



Energy Storage & Electrification Study for County Facilities

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Purpose

- ✓ Understand possible next steps as net metered PV options become more limited
- ✓ Examine both the energy and economic impact of energy storage systems (ESS) and building electrification
- ✓ Utilize this analysis to develop a pipeline of new projects; develop and/or enhance policies to influence future growth and development



Energy Storage Systems (ESS) What and Why?

Really Big Batteries

Benefits

- Demand Charge Savings
- Peak Reduction/Shifting
- Energy Arbitrage
- Solar Export Reduction



Building Electrification

AKA:

Beneficial Electrification
Building Decarbonization

What is it?

The shift to using electricity, rather than burning fossil fuel sources like oil, gas, coal, etc. in order to meet a facility's energy needs



Methodology

Evaluations consisted of:

- Site visits to confirm
 - current equipment
 - Equipment sizing
 - Layout, potential space limitations, etc.
- Utility consumption analysis (gas & electric)
 - Determine increased load requirements for fuel switching
 - ESS system right sizing and energy impacts
- Identify fuel switching and ESS opportunities; energy and financial implications for all recommendations
 - New equipment and cost estimates
 - Scenarios for ESS and/or ESS + MEP (mechanical, electrical, plumbing)
 - Rate of Return/NPV and simple payback (with/without potential incentives)



High Level Takeaways

In several facilities ESS presents an excellent opportunity

- Existing PV sites
- Moderate to high intensity
- Time of Use rate structure

Electrification

- The time is coming - but it's likely not today
- New or enhanced policies can help drive the County in the right direction

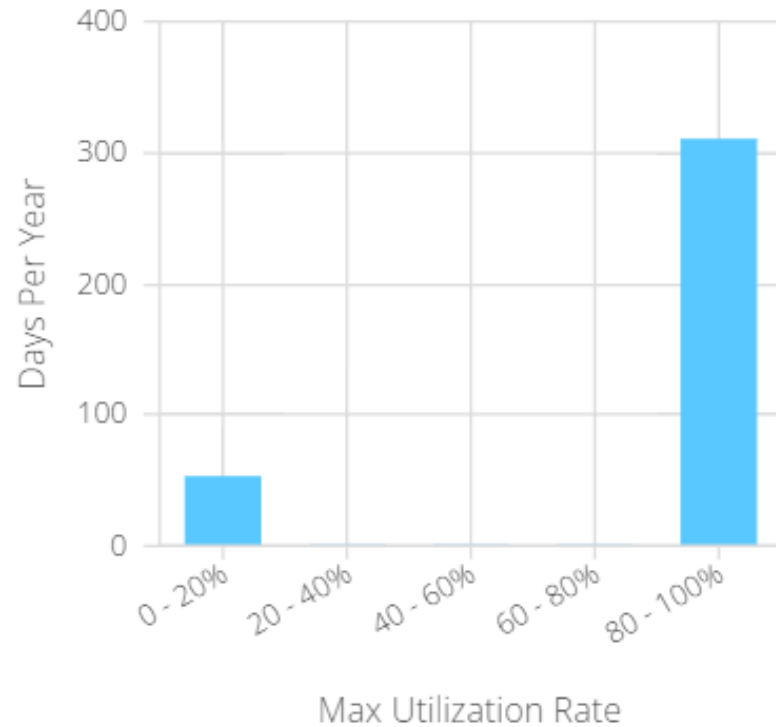


ESS Example

Example: HHS and Parking Deck

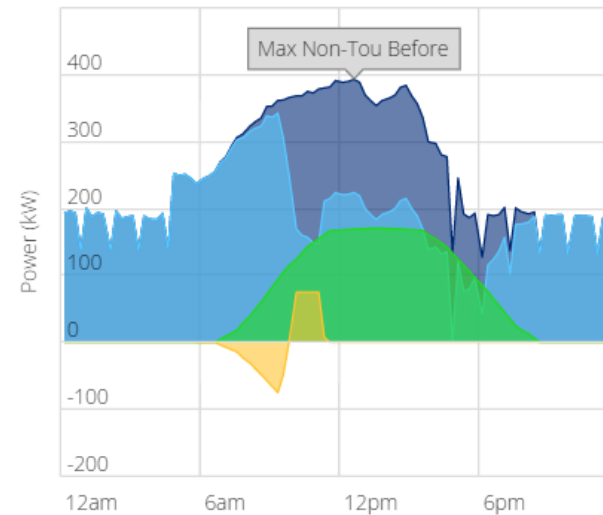
Proposed ESS: 100kWh(dc)
Cost Estimate: \$75,000
First Year Savings: \$28,443
Payback: 2.7 years

ENERGY STORAGE ANNUAL UTILIZATION

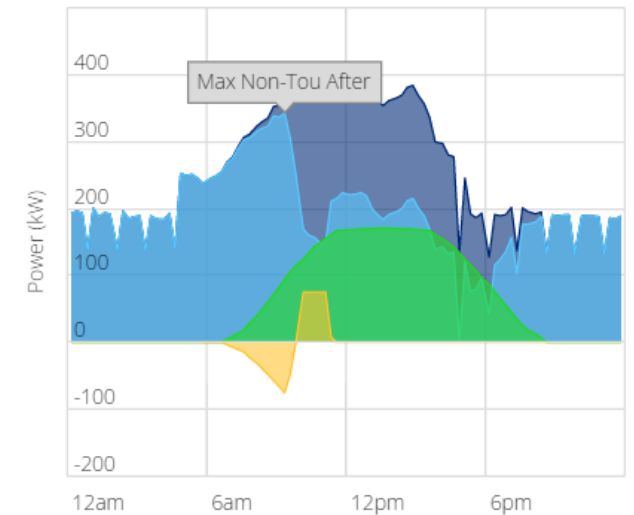


Max NC Demand: The charts below show when the maximum non-coincident (NC) demand for this facility occurred before and after the hybrid Solar PV with Storage system simulation.

Max Demand Before 7/20/2022



Max Demand After 7/20/2022



Legend: Demand Before (Dark Blue), Solar PV (Green), Energy Storage (Yellow), Demand After (Light Blue)

Top 5 Combined ESS Projects

- HHS Building
 - Transfer Station
 - Animal Shelter
 - Public Safety Training Center
 - PSTC Apparatus Bldg
- Combined Cost:
 - \$345,000
 - Year One Savings
 - \$87,029
 - Average Payback
 - 3.9 years



Electrification Results

Why not now?

State of the grid

- Only ~8% of Duke's generation is from renewables

Cost Prohibitive

- Most facilities were not designed for electric only; would require major infrastructure investments as well as equipment upgrades
- Adding MEP pushed most into a negative net present value and often added a decade or more to the projects payback



Opportunities

New or Enhanced Policies

Current Building Policy – LEED Gold over 10K Sqft

Potential Recommendations:

- No new gas?
- Equipment electrification upon end of useful life?
- Require lifecycle cost analysis?
- Other thoughts?



Questions/Discussion

