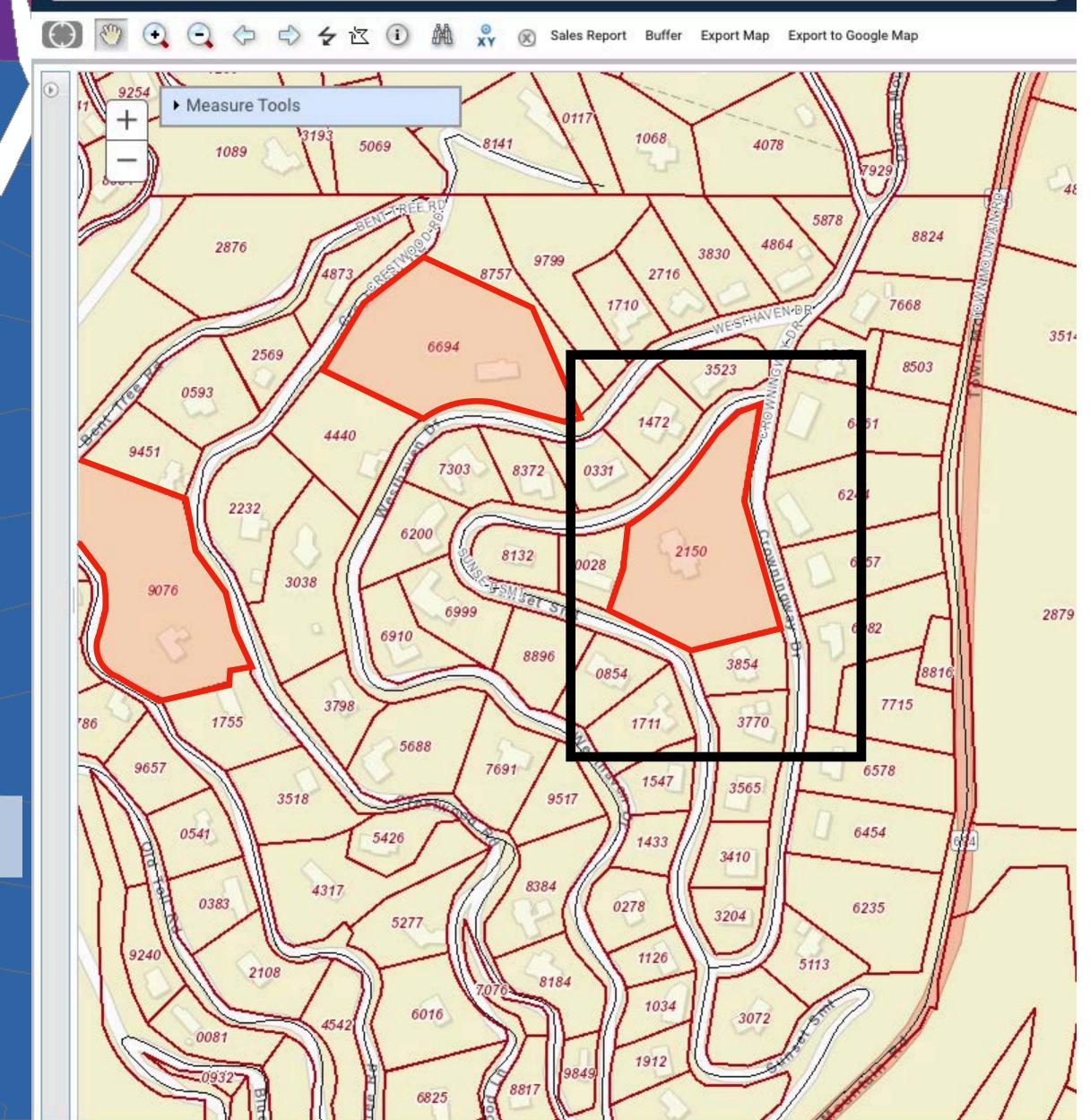


Tax Neighborhoods Map Versus Parcels Buncombe County, NC

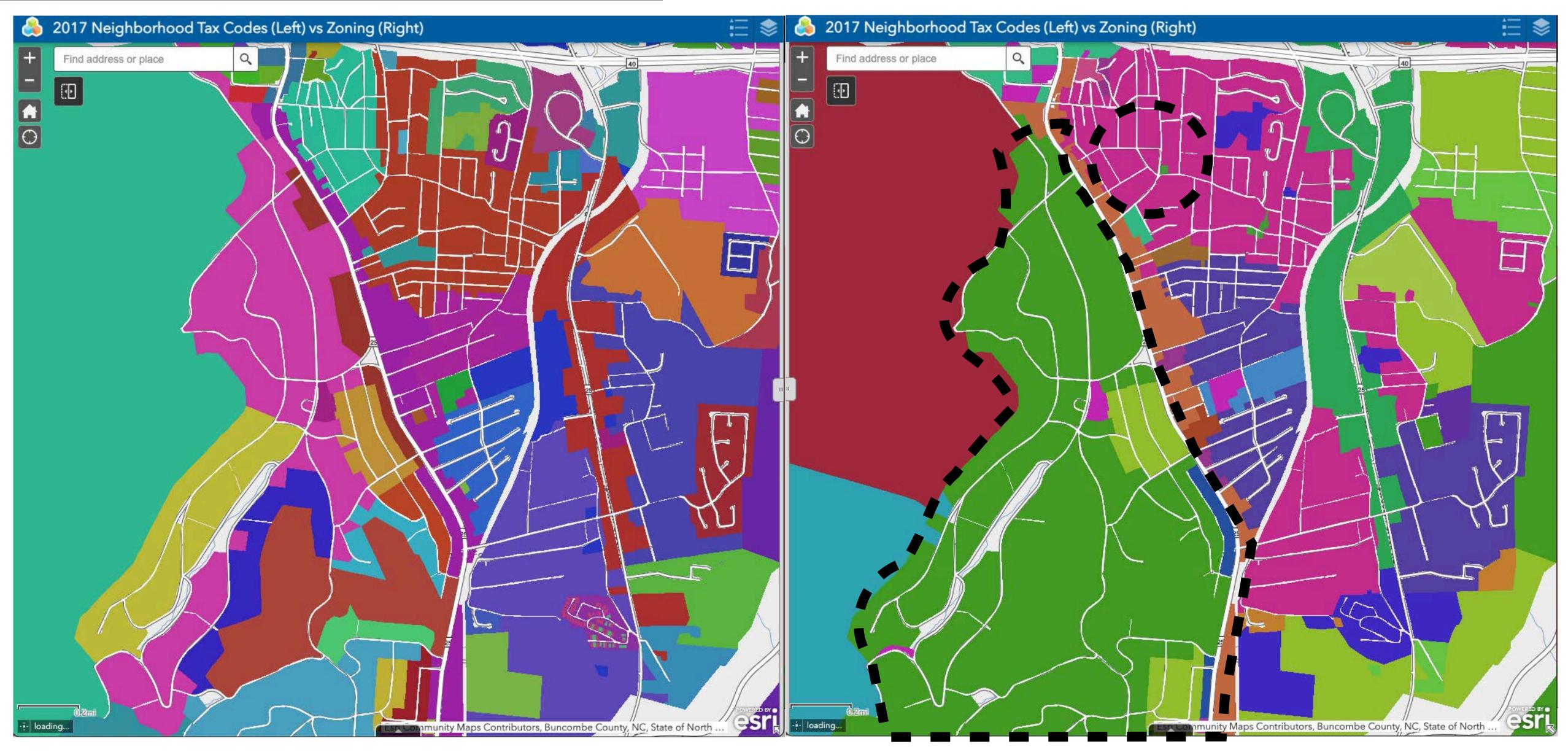


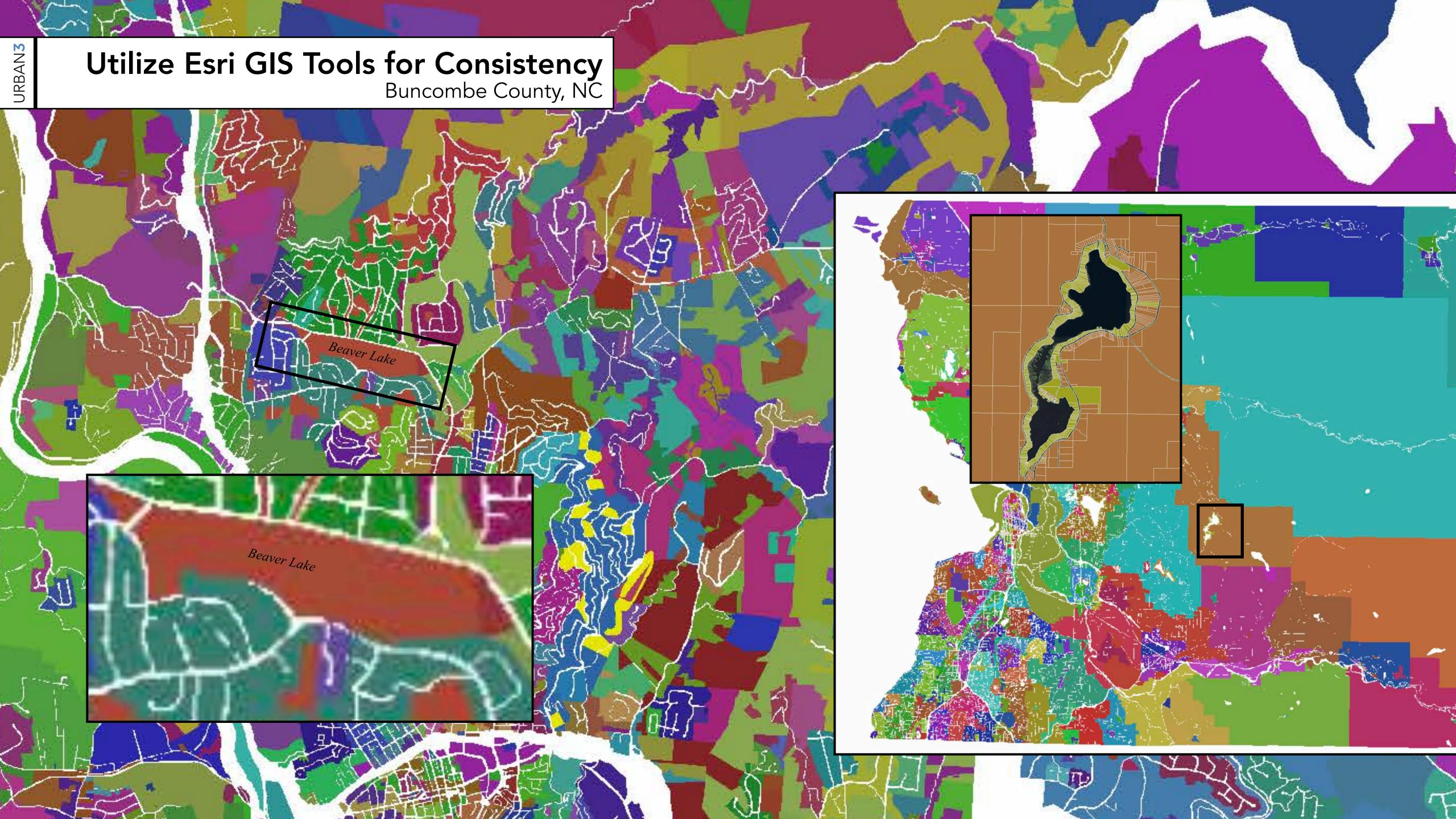


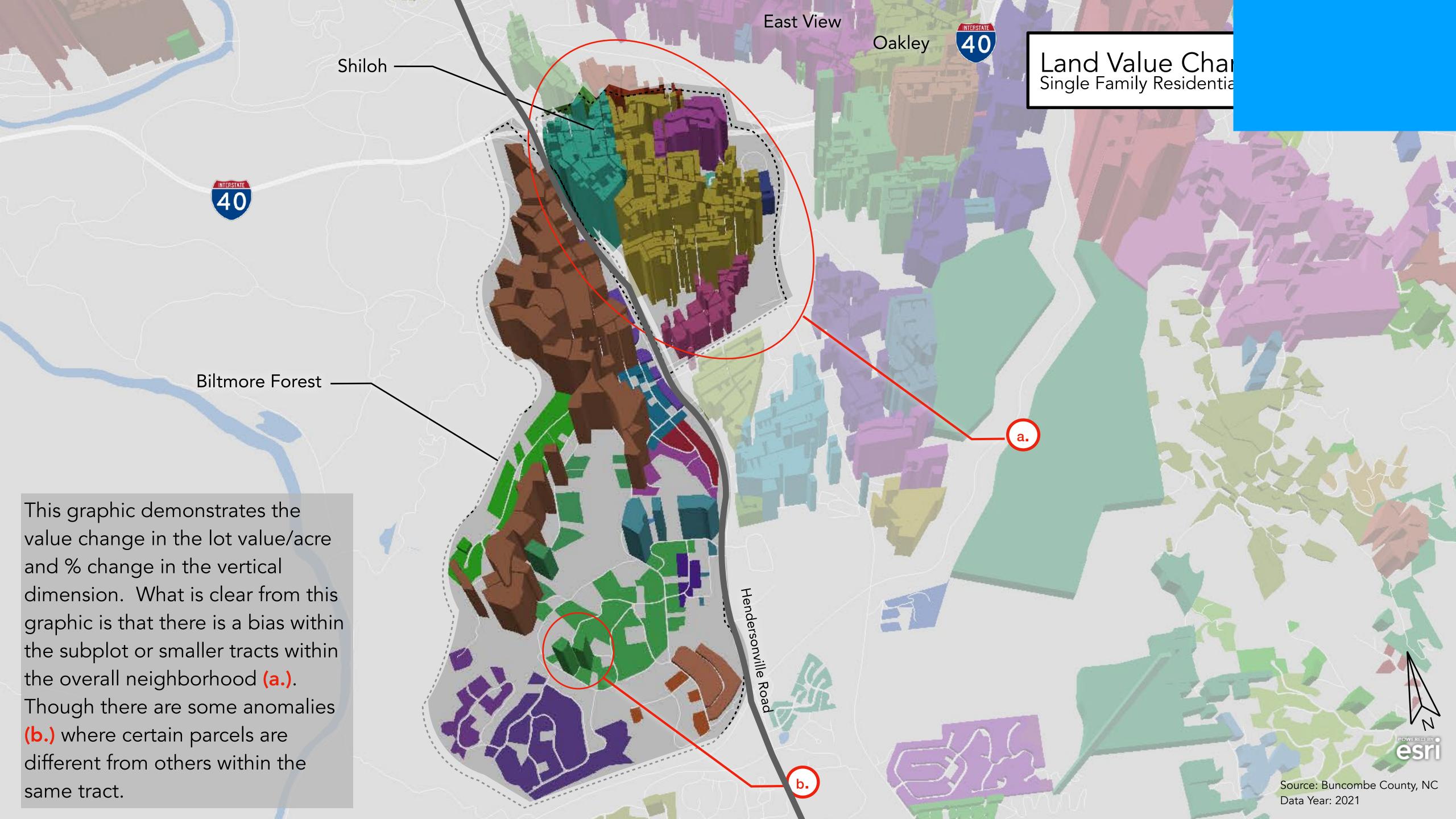
Search by: PIN, Address, Owner or Street Name



Utilize Esri GIS Tools for Consistency Buncombe County, NC







Finding:

Tax Code Maps have an impact, but so does application of standards.



Question:

Do we have a "biased" understanding of a 'market' transaction?



Buncombe Reassessment 2021:

Analyzing Short-term Rentals Affects of commercialization of residential units.



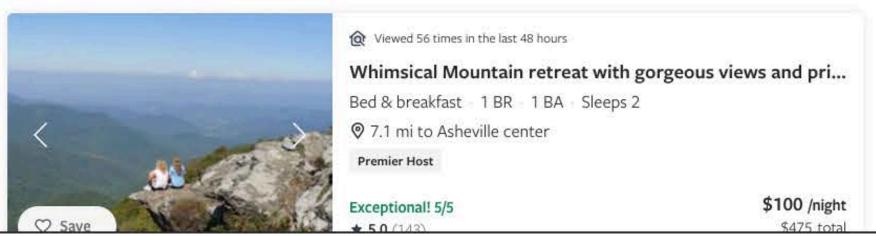
Three Approaches to Value

All appraisals are done using one or more of the three approaches to value which are based on the previously listed appraisal principles. The three approaches to value are: the sales comparison, cost, and income. However, these three approaches to value are not equally relevant to every type of property. For example, the income approach is not the best method for valuing single-family residential properties because they are not usually purchased for income production. Buyers primarily purchase single family residences for use as a home. The cost approach is not the best method to use in valuing vacant land or older construction. The cost approach uses replacement cost of new construction minus depreciation to value improvements. Therefore, it is not useful for vacant land valuation. Estimating the amount of depreciation on an older structure can also be difficult when using the cost approach to value due to its subjective nature. Finally, the sales comparison approach is not the best method for valuing special use property because of the lack of sales data in situations involving properties such as government buildings, schools, churches, or public parks.

Short Term Rental Analysis Buncombe County, NC

Travel safe: COVID-19 travel restrictions, including testing and quarantine, are changing rapidly. Check restrictions Willow List your Property Check In 09/15/21 Check Out 09/19/21 8 Guests Asheville, North Carolina, United St... Popular Price Rooms & spaces Craggy Gardens
Visitor Centel
Search when I move map 1003 1001 2123 Alexander Weaverville Book soon. 171 people are also looking at Asheville on your trip dates. 1620 [1394] 1607 1401 1 - 50 of 300+ Sort V 1625 1610 1620 Free cancellation until Aug 16 1622 1220 Leicester 306swcondo-asheville * Historic Art Deco S&W Bldg * Ce... 1647 Condo 1 BR 1 BA Sleeps 4 1000 Sq. Ft. 1002 [1607] 0.1 mi to Asheville center 1377 1367 Woodfin 2427 1302 63 1375 1367 1299 Black **★**\$275 /night Wonderful! 4.9/5

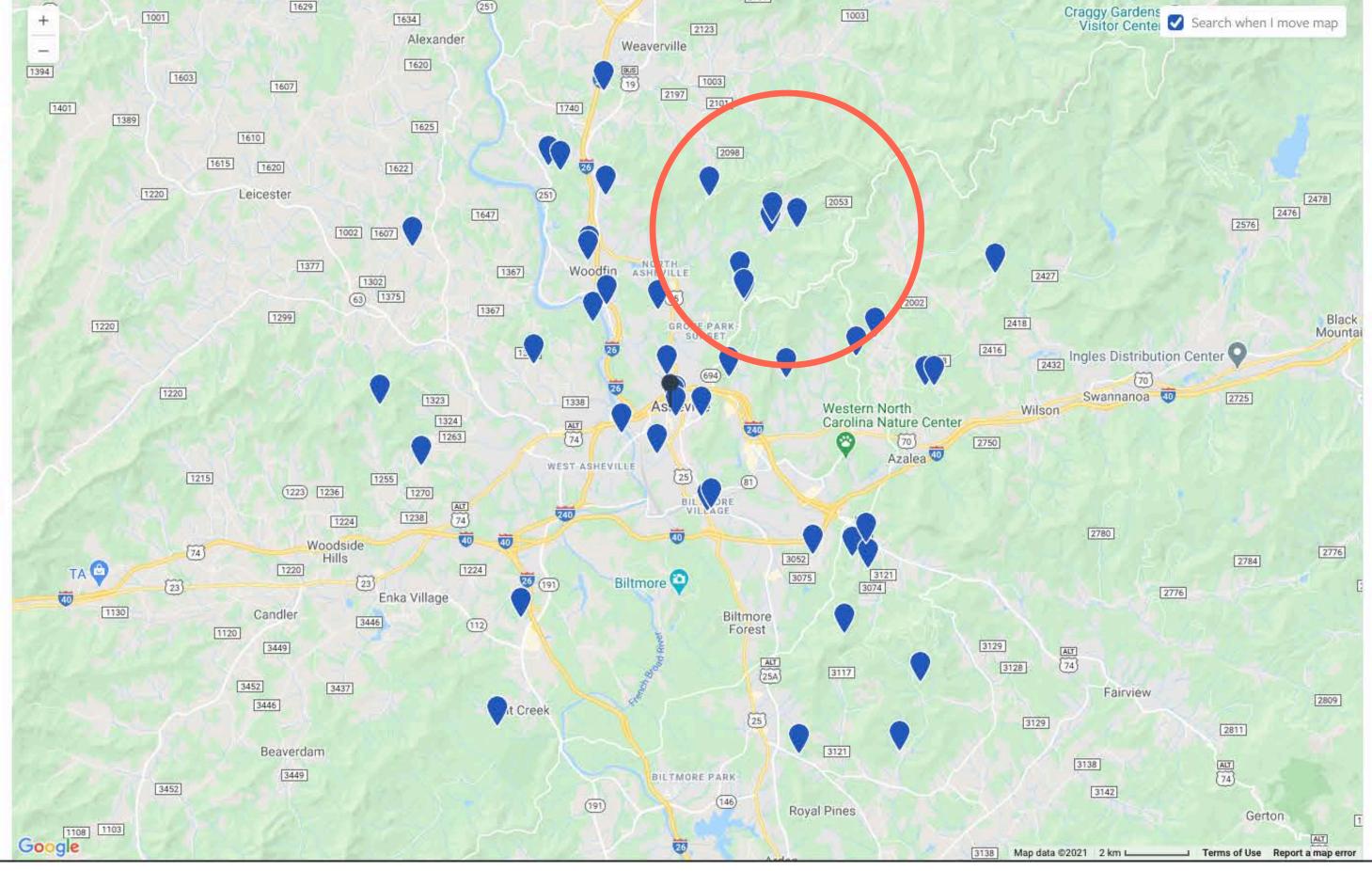




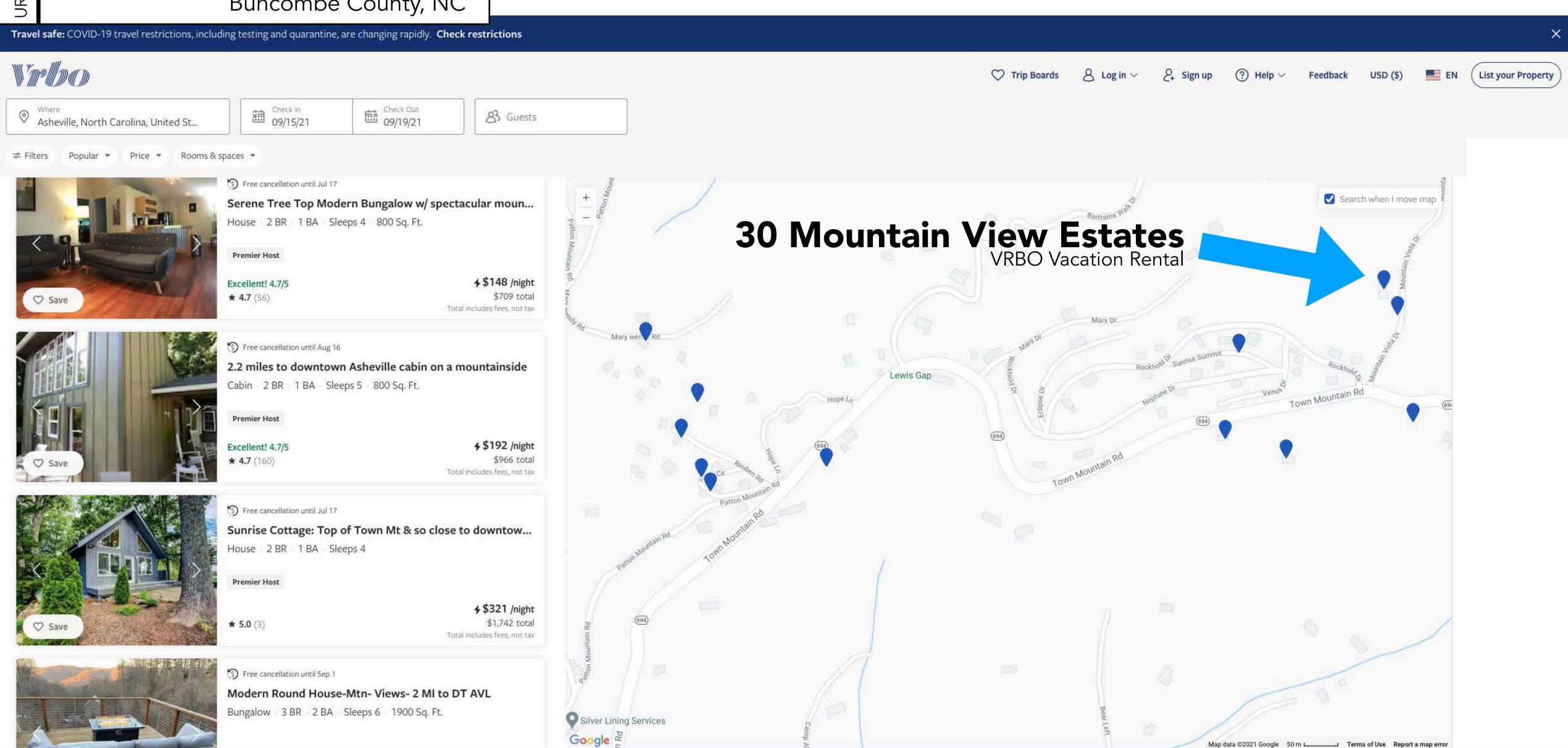
\$1,313 total

\$554 total

Total includes fees, not tax



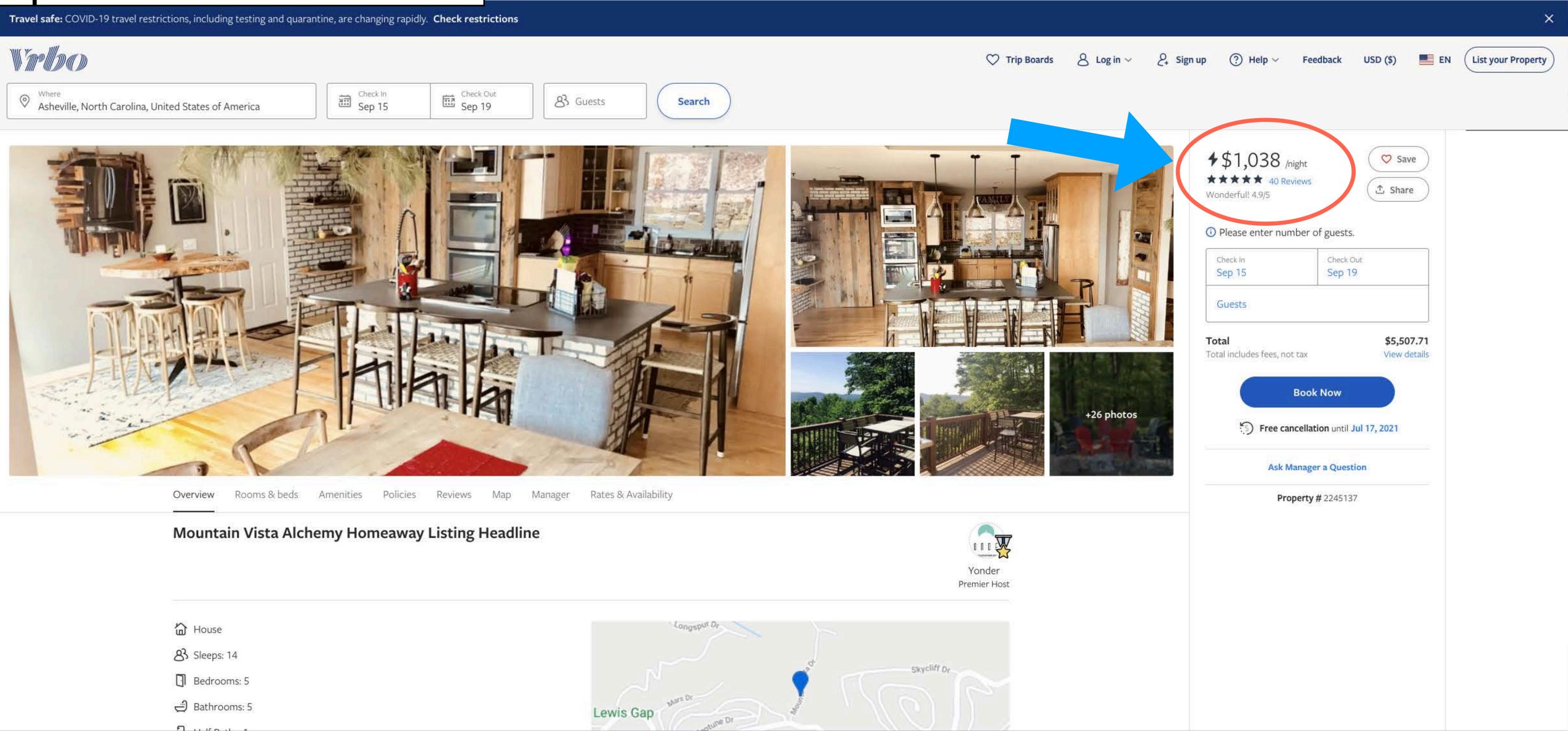
Short Term Rental Analysis Buncombe County, NC



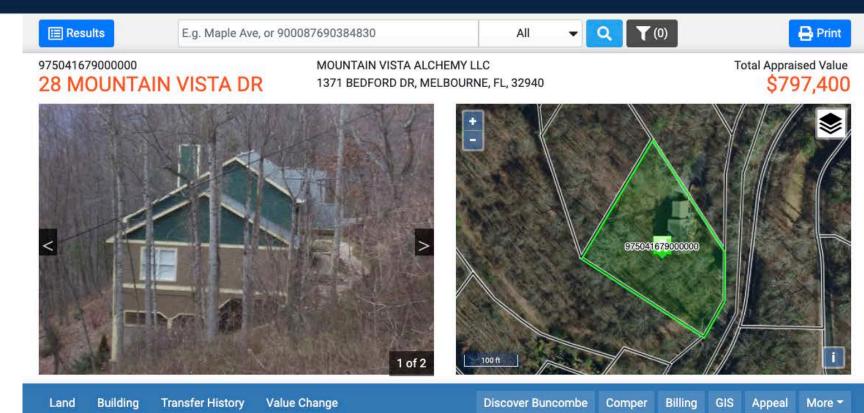


Short Term Rental Analysis Buncombe County, NC

30 Mountain View Estates VRBO Vacation Rental







→ TRANSFER HISTORY

Purchased in 2016,

TRANSFER DATE	♦	TRANSACTION PRICE	0	VALID SALE	٥	BOOK / PAGE	٥	DEED INSTRUMENT	•
2016-01-08		\$685,000		Not Qualified		5387-1996		WDT	
2003-11-25		\$495,000		Not Qualified		3474-684		WDT	
1998-09-25		\$300,000		Not Qualified		2050-106		WDT	
1997-12-18		\$0		Not Qualified		1999-712		WDT	
1996-05-20		\$76,000		Not Qualified		1906-683		WDT	
1996-01-23		\$46,000		Not Qualified		1889-127		WDT	

→ VALUE CHANGE HISTORY

DATE OF VALUE CHANGE	YEAR	REASON FOR CHANGE	LAND VALUE	BUILDING VALUE	FEATURES VALUE	NEW VALUE
2021-02-01	2021	RAPP REAPPRAISAL NOTICE	\$105,600	\$691,800	\$0	\$797,400
2017-01-27	2017	RAPP REAPPRAISAL NOTICE	\$105,600	\$591,100	\$0	\$696,700

▼ RECENT PERMIT ACTIVITY

Renovated the following month

PERMIT DATE PERMIT TYPE

02/22/2016 RESIDENTIAL RENOVATION

CO ISSUED

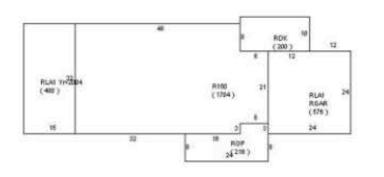
PERMIT STATUS

▼ LAND INFORMATION

ZONING	0	LAND USE COD	E o S	IZE NEIGHBORHOOD	ASSESSED VALU	E FLOODPLAIN
BEAVERDAM LO	W DENS	RES	1.1	15 acres MVWA	\$105,600	NO
	Assur	med as resid				Rating
		Key Infor	mation		Assessr	ment Details
Zoning	BDM		Neighborhood MVWA		Land Value	\$105,600
Land Use Code	RES		Municipality	-	Building Value	\$691,800
Fire District	FRC		Special Distric	t SAS	Features	\$0
Present Use	-		Appraisal Area	4953	Total Appraised Value	\$797,400
				Bryan.Andrews@buncom becounty.org	Deferred Value	\$0
Exemption	-	11		<u> </u>	Exempt Value	\$0
Legal Description	See non-Allering and	:01/08/2016 Deed ion:2 Plat:0036-00		bDiv:MOUNTAIN VIEW ESTATES	Total Taxable Value	\$797,400
Plat Reference	36-30					

→ BUILDING INFORMATION

Quality	CUST	Condition	GOOD
Building Type	CONTEMPORARY	Year Built	1996
Full Baths	2	Half Baths	1
Fireplaces	1	Story	1.50
Heat Type	HEAT WITH A/C	Green Certification	
Style	CONTEMPORARY	Base	3612
Bedrooms	3	Deck	200
Patio	0	Carport	0
Garage	576	Utility	0
Unfinished Basement	0	Finished Basement	0
Porch	216	Building Value	\$691,800



NC General Statutes: Article 19

Administration of Real and Personal Property Appraisal § 105-317. Appraisal of real property; adoption of schedules, standards, and rules.

(a) Whenever any real property is appraised it shall be the duty of the persons making appraisals:

Land

(1) In determining the true value of land, to consider as to each tract, parcel, or lot separately listed at least its advantages and disadvantages as to location; zoning; quality of soil; waterpower; water privileges; dedication as a nature preserve; conservation or preservation agreements; mineral, quarry, or other valuable deposits; fertility; adaptability for agricultural, timber-producing, commercial, industrial, or other uses; past income; probable future income; and any other factors that may affect its value except growing crops of a seasonal or annual nature.

Building

- (2) In determining the true value of a building or other improvement, to consider at least its location; type of construction; age; replacement cost; cost adaptability for residence, commercial, industrial, or other uses; past income; probable future income and any other factors that may affect its value.
- (3) To appraise partially completed buildings in accordance with the degree of completion on January 1.



URBAN3

Short Term Rental Analysis Buncombe County, NC

Standard on Mass Appraisal of Real Property

Approved July 2017

International Association of Assessing Officers

This standard replaces the January 2012 Standard on Mass Appraisal of Real Property and is a complete revision. The 2012 Standard on Mass Appraisal of Real Property was a partial revision that replaced the 2002 standard. The 2002 standard combined and replaced the 1983 Standard on the Application of the Three Approaches to Value in Mass Appraisal, the 1984 Standard on Mass Appraisal, and the 1988 Standard on Urban Land Valuation. IAAO assessment standards represent a consensus in the assessing profession and have been adopted by the Executive Board of IAAO. The objective of IAAO standards is to provide a systematic means by which concerned assessing officers can improve and standardize the operation of their offices. IAAO standards are advisory in nature and the use of, or compliance with, such standards is purely voluntary. If any portion of these standards is found to be in conflict with the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice (USPAP) or state laws, USPAP and state laws shall govern.

Published by International Association of Assessing Officers 314 W 10th St Kansas City, MO 64105-1616

phone: 816.701.8100 fax: 816.701.8149 toll-free: 800.616.4226 web site: www.iaao.org

ISBN 978-0-88329-2075

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Source: IAAO Standards on Mass Appraisal

Approved: 2017

4.6 Considerations by Property Type

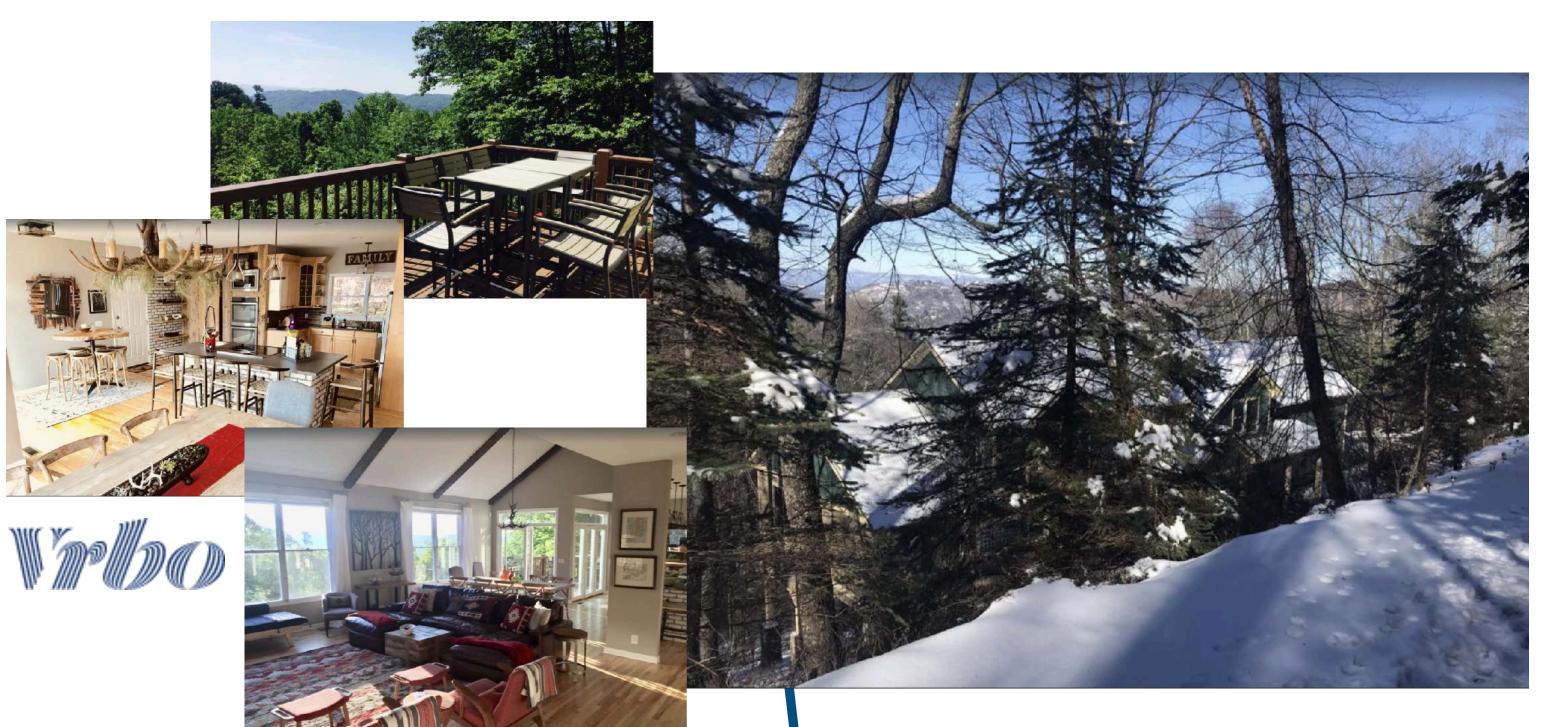
The appropriateness of each valuation approach varies with the type of property under consideration. Table 1 ranks the relative usefulness of the three approaches in the mass appraisal of major types of properties. The table assumes that there are no major statutory barriers to using all three approaches or to obtaining cost, sales, and income data. Although relying only on the single best approach for a given type of property can have advantages in terms of efficiency and consistency, the use of two or more approaches provides helpful cross-checks and flexibility and can thus produce greater accuracy, particularly for less typical properties.

Table 1. Rank of typical usefulness of the three approaches to value in the mass appraisal of major types of property

Type of Property	Cost Approach	Sales Comparison Approach	Income Approach
Single-family	2	1	3
residential			
Multifamily residential	3	1,2	1,2
Commercial	3	2	1
Industrial	1,2	3	1, 2
Nonagricultural land	_	1	2
Agriculturala	_	2	1
Special-purpose ^b	1	2,3	2,3

^a Includes farm, ranch, and forest properties.

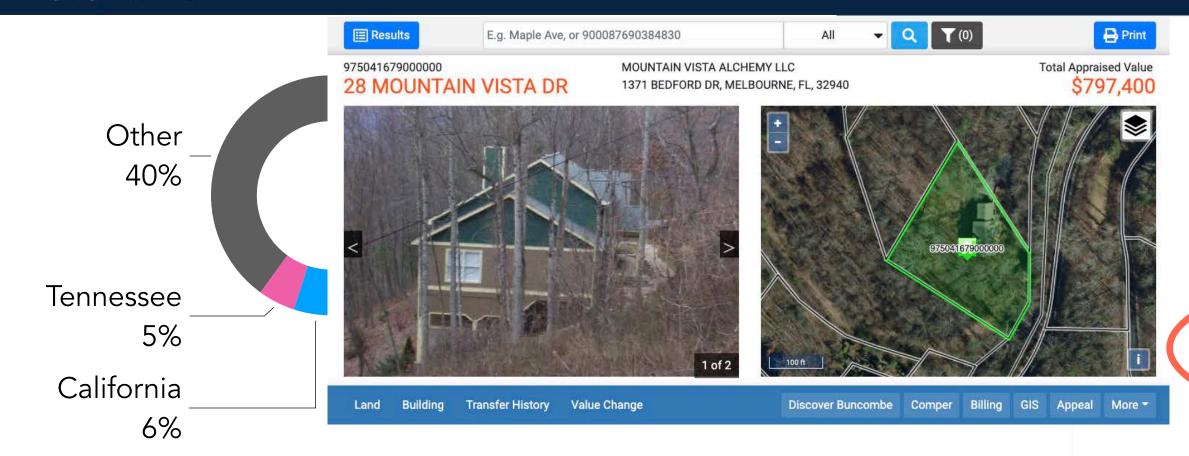
^b Includes institutional, governmental, and recreation properties.





2021	28 Mountain Vista Drive	68 Courtland	% Difference to VRBO
Acres	1.15	0.18	639%
Renovation Year	2016	1930 (?)	
Land Value	\$105,600	\$90,900	116%
Taxable Value	\$797,400	\$387,700	206%
Value/Acre	\$693,391	\$1,938,500	36%
Building/sq.ft.	\$192	\$127	151%
Land Value/Acre	\$91,826	\$497,222	18%
Value/Lot	\$45,913	\$62,153	74%
Percent Change	114%	119%	96%
County Taxes/Acre	\$3,668	\$10,255	36%
Annual Income @ 70% Occupancy	\$258,670	\$0	

Buncombe County Assessment Property Record Search



Out of State Ownership

		-		EED INSTRUMENT	
2016-01-08	\$685,000	Not Qualified	5387-1996	WDT	
2003-11-25	\$495,000	Not Qualified	3474-684	WDT	
1998-09-25	\$300,000	Not Qualified	2050-106	WDT	
1997-12-18	\$0	Not Qualified	1999-712	WDT	
1996-05-20	\$76,000	Not Qualified	1906-683	WDT	
1996-01-23	\$46,000	Not Qualified	1889-127	WDT	

→ VALUE CHANGE HISTORY

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2021-02-01	2021	RAPP REAPPRAISAL NOTICE	\$105,600	\$691,800	\$0	\$797,400
2017-01-27	2017	RAPP REAPPRAISAL NOTICE	\$105,600	\$591,100	\$0	\$696,700

▼ RECENT PERMIT ACTIVITY

PERMIT DATE	 PERMIT TYPE 	PERMIT STATUS	•
02/22/2016	RESIDENTIAL RENOVATION	CO ISSUED	

▼ LAND INFORMATION

ZONING	0	LAND USE CODE	۰	SIZE	0	NEIGHBORHOOD	9	ASSESSED VALUE	0	FLOODPLAIN	0
BEAVERDAM LOW DENS		RES		1.15 acre	s	MVWA		\$105,600		NO	

Rating

Assessment Details

\$0

\$0

\$0

Total Taxable Value \$797,400

Land Value

Features

Building Value

Total Appraised

Deferred Value

Exempt Value

\$105,600

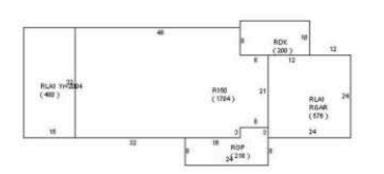
\$691,800

\$797,400

		Key Information	
Zoning	BDM	Neighborhood	MVWA
Land Use Code	RES	Municipality	
Fire District	FRO	Special District	SAS
Present Use	-	Appraisal Area	Bryan Andrews 828-250- 4953 Bryan.Andrews@buncom becounty.org
Exemption	5		
Legal Description	Deed Date:01/08/ Lot:1 Section:2 P	/2016 Deed:5387-1996 SubDiv lat:0036-0030	v:MOUNTAIN VIEW ESTATES
Plat Reference	36-30		

→ BUILDING INFORMATION

Quality	CUST	Condition	GOOD
Building Type	CONTEMPORARY	Year Built	1996
Full Baths	2	Half Baths	1
Fireplaces	1	Story	1.50
Heat Type	HEAT WITH A/C	Green Certification	
Style	CONTEMPORARY	Base	3612
Bedrooms	3	Deck	200
Patio	0	Carport	0
Garage	576	Utility	0
Unfinished Basement	0	Finished Basement	0
Porch	216	Building Value	\$691,800





Department of State / Division of Corporations / Search Records / Search by Entity Name /

Previous On List Next On List Return to List

mountain vista alchemy Search

Events No Name History

Detail by Entity Name

Florida Limited Liability Company MOUNTAIN VISTA ALCHEMY LLC

Filing Information

Document L15000199690 81-0980751 **FEI/EIN Number Date Filed** 11/30/2015 12/01/2015 **Effective Date** FL State **Status ACTIVE** Last Event

REINSTATEMENT **Event Date Filed** 10/22/2016

Principal Address

801 Canal Street

New Smyrna Beach, FL 32168

Changed: 04/27/2021

Registered Agent Name & Address

TIGGER LLC 801 Canal Street

New Smyrna Beach, FL 32168

Name Changed: 10/22/2016

Address Changed: 04/27/2021

<u>Authorized Person(s) Detail</u>

Name & Address

Title MMGR

ARTEAGA, DAVID 801 Canal Street

New Smyrna Beach, FL 32168

Title MMGR

WOODS, BERNADETTE

801 Canal Street

New Smyrna Beach, FL 32168

Annual Reports

Report Year	Filed Date	
2019	02/13/2019	
2020	05/01/2020	
2021	04/27/2021	



Department of State / Division of Corporations / Search F

Previous On List Next On List

Return to List

ACTIVE

No Events No Name History

Detail by Entity Name

Florida Limited Liability Company TIGGER LLC

Filing Information

L12000065709 **Document Number** FEI/EIN Number 45-5319749 **Date Filed** 05/17/2012 FL State

Principal Address

801 Canal Street

Status

New Smyrna Beach, FL 32168

Changed: 04/27/2021

Mailing Address

801 Canal Street

New Smyrna Beach, FL 32168

Changed: 04/27/2021

Registered Agent Name & Address

David, Arteaga 801 Canal Street New Smyrna Beach, FL 32168

Name Changed: 02/13/2019

Address Changed: 04/27/2021

Authorized Person(s) Detail

Name & Address

Title MGRM

ARTEAGA, DAVID 801 Canal Street

New Smyrna Beach, FL 32168

Annual Reports

Report Year	Filed Date	
2019	02/13/2019	
2020	05/01/2020	
2021	04/27/2021	



Department of State / Division of Corporations / Search Records / Search by Officer or Registered Agent /

Tigger Llc **Next List** Search

Officer/Registered Agent Name List

Officer/Registered Agent Name List			
Officer/RA Name	Entity Name	Entity Number	
TIGGER LLC	BEACHFRONT ALCHEMY LLC	L14000169592	
TIGGER LLC	FACE WRAP SYSTEM LLC	L15000075129	
TIGGER LLC	MOUNTAIN VISTA ALCHEMY LLC	L15000199690	
TIGGER LLC	BAYVIEW ALCHEMY LLC	L16000168180	
TIGGER LLC	OCEANFRONT ALCHEMY LLC	L16000215356	
TIGGER LLC	ASHEVILLE MOUNTAIN ALCHEMY LLC	L17000208591	
TIGGER LLC	CARDINAL HOUSE ALCHEMY LLC	L18000194279	
TIGGER LLC	HISTORIC ALCHEMY INN LLC	L19000063700	
TIGGER LLC	ALCHEMY GETAWAYS LLC	L19000272557	
TIGGER LLC	MOUNTAIN RIVER ALCHEMY LLC	L20000101381	
TIGGER LLC	MAIN STREET ALCHEMY LLC	L22000062868	
TIGGES, CHRISTINA	LYNX REALTY, LLC	L13000029943	
TIGGES, CHRISTINA	LYNX REALTY, LLC	L13000029943	
TIGGES, JANET	PRIMAVERA, INC.	K49676	
TIGGES, JEFF	THE TREETOPS AT NORTH FORTY HOMEOWNERS' ASSOCIATION, INC.	N30201	
TIGGES, LINDA	LENOVO GLOBAL TECHNOLOGY (UNITED STATES) INC.	F16000003722	
TIGGES, LINDA	LENOVO GLOBAL TECHNOLOGY (UNITED STATES) INC.	F16000003722	
TIGGES, MALISSA E	FAMILY FORENSIC SERVICES OF FLORIDA, LLC	L22000045565	
TIGGES, MALISSA E DR.	FAMILY FORENSIC SERVICES OF FLORIDA, LLC	L22000045565	
TIGGES, PETER	PRIMAVERA, LTD.	A29085	

y fi in (321) 652-3131 | sales@facewrapsystem.com



CHECKOUT ACCOUNT

CONTACT

About FaceWrap System

Learn About Us





Mikaela Marketing



Learn About FaceWrap

FaceWrap System exists for one reason; to promote healing recovery and reliable pain management for those suffering from jaw pain. As a small family business, FaceWrap System strives to be impeccable in each aspect of our business dealings and patient interaction. We recognize that pain, both chronic and post-operative, is debilitating and discouraging. We strive to help people heal and manage pain naturally and consistently so that they can get back to their lives as quickly as possible.

We take the most innovative material for insulation and flexibility and turn it into an adaptable hands-free recovery system. We do it with care and consideration for our customers. We make our products available to oral surgery professionals and individual consumers alike, because we believe that everyone suffering from jaw pain, deserves the surgical standard for recovery. Our reusable nylon re-therm packs will continue to bring you comfort long after the initial wisdom tooth surgery or jaw pain incident.

We strive to prioritize quality materials, artful engineering and time tested information to craft the ultimate healing experience.





Meet Our Management Team

The FaceWrap Team Here to Help You!



Robin **Fulfillment**



Dr. Bernadette Woods

Co-Founder



"Tig"

Co-Founder



Home

Vacation Rentals

Availability

About Us

Contact Us

Blog

Q

About Us

Home / About Us

Alchemy Getaways started with a spark in 2014 when owners Dave and Bernadette dreamed of living on the beach in New Smyrna, FL. That dream, now a reality, has expanded to offering renovated, luxury properties in: New Smyrna Beach, FL, Asheville, NC, and Brigantine, NJ. Our aim is to offer luxury, scenic vacation rentals to families and friends where they can experience rejuvenation, togetherness and, create meaningful memories in their home away from home.

We feel very fortunate to be part of the short-term vacation rental trend. There are several things that set us apart. Property location selection is fundamental to a memorable experience. We select our properties only in the places we love. We then design and furnish them to be cozy and inviting. Most importantly, we add the small details of warm, personal, hospitality. We can't wait for you to be our guest.





Home

Vacation Rentals

Availa

Asheville North Carolina Vacation Rentals

Arriving

Nights

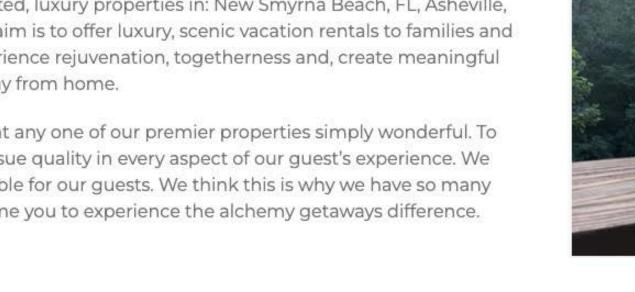
Location

Bedrooms

Your Perfect Getaway Awaits!

Alchemy Getaways started with a spark in 2014 when owners Dave and Bernadette dreamed of living on the beach in New Smyrna, FL. That dream, now a reality, has expanded to offering renovated, luxury properties in: New Smyrna Beach, FL, Asheville, NC, and Brigantine, NJ. Our aim is to offer luxury, scenic vacation rentals to families and friends where they can experience rejuvenation, togetherness and, create meaningful memories in their home away from home.

We hope to make your stay at any one of our premier properties simply wonderful. To that end, we relentlessly pursue quality in every aspect of our guest's experience. We are engaged with and available for our guests. We think this is why we have so many returning visitors. We welcome you to experience the alchemy getaways difference.





New Smyrna Beach, FL

New Smyrna beach is one of Florida's hidden secrets. It is the second oldest city in Florida and is located south of Daytona Beach. On the world-class Bethune Beach, enjoy the surf, large beaches, and experience nature. Watch sunrises from under the tiki hut on the expansive decks that lead down to the ocean.

View New Smyrna Rentals□



Asheville, NC

Experience the creative energy of downtown Asheville's vibrant music, outdoor cafes, boutiques, art galleries and breweries. Explore hiking the many trails of the Blue Ridge Mountains, Kayak the French Broad River or Ski. Asheville is a mountain paradise and voted recently as one of the most beautiful places in America.

View Asheville Rentals□



LEARN MORE

BOOK NOW





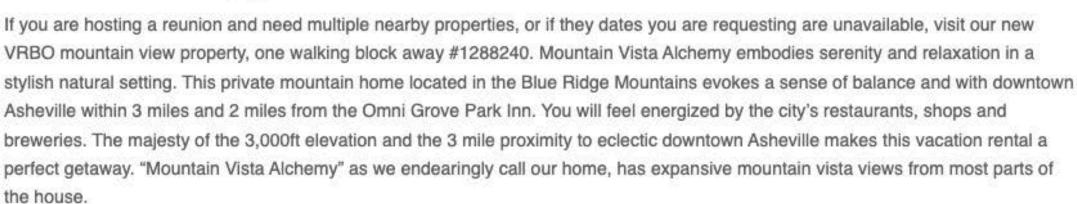
BATHROOMS

or just a respite in the Mountains.



PET FRIENDLY?





Panoramic Mountain Views Renovated Luxury Secluded Retreat, 5 min from Asheville

Asheville Mountain Alchemy is making its premiere to VRBO, March 09 2018. It is conveniently located one block from its sister

with ample seating and a Weber grill. Enjoy the fire pit gathering area for a true mountain experience. This vacation rental boasts

RENTAL TYPE

House

location, location, location. You will experience total serenity and peace in this woods-like setting amidst the panoramic views of the

Majestic Blue Ridge Mountains, while being minutes to downtown Asheville. This home is perfect for family gathering, a friends retreat

property VRBO # 831482 . The close proximity of the two properties is ideal for large family get togethers . Asheville Mountain Alchemy

is a 5 bedroom / 4 bathroom Modern rustic retreat. It features top of the line amenities, two outdoor decks overlooking the mountains,

BOOK NOW



Brigar

miles fro

Jersey. I

crowde

to be

beach

Only

excit

View E

of the





RENTAL TYPE House





BOOK NOW LEARN MORE

Bungalow /River Arts/French Broad River

Location: As for Upstream Cottage, this private home is located just outside downtown Asheville, overlooking the French Broad River and the Biltmore Estate property; an easy 5 minutes to downtown Asheville, the Biltmore Estate, Shopping in Biltmore Village, the River Arts District and Haywood Road with its energetic collection of restaurants and shops! At Upstream Cottage, you are within walking distance to Climbmax climbing gym and several coffee shops as well as river access to float the river with shuttles available by Asheville Outdoor Center located just down the street and rentals through Zen tubing. You can even enjoy a relaxing float to the newly opened New Belgium brewery located just around the corner. You are only 15 minutes to Asheville Regional airport. You are essentially close to 'everything' in and around Asheville. The home is accessed via only paved roads.



BEDROOMS



BATHROOMS 2.5

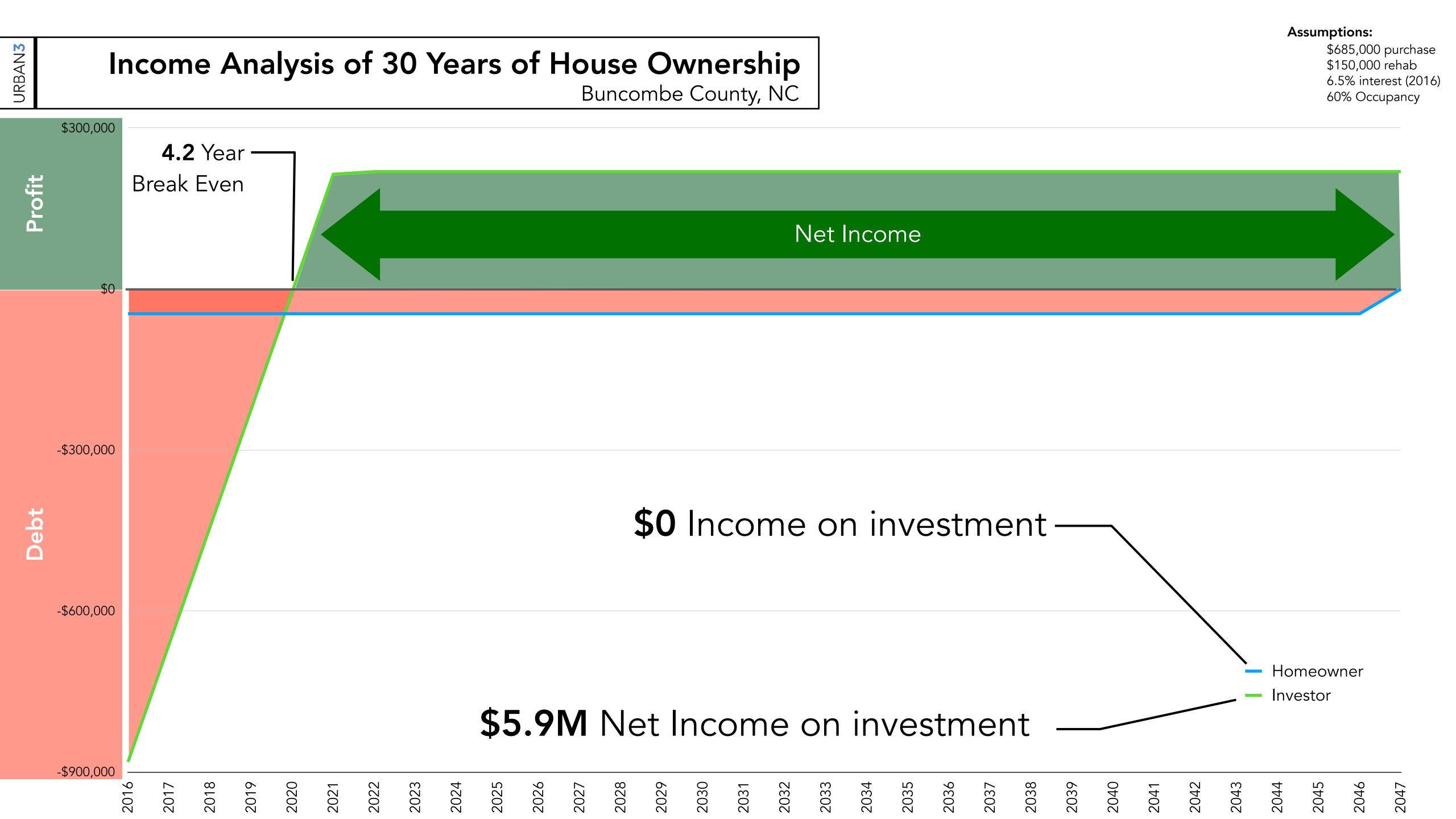


RENTAL TYPE House

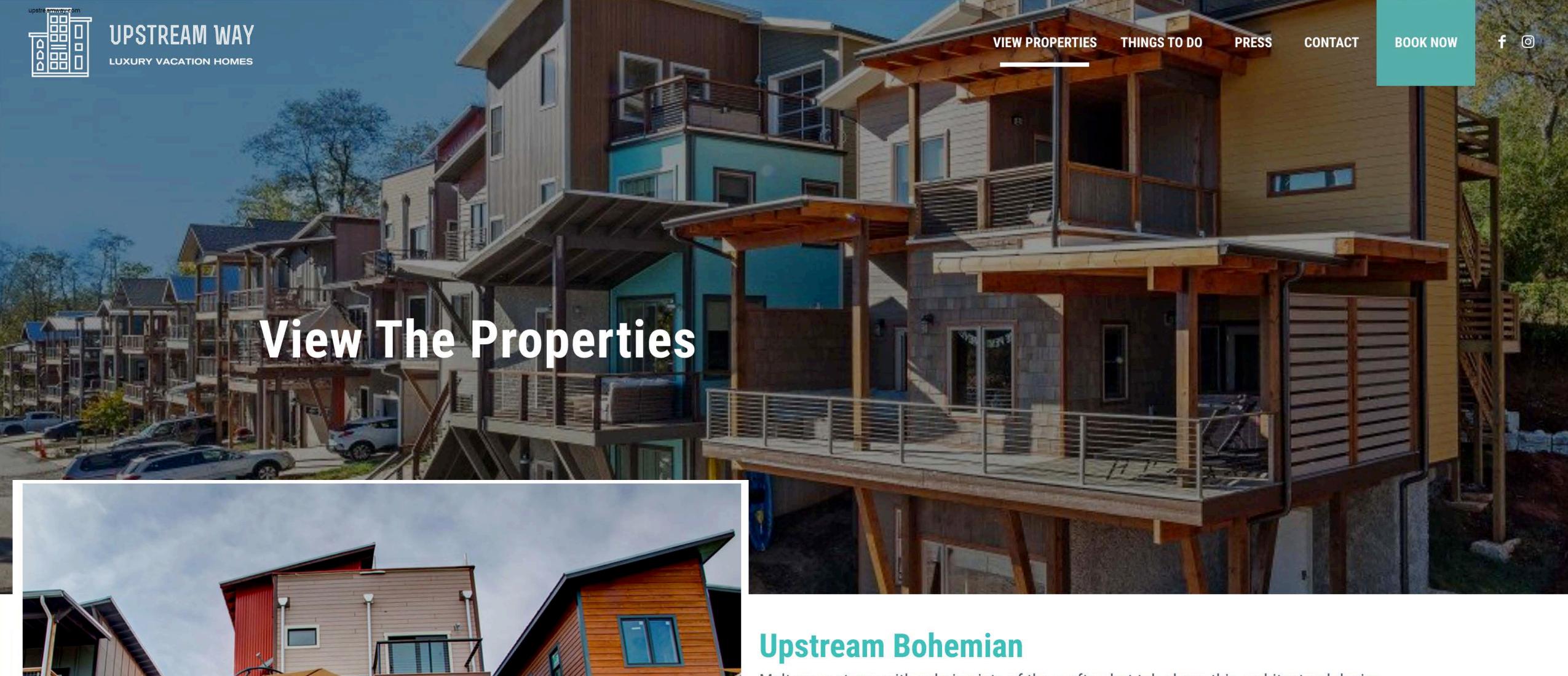


PET FRIENDLY? No

Source: https://alchemygetaways.com/







Melt away stress with calming jets of the rooftop hot tub above this architectural design home. The eco-friendly residence features natural wood and stone finishes throughout, contrasting textures and patterns, and an outdoor dining space. Have Questions? Talk with us.

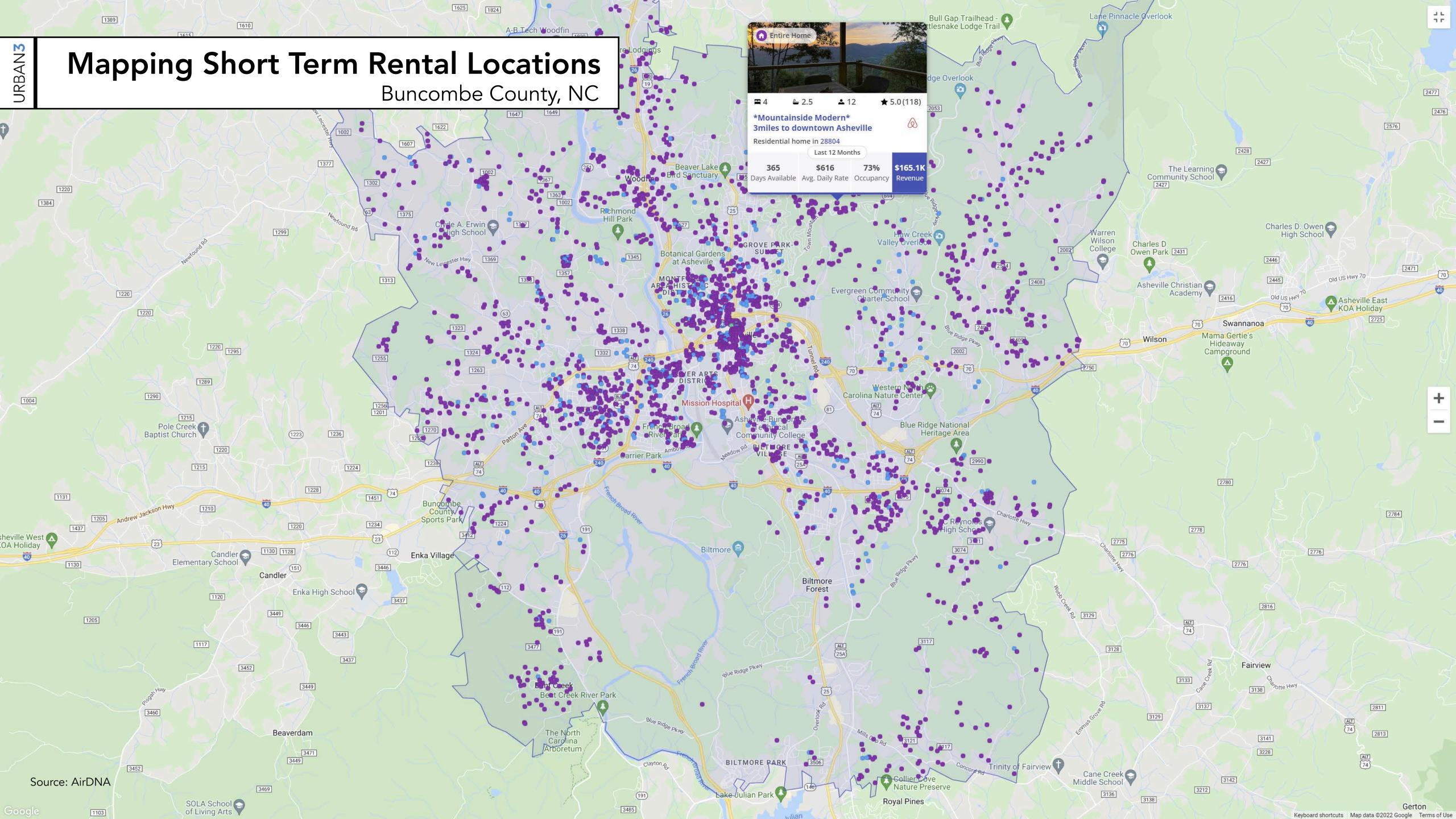
16+ guests · 5 bedrooms · 11 beds · 5 baths

VIEW DETAILS ▶

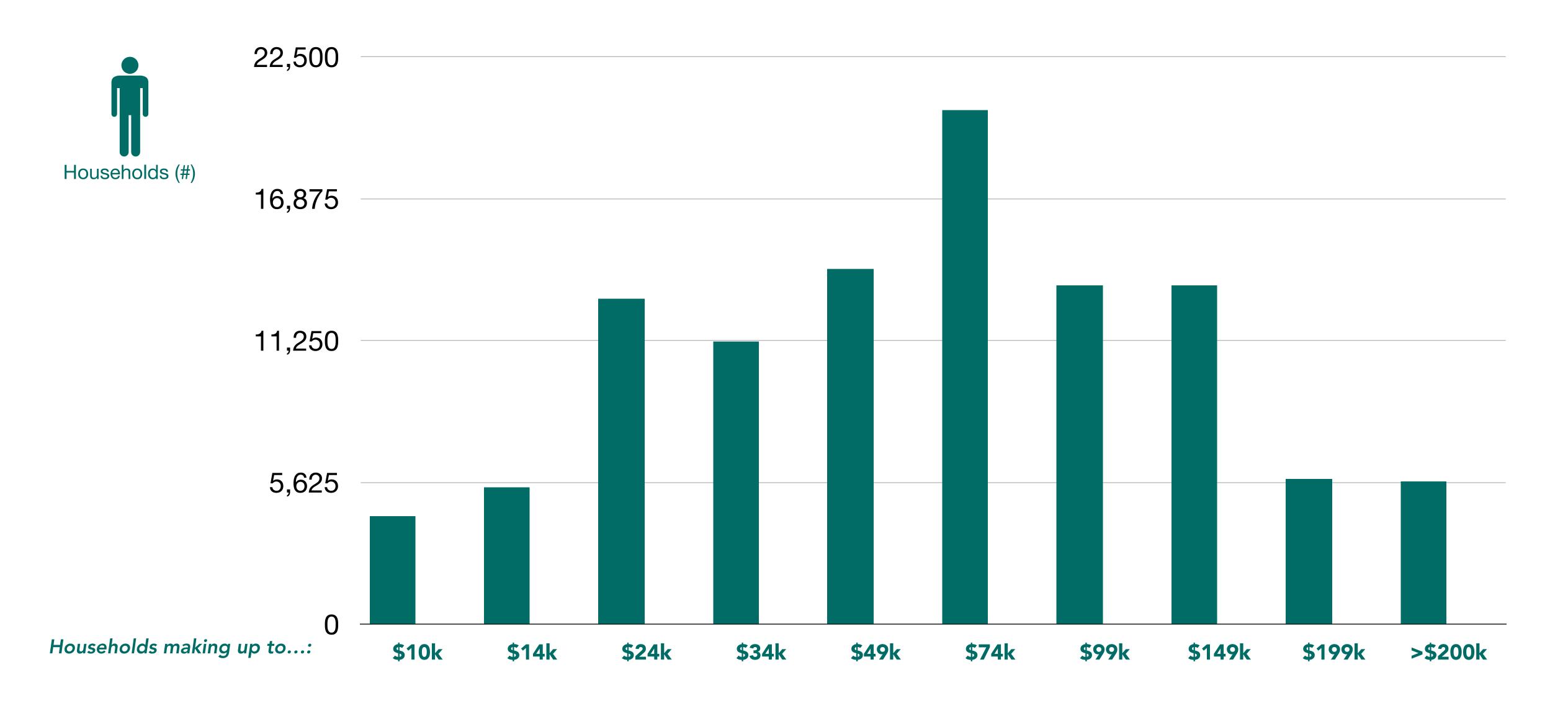
Upstream Bohemian

TAKE THE VIRTUAL TOUR >

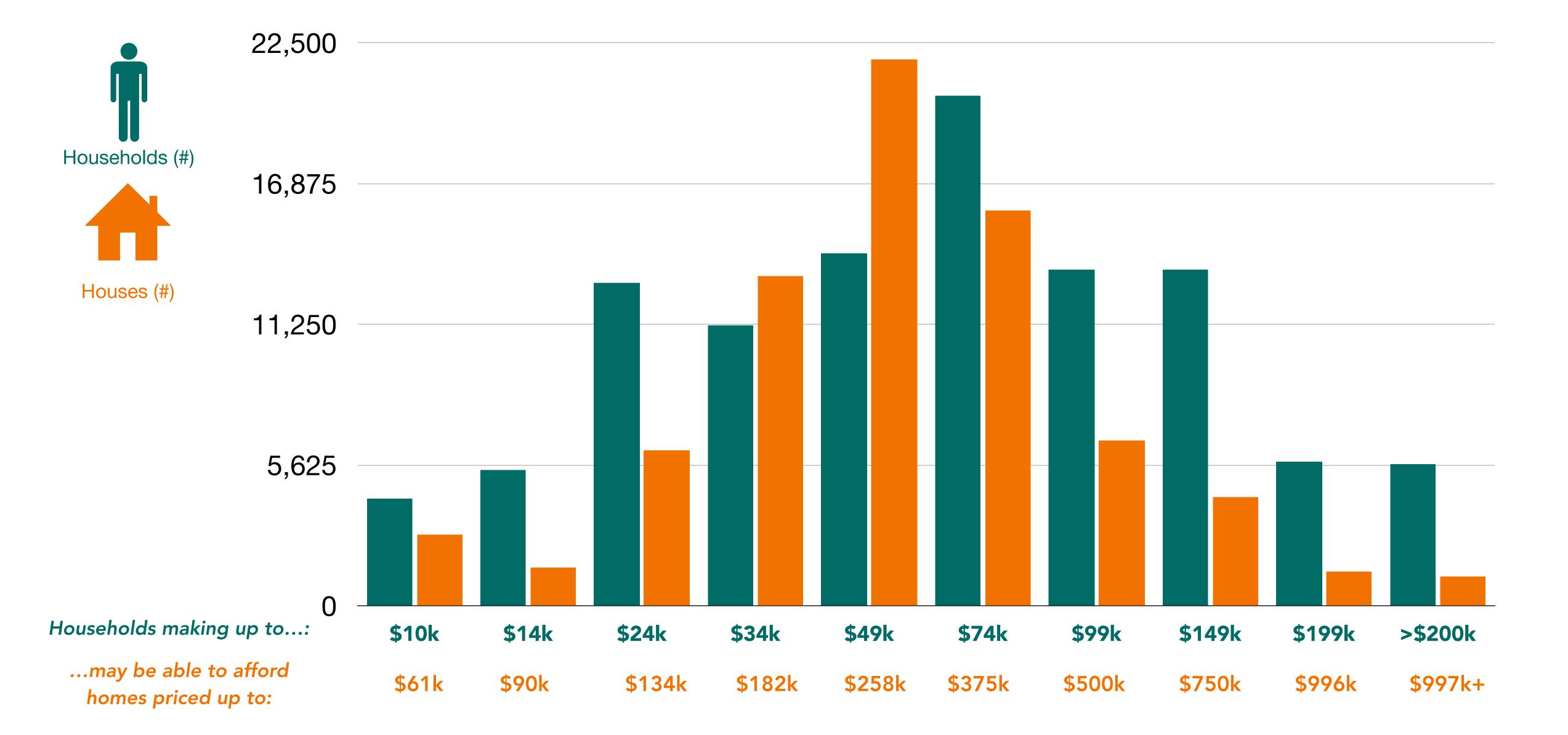


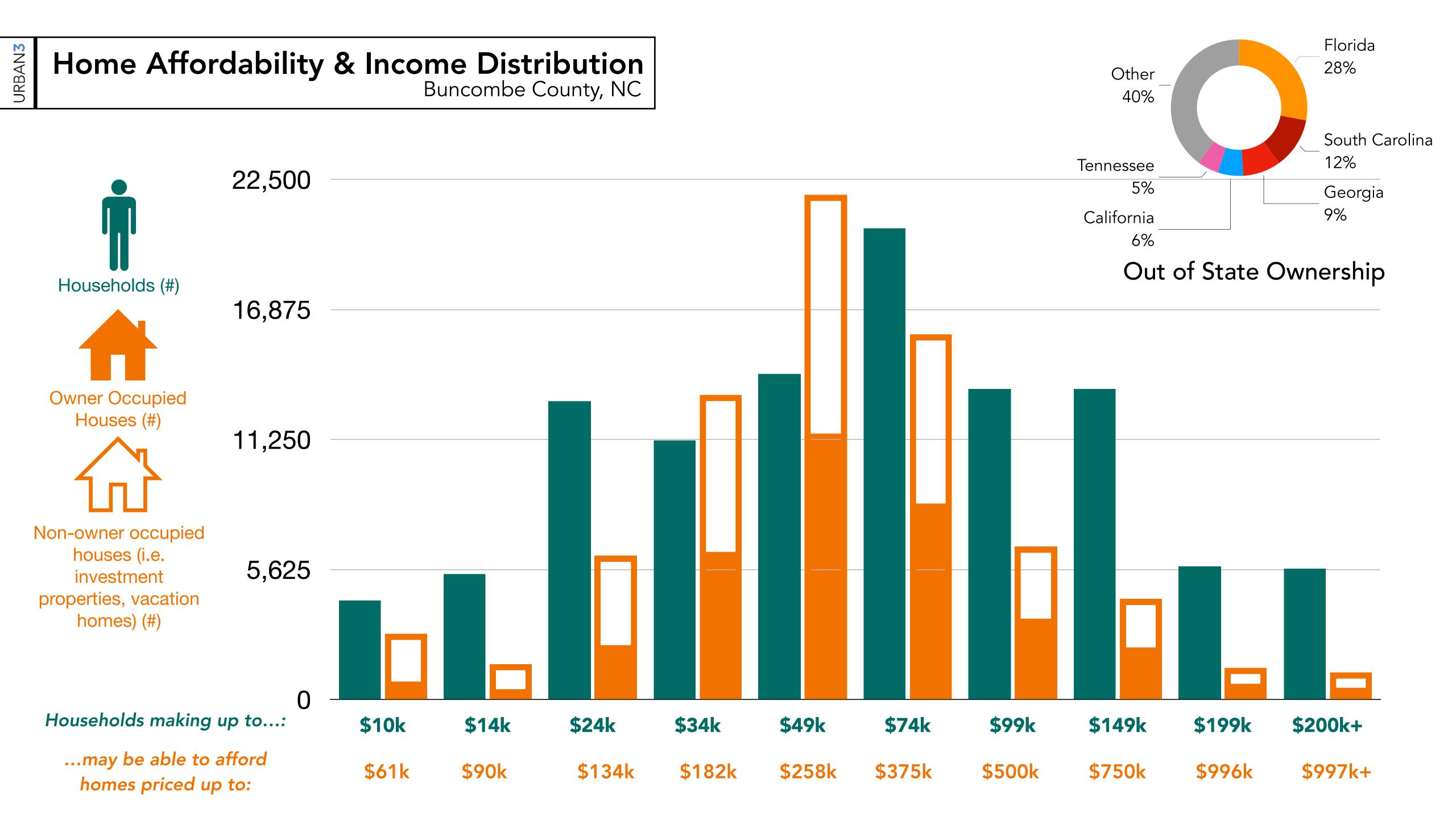


Home Affordability & Income Distribution Buncombe County, NC

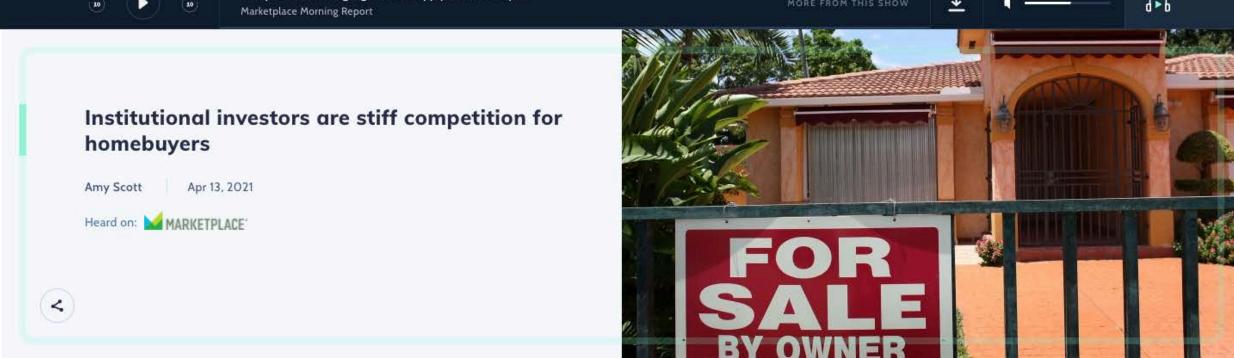


Home Affordability & Income Distribution Buncombe County, NC









The added competition for so few houses is further driving up prices for everyone. Joe Raedle/Getty Images

Lisa Bishop is a real estate agent in Fort Walton Beach, Florida, a small city on the Gulf Coast. Lately, she said, investment groups have been snapping up single-family homes, either to fix up and flip or to rent out for the income. A recent client, a first-time buyer, bid on six houses, only to be out-bid each time, often by cash offers.

"It's great for sellers," Bishop said. "It's very discouraging for your average buyer."

Investor sales are up 65% in Fort Walton from a year ago, according to a recent report from John Burns Real Estate Consulting. They're up 54% in Flagstaff, Arizona, 41% in Tulsa, Oklahoma. Overall, investors make up about 20% of U.S. housing sales.

Latest Stories on Marketplace >

- California "Zoom town" grapples with influx of remote workers
- · Both passengers and drivers are feeling better about ride-sharing

1 in 5 houses is owned by an institutional investor.



INVESTOR MANIA 2.0 CATEGORIES



SINGLE-FAMILY RENTAL LANDLORDS

- Professionally managed operators backed by multi-billion dollar global investment groups
- New alternative platforms/ crowdfunding with slick click-and-invest passive rental investing options to the masses
- Airbnb hosts

FLIPPERS

- Buy, rehab, and sell home within 12 months
- Flipper loans have matured from hard money lenders to Wall Street securitizations







FOREIGN INVESTORS + SECOND HOME BUYERS

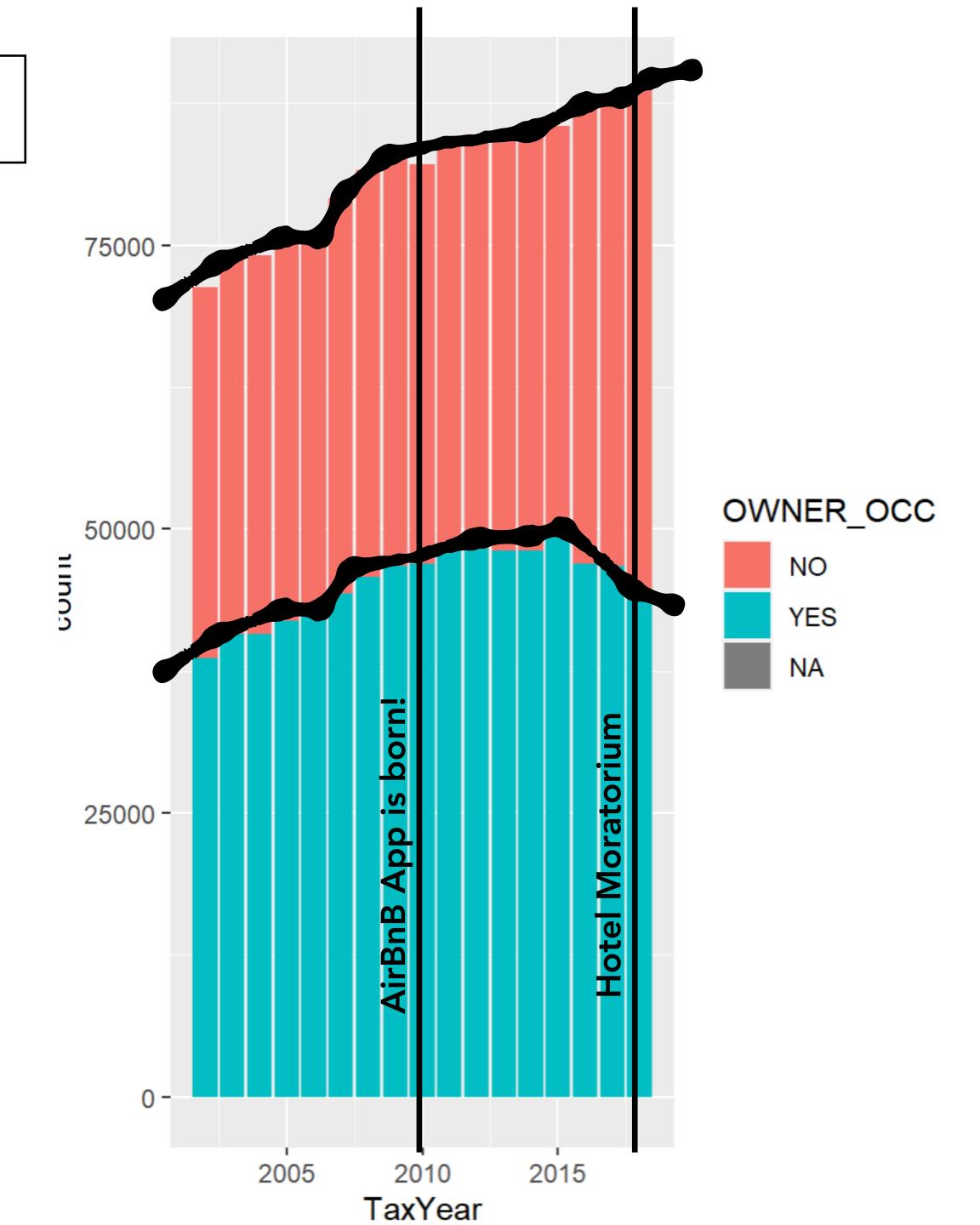
- Global investors seeking a safe harbor investment in the US
- Second homes, including fractional ownership, are surging

HOMEOWNERSHIP HELPERS

- Shared home equity platforms
- Rent-to-own groups



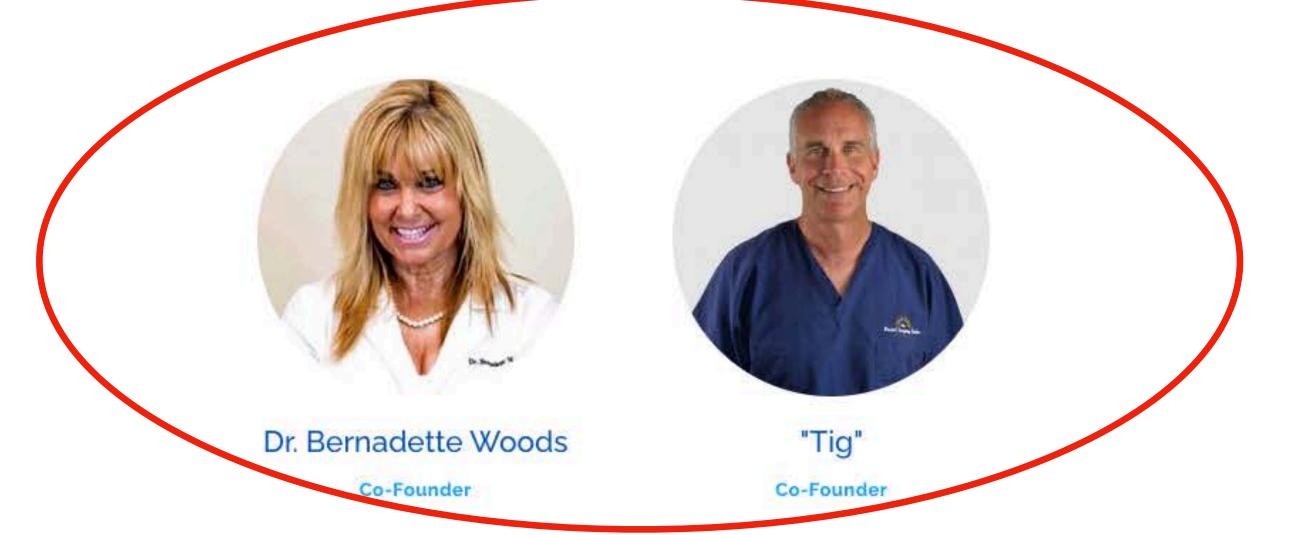
Housing Stock Analysis Buncombe County, NC



NC General Statutes: Article 13

Standards for Appraisal and Assessment. § 105-283. Uniform appraisal standards.

(a) All property, real and personal, shall as far as practicable be appraised or valued at its true value in money. When used in this Subchapter, the words "true value" shall be interpreted as meaning market value that is, the price estimated in terms of money at which the property would change hands between a willing and financially able buyer and a willing seller, neither being under any compulsion to buy or to sell and both having reasonable knowledge of all the uses to which the property is adapted and for which it is capable of being used. For the purposes of this section, the acquisition of an interest in land by an entity having the power of eminent domain with respect to the interest acquired shall not be considered competent evidence of the true value in money of comparable land. (1939, c. 310, s. 500; 1953, c. 970, s. 5; 1955, c. 1100, s. 2; 1959, c. 682; 1967, c. 892, s. 7; 1969, c. 945, s. 1; 1971, c. 806, s. 1; 1973, c. 695, s. 11; 1977, 2nd Sess., c. 1297.)

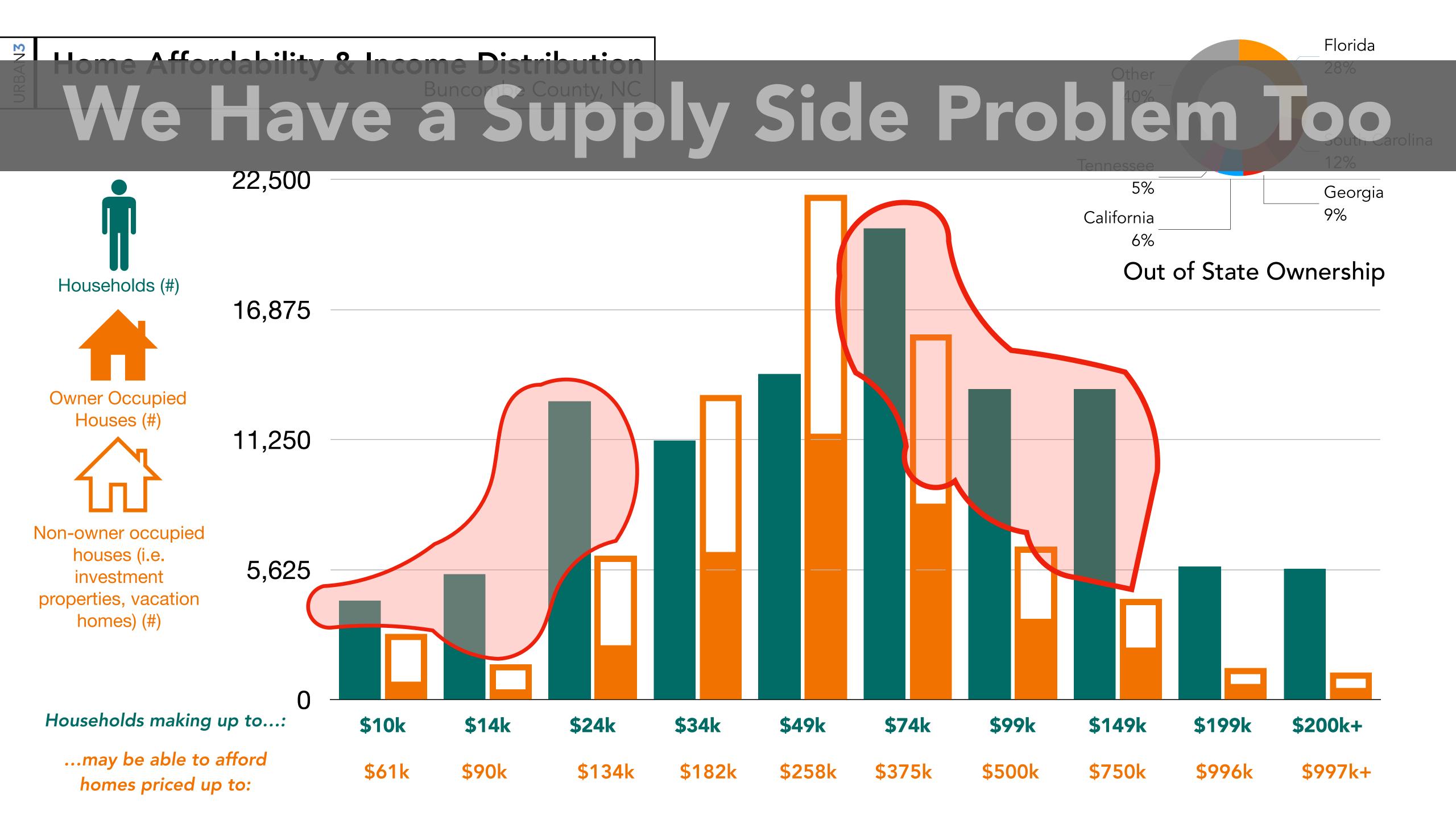




Questions:

Is a STR commercial? How does it affect housing? What is the "market"?





Citizen Times



Vacation homes for whoever you call family

FOR SUBSCRIBERS LOCAL

Homebuying with historically low inventory: 'We just keep running into these walls'



Published 5:01 a.m. ET April 18, 2022 | Updated 2:27 p.m. ET April 18, 2022

View Comments







The Asheville area housing market has a historically low inventory of homes for sale. National builder D.R. Horton is adding nomes in nine developments in the area, though, including these on Monroe Creek Boulevard in the Fountain Creek subdivision in the Enka area. *Maya Carter/Asheville Citizen Times*

ASHEVILLE - For over a year now, potential homebuyers have really had the deck stacked against them.

Between bidding wars, soaring home prices and an influx of out-of-state buyers with cash on hand to scoop up available homes, local working folks trying to find a home to buy have waged an uphill battle.

And now they're facing another enormous hurdle: historically low inventory of homes for sale. Several longtime real estate agents say they've never seen this few homes for sale in the local market, and that's making life particularly frustrating for those trying to buy.

Buncombe Available houses for 12/2016: 1,109 Units

Buncombe Available houses for 12/2021: 414 Units

2021 Dogwood Bowen Report:

Buncombe Housing Needed: 3,096 Units

Buncombe Available houses on April 13: 267 Units

Asheville Available houses on April 13: 73 Units

How many in Buncombe & Asheville are below \$375k: 47 & 7

Housing Inventory Needed for Healthy Market: 6.0 Months

Buncombe 2016 Inventory: 3.5 Months

Buncombe 2021 Inventory: 0.7 Months

"There's not a silver bullet answer. What you need is a silver buckshot approach."

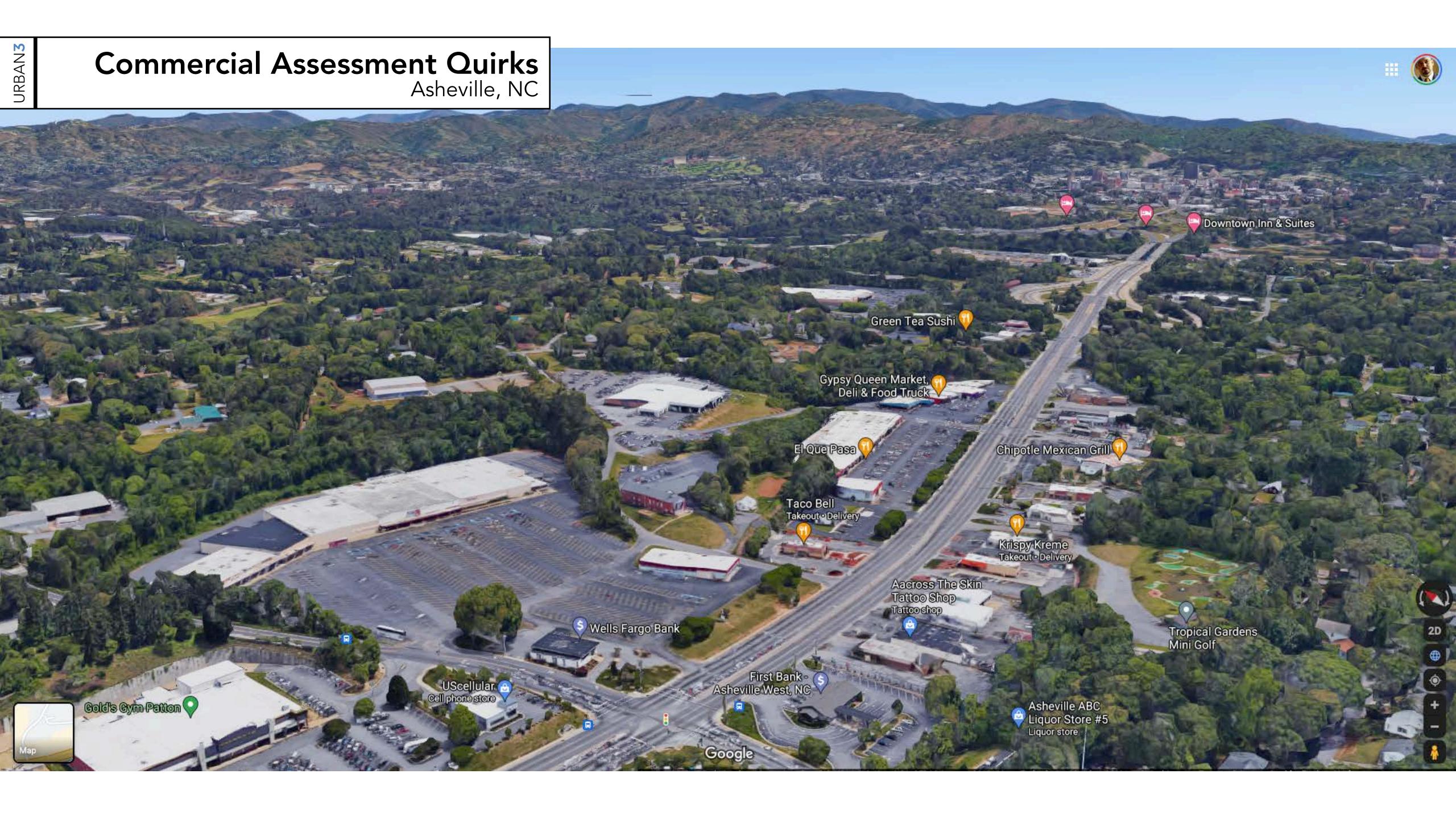
Nate Pennington Buncombe County, Planning Director



Comment:

This isn't just housing.

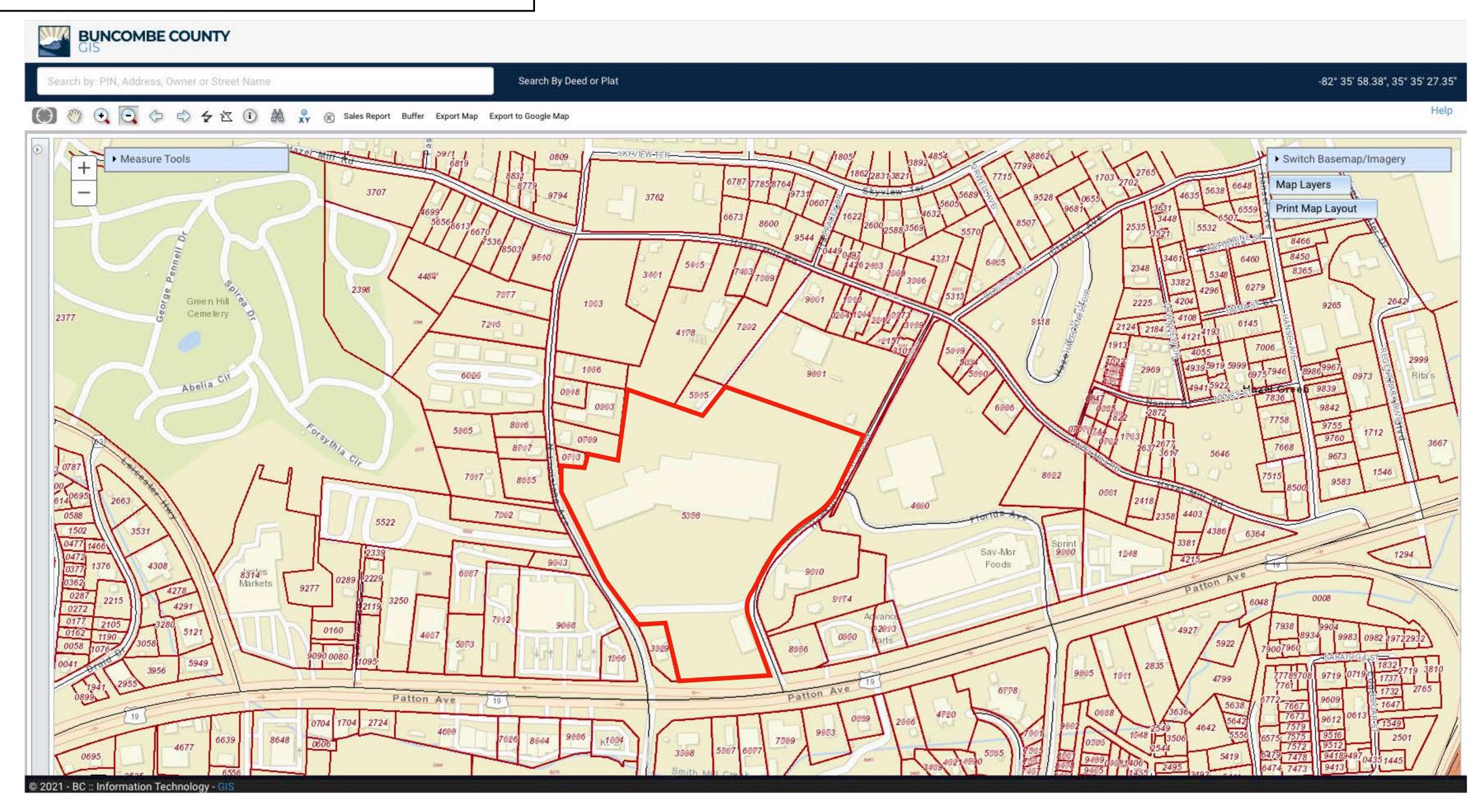






Commercial Assessment Quirks

Asheville, NC



Buncombe County Assessment Property Record Search

Results

E.g. Maple Ave, or 900087690384830





Print

963828535800000 **1001 PATTON AVE**

INGLES PATTON AVENUE EXCHANGE LLC Attn: CORP REAL ESTATE DEPT, ASHEVILLE, NC, 28816

Total Appraised Value \$8,512,400





and Building Transfer History Value Change	
--	--

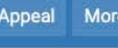
Land Building Transfer History

Discover Buncombe Comper Billing GIS Appeal

Discover Buncombe Comper Billing GIS







Appeal	More -

Key	Information

Value Change

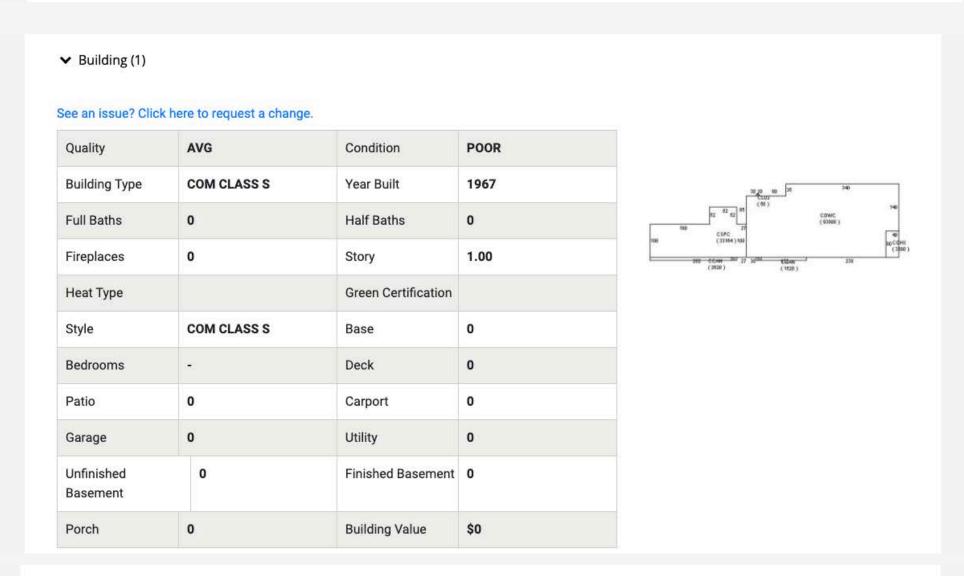
Zoning	5	Neighborhood	PTFB		
Land Use Code	STRIP SHOP CENTR	Municipality	CAS		
Fire District	-	Special District	-		
Present Use	₹a	Appraisal Area	Erik Simes (828) 250- 4935 erik.simes@buncombeco unty.org		
Exemption	2				
Legal Description	Deed Date:07/23/2019 Deed:5792-0922 Plat:0000-0000				
Plat Reference	0-0				

Assessment Details

Land Value	\$8,512,200
Building Value	\$200
Features	\$0
Total Appraised Value	\$8,512,400
Deferred Value	\$0
Exempt Value	\$0
Total Taxable Value	\$8,512,400

Commercial Assessment Quirks Asheville, NC





DATE OF VALUE CHANGE	EFFECTIVE TAX YEAR	REASON FOR CHANGE	LAND VALUE	BUILDING VALUE	FEATURES VALUE	NEW VALUE
2021-02-01	2021	COMMERCIAL REAPPRAISAL NOTICE	\$8,512,200	\$200	\$0	\$8,512,400
2020-03-19	2020	CHANGE IN VALUE DUE TO ACREAGE ADJUSTMENT	\$5,788,300	\$953,200	\$0	\$6,741,500
2017-01-27	2017	COMMERCIAL REAPPRAISAL NOTICE	\$5,778,300	\$953,200	\$0	\$6,731,500

▼ RECENT PERMIT ACTIVITY

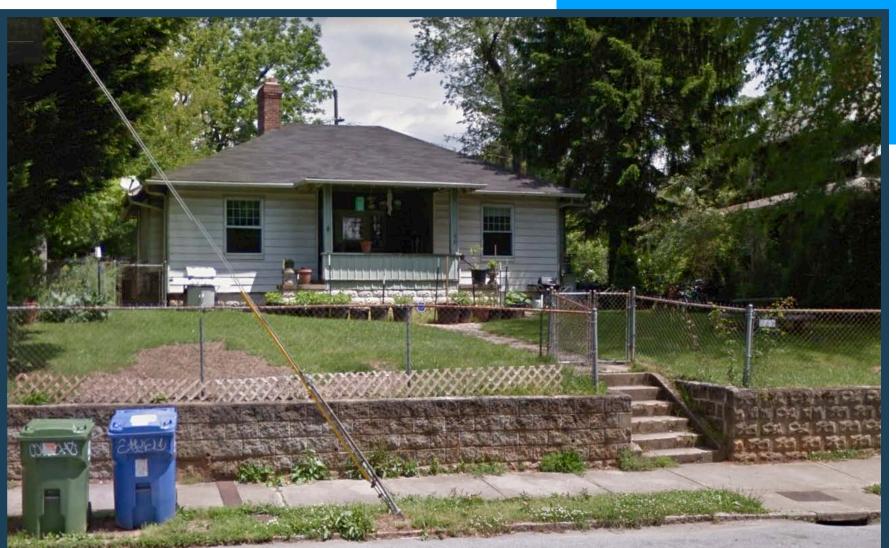
PERMIT DATE	♦ PERMIT TYPE	PERMIT STATUS	
10/01/2015	COMMERCIAL REPAIR OR UPFIT	CO ISSUED	
09/09/2015	COMMERCIAL REPAIR OR UPFIT	CO ISSUED	

2021	Land Value/Acre	Building Value/Sq.Ft.	County Taxes/Acre	Year Built	Sears Heating and Air Conditioning
Patton Kmart	\$490,052	\$0.03	\$2,592	1967	
191 Kmart	\$435,596	\$14	\$3170	1991	
Toys R Us	\$435,592	\$46	\$4,743	1991	
URB/	4N3				Toys R Us

Kmart on Patton



The Lordmans



Land Value (per acre)

Building Value (per sq.ft.)

Value Increase (2017 to 2021)



County Taxes (per acre)

Chapter:

Application of Standards.





\$3,781 county taxes/acre

964762849400000 9 FOREST RD

GOSKOWICZ RANDALL, GOSKOWICZ MAKI 5024 CHELTERHAM TER, SAN DIEGO, CA, 92130 Total Appraised Value \$1,022,200

Search Bills - Parcel Id: 964762849400000

Bill	Owner Names	PIN/VIN	Value	Due
0000670825-2021-2021-0000- 00	FAWKES PARTNERS LP	9647-62-8494-00000 9 FOREST RD LAND & STRUCTURES	1,022,200	\$0.00
0000670825-2020-2020-0000- 00	FAWKES PARTNERS LP	9647-62-8494-00000 9 FOREST RD LAND & STRUCTURES	812,700	\$0.00
0000670825-2019-2019-0000- 00	FAWKES PARTNERS LP	9647-62-8494-00000 9 FOREST RD LAND & STRUCTURES	812,700	\$0.00
0000670825-2018-2018-0000- 00	FAWKES PARTNERS LP	9647-62-8494-00000 9 FOREST RD LAND & STRUCTURES	812,700	\$0.00
0000670825-2017-2017-0000- 00	FAWKES PARTNERS LP	9647-62-8494-00000 9 FOREST RD LAND & STRUCTURES	812,700	\$0.00
0000670825-2016-2016-0000- 00	FAWKES PARTNERS LP	9647-62-8494-00000 9 FOREST RD LAND & STRUCTURES	638,400	\$0.00
0000670825-2015-2015-0000- 00	FAWKES PARTNERS LP	9647-62-8494-00000 9 FOREST RD LAND & STRUCTURES	638,400	\$0.00
0000670825-2014-2014-0000- 00	FAWKES PARTNERS LP	9647-62-8494-00000 9 FOREST RD LAND & STRUCTURES	638,400	\$0.00
0000284469-2013-2013-0000- 00	FAWKES PARTNERS LP	9647-62-8494-00000 9 FOREST RD Land & Structures	638,400	\$0.00
0000549457-2012-2012-0000- 00	POWELL SIDNEY	9647-62-8494-00000 9 FOREST RD Land & Structures	843,200	\$0.00
0000338032-2011-2011-0000- 00	POWELL SIDNEY	9647-62-8494-00000 9 FOREST RD Land & Structures	843,200	\$0.00

Growth by 1.2X



URBAN3

\$27,614 county taxes/acre

964932373900000 **7 MAXWELL ST**

JOHNSON BARBARA
7 MAXWELL ST, ASHEVILLE, NC, 28801

Total Appraised Value \$261,000

Search Bills - Parcel Id: 964932373900000

Displaying 01 to 11 of 11 records PIN/VIN Value Due **Owner Names** 0000757663-2021-2021-0000-**JOHNSON BARBARA** 9649-32-3739-00000 130,500 \$0.00 7 MAXWELL ST LAND & STRUCTURES JOHNSON BARBARA 0000757663-2020-2020-0000-9649-32-3739-00000 94,500 \$0.00 YOUNG 7 MAXWELL ST LAND & STRUCTURES 0000757663-2019-2019-0000-JOHNSON BARBARA 9649-32-3739-00000 94,500 \$0.00 7 MAXWELL ST LAND & STRUCTURES 0000757663-2018-2018-0000-JOHNSON BARBARA 9649-32-3739-00000 94,500 \$0.00 7 MAXWELL ST LAND & STRUCTURES 0000757663-2017-2017-0000-**JOHNSON BARBARA** 9649-32-3739-00000 94,500 \$0.00 7 MAXWELL ST LAND & STRUCTURES YOUNG 0000757663-2016-2016-0000-JOHNSON BARBARA 9649-32-3739-00000 71,350 \$0.00 7 MAXWELL ST LAND & STRUCTURES YOUNG 0000757663-2015-2015-0000-JOHNSON BARBARA 9649-32-3739-00000 71,350 \$0.00 7 MAXWELL ST LAND & STRUCTURES YOUNG **JOHNSON BARBARA** 0000757663-2014-2014-0000-9649-32-3739-00000 71,350 \$0.00 7 MAXWELL ST LAND & STRUCTURES YOUNG 0000438290-2013-2013-0000-JOHNSON BARBARA 9649-32-3739-00000 71,350 \$0.00 YOUNG 7 MAXWELL ST Land & Structures 0000507141-2012-2012-0000-**JOHNSON BARBARA** 9649-32-3739-00000 51,700 \$0.00 YOUNG 7 MAXWELL ST Land & Structures 0000517508-2011-2011-0000-9649-32-3739-00000 **JOHNSON BARBARA** 51,700 \$0.00 YOUNG 7 MAXWELL ST Land & Structures 00

Growth by 5.1X

Comment:

Hey Joe, this is gentrification!



Answer:

Not so fast. Have you done the math?

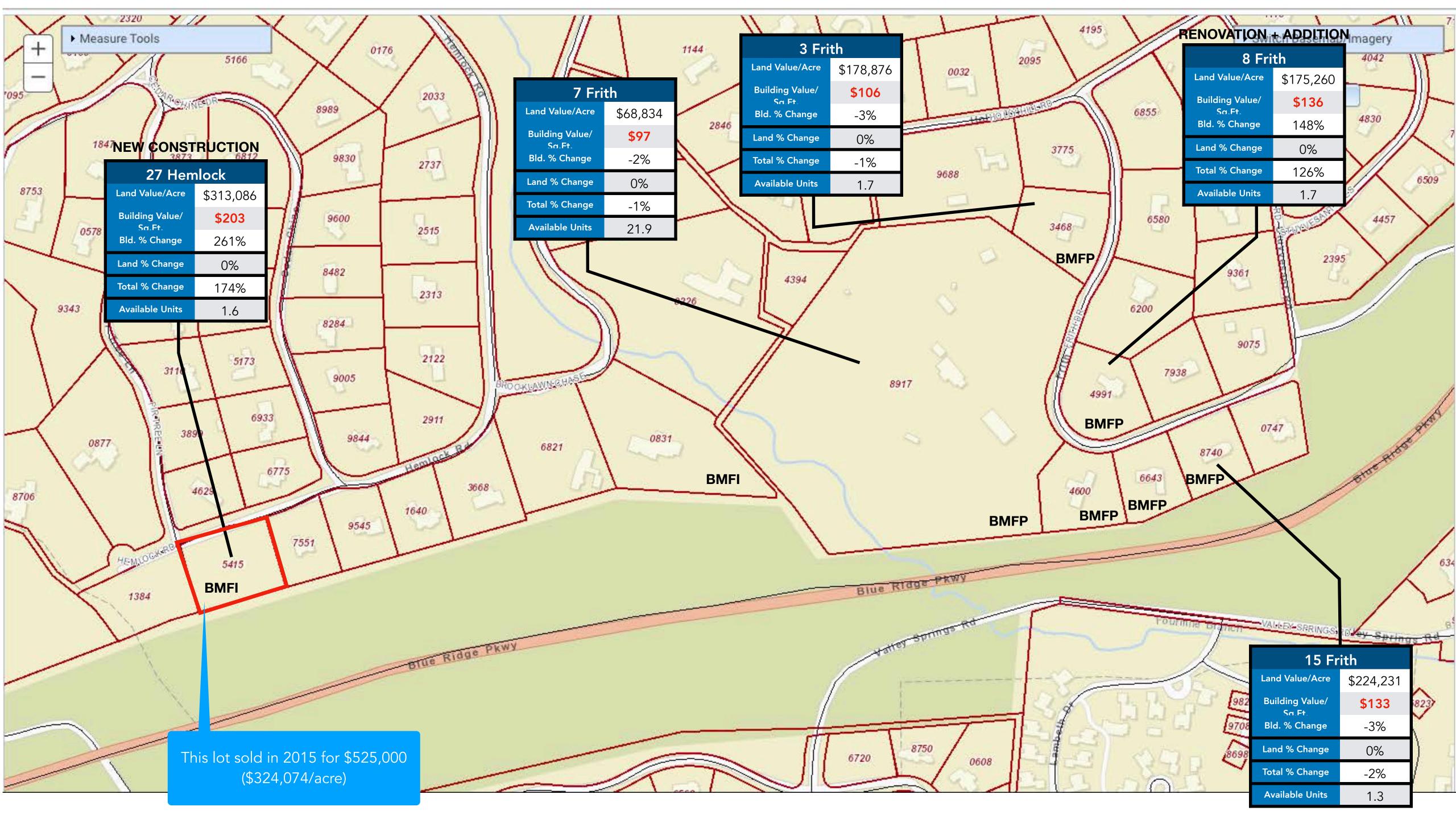


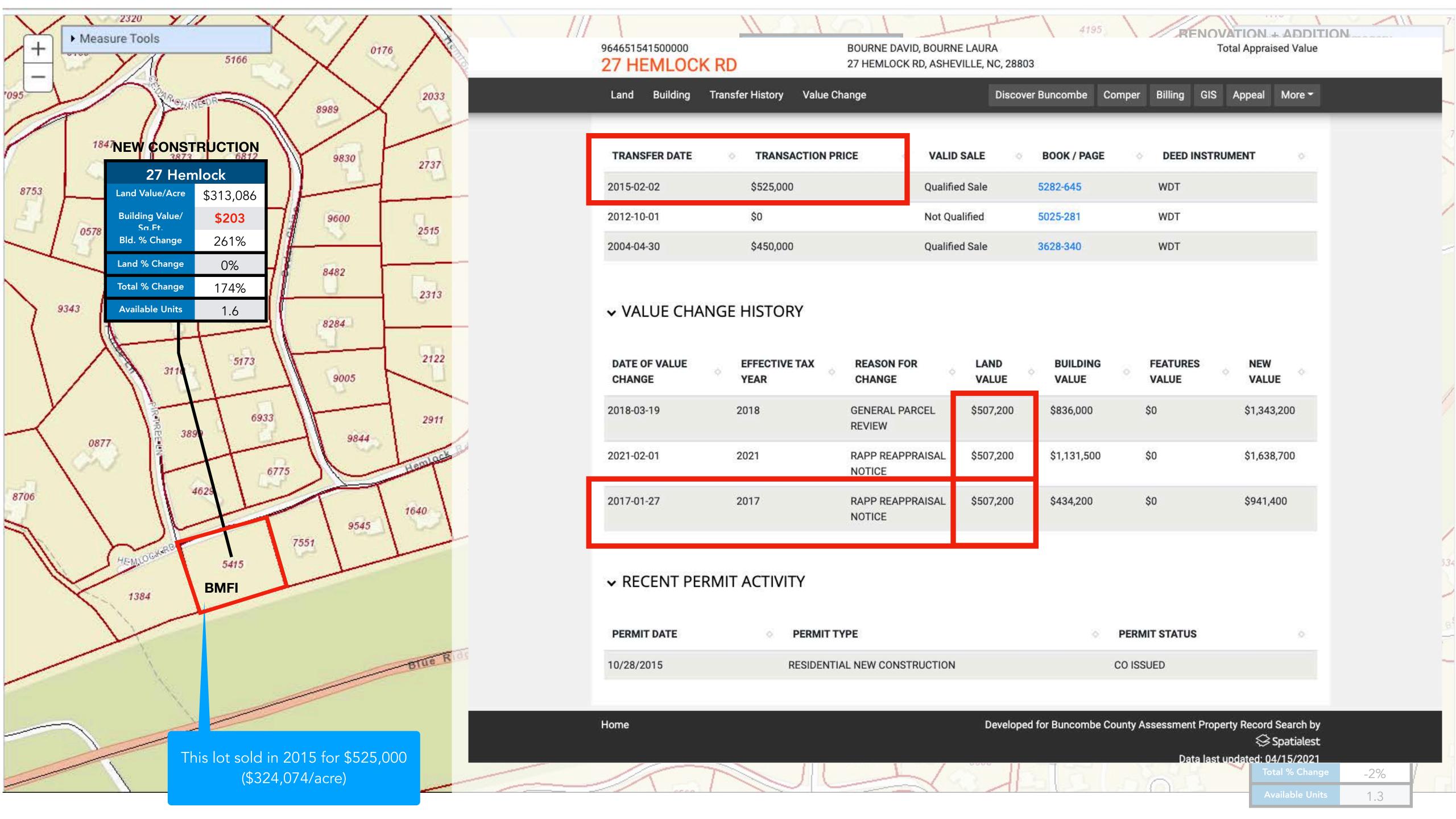
Buncombe Reassessment 2021:

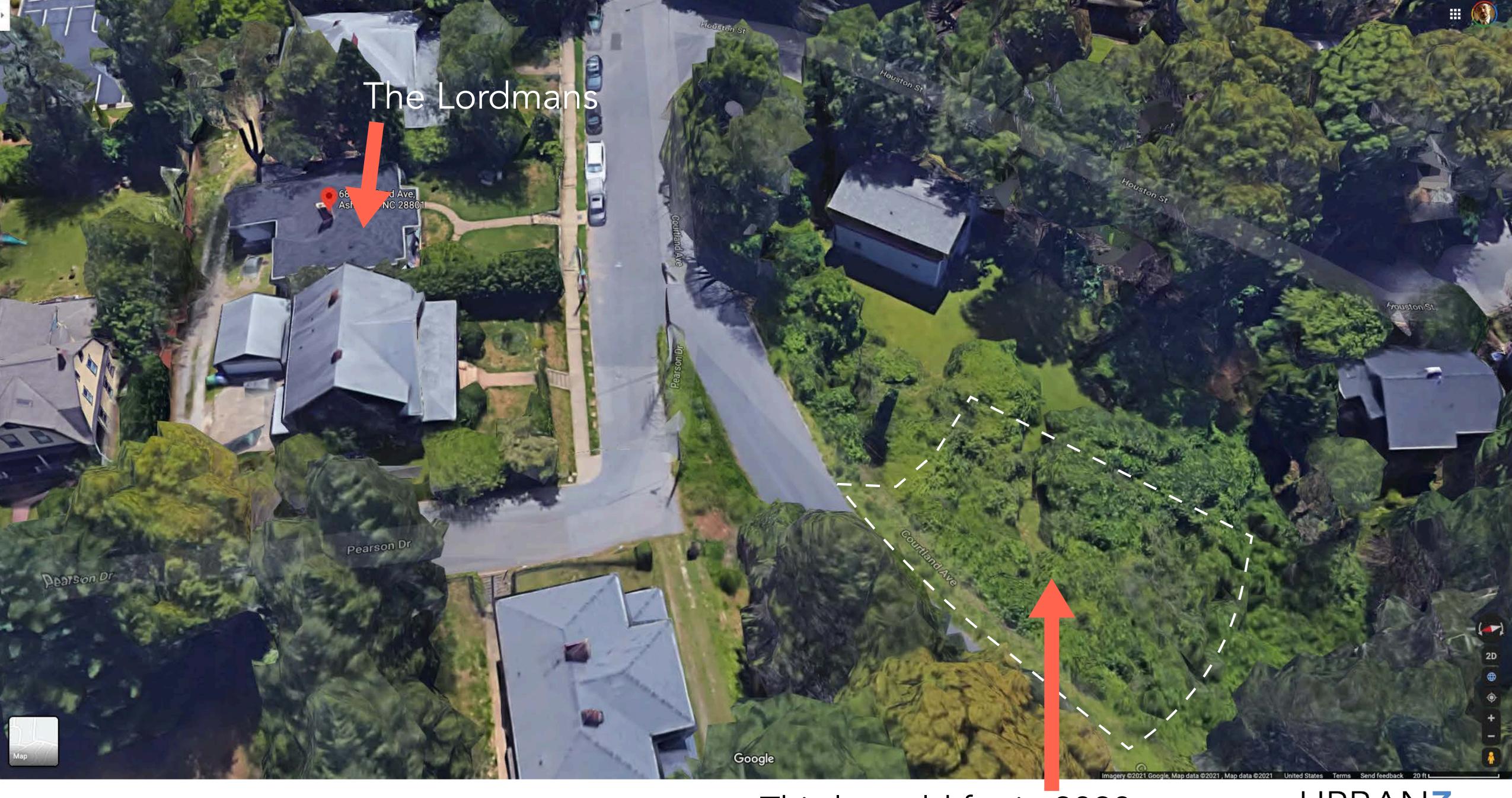
Land Patterns

Valuation on land and patterns of assessment.

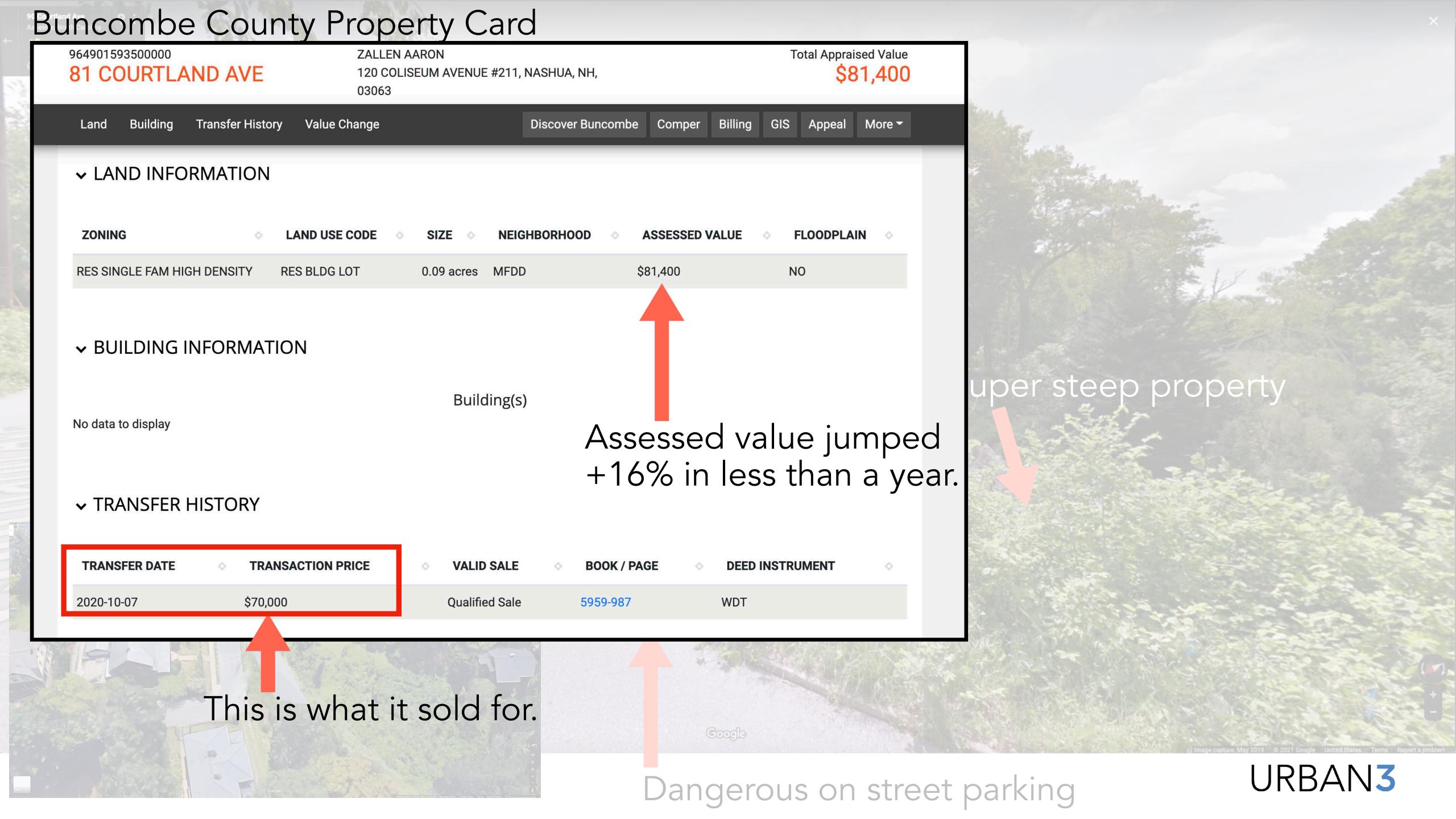


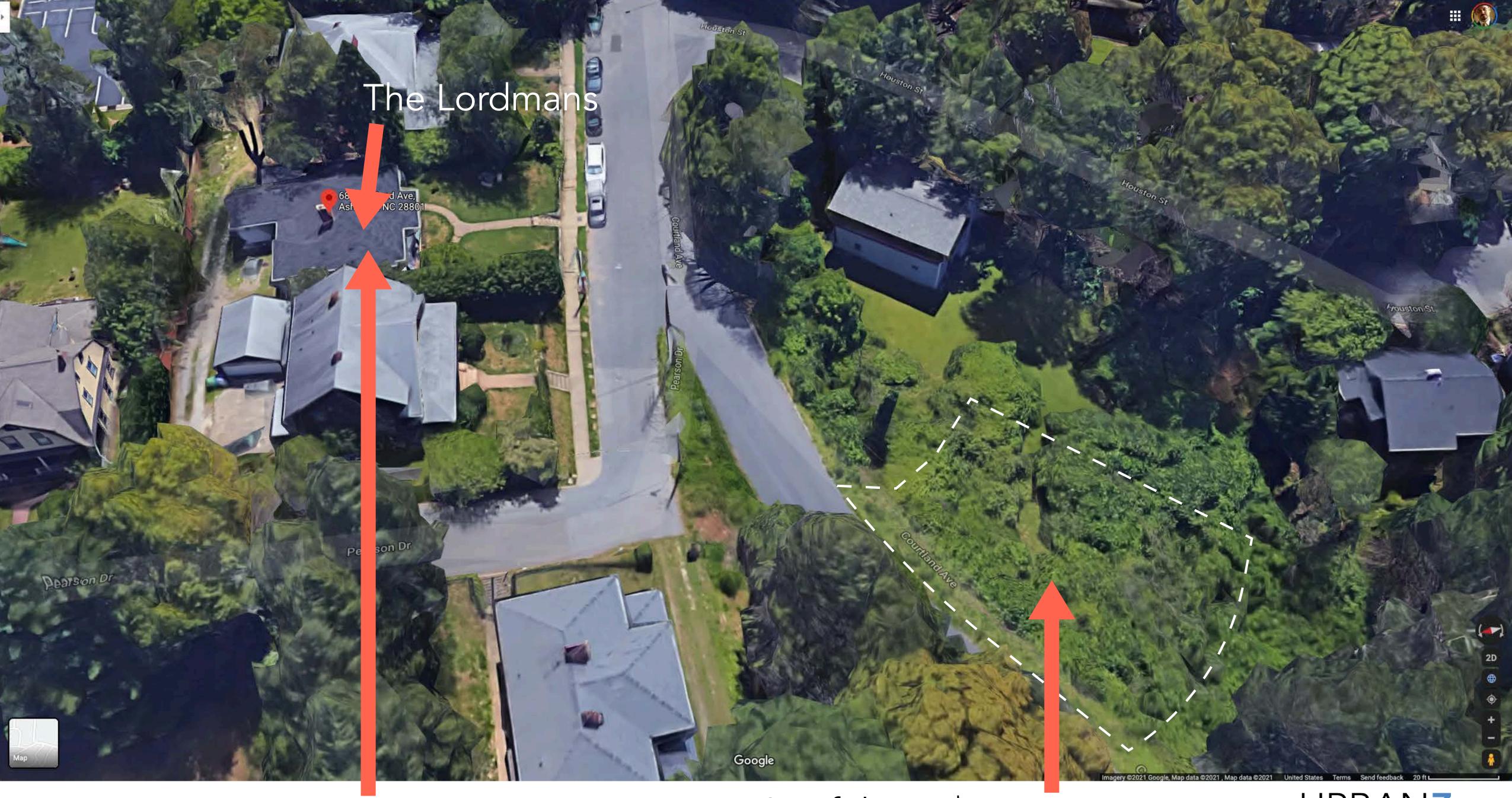






This lot sold for in 2020.





... then this should be \$89,500!

So, if this is \$81,400

URBAN3

NC General Statutes: Article 19

Administration of Real and Personal Property Appraisal § 105-317. Appraisal of real property; adoption of schedules, standards, and rules.

(a) Whenever any real property is appraised it shall be the duty of the persons making appraisals:

Land

(1) In determining the **true value of land,** to consider as to each tract, parcel, or lot separately listed at least **its advantages** and disadvantages as to location; **zoning**; quality of soil; waterpower; water privileges; dedication as a nature preserve; conservation or preservation agreements; mineral, quarry, or other valuable deposits; fertility; adaptability for agricultural, timber-producing, commercial, industrial, or other uses; **past income**; **probable future income**; and any other factors that may affect its value except growing crops of a seasonal or annual nature.

Building

- (2) In determining the **true value** of a building or other improvement, to consider at least its location; type of construction; age; replacement cost; cost; **adaptability for residence**, **commercial**, industrial, **or other uses; past income; probable future income; and any other factors that may affect its value.**
- (3) To appraise partially completed buildings in accordance with the degree of completion on January 1.



Citizen Times

Local Sports High School Huddle Scene Lifestyle Obituaries E-Edition Legals 💟 Q 42°F 🕒 Hi, Catherine 🗸

(x)

LOCAL

Vanderbilt heir home sale sets record at \$9.5M

John Boyle Asheville Citizen Times

Published 5:31 p.m. ET Sept. 13, 2021 | Updated 12:17 p.m. ET Sept. 14, 2021









Built in 1979, the 6,000-square-foot former Cecil home has two fireplaces and sits on 4.27 acres, according to Buncombe County tax records. In 2021, its assessed value was \$2.3 million, up from \$2.19 million in 2017.

Tax records show Biltmore Farms LLC owns the surrounding property, which was also sold.

Buncombe County Tax Assessor Keith Miller said the adjoining 45-acre tract was included in the sale. The deal includes transfers from the Cecil family for the house and immediate land around it, and another transfer of the Biltmore Farms LLC property surrounding that, Miller said.

The entire 49.29 acres, including the house, has an assessed value of \$4.9 million, Miller said. While that is still about half of the sales price, Miller noted that the assessment for the 45-acre surrounding tract comes to about \$60,000 an acre, which is appropriate for landed classified as "farmland," which was its classification.

This 6,000-square-foot home in Biltmore Forest set a sales record for the Asheville region, going for \$9.5 million in September 2021, according to Premier Sotheby's International Real Estate. It was the former home of Vanderbilt hei George Cecil, and his wife, Nancy. Liza Becker Photography

BILTMORE FOREST - Another week, another record-setting high-end home sale.

This time, the sale came from the former home of George Henry Vanderbilt Cecil, the grandson and an heir of famed Biltmore Estate founder George Vanderbilt. Cecil, who headed the Biltmore Farms development company for decades, <u>died in</u> October 2020.

The home at 2 Arboretum Road in this town adjacent to the Biltmore Estate, was the original residence of Cecil and his wife, Nancy. It sold for \$9.5 million, "the most expensive residential sale in Western North Carolina," according to Premier Sotheby's International Realty, which represented the buyer in the transaction.

"This legacy property is steeped in history," Premier Sotheby's agent Marilyn Wright, who represented the buyer, said in the release. "The residence, land and





Results

E.g. Maple Ave, or 900087690384830







964643536100000 99999 CEDAR HILL DR

ARBORETUM ESTATES LLC 2 ARBORETUM RD, ASHEVILLE, NC, 28803

Total Appraised Value \$2,645,900

No Photo Available





Building

Transfer History Value Change

Discover Buncombe Comper

GIS Billing

Appeal More ▼

Key Information

Zoning	R-1	Neighborhood	BMFL					
Land Use Code	UNDEVELOPED TRACT	Municipality	CBF					
Fire District	7.	Special District	-					
Present Use	F-PRESENT-USE/F							
Appraisal Area	Whitney Meadows 828-25	Whitney Meadows 828-250-4959 whitney.meadows@buncombecounty.org						
Exemption	-							
Legal Description	Deed Date:09/13/2021 De	ed:6119-0970 Plat:0	221-0016					
Plat Reference	221-16							

Assessment Details

Land Value	\$2,645,900
Building Value	\$0
Features	\$0
Total Appraised Value	\$2,6 <mark>4</mark> 5,900
Deferred Value	\$2,630,000
Exempt Value	\$0
Total Taxable Value	\$15,900

▼ LAND INFORMATION

ZONING	0	LAND USE CODE	0	SIZE	٥	NEIGHBORHOOD	٥	ASSESSED VALUE	۰	FLOODPLAIN	*
RESIDENTIAL		UNDEVELOPED TRACT		44.92 acre	es	BMFL		\$2,645,900		YES	



Tax Department | New Lookup | New Download | Appeal | Exemption | Extension | Present Use Value | GIS | ROD | PIN History | Discover Buncombe

Print Bill New Tax Bill: Search Bill Information: 0000679729-2021-2021-0000-00 City Levy County Fire Special **Buncombe County** 2021

Bill Type **Physical Location** Mortgage Co REAL PROPERTY 99999 CEDAR HILL DR BILTMORE FOREST NC

Parcel Information: 9646-43-5361-00000 View Property Card

NOTE: Transfer of Ownership may incur additional taxes due. Contact the Tax Department. Allow up to 5 working days for this request.

Status Acres **Property Location** 99999 CEDAR HILL DR 44.92 Active Deed Book/Page Legal Reference Plat Book/Page **Deed Date** 221 / 16 244 / 56 8/8/1994

Land Use

UNDEVELOPE

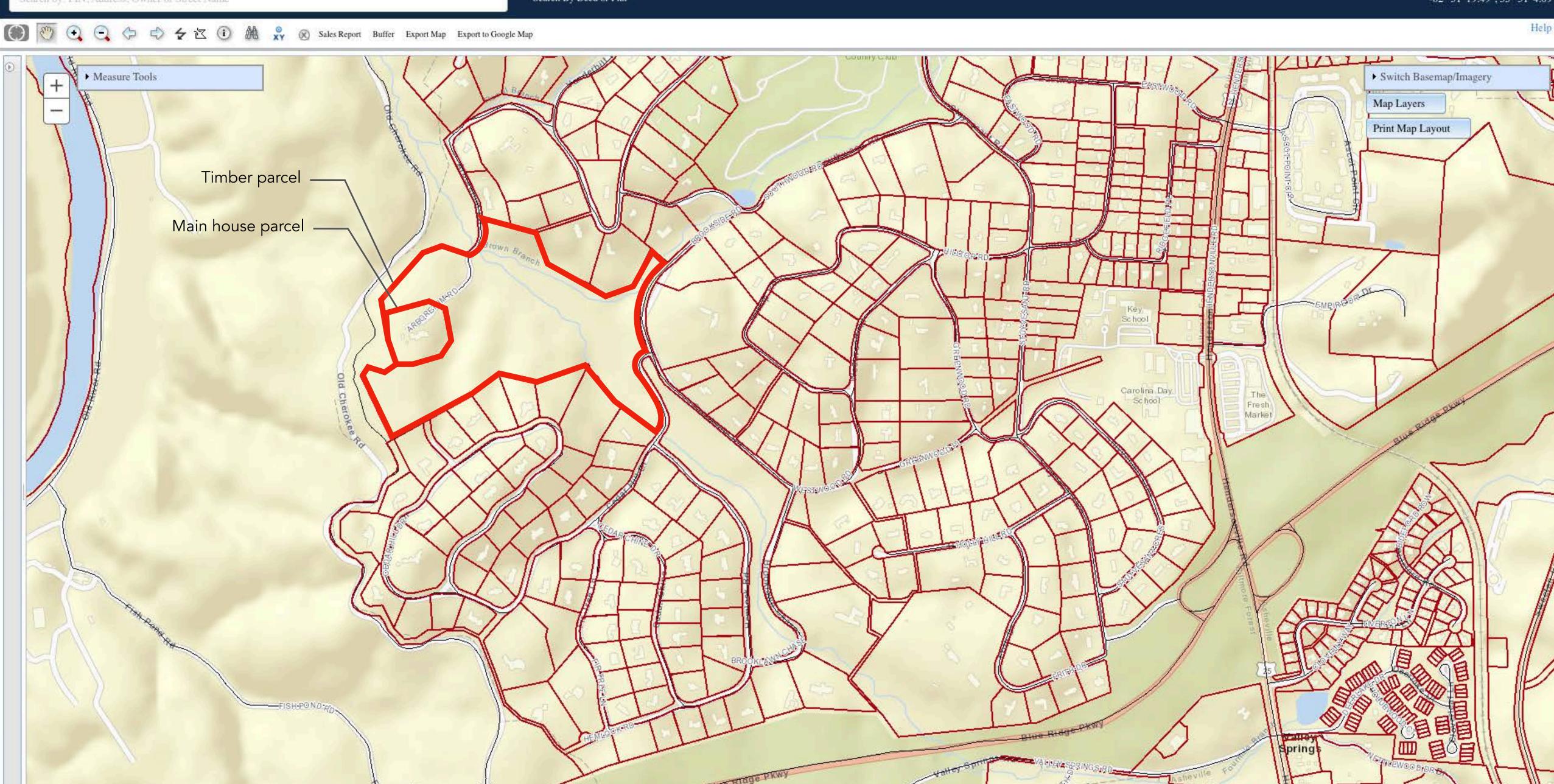
Bill Value Assessment

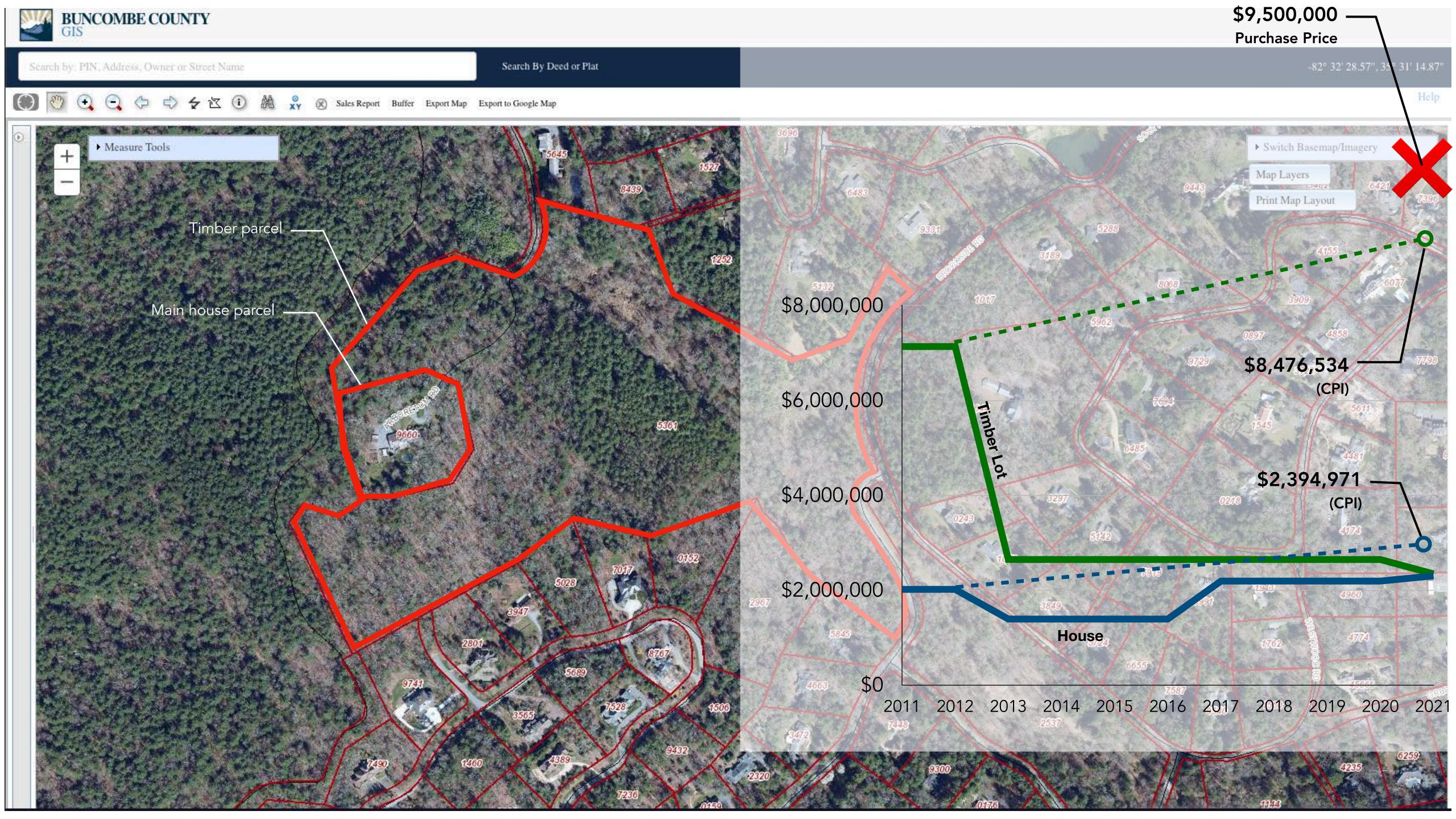
Real Prop	Personal Prop	Deferment	Exemptions	Total
2,645,900	0	2,630,000	0	15,900

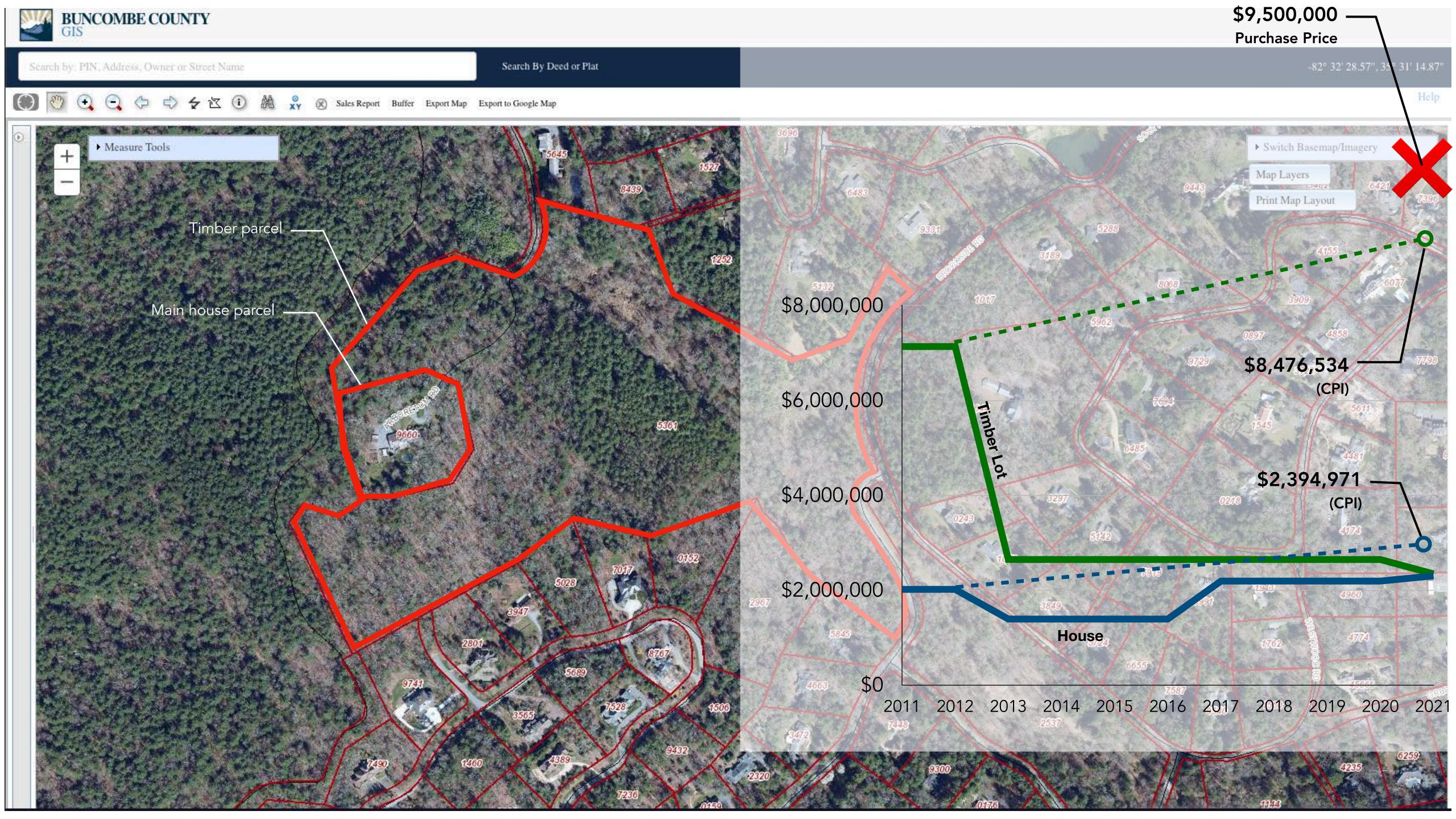
Bill Transaction Assessment

Туре	Trans Date	Rcpt #	Tax	Late	Interest	Cost/Fee	Total	Receipt
BILL	07/31/2021		\$77.59	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$77.59	
PAYMENT	09/22/2021	1944315	\$-77.59	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$-77.59	Receipt
Due			, tq		9.1	8 2	\$0.00	

Search by: PIN, Address, Owner or Street Name
Search By Deed or Plat





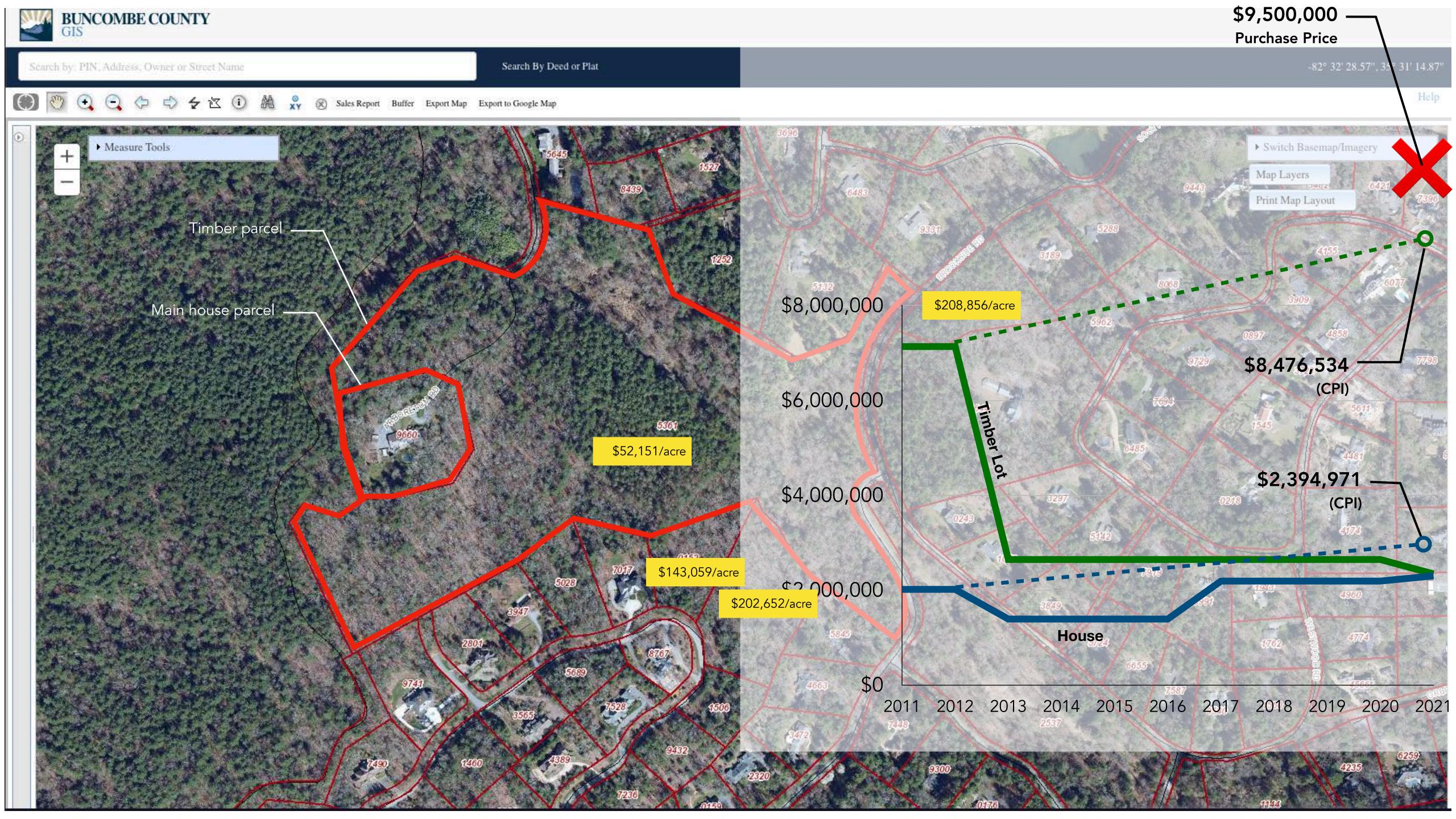


NC General Statutes: Article 13

Standards for Appraisal and Assessment. § 105-283. Uniform appraisal standards.

(a) All property, real and personal, shall as far as practicable be appraised or valued at its true value in money. When used in this Subchapter, the words "true value" shall be interpreted as meaning market value, that is, the price estimated in terms of money at which the property would change hands between a willing and financially able buyer and a willing seller, neither being under any compulsion to buy or to sell and both having reasonable knowledge of all the uses to which the property is adapted and for which it is capable of being used. For the purposes of this section, the acquisition of an interest in land by an entity having the power of eminent domain with respect to the interest acquired shall not be considered competent evidence of the true value in money of comparable land. (1939, c. 310, s. 500; 1953, c. 970, s. 5; 1955, c. 1100, s. 2; 1959, c. 682; 1967, c. 892, s. 7; 1969, c. 945, s. 1; 1971, c. 806, s. 1; 1973, c. 695, s. 11; 1977, 2nd Sess., c. 1297.)





BUNCOMBE COUNTY GIS			C 1	V	2011	2022 V I		%	Today %
by PIN, Address, Owner or Street Name Search By Deed or Plat	Parcel	Acres	Sale	Year	Value	2022 Value	Per Acre	Change	purchase
① ○ ○ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	1	1.62	\$ 525,000	2015	\$ 579.300	\$ 507,000	\$ 312.963	87.5%	97%
+ Measure Tools Now have houses			·/		* • · · / • • •	+	4 5, 2 /, 35		, -
	2	1.54	\$ 500,000	2013	\$562,800	\$ 487,500	\$ 316,558	86.6%	98%
Timber parcel	3	2.03	\$ 325,000	2001	\$823,500	\$ 353,500	\$ 174,138	42.9%	109%
Main house parcel	4	2.55	\$ 325,000	2001	\$750,200	\$ 364,800	\$ 143,059	48.6%	112%
Town Branch	5	1.25	\$ 245,000	2001	\$ 93,750	\$ 49,600	\$ 39,680	52.9%	20%
\$52,151/acre	6	1.34	\$ 245,000	2001	\$ 100,500	\$ 50,100	\$ 37,388	49.9%	20%
	7	1.22	\$ 225,000	2001	\$ 91,500	\$ 49,400	\$ 40,492	54.0%	22%
3. 4.	8	1.08	\$ 410,000	2020	\$ 646,200	\$ 405,000	\$ 375,000	62.7%	99%
14. 5. 6. 5. 6. S. C.	9	1.3	\$ 275,000	2001	\$644,800	\$ 332,400	\$ 255,692	51.6%	121%
9. 8. 7.	10	1	\$ 575,000	2005	\$ 500,000	\$ 320,600	\$ 320,600	64.1%	56%
	11	1.22	\$ 250,000	2015	\$606,700	\$ 329,500	\$ 270,082	54.3%	132%
13. 12.	12	1.31	\$ 350,000	2012	\$649,800	\$ 332,800	\$ 254,046	51.2%	95%
BROOK AND THE STATE OF THE STAT	13	1.59	\$ 325,000	2001	\$716,400	\$ 341,800	\$ 214,969	47.7%	105%
FISH-PONOTRIO TO THE PONOTRIO TO THE P	14	1.56	\$ 350,000	2010	\$708,700	\$ 340,900	\$ 218,526	48.1%	97%
Bue Ringe PKWy	Average		\$ 351,786			\$ 304,636	\$ 212,371	57%	84%

Your charge:

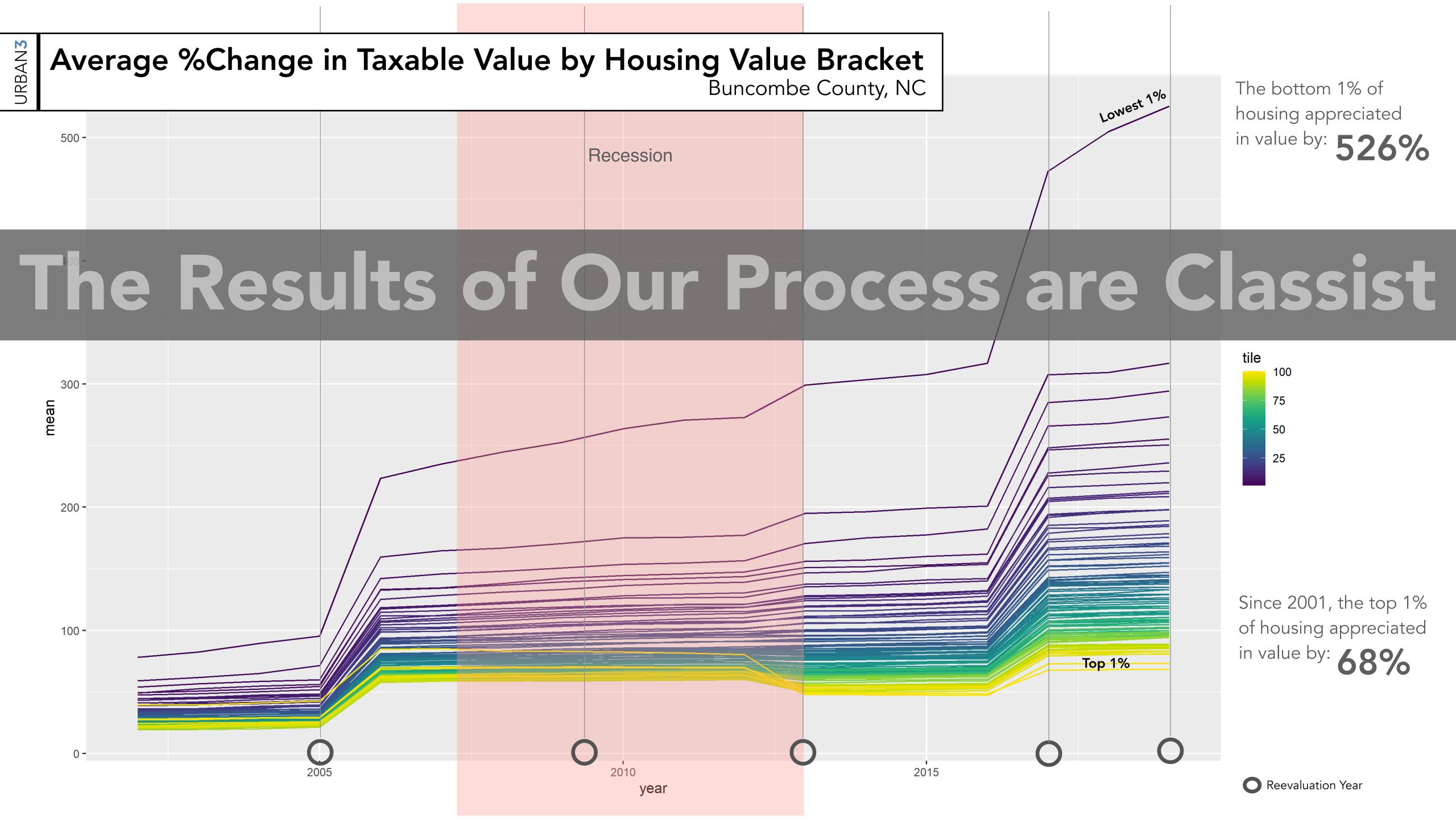
- 1. To Identify Citizen Concerns
- 2. Provide Guidance on Future Assessments
- 3. Provide Input Into Equity Concerns



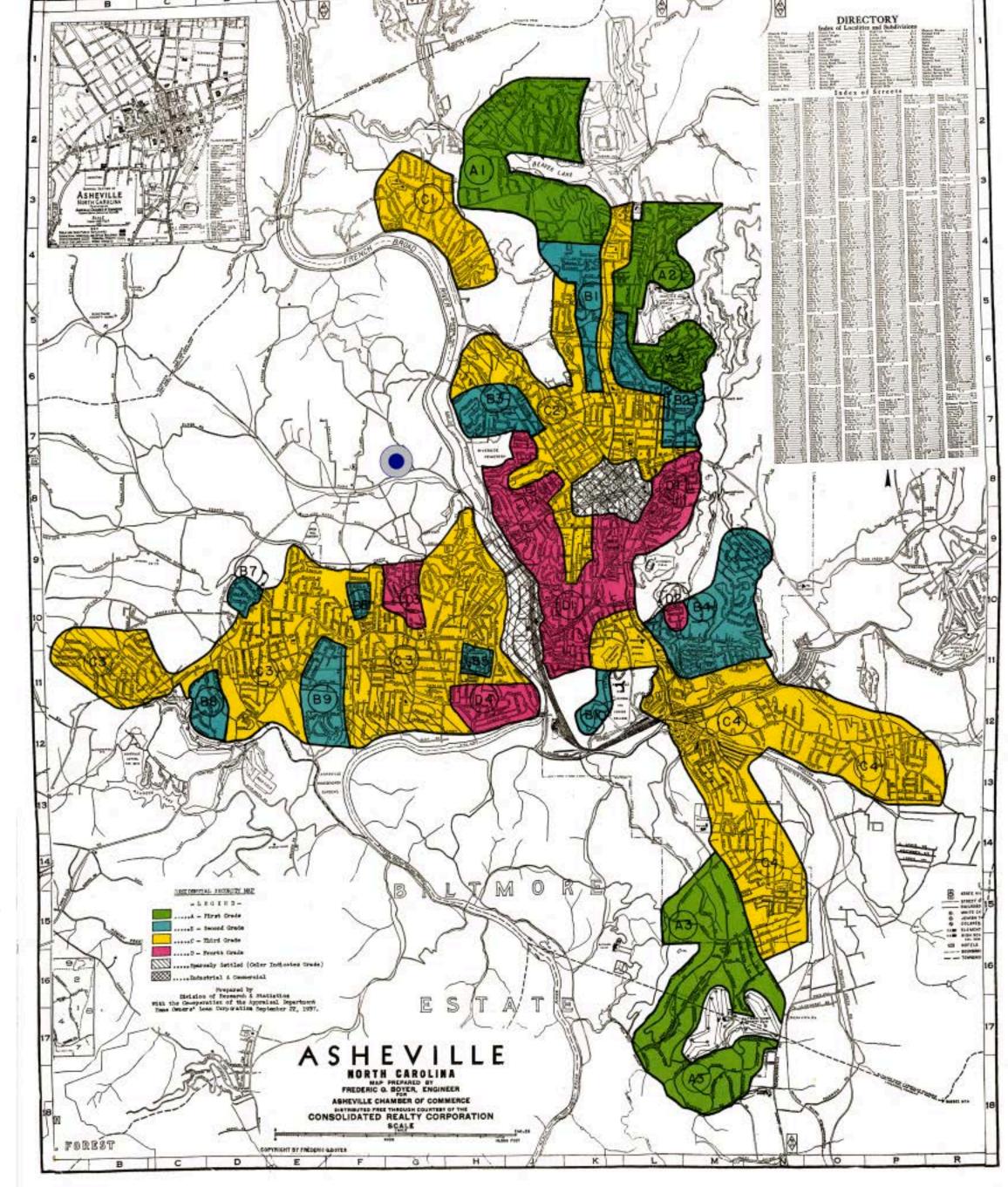
Buncombe Reassessment 2021:

Analyzing Racist Policy Effects Affects of Redlining on valuation

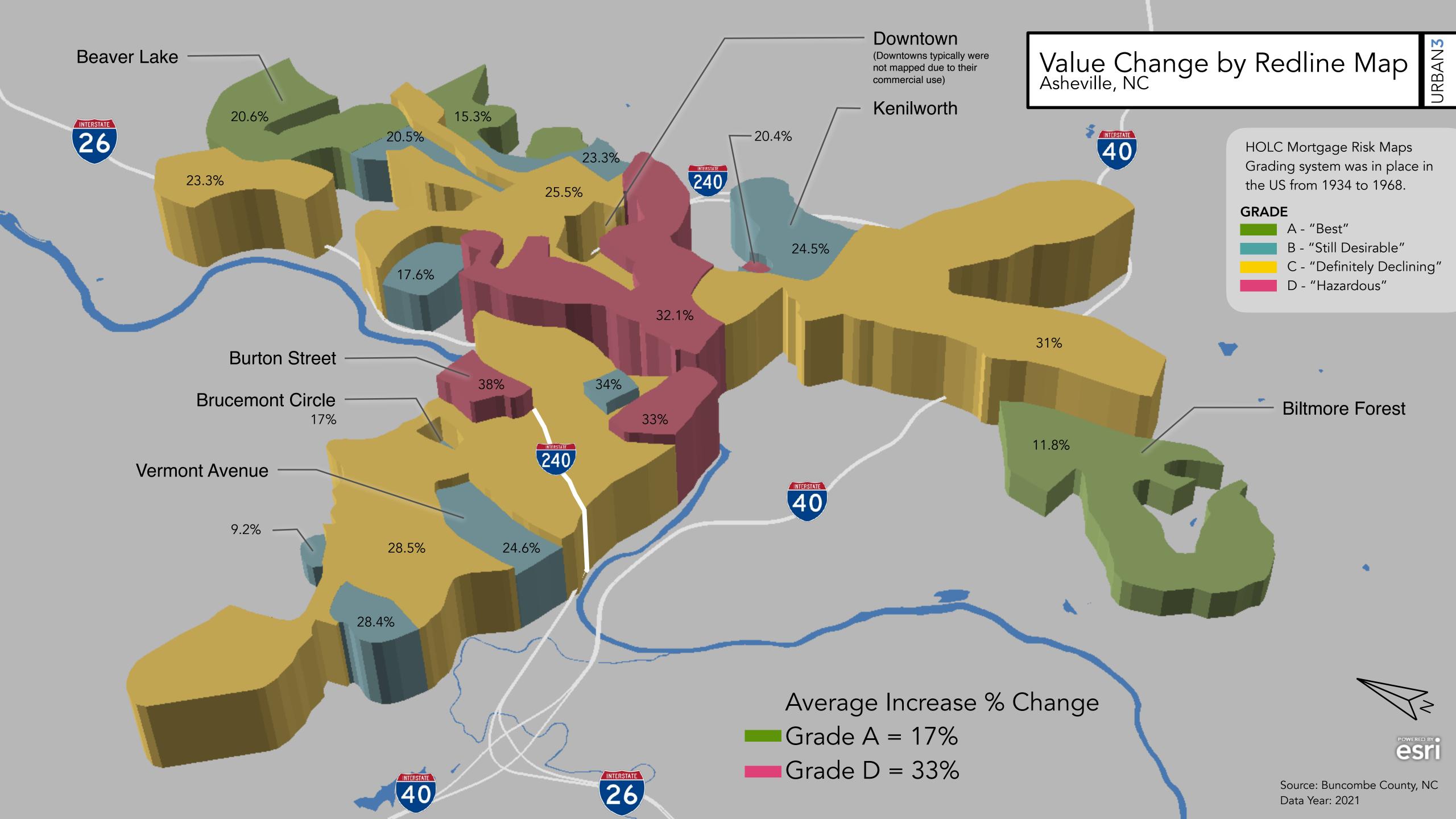


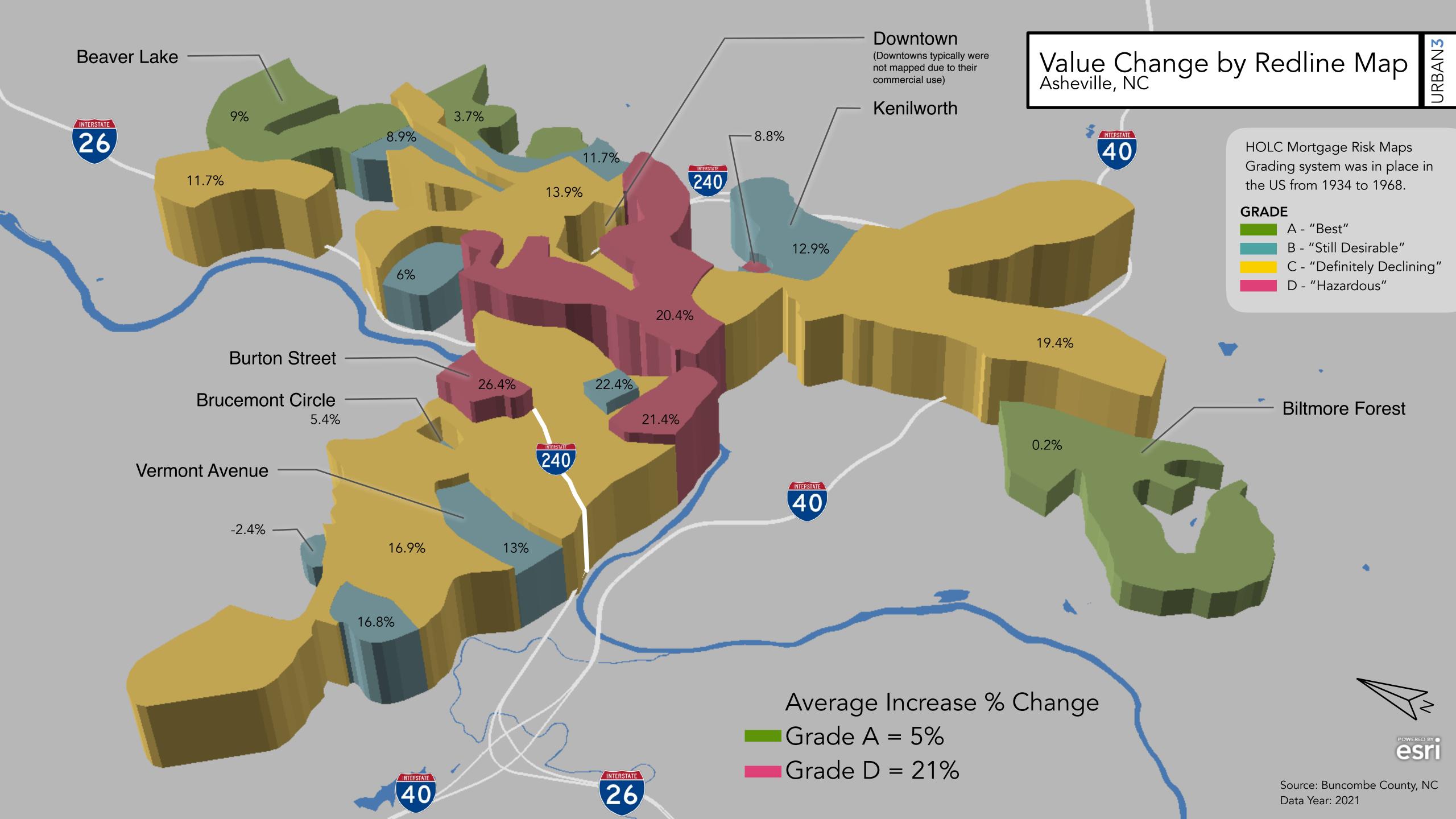


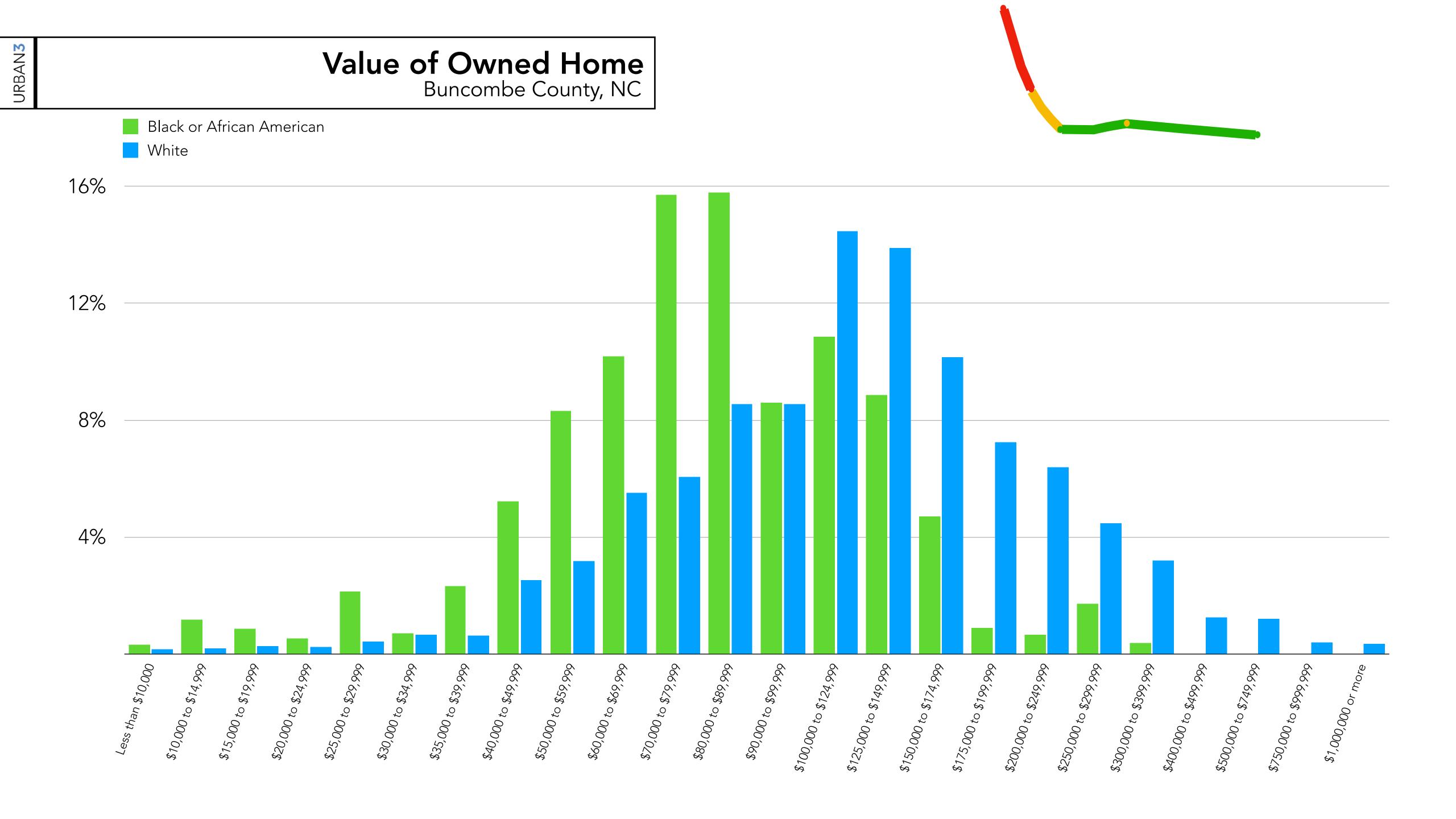
	Avg. Tot	tal Value	Average VPA	Average Land VPA	Avg. % Change in	Avg. % Change in	Average 2020 Tax Bill	Average Tax Bill per Acre	
HOLC Grade	2020	2021	2021	2021	Total Value	Land Value		•	
Α	\$565,427.10	\$653,232.80	\$1,350,138.80	\$346,402.20	17.1	30.5	\$4,964.43	\$11,311.57	
В	\$313,064.50	\$384,261.30	\$1,975,845.20	\$567,103.40	22.8	28.2	\$3,306.23	\$17,021.10	i
С	\$230,586.80	\$293,556.70	\$1,616,342.30	\$476,882.70	28.6	33.6	\$2,363.09	\$13,143.43	
D	\$225,904.30	\$296,400.80	\$2,080,854.30	\$633,521.60	33.0	41.4	\$2,386.88	\$16,962.84	



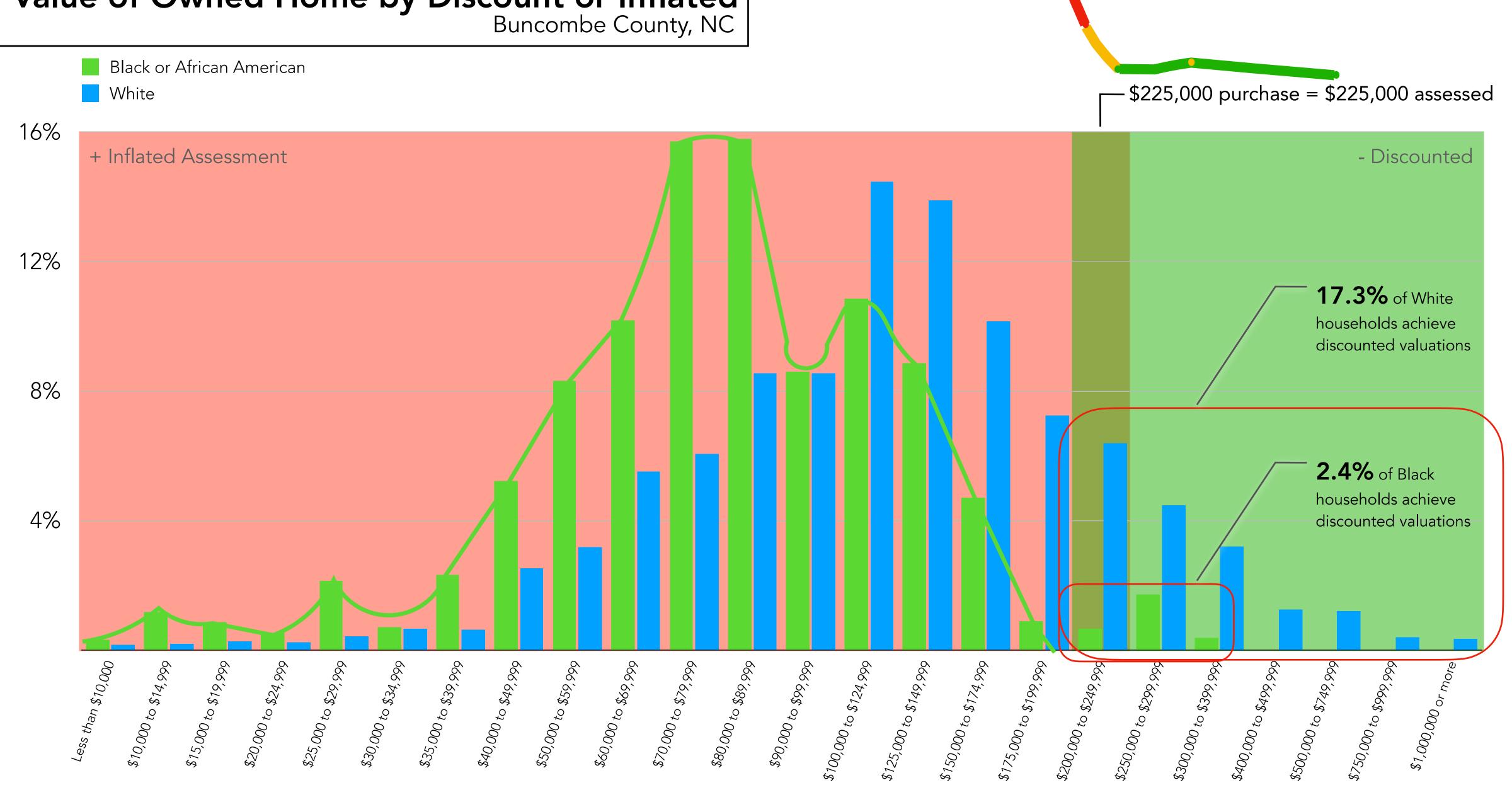








Value of Owned Home by Discount or Inflated Buncombe County, NC



Question:

OK. So now what?



Your charge:

- 1. To Identify Citizen Concerns
- 2. Provide Guidance on Future Assessments
- 3. Provide Input Into Equity Concerns



Your charge:

1. To Identify Citizen Concerns

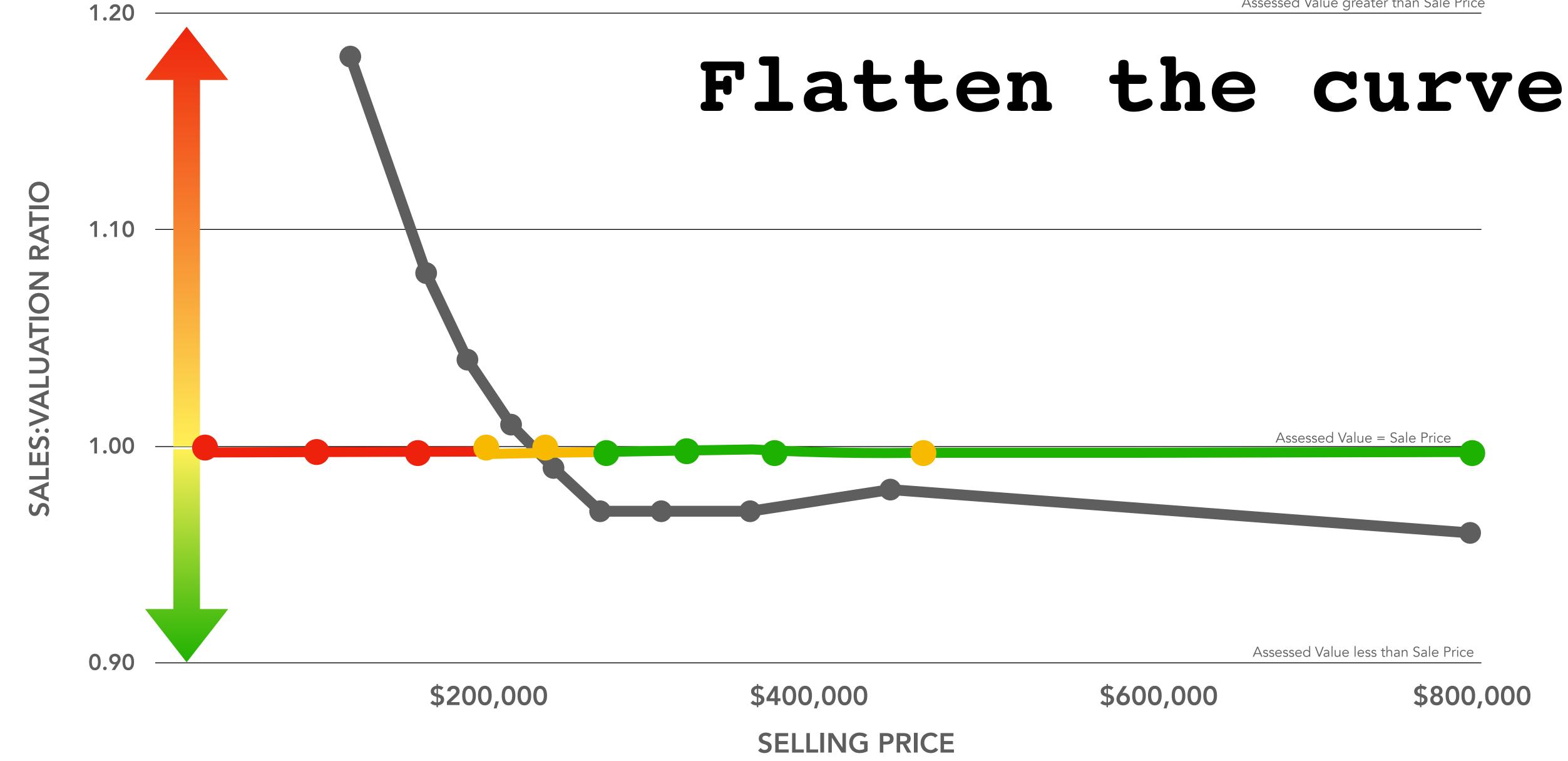


Ratio Gap of Sales Prices to Assessed Value Buncombe County, NC



Ratio Gap of Sales Prices to Assessed Value Buncombe County, NC

Assessed Value greater than Sale Price



Recommendation:

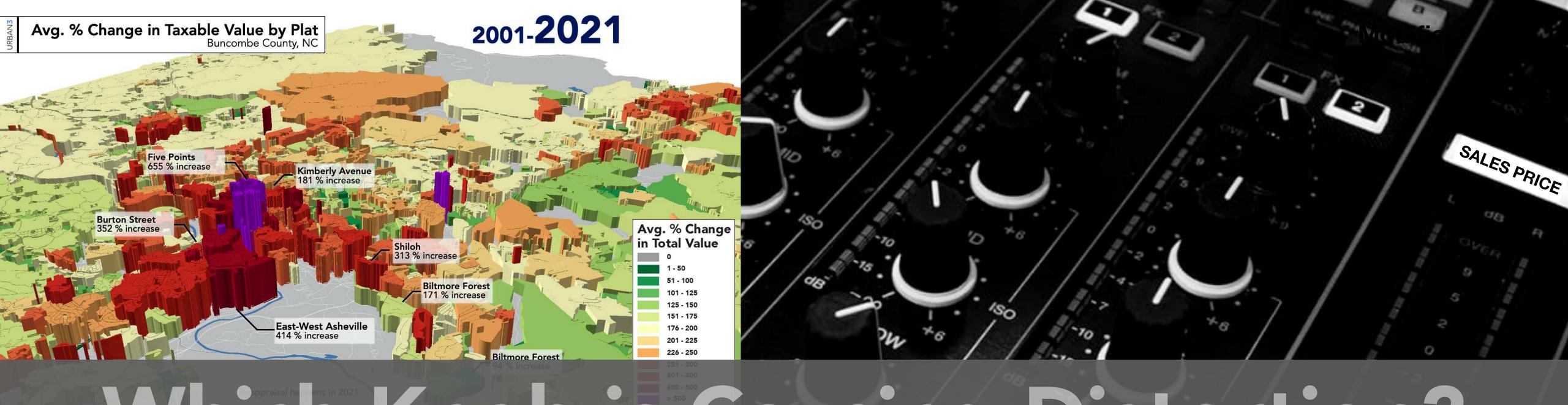
Commissioners need to support staff on valuation, but commissioners need to understand valuation.



Your charge:

2. Provide Guidance on Future Assessments.





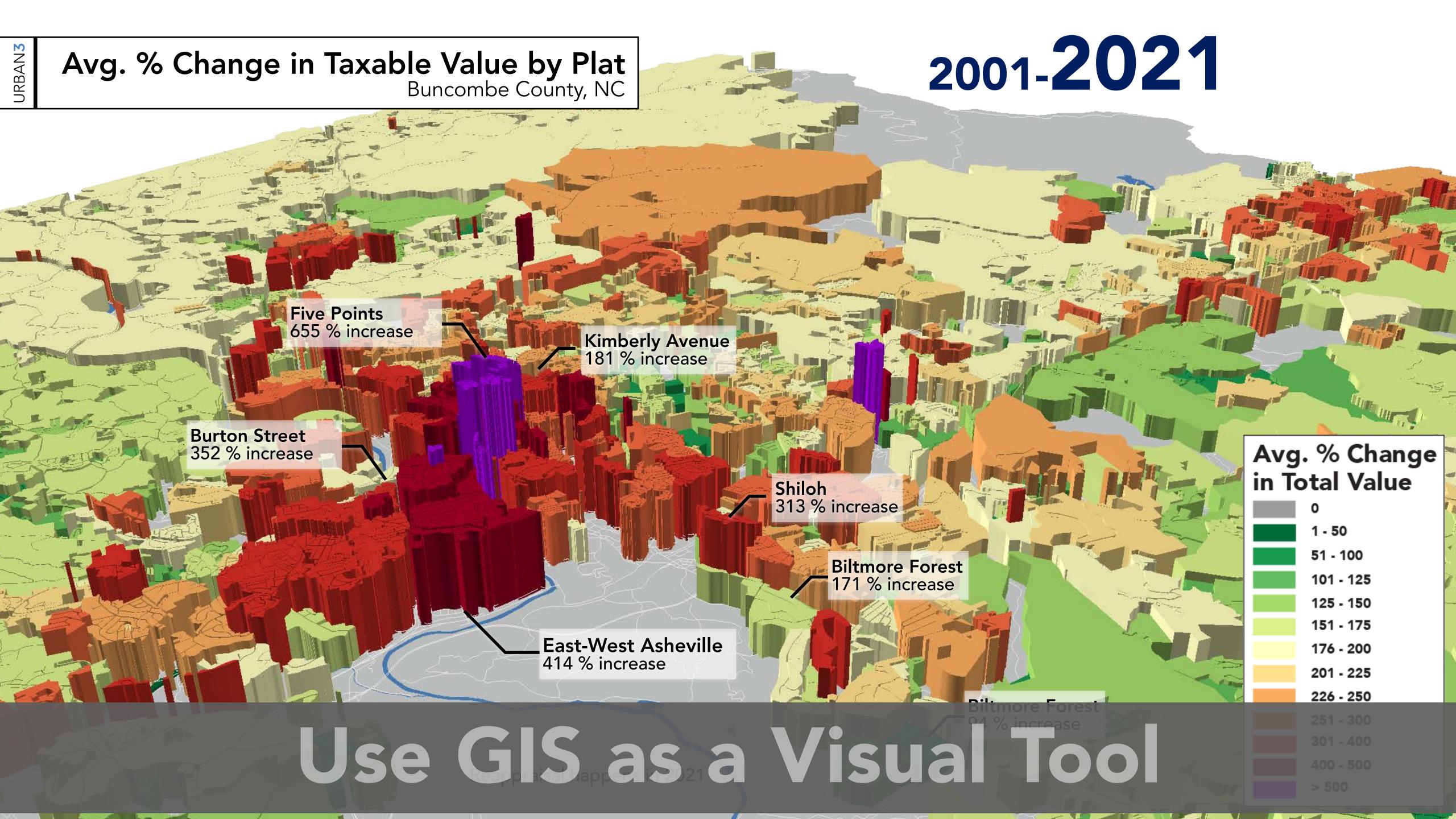
Which Knob is Causing Distortion?





How government is set up.





How the Process Works What are the local practices that are If a Rezoning happens, or a discretionary? A General Percel Review of significant property mprovement County Staff Send out notices of Publish Standards in summer of essessment NCGS § 105-283. Creates Local Assessment in January/February Standards July of Assessment Year Every 4 Years Enabling County Adopts Citizen has 30 File Appeal Keep Old State Laws Must choose -Yes ---> days to appeal. Local Standards Legislation Assessments Application to assess or Submit comps XXX Month for Vote from web app Submit your NCGS § 105 estimated sales Wait 4 Years price NC Dept. of Revenue Owner must submit 'opinion Pay taxes on of value' assessed value IAAO Mass Appraisal of Real Property URBAN3 Guideline Document

Create a public facing definitions – document outlining and defining these variables in a "regular person" and non-jargony way.

Sample Determinants	Objective	Subjective	Both
Quality Grades		X	
Quality Rating		X	
Building Area Definition	X		
Building Area Rates		X	
Building Style	X		
Amenity (eg: Lakefront)	X		
Neighborhood Land Rate		X	
Neighborhood Code		X	
Income Property	X		
Comparable Sale			X
Condition Code		X	
Depreciation			X
Sales Price	X		
Land Modifier			Χ
Commercial Use	X		
Qualified Sales			Χ
????			
????			
????			
????			
????			

Create a public facing worksheet to determine which factors are subjective and focus test in those areas for bias.



Total Staff: Real Estate Staff: Total Parcels: Parcels/Person:

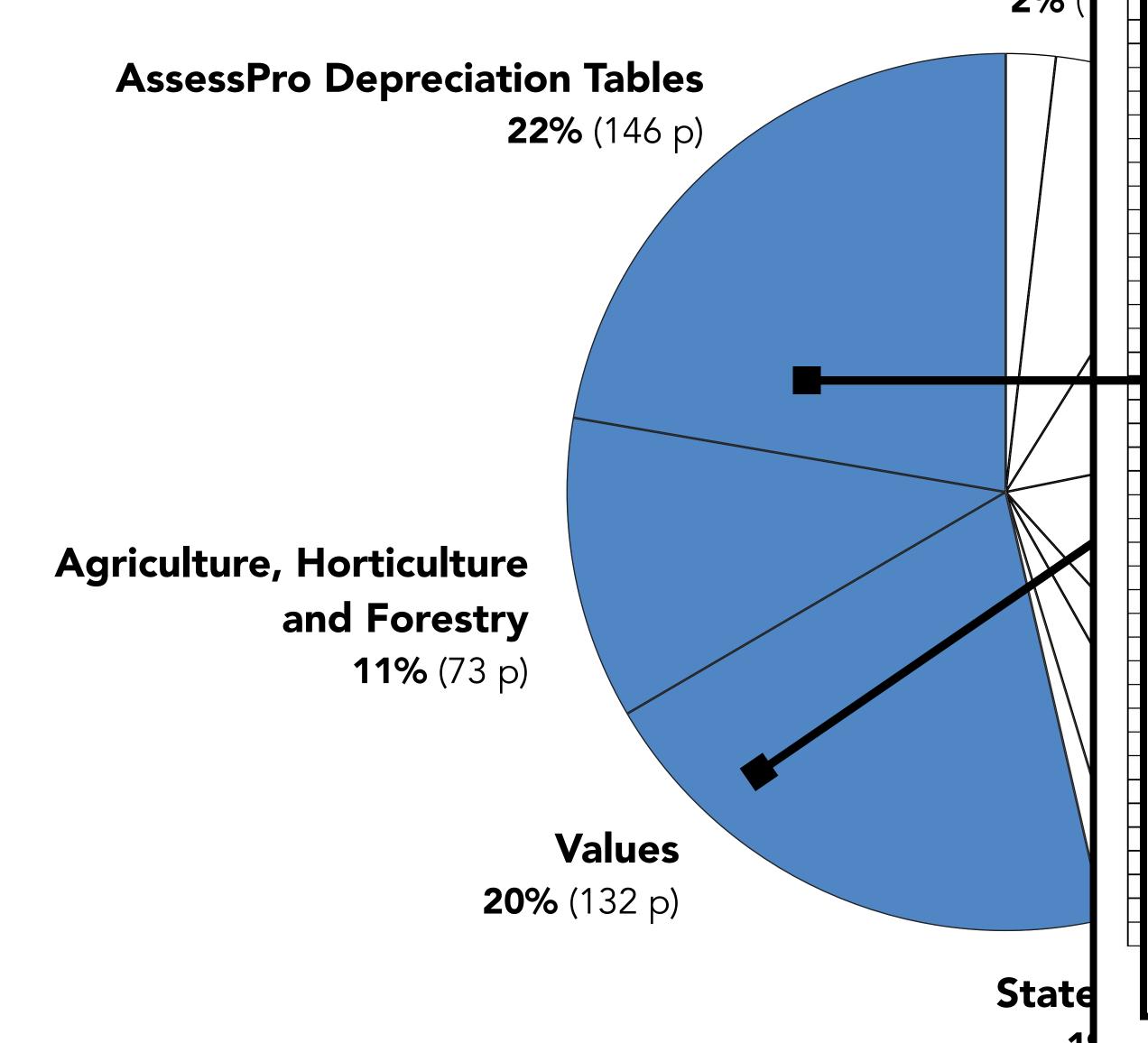
28 People
12 People
130,000
10,833



Schedule of Values and Standards 2021

Buncombe County, NC

Tabl 2% (

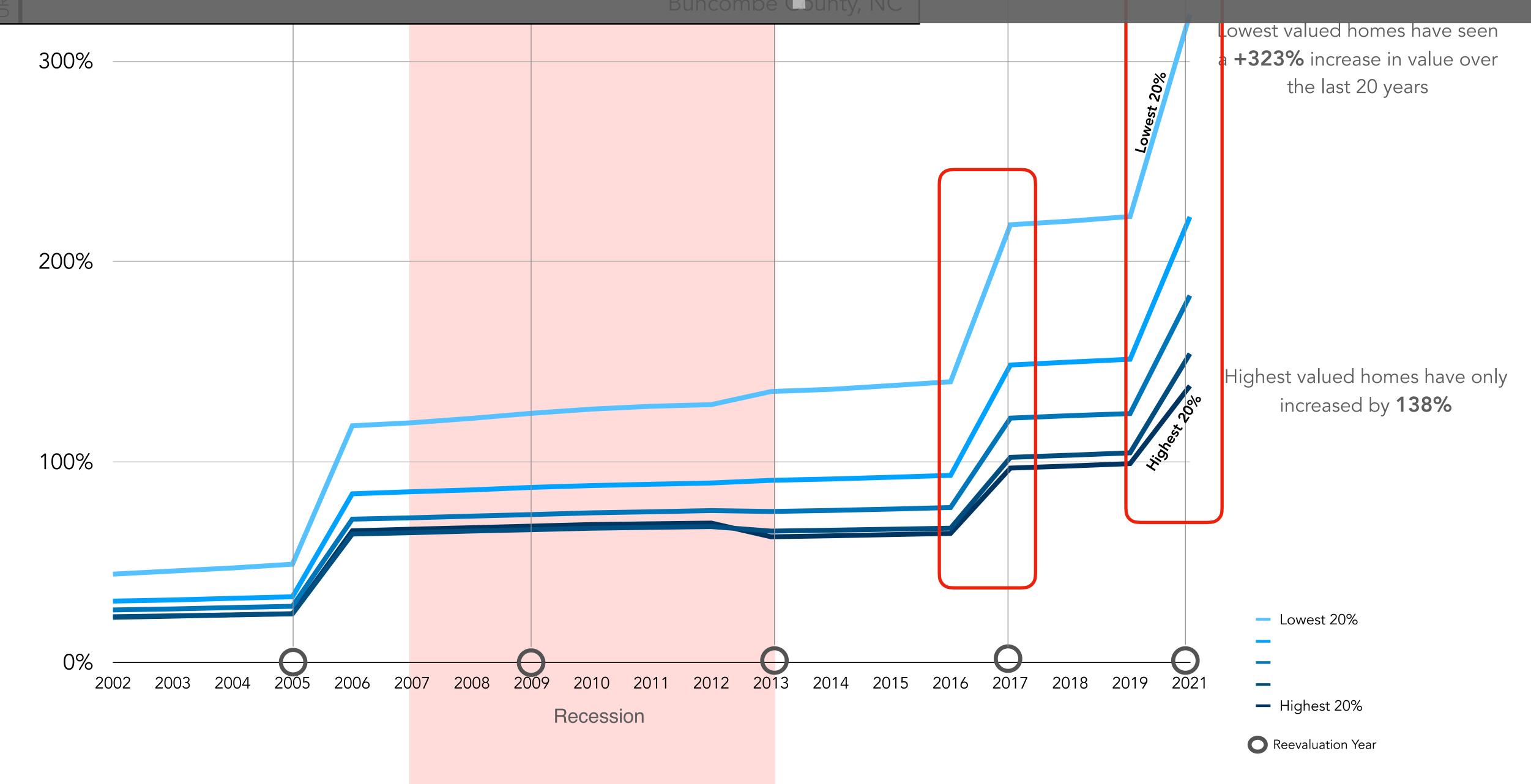


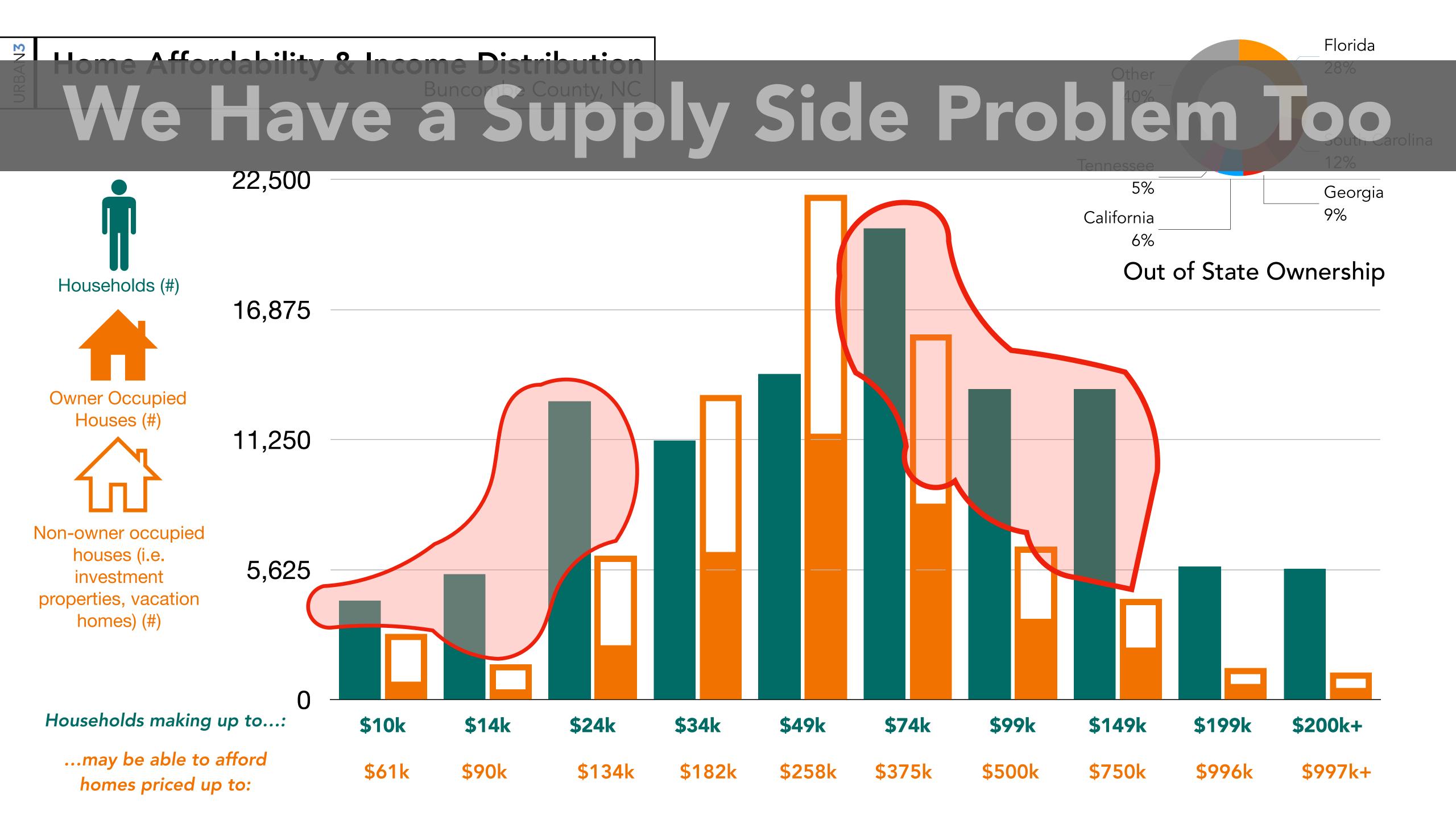
2021 Depreciation Tables

Age 39 40 41 42 43 44	9 9 9 9	20.25 20.25 20.25	45 45	76.5 76.5	90	90
41 42 43	9 9	20.25	7,51,075		2005000000	
42 43	9	20.25	7,51,075	70.5	90	90
42 43			45	76.5	90	90
	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
44	-	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
. STOT	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
45	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
46	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
47	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
48	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
49	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
50	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
51	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
52	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
53	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
54	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
55	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
56	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
57	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
58	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
59	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
60	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
61	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
62	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
63	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
64	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
65	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
66	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
67	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
68	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
69	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
70	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
71	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
72	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
73	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
74	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
75	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
76	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
77	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90
78	9	20.25	45	76.5	90	90

540

Need for More Frequent Assessments









2022 Average Assessed Values Short Term Rental vs. Owner Occupied

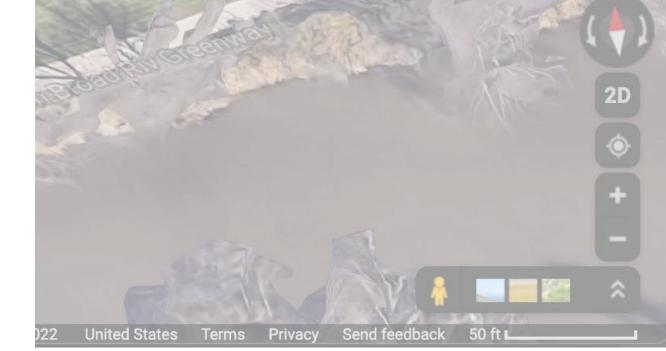
-2% \$790k \$777k

Land Value (per acre)

\$264 \$269

Building Value (per sq.ft.)

-2%



Recommendations:

Short Term Lift:

- 1. More frequent assessments.
- 2. "Flatten the Curve" and Commission Resolution to do so, and back the Staff.
- 3. Extra staff resources and "de-siloing" (eg: economic, planning collaboration with assessors).
- 4. County policy requiring tracking/permitting of STRs. (eg: countywide location permit for valuation)
- 5. Valuation of STRs as Commercial/Income property.
- 6. Better use of GIS sources. (eg: steal our maps!)
- 7. Glossary and Discretion Checklist
- 8. Define Sales Ratio Terms
- 9. Better documentation to increase transparency. (eg: better report, streamlined less jargony forms, 'secret shopper' process)

Medium Term Lift:

- 1. Communicating and analyzing discretionary choices, and make a review "dashboard".
- 2. Multi-disciplinary economic collaboration with planning, economic, housing, equity officers, etc.
- 3. Make accountable supply-side goals.

Long Term Lift:

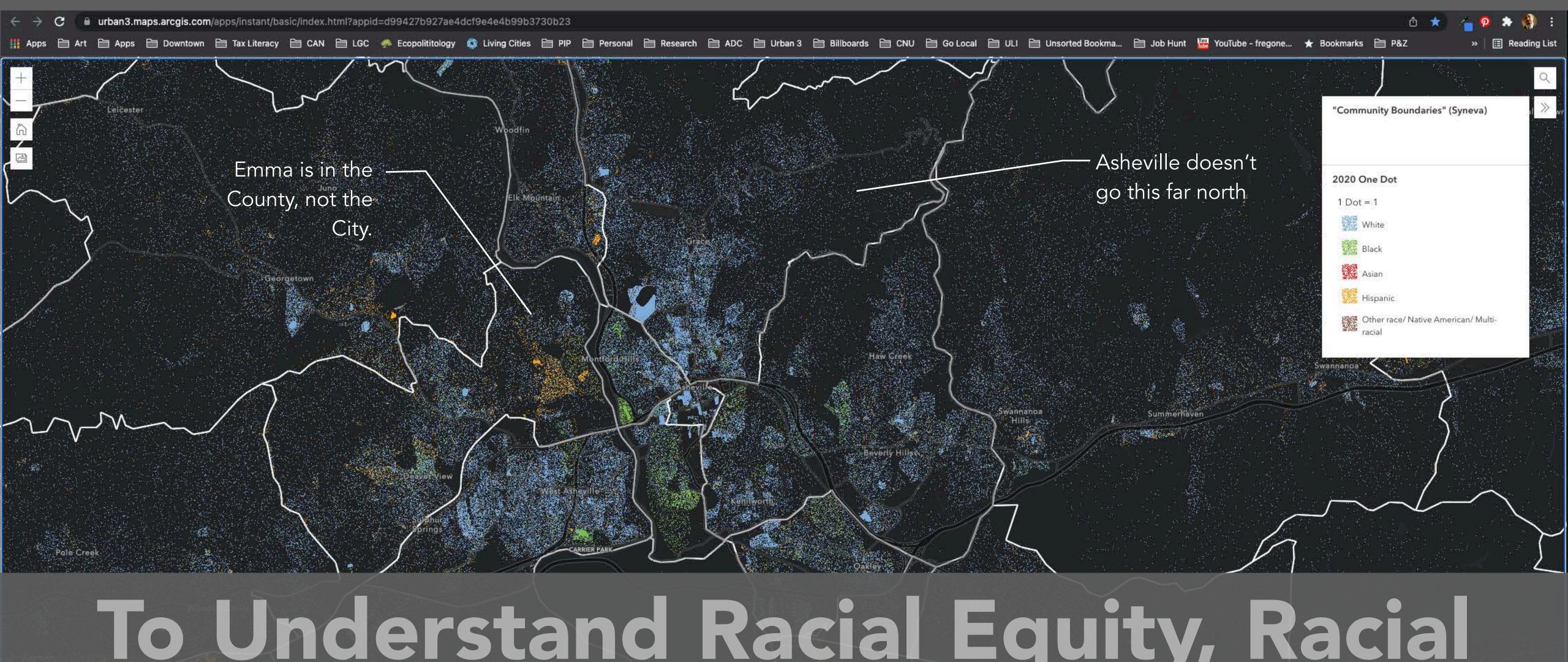
- 1. Adjustment policy for economic equity (eg: resident rebate (including renters), simplified forms, etc.)
- 2. Continuous annual review and iteration, as well as auditing.
- 3. Zoning processes (including municipalities like Asheville) need to be transparent, simplified, and accountable to the supply side externalities that cause economic inequity.



Your charge:

3. Provide Input Into Equity Concerns.





To Understand Racial Equity, Racial Data Should be Granular.

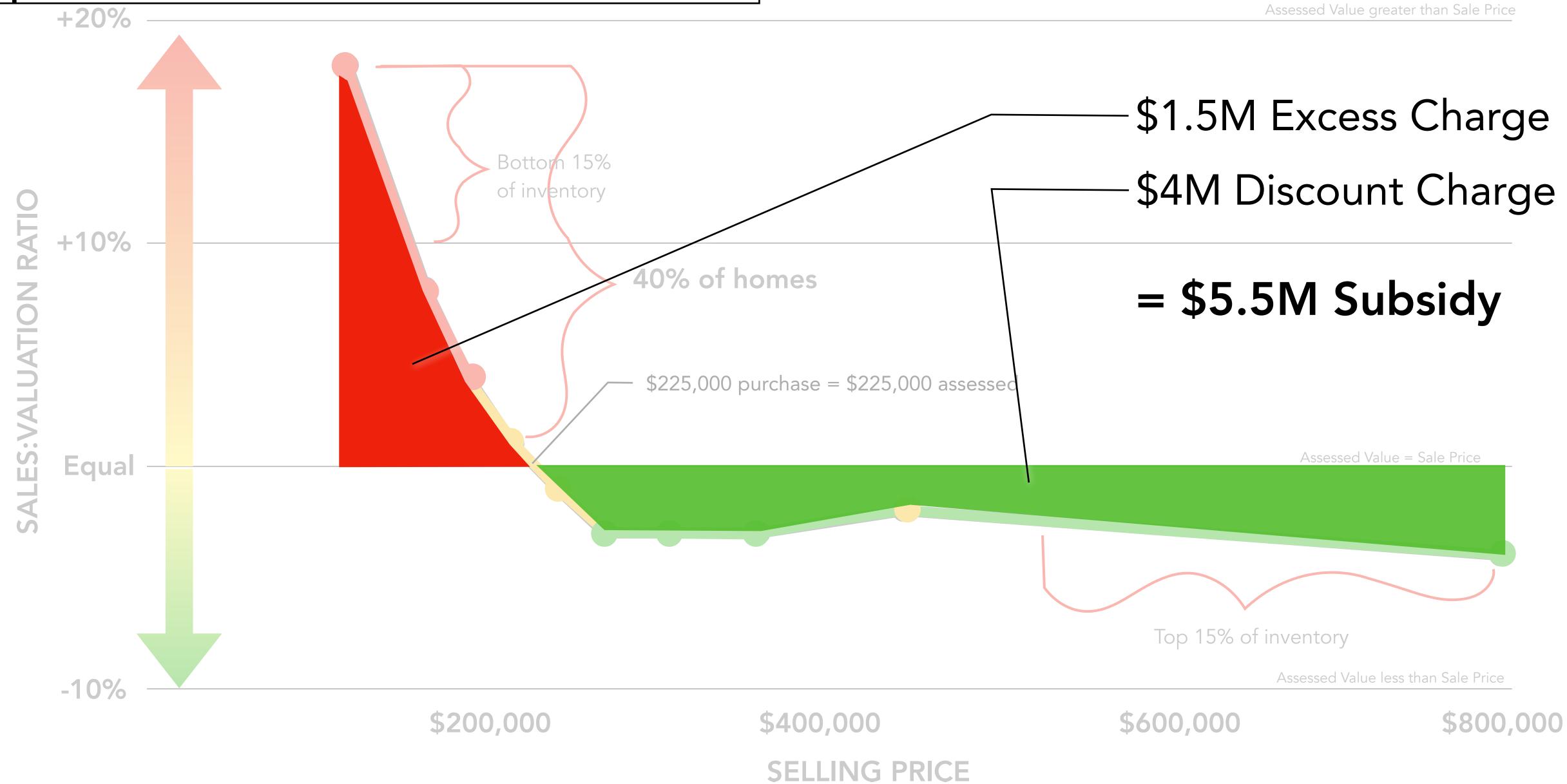
Comment:

Know the subsidy, and make an equitable match.

Measure the subsidy to the higher value properties, and equalize it.



Ratio Gap of Sales Prices to Assessed Value Buncombe County, NC



NEWS

Property tax money returned? Buncombe County looks to give funds back to some residents

Joel Burgess Asheville Citizen Times

Published 10:35 p.m. ET Jun. 1, 2021 | Updated 11:14 a.m. ET Jun. 2, 2021









HGTV will document the remodel of this two-bedroom, two-bathroom Asheville bungalow on its blog. Special To The Citizen-Times/HGTV

ASHEVILLE - Facing public criticism over a proposed tax increase and their own stated concerns about the effect on lower-income homeowners, Buncombe County officials are now looking to return property taxes to some residents.

The Buncombe Board of Commissioners will vote before July 1 on a proposed 2-cent tax increase that could add nearly \$199 to the county tax bill of a median-priced \$291,000 home. The proposed hike is down slightly from a 2.1-cent increase.

The \$9.6 million generated by the new taxes is needed for education, delayed infrastructure work and public services, county officials said.

But the proposed hike has brought criticism from members of the public and concern from commissioners themselves who say they are loathe to increase the burden on residents who live in an area where costs already widely outpace income.

More: Asheville cost of living: Gap between prices and income could grow, despite rising wages

"I appreciate that last year, y'all declared that racism was a <u>public health crisis</u>,"

Asheville resident David Greenson said to commissioners in a June 1 criticism of
the tax increase. "One of the social determinants of health is economic stability, so
when we knowingly are going to put people in a worse economic position, we know
that's going to affect them."

In terms of raising revenue in a way less difficult for poorer residents, commissioners have said their hands are largely tied.

Property taxes are one of the few ways state law gives local governments to fund services. And the law says those taxes must be applied evenly across the board. Adjustments cannot be made for income, length of time someone has owned a home or whether it is a primary residence.

One exception is a homestead exemption which can discount property taxes for someone who is elderly or disabled and makes no more than \$31,500 from all sources, including government support. Those qualifying can get a discount of 50% or \$25,000 on a primary residence.

Buncombe officials now say they want to take that further and give grants to all property owners below a certain income level who are not elderly or disabled and therefore don't qualify for the homestead exemption.

The recommended budget has \$300,000 included for such a program, entitled "Homeowner Assistance Support."

That is an amount that could grow in the future, officials said, as they learn more about how to administer such a program and what is allowed by state law.

"An increase of, you know, \$100 on your tax bill can actually be a big deal for folks in our community," said Democratic District 2 Commissioner Jasmine Beach-Ferrara of Asheville. "We certainly know that we want to be thinking from a policy perspective about making sure there aren't disproportionate burdens on any part of our community."

Asheville City Council too has expressed interest in such a program. But council members researching the issue said that Durham, one of the only places attempting to use the grant method to return taxes, did not have much success.

Greenson, the resident criticizing the county's tax increase, said he understood Durham gave grants to only 15 homeowners its first year and 30 the next year.

"So it really doesn't seem to go very far. I would say that we need to think about what we can do about this," he said.

County Manager Avril Pinder said they would attempt to boost outreach by putting a notice of the program in tax bills.

"So when you get your bill there will be a conversation in there that you can read," she said.

Pinder said the bills themselves will be late as county staff finalize details of the program.

Joel Burgess has lived in WNC for more than 20 years, covering politics, government and other news. He's written award-winning stories on topics ranging from gerrymandering to police use of force. Please help support this type of journalism with a subscription to the Citizen Times.

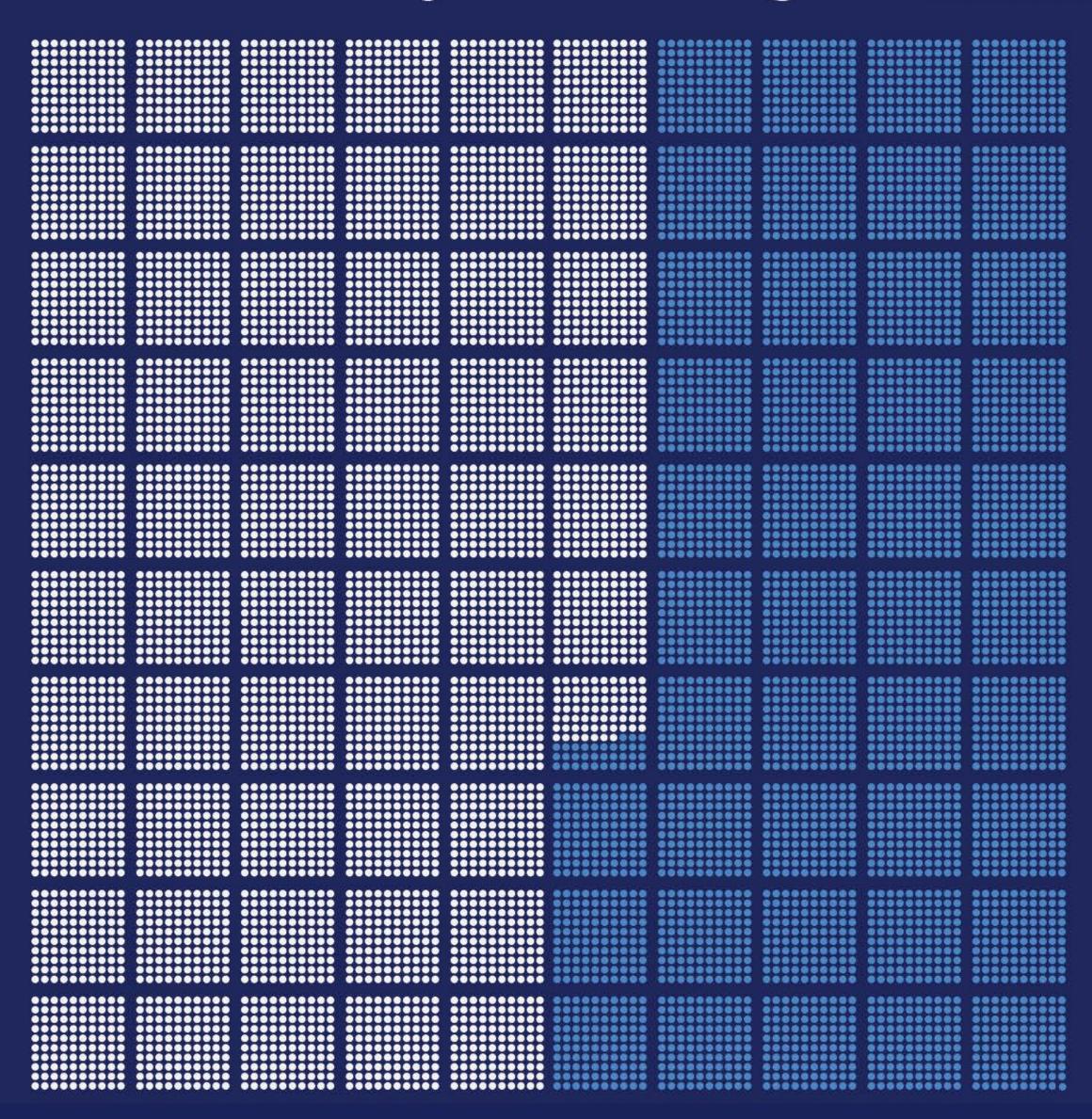
View Comments





Buncombe County FY22 Budget



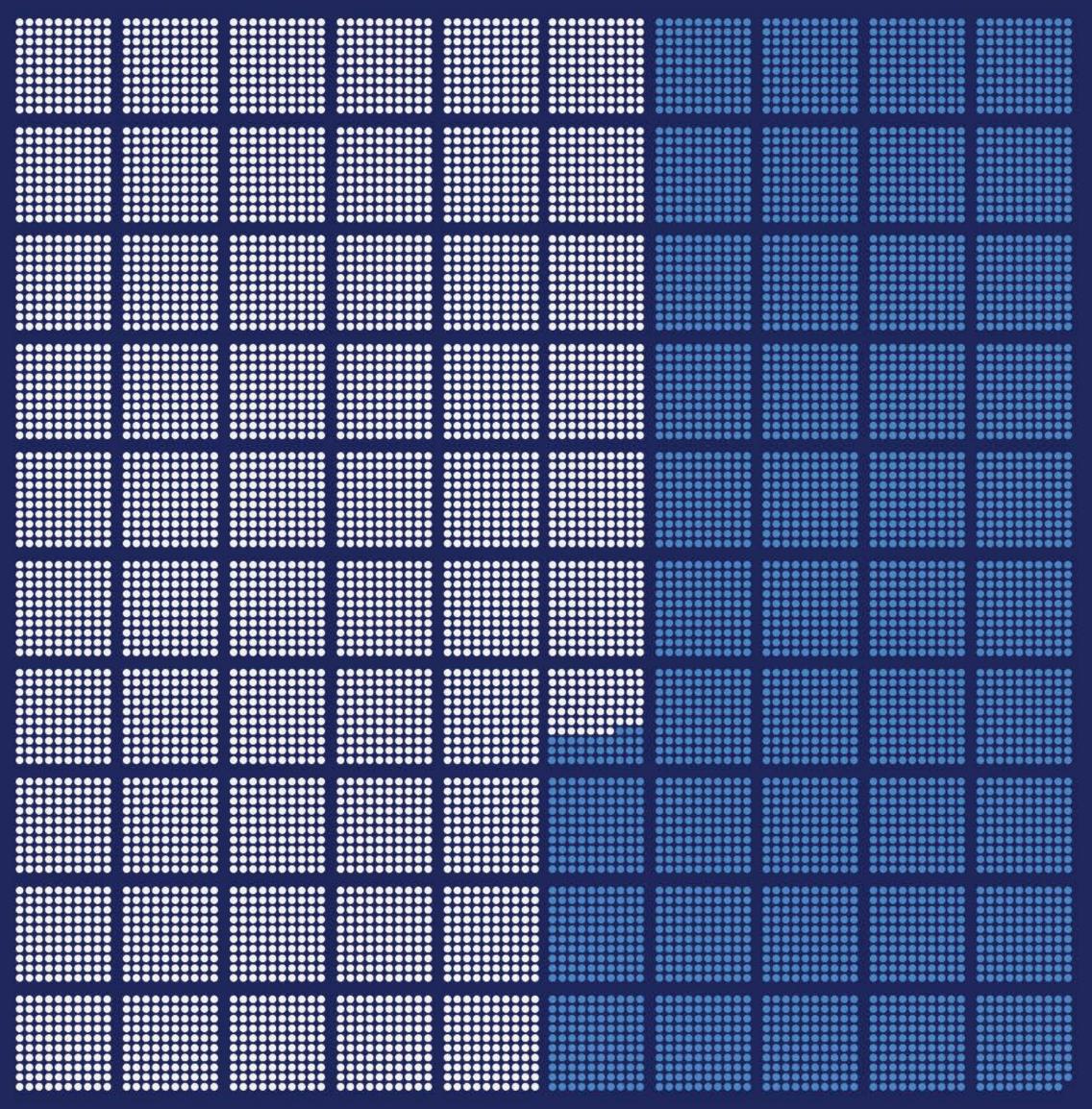


Commercial Property Taxes Revenue

Residential Property Taxes Revenue

Buncombe County FY22 Budget

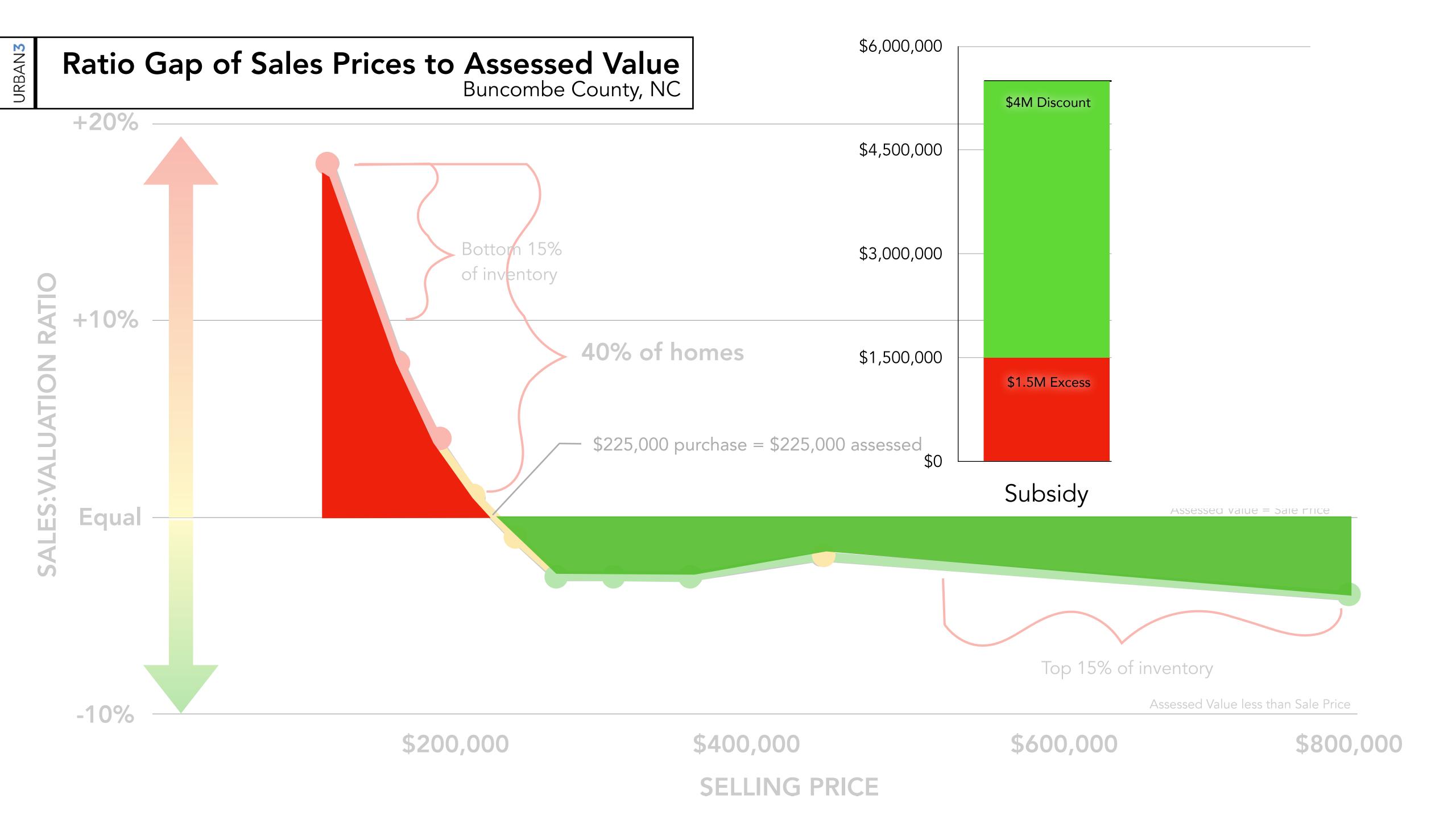




Commercial Property Taxes Revenue

Residential Property Taxes Revenue

Homeowner Assist Support
0.08% of total revenue
0.12% of revenue from residential property tax



Referencing racial inequity

"When we try to address it, we talk about it in silos. But we need to address it the same way it was implemented. It was policy, blood, and resources all the way from the feds all the way down right into the neighborhoods itself. And it trips me out that we're not addressing the problem the same way."

DeWayne "B-Love" Barton
Artist
Farmer
Hood Huggers, Owner



Our collective goal:

We need to have the courage to understand and change the system.

